# The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LIV.—NO. 239. TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1895—TWELVE PAGES.—WITH ART SUPPLEMENT. PRICE TWO CENTS.


## BADGES AND BEAUTY

### Templars Fill Boston to Overflowing.

### CHICAGOANS ALL SAFE.

### Commanderies from the West Arrive on Time.

### READY FOR THE PARADE.

### Myriads of Knights in Uniform Throng the Streets.

### CITY IS ONE MASS OF COLOR.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—To-night Boston is a confusion of badges, bunting, and beauty. Washington street is a winding mass of red, white, and blue. Tremont street on one side is packed to the curb with a surging crowd of people, the sojourning Knights and their wives and daughters fighting their way up and down the thoroughfare with the inhabitants of the conclave city. Boylston street and Commonwealth avenue are decorated with a profusion of red, white, and blue, and the entire Back Bay, fashionable hotels, residences, and all—has caught the infection. Flags without number flutter in the breeze from the windows and over the doors of hundreds of Boston's handsomest houses.

It is Knights Templar week and could De Molay or Hugh de Payens, whose names are perpetuated by a number of commanderies now here, look upon the spectacle presented today they would never cease to wonder. All day long bands have been playing. Scarcely has one arriving commandery passed a given corner on Washington or Tremont street but another has followed its path, all going to the headquarters selected for the conclave week. The Boston Triennial committee's schedule called for the arrival of 148 commanderies today from different parts of the country. This does not include the commanderies and the women accompanying them that arrived Sunday. More than 200 different bodies of Knights from all over the country are in Boston now. Besides these there are thousands of excursionists who have taken advantage of the low fare.

The streets of the business section are congested to the point of impassability. Crowds of strangers are crossing and recrossing the Common and the Public Garden is visited by many who admire the pretty and appropriate arrangements of flower beds to represent the emblem of the order now holding its triennial conclave.

There is little talk so far of the place for the next triennial. Pittsburg is the only city mentioned and is working hard to get it. The opinion is expressed that its hotel accommodations are inadequate. In fact Boston's hostelries are hard pushed to take care of the throng here now.

It is estimated that from 20,000 to 25,000 Knights will be in the parade tomorrow. The number of other strangers in the city is hard to arrive at. It looks as if the conclave of 1895 might be listed among the record breakers.

Illinois Knights are here in force and the Prairie State will make a proud showing in the parade to be held tomorrow morning.

within its portals, and once in they tarried long and talked in praise of the audacity of Chicago's crack commandery in pitching its tents so close to the famed California commandery of San Francisco as to come into actual competition and comparison with the wine-growers from the Golden Gate.

Apollo has the main banquet hall of the Parker House for its headquarters. It is a room 100x30 feet in size, and situated immediately above the rotunda of the hotel. The walls of the room are interspaced with mirrors running from floor to ceiling. These are decorated at the tops with red, white, and blue cloth, and from the handsome chandeliers that depend from the ceiling is stretched from one to the other an arrangement of the national colors.

The first thing that catches the eye on entering the room is a banner bearing these words:

A HEARTY GREETING TO YOU ALL.

Near this banner is another one bearing at its head an enlarged fac simile of Apollo's exchange badge, a bronze button bearing mythical letters, the meaning of which is known to only a chosen few of Apollo's jolly crowd. Beneath the fac simile is painted this information:

A banner explaining the mystic letters on the above souvenir coin will be displayed in these quarters the last day of the conclave.

The parlors engaged by Apollo for the use of the women accompanying the commandery are Nos. 1 and 2 on the second floor of the hotel. They are on the corner overlooking Tremont, Beacon, and School streets.

Immediately adjoining them are the parlors reserved by California Commandery of San Francisco for the receptions to be given by the women accompanying it.

The main reception parlors of the California Commandery are in the annex of the hotel, contiguous to the reception parlors of Apollo.

A huge banner hung across Tremont street from the Parker House to the building opposite announces the existence in the hostelry of Apollo's headquarters.

The most attractive feature of Apollo's reception-room, and in fact the most original and attractive thing of the conclave, is the massive talking skull that stands in one corner of the parlors. It is made of papier-maché, is six feet tall, and the same number of feet in diameter through the forehead. In the sockets of its eyes are two bright red incandescent lamps, connected by wires to the Edison key sockets that are worked from behind a screen at the back of the skull. A turning of the switch keys makes the eyes wink, and, as the incandescents go out and light up again, the effect is given of a huge pair of eyelids closing and opening. The mouth is full of crooked and crossed papier-maché teeth, some of which are capped with gold foil to indicate that a dentist at some time had a job patching up the huge mouth.

The ponderous jaws are worked with pulleys and tackle from behind the screen. The mouth of the skull is connected with a speaking tube back of the screen. The tubing is so arranged that a person with a deep, voice speaking through it can send words from the mouth of the skull that sound as if they came from the depths of the past. While speaking the operator works the jaws up and down with the connecting tackle.

Apollo Commandery's talking skull is causing a lot of merriment among the Sir Knights who visit the reception parlors.

Pilgrims sojourning in this old pilgrim city sometimes forget themselves and tarry too long at Apollo's festal board or fill their pockets too full of the commandery's choice Havanas. When the skull, whose eyes are on them all the time, sees they are going too far in a deep, rancorous voice it warns them to desist lest the larders be emptied and the decanters become dry before the conclave's round of functions are at an end.

Sir Knight "Cheth" Gurney of St. Bernard Commandery of Chicago works the skull for Apollo. Some of his fraters say the skull is an enlarged representation of his own head. He does it well, and before the conclave comes to a close the talking skull in Apollo's parlors will be the topic of the town. The skull and the mechanism are the work of J. K. Young, property man of Hooley's Theater. An idea of its size may be gained from the fact that after it was built it was too large to be taken out through the door of the property-room. The door frame had to be taken off.

It is the almost universal expression of opinion among sojourning Knights in Boston today that Apollo Commandery's reception parlors and its spread and original features are the best of the conclave.

From Niagara Falls to Boston the trip of Apollo Commandery was a succession of delight and fun. Boston was reached at 9:50, ahead of schedule time.

Sunday night the Ancient Companions Domestic club, of which ex-Judge Bradwell of Chicago is Most High Potent Hermit, conferred the degree on eighteen candidates. This body intends to confer its degree on all candidates who desire it some night during the conclave.



SKULL IN THE BARROOM.



AMULET OF APOLLO COMMANDERY.

Close to the Parker House is the headquarters of the Apollo Commandery of Chicago.

Whether at home or away from home, Chicago push, hospitality, and Chicago originality get to the front.

Apollo had been in the city less than three hours when the doors of its reception-rooms were thrown open for the entertainment of guests. At no time during the afternoon or evening were its members lonely, for cheerfulness of the room and attractive features drew sojourning fraters

### APOLLO HOLDS THE SUPREMACY.

**Chicago Commandery Places Its Talking Skull on Exhibition.**

The Parker House is the center of attraction for sojourning Knights Templar, and the center of attraction for Sir Knights when

### GRAND COMMANDERY OF ILLINOIS.

**Establishes Headquarters and Will Entertain Handsomely.**

Grand Commander Montgomery of Illinois and his staff arrived this morning at the Fitchburg depot at 11 o'clock. He was escorted to his headquarters at the Vendome Hotel by Chevalier Bayard and Montjoie Commanderies.

Grand Commander Montgomery and his staff have sleeping rooms in the Hotel Victoria, just across the street from the Vendome. At the latter hotel they have the two ground floor parlors fronting on two streets for headquarters. In these parlors the Grand Commandery of Illinois will give its triennial conclave reception tomorrow night commencing at 8:30 o'clock.

The trip of the Grand Commander and his

[Continued on third page.]

## YACHT IS RUN DOWN.

### STEAMER PERSEUS STRIKES THE SLOOP YACHT ADELAIDE.

**Three Persons Leap Overboard and Are Believed to Have Been Rescued, but Have Not Been Heard From—Robert W. Inman Jr., the Owner, on Board with a Company of Guests—Captain of the Steamship Finds It Almost Impossible to Lower His Lifeboats.**

New York, Aug. 26.—The sloop yacht Adelaide, owned by Robert W. Inman Jr., the cotton broker, while cruising off Norton's Point tonight was run into by the iron steamboat Perseus. Eight persons, including the crew, were aboard. Of these two were rescued by the steamer's crew, three who went into the water are said to have been picked up by an unknown schooner, and the others are supposed to be aboard the yacht. Besides the fact of the collision itself it showed a shocking state of affairs regarding the steamer, as it was necessary to drop the lifeboats from their fastenings before they could be lowered into the water.

There were aboard Mr. Inman, the yachtsman and clubman, with residences at No. 11 West Fifty-sixth street and Cold Spring Harbor; Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Evans of No. 138 West Forty-ninth street; Miss Norton, whom Mrs. Evans was chaperoning, and Herbert L. Dorn, the mate, whose home is in Springfield, Mass. There were a Captain and two others in the crew, but Mr. Dorn does not know their names.

The yacht had the right of way. There was no need of a collision between it and the steamer, and no excuse for one. Capt. Hulse of the steamer Perseus saw the danger, but it was too late to avoid collision. He had the engines reversed and the steamer was under but little headway when her sharp nose struck the Adelaide just forward of amidships. As the steamer struck the yacht the yacht keeled far over and then slid around under the forward guard rail of the Perseus.

Miss Norton was standing aft on the Adelaide, and when the steamer struck she seemed to lose her head entirely. With a shriek she jumped into the water. Mr. Evans, seeming to think it was his wife who had jumped, cried out and plunged in after Miss Norton.

Dorn, the mate, was knocked flat on the deck by the Adelaide's boom and one of his ribs broken. He was on his feet in a minute, just in time to see that Mrs. Evans, who was standing and screaming to her husband in the water, was about to jump after him. Dorn grabbed Mrs. Evans around the waist. He carried her across the deck of the Adelaide, which was lying close under the guard of the Perseus. Along the guard ran a big hawser. Mate Dorn grabbed it. As he did so the Adelaide drifted away and he was left hanging from the hawser with the unconscious Mrs. Evans in one arm. Some of the deck hands on the Perseus reached over and pulled Dorn and Mrs. Evans aboard.

The steamer had completely stopped by this time. The Adelaide was fading from sight in the darkness. From the water came shouts for help. Capt. Hulse had ordered two boats lowered from the Perseus, but it took ten minutes to get the boats into the water. The small boats were lost to sight for fifteen or twenty minutes. When they returned it was to report that an unknown schooner, about to dock in this city, had picked up the three persons known to have gone overboard from the Adelaide—Mr. Evans, Miss Norton, and the Captain.

If this is so probably no lives were lost, but the fact remains that the relatives and friends of those known to have gone overboard have received no tidings from them.

Mr. Inman, Mr. Evans, and Miss Norton are among those not accounted for. The Adelaide was seen less than an hour after the accident going into the Tebos basin, Brooklyn, by Capt. Ferguson of the tug Alfred J. Murray. The party left New York about 5 o'clock p. m., intending to rail to Bath Beach. A long starboard tack was made in towards Bay Ridge and the Adelaide stood on the port tack. It was far off shore about 7:30 o'clock p. m. when the Perseus appeared, coming in from Norton's Point.

Capt. Hulse of the Perseus says he is confident all the persons from the Adelaide were saved. He is also of the opinion the yacht was not badly damaged.

### VANDERBILT BUYS THOROUGHBREDS.

**To Start a Breeding Farm in France with Stock from Rancocas.**

New York, Aug. 26.—[Special.]—William K. Vanderbilt has begun his career as a turfman. He has just bought from Pierre Lorillard sixteen thoroughbred mares in pursuance of his plan of founding a breeding and racing establishment in France. From Jobstown, N. J., where Mr. Lorillard's Rancocas farm is located, comes the news the mares are being prepared for shipment and that Mr. Vanderbilt will have all of them in France before Oct. 1. Seven of them have suckling colts and fillies, and the youngsters have to be weaned before their dams can be sent across the water. All will be ready, however, within two weeks. As the mares are all from the richest producing lines of England and America and cost Mr. Lorillard more than $75,000, he must have obtained at least that amount for them. Seven of the mares sold are by Mortemer, a French horse, while the others represent sturdy English and American stock. It is Mr. Vanderbilt's intention to breed the mares to French horses and race the produce in France.

### ZELLA NICOLAUS ON THE STAGE.

**Makes Her First Appearance at the Lyceum Theater in Philadelphia.**

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Zella Nicolaus made her first appearance as a theatrical star at the Lyceum Theater this afternoon and contented herself with a minor part in a burlesque entitled "The Golden Age."

Zella Nicolaus has little dialogue to master and a short poem to repeat. The former consists of a brief reply to the chorus of welcome from the girls and a few side remarks. In this she was natural and unrestrained. Her efforts were well received by the audience, which packed the theater to its doors. Compared with the début of Eva Ray Hamilton, Miss Nicolaus was an artistic success.

At the evening's performance she exhibited the value of the matinée experience. From a financial standpoint her new experience promises to leave nothing to be desired.

### FRANK COLLIER STILL AT LIBERTY.

**Lands in Council Bluffs and Surprises the Natives.**

Council Bluffs, Ia., Aug. 26.—Frank Collier, the eccentric Chicago attorney, electrified the passengers on a motor car in this city Saturday night at a late hour. He had to borrow a quarter from another passenger with which to pay his fare. Because the motor did not run to suit him he declared he would buy the road and run it to suit himself. He then explained to passengers who he was, and that he had come to Council Bluffs to visit Miss Nora McClelland, whose acquaintance he had made through the medium of an advertisement. He was in Sioux City until Saturday afternoon, and that same evening went to Omaha.

**His Wife Says He Beat Her.**

John Mott, years ago one of the best known men at the Stock Yards, was arrested yesterday on complaint of his wife, who, when she swore out an assault warrant for her husband, showed Justice Schultz a badly bruised face which she said she had received at the hands of her husband. He will be given a hearing today.




"CHECKMATED!"

## TO BURN UP GARBAGE

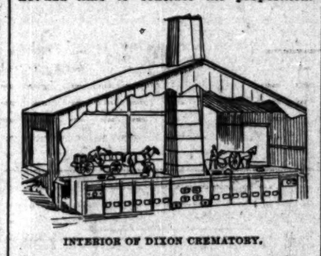
### PROPOSAL TO THE CITY FOR A TEST OF THE DIXON CREMATORY.

**Chicago Can Have a $16,000 Burner Put In, with a Daily Capacity of 100 Tons of Refuse—It Can Be Used for Thirty Days in a Fair Test Without a Cent of Cost Save for Fuel—If It Does Its Work It Is to Be Paid For—Mayor Will Consider the Plan.**

Chicago can have a $16,000 Dixon garbage crematory, with a daily capacity of 100 tons, as soon as Mayor Swift says the word. The city can use it for thirty days, testing it on all kinds of garbage, dead animals, and condemned vegetables, without a cent's cost to itself save for fuel. If the crematory does all claimed for it, to the city's satisfaction, it is to be paid for; if it fails the city pays nothing.

This, in brief, is the proposition submitted in writing to Mayor Swift yesterday by Dr. V. C. Price, President of the Lincoln National Bank, and by J. B. Rose, President of the Price Baking Powder company. All that is asked of Mayor Swift is a suitable place for the erection of the crematory and the garbage necessary to subject it to every kind of test.

Mayor Swift said last night he had been so busy with the Illinois Central matter he had not had time to consider the proposition.



INTERIOR OF DIXON CREMATORY.

However, he will investigate the matter thoroughly before he goes East again.

**Text of the Proposition.**

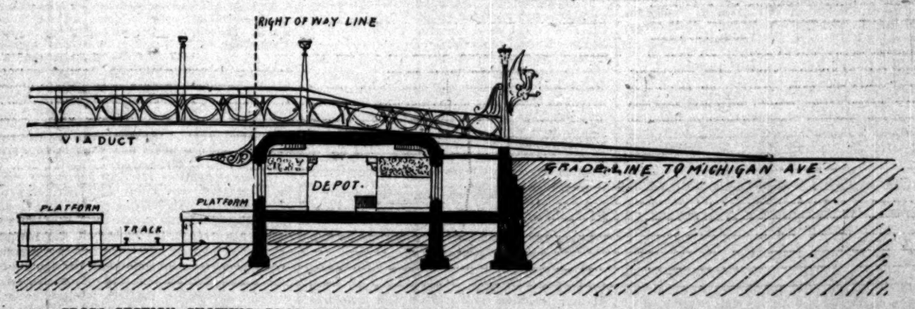
The proposition submitted to the Mayor is as follows:

"Dr. V. C. Price and J. B. Rose of the City of Chicago to the Honorable the Mayor and City Council of the City of Chicago:

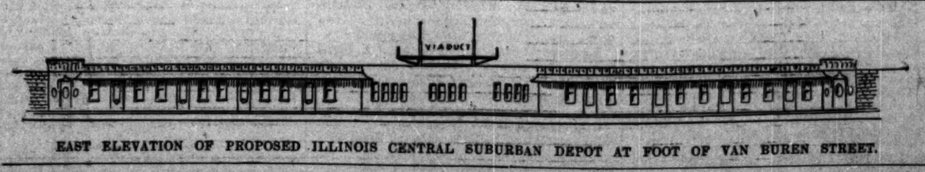
"We will build one or more No. 1 Dixon patent crematories on suitable grounds furnished for the purpose by said city. Said crematories to be sixty-five feet long from end to end, nine feet wide and ten feet high, with a double stack seventy feet high, on the following conditions and guaranty—to-wit:

"Crematories to be built of first-class material and constructed in a workmanlike manner, guaranteed to properly cremate to odorless ashes, destroy, dispose of, and treat in a complete sanitary manner so as to render them innocuous, night soil and all kinds of garbage, dead animals, stale or condemned vegetables or meats, without emitting any dangerous or obnoxious gases or stench from the furnaces.

"Said crematories are to be so constructed




CROSS SECTION SHOWING PROPOSED SUBURBAN PASSENGER DEPOT AT FOOT OF VAN BUREN STREET.




EAST ELEVATION OF PROPOSED ILLINOIS CENTRAL SUBURBAN DEPOT AT FOOT OF VAN BUREN STREET.


BULLETIN OF
The Daily Tribune.
CHICAGO, TUESDAY, AUG. 27, 1895.


*Weather for Chicago today:*
*Generally fair; slightly warmer.*
*Sun rises at 5:11; sets at 6:32 1-2.*
*Moon 8 days old; sets at 10:29 p. m.*

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### DAVID B. DE WEY IS SAID TO BE DYING

**Stricken with Paralysis of the Brain at His Home in Evanston.**

David B. Dewey, Vice-President of the Bankers National Bank of Chicago, is dying at Evanston of paralysis of the brain.

Friday night, shortly after his arrival at his home, No. 1506 Maple avenue, he was stricken with paralysis, the brain being the organ chiefly affected. Dr. A. B. Clayton was at once called in. He said last night Mr. Dewey could not recover. He is over 60 years of age. He has two daughters. One of them is married to Harry Farwell, the other is a girl 13 years of age.

Mr. Dewey has been in poor health for some time, and preparations had been made to take him to the Pacific coast for an extended period in the hope of benefiting his health.

### FEARS MORE TROUBLE AT JACKSON HOLE.

**Gen. Coppinger Orders Work on the Military Road to Be Rushed.**

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 26.—Gen. Coppinger, Maj. Humphrey, and Lieut. Hutchescg arrived this evening after a month's stay in the Jackson Hole country. Col. Randall and two troops of the Ninth Cavalry returned with Gen. Coppinger from Wyoming and are now at Fort Robinson. Maj. Chaffee was left in command of the troops still on the field. Coppinger was reticent in discussing the situation at Jackson's Hole, saying only that when the troops arrived the settlers were much frightened. The conflict, he said, is between the State laws of Wyoming and the treaty with the United States. The General saw that work on the military road to the Hole country was being rushed before he left that section, as he anticipates further use for it.

### PERISHED TO SAVE THE PASSENGERS.

**Engineer Neal McKinley Prevents a Heavy Loss of Life.**

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 26.—The Great Northern overland passenger train which left this city at 7:10 o'clock last night ran into a landslide fifteen miles from Richmond Beach.

The engine and tender were ditched and the fore trucks of the baggage car left the track. Engineer Neal McKinley was killed.

The train had many passengers, and McKinley in the face of danger stood at his post and succeeded in saving the lives of those he piloted, only to be horribly mangled himself.

### PRIEST ATTACKS WOMAN ORGANIZATION

**Father Costa Says Ladies of Galesburg Have Disgraced Themselves.**

Galesburg, Ill., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The Rev. Father Costa aroused a storm of disapproval among the Ancient Order of Hibernians yesterday by attacking bitterly the Ladies' Auxiliary of the order just organized here, declaring women had disgraced themselves by joining a woman's organization. This condemnation was extended to all woman's lodges.

### SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

D. W. Knoll, a traveling insurance agent, cut his throat at the home of a friend in Cleveland, O.

Probate Judge White decided at Cleveland that Will J. McConnell, the well-known temperance lecturer, is insane.

Both claimants to the Searl ground in Leadville, Colo., have obtained injunctions and will fight it out in the courts.

Three children of Henry Johnson, colored, living near Mexia, Tex., were burned to death Sunday night while their parents were at church.

W. W. Ki Hell, a Pension Office clerk, shot and killed himself in Pittsburg, Pa., while on leave of absence. Unrequited love is alleged to be the cause.

Near Independence, Ore., the wife of James Tetherow drowned her 6-year-old boy, and then threw herself into the river, but was rescued. She is thought to be insane.

While counting his hoard of $5,000 at Hamilton, Ala., Ben Stillman upset a lamp, which, exploding, set fire to the house and the money and cabin were consumed.

The State of Minnesota will intervene in the suit brought by Thomas W. Pearsall of New York against the Great Northern to prevent consolidation with the Northern Pacific.

Wilmington, Del., has sold $50,000 of 4 per cent bonds to the Equitable Guarantee and Trust company of New York for $52,750. Farson, Leach & Co. of Chicago and New York were among the unsuccessful bidders.

# LAST EDITION.

## IS IN LINE AT LAST.

### Illinois Central Talks Business on Lake-Front Plans.

### CONFERS WITH THE CITY

### Company Is Willing to Depress Its Tracks Four Feet.

### WILL BUILD TWO VIADUCTS

### It Is Asked to Erect a Sea Wall and Four Bridges.

### DETAILS OF THE BIG CONFERENCE

At the conference between the city officials and the representatives of the Illinois Central railroad company in reference to the depression of the company's tracks between Randolph street and Park row on the Lake-Front, and the various details attending the same, both sides submitted propositions which were discussed at length. The conference will be resumed today, and it is believed an agreement will be reached favorable to the city. This is what the city officials wanted:

That the railroad company build the sea wall that is required by the government to protect the shore line of the proposed Lake-Front park. This wall will be 1,250 feet from the present shore line.

That the railroad company build the retaining wall west of its tracks and fill in the lake-front so that the park shall grade up to the top of the wall.

That the railroad company, which is a fourth owner of the St. Charles Air Line, secure an agreement from the other companies interested to elevate the tracks.

That the railroad build four viaducts across its right of way when depressed, and also to provide a number of foot passages where necessary.

This is what the railroad company was willing to do:

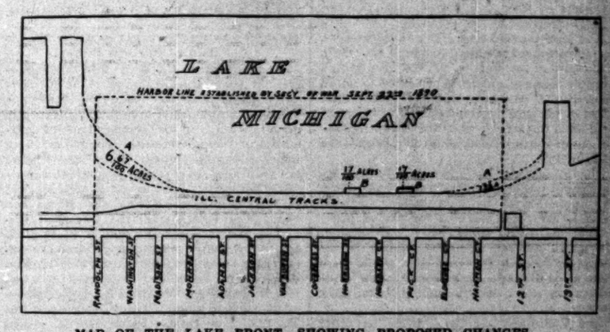
To depress its tracks from Park row to Randolph street four feet below its present grade, there being a gradual ascent at each end thereof to grade.

To build two viaducts between Park row and Randolph street at such points as the city would indicate; that one of these viaducts should be at Randolph street, and that the company be allowed to build a suburban station beneath the surface of the park. This station is to be on a level with the railroad tracks when depressed and have a frontage of 300 feet.

That it be allowed 6.67 acres at the foot of Monroe street to be used for switch tracks.

**To Deed to the City.**

That it be allowed to fill in 1.46 acres, beginning at the foot of Eldridge court and following the present shore line around to the company's pier, making in all 8.13 acres. It was willing to deed to the city .17 acre, which it owns at the foot of Peck court and .17 acre which it owns at the foot of Harrison street.




MAP OF THE LAKE FRONT, SHOWING PROPOSED CHANGES.

A A—Land belonging to the city to be ceded to the Illinois Central railroad. B B—Land which the Illinois Central proposes to cede to the city.

As to the elevation of the tracks of the St. Charles Air Line the company maintained that it has always been willing and anxious to elevate them for some time, but was opposed by the other roads interested. It maintained that the 1.46 acres at the foot of Eldridge court was absolutely necessary if the St. Charles Air Line tracks were elevated.

The conference lasted from 10 o'clock in the morning until 7 o'clock in the evening, with a short intermission. The city was represented by Mayor Swift, Commissioner of Public Works Kent, ex-Corporation Counsel John S. Miller, and Assistant Corporation Counsel Dupuy. Chief of Police Badenoch and Col. Ellers, the track elevation engineer, were present a portion of the time. On behalf of the railroad company President Stuyvesant Fish, Second Vice-President J. T. Harahan, Chief Engineer John F. Wallace, and General Counsel Ayer were present. John Dunn, assistant to Mr. Fish, was also present a portion of the time.

Several days ago Mr. Wallace called upon Commissioner Kent and presented the plans of the company and arranged the details for the conference. The forenoon was occupied by the railroad company in presenting its propositions. When the railroad officials conferred with the Mayor and Commissioner of Public Works several weeks ago, Mr. Swift demanded that the tracks should be depressed four feet. At that time the railroad company was only willing to make a depression of three feet.

**Come to the Mayor's Terms.**

Yesterday they practically came to the Mayor's terms on this point. Michigan avenue is fifteen feet above city datum and is now seven feet above the west track along the Illinois Central's right of way. It is proposed to depress the tracks four feet, build a retaining wall, eleven feet higher than the present surface along the west line of the railroad company's right of way. This would make a wall fourteen feet above the surface of the right of way and four feet higher than the present surface of Michigan avenue. It is then intended to fill in to the surface of the retaining wall, which would make the general surface of the park slope from Michigan avenue upward to the company's right of way. In order to reach a depression of four feet the railroad company would have to be allowed some distance to make the descent from its present depot at Park row and also a corresponding ascent at the other end. The plans provide that the full depression shall be reached at a point between Peck court and Eldridge court. The depression at Van Buren street will be 3.6 feet, at Madison

[Continued on third page.]

# NOT TO BE RECALLED.

## RUMOR REGARDING AMBASSADOR EUSTIS EXPLODED IN PARIS.

**Journal Says There Is No Truth in the Story That the American Representative at Paris Is About to Be Called Home Because of Slow Progress in Waller Case—Counsel of United Embassy Have Secured Waller's Statements —Foreign Notes.**

Paris, Aug. 26.—The Journal expresses doubt as to the authenticity of the rumors regarding the approaching recall of the United States Ambassador, Mr. James B. Eustis, owing to the slow progress he has made in investigating the case of Mr. Waller.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—Ambassador Eustis has wired the State Department that Newton B. Eustis, second secretary, and Mr. Alexander, counsel of the Embassy, have returned from Clairvaux, where they took down a full statement from ex-Consul Waller of his trial and conviction by the French military court at Tamatave. The statement will be forwarded to Washington as soon as possible.

New York, Aug. 26.—Charles T. Lyons of Brooklyn has presented charges to the State Department at Washingcon against United States Consul Wetter in Madagascar. He claims that Mr. Wetter was not energetic in guarding the interests of ex-Consul Waller.

Mr. Lyons also claims that Mr. Wetter, from interests purely personal, caused his (Lyons) arrest on the charge of violating the United States statutes. According to Mr. Lyons all that he did was to open a letter addressed to himself written by Consul Wetter.

It was charged by Consul Wetter, however, that this letter was written to the Governor of one of the provinces of Madagascar. On this charge Mr. Lyons was arrested, but fearing that he might not receive fair treatment under the circumstances, when released on bail he left the country.

## BLAMES THE CASTINE'S OFFICERS.

**Caustic Comments in French and English Press on the Case.**

London, Aug. 27.—The Paris correspondent of the Times quotes an article from the Temps on the Waller case and the incident of the refusal of the Castine's commander to salute the garrison at Tamatave.

The Temps says that the treaty recognizing the Hova supremacy, which was cited as a reason for the Castine's action, did not prevent America, in 1887, from asking for the exequatur of Consul Campbell through the French Resident, and from demanding an indemnity also through the Resident for the owners of an American ship pillaged on the coast.

The Temps also asserts that the Castine's officers, disregarding the port regulations, went ashore before the Harbor master had examined the vessel's papers.

The London Daily News in an editorial on the Waller case says:

The French are in a bad way in Madagascar, and in addition, by their ridiculously severe sentence of Waller, they have involved themselves in a grave international complication. There is a certain irony in the mischance which has embroiled them with a power so absolutely indifferent to the Madagascar question. They must have gone out of their way to fix a quarrel on the American Consul. It is their misfortune that these things were done for them, not by statesmen, but by soldiery. Undoubtedly the matter will be amicably arranged. The French have repeatedly shown themselves willing to acknowledge an error of temper and to offer reparation of a kind.

An editorial in the Post says:

The grossly discourteous behavior of the French officials at Tamatave to the American officers has been apologized for; but the Waller case is one of the most high-handed pieces of persecution the recent history of civilized States has afforded.

## NEW POWERS TO HEAD OF THE ARMY.

**Changes Incident to the Retirement of the English Commander-in-Chief.**

London, Aug. 26.—The Marquis of Lansdowne, Secretary of State for War, made a statement today to the House of Lords respecting the changes ensuing from the retirement of the Duke of Cambridge from the post of Commander-in-Chief of the army.

The Marquis said that, like its predecessors, the government intended to adopt the main principles of the report of the Huntington commission, except that it preferred to retain the post of Commander-in-Chief rather than chief of the staff deprived of executive power, because it was feared that the latter would get out of touch with and lose the confidence of the army.

The Commander-in-Chief would hold his appointment under the usual rules and would be responsible for the commissions, promotions, honors, etc., and also for the military formation, distribution, and mobilization. He would be the principal officer to the Secretary of State for War and would give general, as distinct from departmental, advice, upon all questions affecting military policy.

The Commander-in-Chief, with the other heads of departments, would act as a board to discuss matters referred to it by the Secretary of State for War, and promotions and appointments above the rank of Major would always be submitted to the board.

**Newfoundland Must Foot the Bill.**

The Secretary of State for the Colonies, the Rt.-Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, answering a question put by Mr. William Johnson, member for South Belfast, Conservative, in the House of Commons today, said that the negotiations which have been going on between Canada and Newfoundland, looking to the incorporation of the latter into the dominion, were now in abeyance, owing to the indisposition of Canada to accept the liabilities of Newfoundland.

In answer to further questions as to whether the government would be able to aid in overcoming the financial difficulties which presented an obstacle to the union of Newfoundland and Canada Mr. Chamberlain said: "Not if it means that the tax-payers of the country should be burdened with the cost."

## NO CLEW YET TO BOMB SENDERS.

**Anarchists Believed to Have Sent the Infernal Machine to Rothschild.**

Paris, Aug. 26.—The efforts of the police to discover the authors of the attempt upon the life of Baron Alphonse de Rothschild Saturday afternoon last by sending him an infernal machine, described as a mail package, which exploded when opened by the banker's confidential clerk, M. Jodkowitz, have proved unavailing up to the present time. The authorities, however, are confident that it was the work of Anarchists, and thirty suspected Anarchists have been arrested, examined, and obliged to give the police specimens of their handwriting. They were subsequently discharged. M. Jodkowitz continues to improve

London, Aug. 26.—A special dispatch received here from Paris says that an Anarchist has been arrested at Vic-sur-Cere, Department of Cantal, upon the information of the postmistress at that place, who declares that the man taken into custody posted a letter similar to the one received at the Rothschilds' banking-house Saturday.

## VERDICT IN DUEL CASE APPROVED.

**Mexicans Pleased at the Result of the Romero Trial.**

City of Mexico, via Laredo, Aug. 26.—Col. Romero has appealed to the higher court. He is confined, pending the result of the appeal, in the military barracks, and is daily visited by army officers.

Barrilio, one of the seconds who ran away, forfeiting bail, has not been discovered. The press tonight generally approves the verdict, and Tiempo, a newspaper, says the trial has been so conducted as to be forever a glory to Mexican jurisprudence.

Complaint has been received from Yucatan that English colonists in Belize are still employing Jamaican negroes in cutting precious woods on Mexican territory. Ten negroes have been arrested by the Mexican authorities.

Telegrams from Sonora show that Yaqui Indians are raiding farms, killing ranchers, and stealing cattle, which they drive to their settlements.

Notwithstanding native mills are being driven to their utmost capacity, some of them running day and night, so marked is the revival in trade and general prosperity that imports of cotton textiles from Europe, especially from England, are showing large increases.

Semana, a mercantile newspaper, says regarding the United States claim in the Mora case against Spain that the American Government seriously thought of occupying Havana and taking possession of the customhouse until the claim should be satisfied, and adds that some day Americans will seize Tampico and Vera Cruz and pay themselves for claims which their citizens may raise against this government. This could easily grow out of a civil war here some day, for there are so many American interests that it is certain some damage would be done them.

Hilario Estorga, the famous bandit in Sinaloa, and his father, still more celebrated Uertelio, killed some time ago, has been shot in attempting to escape.

## FOUR CHINESE THUGS EXECUTED.

**Ringleaders of the Recent Massacre of Missionaries Put to Death.**

London, Aug. 26.—The correspondent of the Pall Mall G zette at Shanghai telegraphs that according to advices received there from Cheng Tu four of the ringleaders of the recent massacre of missionaries have been executed.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 26.—The cruiser Olympia steamed away for China via Honolulu early this morning. Capt. Read denied that he intended to break the world's record between this port and the Orient.

When the Olympia reaches the Asiatic station she will become the flagship. Admiral Carpenter has expressed a desire to have the Baltimore remain, but as the sea time of the officers and men has about expired she has been ordered to return to San Francisco.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—The Concord sailed today from Chemulpa, Corea, and will proceed direct to Chefoo, China. The Yorktown is also bound for this port, having left Shanghai Saturday, so that the United States will be well prepared for any action deemed necessary in Chinese waters.

Minister Denby has not yet advised the State Department concerning the present situation in China. Acting Secretary Adee said today that the Minister was not the kind of a man to report what he intended to do or to report progress at certain stages of business he has in hand, but would be more likely to report an accomplished fact. He had no doubt that the Minister was doing all that it was possible to do.

## AMERICA'S IMMENSE CORN CROP.

**Decrease in Harvest of Grain in England and France.**

Vienna, Aug. 26.—The International Seed Fair was opened here today in the presence of the imperial representatives. The estimates presented represent the American wheat crop at 390,000,000 bushels; rye, 21,500,000 bushels; maize, 2,427,000,000 bushels; Canadian wheat, 62,000,000 bushels; and India wheat, 6,278,000 tons, against 6,923,000 tons in 1894.

America's maize crop is roughly estimated at 1,000,000,000 bushels larger than in 1894.

Compared with 1894 the decreases in Great Britain are: Wheat, 37 per cent; barley, 30 per cent; and oats, 25 per cent.

The decreases in France are estimated at, wheat, 22 per cent; rye, 20 per cent; and oats, 20 per cent.

The decreases in Bavaria are estimated at, wheat, 35 per cent; rye, 40 per cent; barley, 50 per cent; and oats, 45 per cent.

The Austro-Hungarian percentages for wheat and oats are better, but rye is decidedly lower. In the southeastern countries of Europe the percentages are mostly better. Wallachia and Bessarabia average 60 per cent increase.

These are the most remarkable changes and similar comparative tables have been prepared for the whole of Europe.

## IDEAL LABOR LAW IN LUXEMBURG.

**Workmen to Be Protected in Their Rights and Paid in Current Money.**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—Vice-Commercial Agent Murphy, located at Luxemburg has sent to the State Department a translation of a labor law which has recently gone into effect in the Grand Duchy cf Luxemburg. The law requires the payment of wages in current money. All other payments are prohibited, except that deductions are allowed for rent of land, lodgings, and food, and for tools at cost prices. No deductions can be made for alcoholic drinks furnished employés, and no wages can be paid in saloons, bar-rooms, stores, or shops. Wages are required to be paid at least twice a month. Employers are forbidden to impose upon employés conditions calculated to deprive them of the right to dispose freely of their wages. The law also limits the portion of wages which can be ceded to others or seized. It does not apply to farm laborers or to servants remaining constantly in the houses of employers.

## ANOTHER REVOLUTION SETTLED.

**Brazil Has Signed a Peace Contract with the De Gama Rebels.**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—Minister Thompson has telegraphed the Department of State from Rio that a peace agreement has been signed by the Federal Government of Brazil and the Rio Grande do Sul revolutionists.

These revolutionists were the remnant of the band which followed the head Admiral, De Gama, in his fight to overthrow the present Government of Brazil.

After the rebellion was practically at an end De Gama and some of his followers fled to the province of Rio Grande do Sul and gave renewed strength to a revolution which had been started there some time before.

## GEN. ALFARO WINS IN ECUADOR.

**Government Reported to Be Getting Ready to Leave the Capital.**

Colon, Colombia, Aug. 26.—[New York World Cable.]—The Government of Quito is reported to be preparing to abandon the Ecuadorian capital.

Gen. Alfaro, the head of the provisional government established by the revolutionists at Guayaquil, is steadily marching on the capital, being received everywhere with popular rejoicing.

Some disbanded soldiers, it is reported here, had an engagement Saturday with the government troops at Manito.

The government commander is said to have taken refuge in the American consulate.

## TROUBLE CAUSED BY FALSE RUMORS.

**Peru and Bolivia Drawn Into Difficulties by Malicious Stories.**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—Minister Moonlight in a dispatch to the Department of State from La Paz, Bolivia, July 22, gives the first official explanation of the disturbance at La Paz on the 18th of July, which came near resulting in a conflict between Peru and Bolivia.

He says it grew out of false rumors circulated at La Paz to the effect that the Government of Peru had declined the demand of the Bolivian Minister in Lima for reparation from Peru for injuries inflicted upon Bolivia during the late revolution in Peru; that the Bolivian Minister had been given his passport; that the latter had taken refuge on a British man of war; and that finally he had been assassinated.

The circulation of these erroneous statements caused much excitement among some of the young men of La Paz, who went in a mob to the building occupied by the Peruvian Consul-General, Victor R. Benavides, stoned the building, broke down, carried away and destroyed the Consular shield, broke all the windows, and used insulting language.

They also stoned the house of Angel M. del Solar, just appointed Consul-General, but not officially recognized; broke in the windows of the Peruvian Club and of the houses, stores and business places of nearly all the Peruvan residents of La Paz, and then subsided.

**Emperor Calls Munier a Liar.**

New York, Aug. 26.—A special to the Herald from Berlin says: The Emperor has been shown the number of the Figaro with Gen. Munier's letter accusing a German official of thefts during the last war. His Majesty was indignant, and called Munier "a cowardly liar." If Gen. Munier is on the active list the Berlin Chancellery will demand satisfaction.

**Andriba Captured by the French.**

Paris, Aug. 26.—Advices received here from the Island of Madagascar announce that Gen. Duchesne captured Andriba Aug. 22. The Hovas made a poor defense.

**Japan's Minister of Finance Resigns.**

Yokohama, Aug. 26.—Count Matsugata, the Japanese Minister of Finance, has resigned.

**Foreign Brevities.**

Dr. Schnurdreher of Prague and two Italian guides while ascending Mount Blanc were killed by falling over a precipice.

A special dispatch to the Paris Figaro from Rome contradicts the report that the Pope intends to establish a nunciature in the United States.

At Havre President Faure received the United States Consul at this port and Admiral Kirkland and the officers of the United States cruiser San Francisco.

Regarding the statement that the Nicaragua Canal report had been made and received in Nicaragua it was said at the State Department in Washington that there would be no report made before the 1st of November.

## G. FRED RUSH A FEDERATION MAN.

**He It Was Who Turned Off Armour & Co.'s Water Supply.**

G. Fred Rush, who recently commenced an investigation of the consumption of water by the Stock-Yards packers, did so at the instigation of the Civic Federation, by whom he is hired as an attorney. Though nominally an agent of the city, Mr. Rush was in reality acting for the federation and from that body he received his instructions. The federation was powerless to carry on an investigation of its own, so prominent members called Mr. Kent and laid this matter before him. The city could get al the credit and the federation would do the work, but the leakage must stop, they said.

Information of the consumption of water had reached them from irrefutable sources and they were determined it must be stopped. Mr. Rush was named as the agent of the federation and Mr. Kent gave him the necessary authority. During his short investigation Mr. Rush made several interesting discoveries. While so engaged he shut off a main leading into Armour & Co.'s plant. This gave rise to the story that the plant was forced to shut down and resulted in the revocation of Mr. Rush's "commision" by Mr. Kent.

Mr. Rush found what is described as a reservoir in Armour & Co.'s establishment. He desired to investigate the source of supply, and the engineer agreed to the shutting off of the main for twenty minutes.

Mr. Armour called on Mr. Kent Saturday. The visit resulted in the revocation of Mr. Rush's authority. Mr. Rush says that since Wednesday a new water supply pipe has been laid at Armour's.

Members of the federation point to the fact that the present Superintendent of the Water Department, Mr. Craig, is a former employé of Armour & Co. It was Mr. Rush's intention to investigate all the big companies in the Stock-Yards.

Members of the Civic Federation would not discuss their plans yesterday, but intimated that body would do all in its power to have the investigation prosecuted with vigor.

## COLORADO BULL FIGHTING IS ENDED.

**Fiesta Finished and Proves to Be a Flat Failure Financially.**

Cripple Creek, Colo., Aug. 26.—Not to exceed 200 persons went to Gillett to see the bull fight today and on account of the slim attendance no killing was done. The so-called fiesta is at an end and the people are heartily glad. Financially the show proved a flat failure. Those connected with the management of the affair have been arrested three times since Saturday afternoon charged with cruelty to animals, but all have settled by the payment of comparatively small fines.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 26.—Gov. McIntyre's reason for not interfering with the bull fights at Gillett is that he has no right to order out the militia until the Sheriff exhausts his resources and calls for assistance.

"If I had the power I should remove Sheriff Bowers," remarked the Governor today. "I don't believe it would be hard to find a man who would take his place and stop the fight."

Sheriff Bowers' non-action is attributed to politics. There is to be an election this fall and he is a candidate for reëlection.

## BAR ASSOCIATION IN CONVENTION.

**National Body About to Hold Its Regular Annual Session.**

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 26.—Prominent representatives of the legal profession from all over the country are arriving here to attend the annual convention of the American Bar Association. The session will open tomorrow morning in the hall of the Y. M. C. A. building and will continue four days, closing with a banquet at the Hotel Cadillac. The address of Capt. James C. Carter of New York will be delivered tomorrow.

Don M. Dickinson will formally welcome the members of the association. Wednesday morning William H. Taft of Ohio, Judge of the Circuit Court of Appeals of the United States, will deliver the annual address.

The following standing committees will report: Jurisprudence and Law Reform, Judicial Administration and Remedial Procedure, Legal Education and Admission to the Bar, Commercial Law, International Law, and Grievances. The indications point to a large attendance.

## AGED MOTHER TAKES HER OWN LIFE.

**Opens Her Son's Letter and Brings on Official Investigation.**

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The Postmaster at New Bedford, O., reported several days ago that a letter sent to that office had not reached the person to whom it had been addressed and an inspector was sent to make an investigation.

He learned enough to convince him that the letter, the character of which is not known, but which had been addressed to a young man at New Bedford, had been opened by the young man's aged mother, who withheld the contents from her son.

Monday word was received from the New Bedford Postmaster stating the mother had committed suicide by taking poison Saturday.

## SIX SALVATION ARMY PEOPLE HELD.

**Pontiac Arrests Causing Great Indignation Among the Citizens.**

Pontiac, Mich., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The arraignment of the eleven incarcerated Salvationists was anticipated with a good deal of interest by many citizens.

At 2 o'clock the prisoners were brought in. In the case of five of the eleven the case was nolle prossed. Capt. Teed, his wife, and four comrades were held for examination Sept. 11 on a complaint for resisting the officers and were released on their own recognizance.

There is evidence of much indignation with the authorities at their course in the arrest. The indignation meeting at the opera-house this evening is attended by fully 2,000.

## CROW INDIANS IN TOWN FOR FUN.

**Have Not Forgotten the Good Times They Had During the Fair Year.**

R. C. Howard of Crow Agency, Montana, came to Chicago yesterday with a drove of cattle. He was accompanied by two Indian bucks and Frank Gordon, a ranchman. The Indians are Frank Bethune and Pigeon Hotchkiss of the Crow tribe, from the agency, and Frank Gordon of Forty Mile, Mont.

After delivering the cattle at the Stock-Yards the party went down-town and put up at the Tremont House.

"The Indians are here," said Mr. Howard, "to see the city. One of them was here during the World's Fair, and wanted to come back again. We are going to show them the sights of the city during our stay, which, I believe, will be for a few days only."

# HOT WORK IN CUBA.

## SPANISH SOLDIERS WIN THREE BATTLES WITH SLIGHT LOSS.

**During an Attack on a Fort at Niguera an Insurgent Lieutenant Was Killed, and the Leader, Reiter, Shot in Both Arms—Cubans Compelled to Abandon Their Position on Mount Caussio—Paris Newspaper Urges Spain to Make Concessions —Ruin Wrough in Cuba.**

Havana, Aug. 26.—A column of 300 Spanish troops, commanded by Lieut.-Col. Teruet, it is announced, recently attacked the insurgent chiefs Stollo and Angel, who have a following of about 150 men, near Doloritas in the Romedios district in the Province of Santa Clara.

The so-called "American company" of the column charged with the bayonet and captured three insurgent positions. The insurgents lost three killed and the troops captured twelve saddled horses and one prisoner, the father of Angel.

Six railroad bridges in the Tunas district of Santi Espiritu, Province of Santa Clara, have been restored.

According to official advices an engagement between the Spanish troops and the insurgents lasting an hour and a half has been fought at Niguera, near Manzanillo, Province of Santiago de Cuba. The insurgents are said to have lost fifty killed and wounded.

During the attack on the fort at Niguera the insurgent Lieutenant, Magin Perez, was killed. The troops lost two men killed and three wounded.

**Insurgent Leader Wounded.**

According to the details from official sources regarding the fight at Miquera Reiter, the insurgent leader was wounded in both arms. It is also stated the insurgent leader Alonzo Rivero, with 700 men, has arrived in the neighborhood of Miguera.

A column commanded by Lieut.-Col. Valle, numbering about 180 men, has had a skirmish with the insurgent band commanded by Nunez, and numbering, according to official advices, 370 men.

The insurgents are said to have been compelled to abandon the positions which they occupied on Mount Caussito, leaving seven wounded on the field. The official reports say that only two soldiers were wounded during the engagements.

Information received here by the government is to the effect that Roloff has been reinforced by 2,000 insurgents in the Province of Puerto Principe, and with these and the forces of Sanchez he is said to be moving upon Santa Clara.

The father of Serafin Sanchez died recently at Santie Espititu. Col. Copella has arrived from Santiago de Cuba, and has appointed chiefs for the Battalion of Public Order and police of Havana.

Uppman, the banker, today advanced the government the sum of $500,000.

New York, Aug. 26.—Secretary Quesada of the Cuban Revolutionary committee received a letter today from Camaquay Bay containing information of a battle which had just been fought between a body of Spanish troops and a small force under Gen. Gomez.

The letter, which was dated Aug. 11, was from Salvator Cisneros, Marquis of Santa Lucia, and gave a graphic account of the engagement, which was sharp and decisive.

The Spaniards numbered 1,500 and were commanded by Gen. Mella. They were acting as convoy for a large wagon train loaded with provisions and munitions of war on its way to the Spanish camp in the interior. The attacking party numbered 900, 500 of whom were cavalry.

**Spanish Troops Surprised.**

The wagons were plodding along when the Cuban cavalry suddenly dashed down upon them from the rear. The three hindmost wagons were cut off and captured, with the six mules attached to them.

The drivers of the other wagons whipped up the mules and found safety behind the line of Spanish infantry, which was hastily formed to protect them.

A sharp fire was kept up between the two forces, the Spaniards falling back slowly until they reached the brow of a small hill, where a stand was taken. Recognizing the advantageous position of the enemy, Gomez withdrew.

The Spaniards had 170 men killed in the fight, while the Cuban loss was only three.

One of the captured wagons was found to be loaded with army rifles.

The letter said that the train of wagons was so harassed by the Cuban troops that it required seven days to make a journey commonly done in two.

Cadiz, Aug. 26.—The Diario de Avisos of Corunna states that the government will relinquish its intention of sending 25,000 additional reinforcements to the Island of Cuba in October, and adds that Captain-General Martinez de Campos has declared that he will resign if the government insists upon appointing a Lieutenant-General for the Island of Cuba.

Paris, Aug. 26.—The Figaro, referring to the situation in Cuba, expresses the opinion today that it would be better for Spain to grant adequate autonomy to the island, in order to put an end to the separatist movement, than to continue an onerous conflict, after which, even if victorious, she would be obliged to redress the grievances of the inhabitants.

Madrid, Aug. 26.—Reinforcements of troops for the Island of Cuba embarked today at Barcelona.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—The State Department has received no advices confirming the Key West dispatch that Sanguilly and Aguerre, Americans being confined at Morro Castle, had been released. It was stated that about eight or ten persons, American citizens or claiming to be such, were under arrest in Cuba, and that Sanguilly and Aguerre were the most important of the number. These men were to have been tried by the military courts, but through the intervention of the United States they were allowed a trial in the civil courts and an opportunity to prove their innocence.

## GEN. CAMPOS URGES QUICK WORK.

**Imperative That Fifty Thousand More Soldiers Be Sent to Cuba.**

Havana, Cuba, Aug. 26.—[New York World Correspondence.]—A cable dispatch from Madrid reports an interview with Gen. Salcedo, in which he says Gen. Campos commissioned him to express to the Queen Regent his (Campos') pessimistic impressions should the government not put forth extraordinary efforts to finish the war.

"Gen. Campos," according to the interview, "recognizes Antonio Maceo's exceptional ability to take advantage of his opponents' weakness and carelessness. Political divisions have weakened patriotism, and it is necessary to reconstruct the Spanish party and rehabilitate the morale of the white race as opposed to the morale of the blacks."

Gen. Salcedo said he was authorized by Gen. Campos to announce that the war would be ended by next March.

He considers it imperative that by Nov. 1, 50,000 more men should be landed in Cuba to occupy the Provinces of Puerto Principe and Santa Clara, dividing the army in two parts, one preventive, the other executive.

He deems it advisable to organize a maritime guerrilla force of launches, armed with Mausers and Gatlings. Otherwise the war will drag along.

**Heavy Spanish Losses.**

The Cubans, under Gens. Roloff and Sanchez, had a severe fight with the Spaniards at Siguranca Hill. The insurgents lost sixty men, killed and wounded, and the Spaniards 150. It was rumored that Gen. Sanchez was wounded, but private advices have not reached here yet.

Another battle was fought in the sugar plantation Ramona, which was finally burned to the ground. Details are not known.

Capt. Indalecis Moles, Adjutant to Gen. Serafin Sanchez, was killed in the last battle of Siguranca Hill.

The insurgents in Las Villas have captured the bandits known as the Silver Band, who, pretending to be insurgents, pillaged and murdered. The Government of the Cuban Republic sentenced six to death and had them executed.

Domingo Mujica, the insurgent leader captured in Matanzas, was shot there today. Although he was not of importance as a military man, his death is very much lamented. At the moment the command was given to fire he gave a defiant cheer for "Cuba Libre."

## CUBANS SAID TO BE SUCCESSFUL.

**Wholesale Houses and Spanish Residences Burned—Colored Troops Routed.**

Jacksonville, Fla., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Letters received by Cuban leaders in Key West dated Havana, Aug. 23d, give accounts of many insurgent successes.

Aug. 18 the insurgents under command of Fernando Fernandez entered the Town of Rojas, in Las Villas District, and destroyed the railroad depot and several wholesale houses. Several residences belonging to Spanish sympathizers were burned. The insurgents met with practically no resistance.

The 19th the insurgents under command of Zayas and Munez entered the Town of Les Esperanza, sacked all the grocery stores, and afterwards paid for goods with Cuban bonds redeemable at the end of the revolution. Wealthy Spanish sympathizers were forced to give money for the same kind of bonds.

It is reported in Havana that Gomez, Maceo, and Roloff, at the head of 9,000 insurgents, have invested Matanzas and intend to carry the city by storm. The Spaniards have fortified the place and have been ordered to resist to the last.

The company of colored firemen that left Havana several weeks since to go into the field were met by the insurgents and defeated. After disarming the negroes they were sent back to Havana. The authorities of the Town of Colon are fortifying the same, fearing an atack of the insurgents.

A large quantity of arms and ammunition was landed between Orient and Camaguey Aug. 19.

The isurgents fired on the Spanish tugboat Elaguila Aug. 17 near Manzanillo. They arrived at Havana in a damaged condition.

The insurgent forces around Romedios number 1,500, commanded by Bravo Diaz Fernandez and Marsui, an Italian.

The people in Sancti Spiritus are in a terrible condition. Provisions are very scarce and held at exorbitant prices. Many of the poorer people are on the verge of starvation.

Spanish officials in Havana now privately admit that in the battle at Placetas on the 17th between Spaniards under Col. Palanca and insurgents under Sanchez the former were routed with heavy loss.

Gen. Gomez, after learning of the massacre of the wounded insurgents near Guantanamo, sent word to Campos that in future he would adopt the same practice with any Spanish troops falling into his hands. Campos has established his headquarters at Santa Clara.

## POLAVIEJO'S RECORD OF CRUELTY.

**Spanish Officer Who May Succeed Campos as Captain-General of Cuba.**

New York, Aug. 26.—[Special.]—J. A. Henriques, formerly United States Consul at Cardenas, Cuba, received a letter from Santiago today which reports that the people there are greatly stirred up by a report that the 25,000 Spanish troops to be sent to Cuba in October will be commanded by Gen. Camilo Polaviejo.

When the ten-year war began Polaviejo entered the army with the rank of Sergeant. He was steadily promoted for bravery until he became General, and before the close of the war he was made Governor of Santiago Province.

It was while Governor that he gained a reputation for excessive cruelty. After the revolution Gen. Polaviejo was made Captain-General of Havana, which office he occupied until three years ago, when he returned to Spain.

The only time he was in the United States was about seven years ago, when he came here to marry Nicolasita Esconiaz, a Havana girl. She refused him, saying she could never consent to be the wife of a man who had been so cruel to her countrymen.

It is believed that on his arrival in Havana he will succeed Gen. Martinez Campos as Captain-General of Cuba, and will be second in command of the army.

Campos, it is expected, will then be free to take a more active part in the field.

Delegate Palma received a letter today from Camaquey, written by the Marquis of Santa Lucia, which reports the insurgents had captured a Spanish convoy with a supply of provisions. The Spaniards are said to have lost 150 men, while only three insurgents were killed.

## STORY OF THE RUIN DONE IN CUBA

**Plantations Laid Waste and Laborers Leave Cane Fields Uncut.**

New York, Aug. 26.—The Ward line steamer Santiago, which has just arrived here, brought several passengers who could give authentic information about the insurrection in Cuba. Among those on board were Dr. H. Von Herff of this city and Mr. John La Bourdette, administrator of the Santa Maria plantation at Guantanamo, which was recently raided.

In conversation with the reporter Dr. Von Herff said:

I found business of all kinds in Santiago de Cuba at a standstill. Most of the merchants were waiting for "better times." Some of them had closed their doors. Recently the government issued an order forbidding the merchants to sell any goods or materials to women and children from the country. This was done to cut off the insurrectionists from obtaining any supplies from the towns.

No one ventures to predict when the war will come to an end. If the insurrection goes on for another year the sugar industry will be prostrated. The administrator of one of the largest plantations in the Santiago de Cuba district told me that it will take the planters four or five years to recover from the damage already done. Many plantations not laid waste by the insurrectionists have been practically abandoned. The laborers have fled to the towns and the cane is uncut. Next season, if the estate goes uncultivated, the fields will be overrun with weeds and soon become worthless for producing a crop of sugar.

On the steamer as a fellow-passenger with Dr. Von Herff was John La Bourdette of Guantanamo. His mission to this city is an unusual one. Some time last May he received notice from the leader of the revolutionists' army that the owner of the plantation was expected to contribute to the aid of the cause. Later on the plantation was raided and recently matters became so serious that La Bourdette decided to leave the island and to come to New York for consultation.

## PROMOTION OF UNIFORM LEGISLATION.

**State Commissioners Meet in Detroit to Take Action.**

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 26.—The annual meeting of the State Commissioners for the promotion of uniform legislation throughout the United States was held at the Cadillac Hotel today, precedent to the meeting of the Bar Association opening tomorrow. Fifteen States were represented. Forty delegates responded to the roll-call.

Secretary Stimson reported a resolution from the Massachusetts Legislature asking the conference to promote the question of uniform hours of labor. The question was referred to a special committee.

The various State commissions jointly appropriated $2,000 for preparing an act on commercial law covering the subject of bills and notes, to be reported at next year's meeting. Other questions discussed were uniform forms of deeds and how best to secure actual legislation by the States upon the various commercial laws recommended by the conference.

## HEAVY LUMBER FAILURE AT ROCKFORD.

**Shafferd & Scoville Compelled to Suspend with Large Liabilities.**

Rockford, Ill., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Shafferd & Scoville, lumber dealers of this city, have failed. Their liabilities exceed their assets about $20,000. They have confessed judgment in favor of the Rockford National Bank, their heaviest creditor.

Chillicothe, Mo., Aug. 26.—The Dawn bank failure grows worse. An additional note for $5,000 owed by President H. Bushnell has been discovered, making his individual indebtedness $19,000, besides $4,000 owed by Bushnell and Coppie, or a total amounting to nearly two-thirds of the bank's loans.

## BRILLIANT EVENT AT NEWPORT.

**The Hon. and Mrs. Michael Herbert Entertained by R. T. Wilson Jr.**

Newport, R. I., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Another brilliant social event occurred at the Golf club last evening, the occasion being a ball given by R. T. Wilson Jr. in honor of the Hon. and Mrs. Michael M. Herbert. Over 300 invitations were issued and a brilliant assemblage was accordingly present. That the ball was a success goes without saying. At 8 o'clock the guests who were invited to the dinner began to arrive and were received by the host and Mrs. R. T. Wilson, Mrs. Michael M. Herbert, and Miss Wilson.

About 8:30 o'clock a dinner for the guests was served on a horse-shoe table, glittering with a splendid gilt service of the style of Louis XVIII. On the table was a continuous center piece two feet wide of "Adiantum Farleyensea," the choicest of the maidenhair fern family, interspersed with clusters of pink roses, which quite filled in the spaces between the golden candelabra.

Around the table were seated sixty guests, among whom were Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, the Duke of Marlborough, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Wilson, the Misses Wilson, R. T. Wilson Jr., Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont, Perry Belmont, O. H. P. Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Goelet, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goelet, the Hon. and Mrs. Michael M. Herbert, Count Sierstorpff, Mr. H. C. Bax-Ironside, Miss Winthrop, Col. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor, the Misses Cushing, Miss Burden, Mr. P. H. Duryea, and others.

At 10 o'clock the other guests began to arrive, and then there was dancing until 1 o'clock this morning. At that hour the cotillon was formed, with R. T. Wilson Jr. and Mrs. J. J. Astor, August Belmont and Miss Wilson leading, followed by about forty couples, who formed some of the prettiest figures yet seen here in a ball-room.

The favors consisted of ribbons, fans, Parisian ornaments, fancy calico lamp shades, and flowers. At 2 o'clock this morning supper for 250 was served on small tables of empire style, with small pink candlesticks, shades, and decorations to match.

The entrance, vestibule, and stairway were converted into a bower of American Beauty roses, arranged to form great vines encircling the framework of the doorways and the balustrades and newel posts.

In the ball-room the decorations were severe and unique in effect, and were striking, the colors being old rose, pink, and maroon roses. From the ceiling of the dining-room hung two clusters of green garlands with electric lights, from the center to the sidewalls, after the fashion of a duplicate "May pole" design. Later in the night supper was served at twenty small round tables, each one being decorated with flowers surrounding single antique bronze or silver candelabra.

Some of the tables were of red roses, others held beds of lilies of the valley, and half a dozen or more were resplendent with golden yellow flowers and with the brilliant foliage of the "cissus discolor," one of the rarest and choicest of hothouse vines.

The floral favors for the cotillon were simple wreaths of roses, lilies, and some of the more delicate August annuals, tied with pink ribbons.

There was also a golden tray laden with bright masturitums for the men.

## NEBRASKA OLD SOLDIERS IN CAMP.

**Seventeenth Reunion of the Grand Army Men Draws Immense Crowds.**

Hastings, Neb., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The seventeenth annual reunion of Nebraska G. A. R. opened here this morning under favorable auspices. In addition to this the Kansas and Nebraska inter-State reunion and the Nebraska Band Union reunion are being held on the grounds at the same time.

The Nebraska National Guard, the Wymore Battery, Troop A of Milford, and a company of forty pretty young ladies called the Hamilton Guards of Lexington are also encamped on the grounds.

William Dutton of the local committee turned over Camp Sherman to Commander Adams and his veterans and Camp Logan to the Nebraska National Guard. Capt. Adams replied for Camp Sherman.

Gen. Colby replied in his clear manner in behalf of the National Guard. Thomas Schular spoke for Kansas-Nebraska National Guards and Veterans. Adjutant-General Berry of the Governor's staff also spoke. Congressman Andrews of this city followed with the address of welcome.

There were at least 10,000 people on the grounds today and fully 25,000 are expected to be present tomorrow.

The camp is located about three-quarters of a mile north from the center of the city and lies on a fine level strip of prairie and has all the conveniences of a modern city.

The Omaha Guards and the Thurston Rifles of Omaha arrived this afternoon on their special train.

There are 1,800 tents on the ground and every one has been spoken for. More tents will be put up tomorrow.

## SAY THE ROBY POOL RAID WAS A "JOB."

**Gambling and "Sporting" Men Make Harsh Comments and Inferences.**

The pool-room raid at Roby, Ind., Saturday was the occasion of much comment in sporting circles yesterday. It was freely characterized as "a job" in which the Sheriff of Lake County was said to have more than an official interest. The fact that Sheriff Hayes discovered one pool-room and overlooked another that was doing a big business gives plausibility to the allegations.

For several days it was known about Chicago that a couple of pool-rooms were in full blast just across the Indiana line. One was said to be operated by the Roby race track proprietors, O'Leary, McInerney, and Condon, while "Paddy" Ryan and Hugh Maher were the responsible persons behind the other. The Roby crowd opened its place July 31, and it has been running since that time without being discovered by Sheriff Hayes.

Ten days ago the Ryan-Maher establishment opened. Competition compelled the O'Leary house to "hunch" odds and give patrons better terms. Nevertheless, the business of the new house steadily increased. Saturday, "Futurity day," it did a big business, which led to its being raided by Sheriff Hayes. Gamblers say the O'Leary, McInerney, and Condon house had "protection" and the other was running without having "fixed" things, and when the "protected" combination wished the other place closed it was raided.

## CANNOT GET JURY TO TRY LIQUOR CASE.

**Prejudice Too Strong Against Prohibitory Law in Wichita, Kas.**

Wichita, Kas., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The prohibition fight in Wichita furnished two exciting events today.

One was the discharge of Sanitary Officer Downing and the other was the fact that all hopes of finding a jury in the city without prejudice against the prohibitory law to try the case now commenced against the Citizens' club was abandoned.

After examining in all about 300 businessmen no sure juror has been found, and the Assistant Attorney-General asked to have jurors brought in from the body of the county.

Over the objections of the defendants' attorneys a venire was made up among farmers, who were brought into court.

## ZILLMER SEEMS TO BE INNOCENT.

**Witnesses Refuse to Testify Against Him Without Counsel.**

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—The investigation of the charges of official corruption against Supervisor Zillmer was begun by the committee appointed to inquire into the matter tonight. It was near midnight when the committee adjourned.

The testimony thus far seems to clear Zillmer. It was shown he did not own or have any interest in the clothing he is alleged to have sold to the county.

H. G. Razall and Joseph Myers, his principal accusers, refused to testify in the case, as the committee would not allow them to be represented by counsel. They would not recognize the committee's right to deprive them of the benefit of a lawyer and will appeal the case to the Circuit Court.

**Directors Refuse to Resign.**

Moline, Ill., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Particulars of the Bowlesburg School District indignation meeting held Saturday night reached here today. Charges against the directors were read and County Superintendent McKeever was asked to decide the matter. He explained that he was powerless unless they could prove malfeasance in office, which they were not prepared to do. The directors refused to resign. Mrs. Fred Kennedy was recently engaged as teacher for the coming year, but resigned after learning of the wrangle. Some of the citizens declare they will appeal to the State Superintendent or to the courts if the County Superintendent does not settle the matter.

# WILL TEST THE LAW.

## M'LEAN COUNTY SCHOOL DIRECTORS WILL OPPOSE FLAG MEASURE.

**Two Hundred Officials of Public Schools Hold an Exciting Meeting at Bloomington and Resolve to Make a Test of the Constitutionality of the Flag-Raising Statute—Cannot Use School Funds for Legal Expenses—Action Must Be by Individuals.**

Bloomington, Ill., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Opposition to the recently enacted flag law in McLean County took form and expression today in a convention of the School Directors of the county held at the office of the County Superintendent.

Although rain was pouring all day, nearly 200 directors were present. The convention was a red hot body and for several hours there was a continuous flow of oratory.

It was made very plain that the majority of the directors of the county are opposed to any law that makes compulsory the flying of the national flag at all times, but there is no opposition to displaying the national emblem on holidays or occasions of special importance in a patriotic sense.

The call for the convention resulted from a small meeting of School Directors recently held in Dry Grove Township and which declared the present flag law "unreasonable and difficult to obey." J. N. Hilton of Dry Grove was selected Chairman of today's convention and S. I. Leech of Mount Hope Secretary.

The convention was immediately plunged into consideration of the flag law by the presentation of the following resolutions:

Whereas, The General Assembly of the State of Illinois framed a law compelling all School Directors to purchase United States flags of the dimensions of not less than 4x8 feet in size and cause the same to be unfurled and kept floating from a suitable flagstaff to be placed on the top of the school house on each and every day when such schools are in session from 9 o'clock a. m. to 4 p. m. on each and every year; and

Whereas, Said act compels all School Directors to comply with its requirements or be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and liable to a fine of $10 per day; and, while we acknowledge our allegiance to and will under circumstances defend and protect the United States flag, we nevertheless feel that the foregoing, as passed by the General Assembly, is un-American and despotic in its demands; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we as citizens and representatives of the school interests of McLean County, considering the stringency of said act and penalties thereto, do protest against the enforcement of said act.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting select a committee of three, who shall, with the assistance of the County Superintendent of Schools and the State's-Attorney, take the necessary steps to make a test of the constitutionality of said flag act.

**Stuck to the Text.**

An amendment was speedily offered that the words "un-American and despotic" be stricken from the resolutions. After brief debate, on motion of Director Bohrer of Normal, the amendment was laid on the table by an overwhelming majority.

In this debate Jarrett of Dale declared the law did not extend to private schools, which were exempt from the provisions of the statute.

Bohrer of Normal believed that the law tended to dampen patriotic ardor by making the flag too common. He did not think that the little ones would be any more patriotic because the Stars and Stripes were forever before their eyes. A number of directors said they believed the makers of the law overstepped their patriotic duty.

Chairman Hilton objected to the penalty which the law attaches. It was an exaggerated show of patriotism to fine directors for failure to enforce such a law.

Some warm friends of the law were developed in the discussion, but they were in the minority. The convention became seized with the idea that the proper thing to do was to make a test case, and a resolution to that effect was offered.

The Chairman here introduced State's-Attorney Sterling, who stated in his opinion School Directors could not take money from the school funds to make a test case of the law. He thought individuals would be compelled to pay the cost of such a suit, as the action would be purely individual.

He also decided no defense could be made for any violation of the Senate law by compliance to the terms of the House bill. His opinion is that the House law is a dead letter, since the Senate bill covers all the ground. He advised all directors if a test case was desired to make a test case of the Senate act.

Haskell of Dale spoke against the law, but favored settling the matter at the polls.

**One Man Defends the Flag.**

This called for a burst of patriotism from Howells of Downs, and he defended the flag and the law. He said he felt ashamed to be compelled to stand up and demand that patriotic citizens shall place the Stars and Stripes over the school houses. He cited the work of the Mafia in New Orleans and that we are made up of such a mixture of nationalities that we need more patriotism. He called forth a storm of applause.

He was followed by Ayers of Danvers, who spoke for testing the law. He said he would fight just as quickly for the United States as any one, but he was opposed to being forced to spend money unless he wished to do so.

The resolution was adopted, and Bohrer of Normal, Ayers of Danvers, and Curry of Money Creek were named as a committee to look after a test case.

The committee was instructed to ascertain the amount of money needed and the clerks through ut the county requested to send a pro rata share to Supt. Wren. The motion prevailed.

On an attempt to take a collection much opposition was raised, and Powell of Yates made a statement that Yates was opposed to this action and would contribute nothing to such work, and in an impassioned speech predicted this suit would amount to nothing. He said more than half the county was in favor of the law. After some debate the collection was taken and the meeting adjourned.

## INSURANCE LEGISLATION IN THE SOUTH.

**Vicksburg Insurance Convention Recommends a Conservative Law.**

Vicksburg, Miss., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Those who expected the Vicksburg insurance convention would recommend for adoption by the next Legislature anything revolutionary in insurance legislation will be disappointed.

The convention, which concluded its labors at a late hour tonight, having held two sessions, acted conservatively, and, as a leading insurance man said tonight, have framed a good law. Its leading points are the repeal of the valued policy and 80 per cent coinsurance clauses of the present statute and the annual license of $1,000, much objected to by companies.

The substitution, in lieu of all other taxes, is a tax of 2 per cent on the gross earned premiums and a few small fees, so that the company that earns nothing will have nothing to pay. An Insurance Commissioner is provided for and the law provides for the investigation of suspicious fires.

**Rifle Competition at Camp Douglas.**

Camp Douglas, Wis., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The annual rifle competition of the Wisconsin National Guard opened here today. The total number of officers and men already reported for duty is 79. Those who have formerly served on the State Rifle Team are now known as "distinguished marksmen," a rank recently created, and are distinct from the others who form the different regimental rifle teams. The latter are called "regimental competitors." Today's firing was only for practice.

**Four Manholes Explode Simultaneously.**

Four manholes at Jackson and Clark streets exploded yesterday afternoon. For several days the odor of gas had been noticed by the police. No one was injured, but several pedestrians were badly frightened.

Good positions secured by students of Bryant & Stratton's Business College, No. 315 Wabash.

Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

"First in Purity."

British Medical Journal.

# ITS LINE MUST GO UP.

## WESTERN INDIANA TO FOLLOW THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL'S LEAD.

**Unless It Agrees with the Lake-Front Road in the Proposition to Elevate the St. Charles Air Line Mayor Swift Is Likely to Be Severe with That Corporation—President Thomas Said to Be Trying to Make His Tenant Roads Pay for Raising His Tracks.**

If the Western Indiana railroad company does not fall in line with the Illinois Central in the proposition to elevate the St. Charles Air line Mayor Swift is likely to go after that corporation with an ax.

President Thomas since Mayor Swift took his office has had several consultations with the city officials in reference to elevating the tracks of the Western Indiana road and incidentally the tracks of the St. Charles Air line. He has been called in in conjunction with the proposition to elevate the Fortieth street tracks and also the tracks of the Fort Wayne road. The main difficulty the railroad people meet in raising the St. Charles Air line tracks is the problem at Sixteenth and Clark streets, where the lines leading out of the Polk Street Station cross the street. The ordinance of the Chicago City railway recently passed giving the company the right to change its horse car line to an electric line contemplates a viaduct at this point, but the elevation of the air line will add additional complications, and this is the feature that is causing much trouble to the engineers of the city and the railroad companies who want to elevate. It doesn't seem to bother President Thomas to any great extent. There is good reason for believing that the officials of the tenant road that comes in over the Western Indiana and lands its passengers at the Polk Street Station are out of patience with the Western Indiana people. Mayor Swift is also getting onto the little game.

When Mayor Hopkins caught the track elevation fever, which was started during the Washburne administration, he sent for President Thomas. The Western Indiana officials had also had several conferences with Mayor Washburne and Mayor Harrison and now Mayor Swift is beginning to see light.

It seems that each time a new administration comes in Mr. Thomas goes back to the beginning and plays along in his fight against elevation. He leads each new man over the same ground until he reaches a certain point, then he hangs track elevation on a peg, to wait until a new administration comes in.

**To Make Them Pay.**

The fact of the matter is, if the story of the officials of the tenant roads is true, President Thomas is trying to make them pay for the elevation of the Western Indiana tracks. His lines come out of the Polk Street Depot angle across to Stewart avenue, parallel the Fort Wayne road to Forty-seventh street, then run diagonally across in a southwesterly direction to Wallace street and proceed south. The Grand Trunk lines commence at Forty-seventh street, and the rest of the tenant roads, with the exception of the Santa Fé, are practically carried out of the city. The roads which depend upon the Western Indiana for a terminal are the Grand Trunk, Wabash, Eastern Illinois, Monon, and Santa Fé. The Santa Fé does not use the tracks for any great distance. Each tenant road pays what railroad men call an "upset" price, not less than $100,000 a year, for entering the Polk Street station. Each company is required to furnish its own freight and coach yards, and, in addition to the "upset" price, pays a share of the charges for maintaining the tracks of the Western Indiana company.

The share of the charges for maintaining the tracks and structure of the Western Indiana each company pays is the proportion that the number of cars belonging to each company bears to the cars passing over the tracks of the Western Indiana road. President Thomas claims that the expense of elevating the Western Indiana tracks *should be treated* in the same manner as a *maintaining charge* and be divided among the tenant companies. Thus far all of the companies have stoutly maintained that this is an injustice and refuse to meet the Western Indiana on this point. They say the tenant companies have nothing to do with the elevation of the tracks, and that by carrying out such a proposition as President Thomas proposes the tenant companies simply would be adding to the capital stock of the Western Indiana.

**Tenants Are Responsible.**

Each tenant company is responsible for all damages arising through accidents at grade crossings, and has to pay the judgments in such cases as are obtained against it for the killing of people and other damages occasioned because the tracks are not elevated. It is said it is Mr. Thomas' plan to wear out the companies and eventually bring them to time by the increase of public sentiment against surface crossings.

It is understood Mayor Swift has got an inkling of what the Western Indiana company is trying to do and that he takes little stock in the objections that have been raised by President Thomas and other officials against track elevation. One of the objections which the Western Indiana people make is that the Fort Wayne line parallels their line for a considerable distance and that they cannot elevate unless the Fort Wayne company will agree to raise its tracks. The latter corporation does not seem to be in a hurry, and, of course, works for the advantage of the Western Indiana. The argument was worked to such an extent that when a plan was reached to elevate the Fortieth street tracks some kind of an arrangement was fixed up by which the Indiana and Fort Wayne companies should be allowed to make something of a depression where their lines crossed this thoroughfare. The complication arose chiefly on account of the elevation of the Rock Island and Lake Shore tracks, but it has not been settled definitely.

## SINCLAIR STILL SOWING HIS MONEY.

**Indiana Man Spends Thousands in a Wild Spree at Council Bluffs.**

Council Bluffs, Ia., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Leslie D. Sinclair, the Vincennes, Ind., shoe dealer, left Council Bluffs this afternoon after a week of high life. He must have spent thousands of dollars, but when his orgies were terminated by the interference of the police he still had remaining $9,600. This was in a small satchel which had been knocking around in Sinclair's room in the Grand Hotel during his stay.

It was suspected he was an embezzler, but he was able to show he was not and was allowed to go free, but his money was locked in the hotel safe.

Sinclair was watched by officers today to prevent him from falling into the hands of tough characters, who found him a great attraction after the publication of the story concerning him, and before he left he was compelled to deposit his money, excepting a portion, in a local bank, taking a certificate. After he got his satchel from the bank safe he left it behind a saloon bar and began carousing again until officers found him and his wealth and took them out.

## GLASS MEN ORGANIZE A COMBINATION.

**They Decide to Advance Prices and to Establish Two Agencies.**

Cleveland, O., Aug. 26.—Window glass manufacturers from Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana, and Illinois met here today and organized a combination, the purpose of which is to advance prices to meet the increase in the price of raw materials and the prospective advance in wages.

It was decided to establish two agencies for the sale of the products of the factories. One will be located in Indiana and the other in Pittsburg, and all sales will be made through these agencies, the prices to be regulated by districts.

It was decided not to resume operations at the factories until Sept. 27.

**Insolvent Corporations in Court.**

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The St. Paul Park Improvement company, insolvent, has filed schedules showing assets of $700 in real estate and liabilities of $68,223 in mortgages, of which $15,123 were made by the company and $53,100 guaranteed.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 26.—Judge McNeill of the Insolvency Court today removed W. H. Campbell, trustee of the Commercial National Bank, upon the complaint of stockholders and creditors who alleged interests adverse to those of the creditors.

# IS IN LINE AT LAST.

[*Continued from first page.*]

street, 2.8, and grade will be reached at Randolph street. The plan gives the company a head room of fourteen feet. The viaducts, of course, will rise a little above this as some of the company's engines will require a little more room.

In connection with the viaduct which the railroad company proposes to build at Van Buren street a novel plan for a suburban railroad station has been devised. It is to be directly under the park, and a person standing on Michigan avenue and looking east could not tell from the landscape that a station was there. It is to be entirely underground and open into the railroad company's right of way. Mayor Swift and Commissioner Kent insist upon having four viaducts, but the points at which they shall be located have not been determined.

It is the Mayor's idea, for instance, that one viaduct should be located at Peck court and that it should take care of the vehicles coming down Hubbard court, Peck court, and Eldridge court. The Van Buren street viaduct would be the natural crossing for Jackson and Congress streets as well as Van Buren. Another viaduct, no doubt, will be located at Madison street and will take care of the travel from Monroe, Madison, and Adams streets. The fourth one will be further south. In addition to this the Mayor feels the company should provide several foot passages over the right of way.

The sensation of the day was the Mayor's demand that the railroad company build the sea wall which is to skirt the proposed park extension. After the Council had passed the ordinance providing for the creation of the park and the filling in of the basin the government was communicated with and the Secretary of War ruled that the filling could not be commenced until after the sea wall had been built. This was somewhat of a backset to the project, as the City Council had made no appropriation for this retaining wall, which will cost in the neighborhood of $150,000.

Aside from the Council not having made an appropriation the city has not the means with which to build the wall, and the ruling of the War Department that the wall had to be built first was a severe setback, as an arrangement could be made with the contractors on the drainage canal to furnish the filling. If the railroad company accepts the proposition and builds the wall the filling can soon be commenced. It is not known how long it will take to build this wall, but it is not believed it will consume many months. The railroad company estimates that its tracks can be depressed and the viaducts built in accordance with its proposition within 100 days. The entire cost of their improvement, not taking into consideration the station at Van Buren street, represents an outlay of $450,000. This, of course, means two viaducts.

The railroad people insist that the 6.67 acres at Monroe street is absolutely necessary if the tracks are depressed. They say the depression will require such a rearrangement of their tracks that they will have to have more room to get out to their pier at the foot of Randolph street. The company will, of course, have to bear the expense of filling, which it estimates at $10,000 an acre.

In the conference the proposition to elevate the St. Charles Air line was considered separately from the other project. It was not a matter of much dispute, as the company seems to be willing to elevate and the officials produce documentary evidence to show they were on record to that effect.

In talking the matter over all the ordinances and privileges in the history of the Illinois Central were discussed. The officials of the company said the Illinois Central is entitled to an additional 100 feet of right of way, but Mr. Miller, who is as well informed as to legislation for the Illinois Central and the litigation to which it has been a party as any other man, was quick to point out that the company had lost its rights by not occupying the additional 100 feet and that the Supreme Court had so decided.

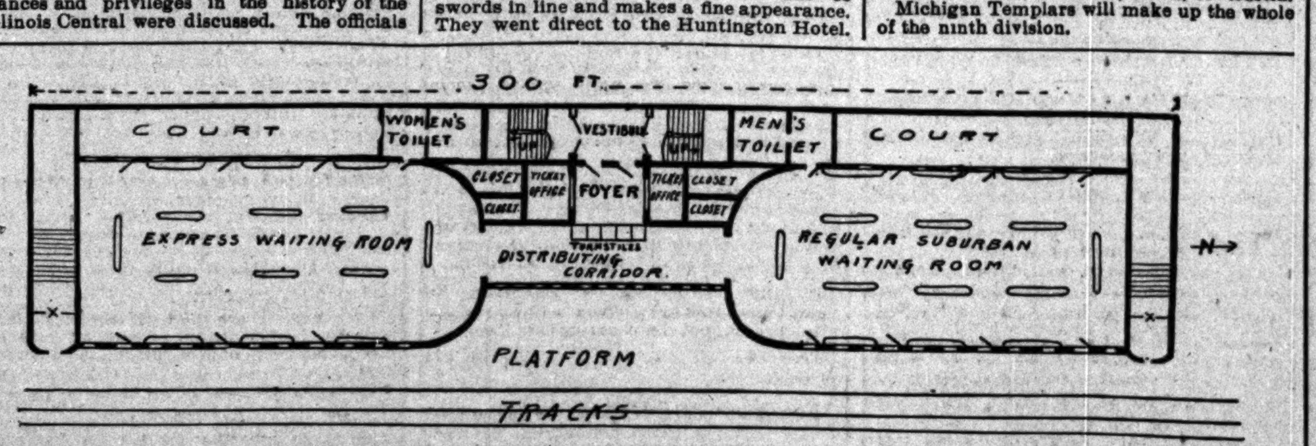
Mayor Swift was exceedingly well pleased over the conference, and he apparently felt there is good reason to believe an agreement can be reached. As soon as the company and the city officials reach an understanding an ordinance will be prepared in conformity with this conclusion and introduced in the Council. That body is the only representative of the city that can make the contract.

Mayor Swift and Commissioner Kent both refused to state the proposition the city had made to the company. The Mayor went over the ground in a general sort of a way, but was exceedingly careful that the demands of the city should not be known, as he feared it would interfere with the reaching of an agreement. He said:

"I think we will arrive at some conclusion tomorrow noon. There are a number of differences that remain to be settled, but what they are I do not care to say. The company officials are getting nearer to the city's proposition and consequently approaching a conclusion. The matter is reaching a focus, and I think that they will come to our proposition. We are putting a high valuation upon Lake-Front property, and it is true also we want them to give something more than is incorporated in their proposition. What, however, I do not care to make public. The entire matter will have to be settled by an ordinance, the Council being the arbiter in the matter."



KNIGHTS TEMPLAR CAPTURE BOSTON.




PLAN OF PROPOSED ILLINOIS CENTRAL SUBURBAN DEPOT, FOOT OF VAN BUREN STREET.

# BADGES AND BEAUTY.

## KNIGHTS TEMPLAR FILL BOSTON TO OVERFLOWING.

**Not an Accident Occurs During the Assembling of the Hosts—All the Commanderies from the West Are at Their Headquarters—Apollo of Chicago Is Making Itself Famous—St. Bernard Drill Corps Ready for the Great Parade—Chicago, Montjoie, and the Rest Safe.**

[*Continued from first page.*]

escorts was thoroughly enjoyed all the way.

Outside of Chicago commanderies the Illinois contingents have headquarters as follows in Boston. All arrived safely and in time, and are in fine trim to make a good showing in tomorrow's parade. They are as follows:

Peoria, No. 3, Peoria; No. 660 Massachusetts avenue.
Joliet, No. 4, Joliet; No. 36 Dwight street.
Elwood, No. 6, Springfield; No. 142 Marlboro street.
Galesburg, No. 8, Galesburg; No. 543 Boylston street.
Ottawa, No. 10, Ottawa; Woodlawn Park Hotel.
Gorin, No. 14, Olney; Nos. 16 and 18 Rutland Square.
Crusader, No. 17, Rockford; No. 5 Concord Square.
Evert, No. 18, Rock Island; No. 543 Boylston street.
Aurora, No. 22, Aurora; Nos. 13, 23 and 25 St. James avenue.
Hugh De Payens, No. 29, Carrollton; No. 79 St. Botolph street.
Hospitaler, No. 31, Jacksonville; No. 128 Marlboro street.
Mount Pulaski, No. 39, Mount Pulaski; No. 142 Marlboro street.
Cœur de Lion, No. 43, El Paso; Hotel Woodcock.
Athelstan, No. 45, Danville; Nos. 6 and 8 Berwick Park.
Constantine, No. 51, Lincoln; Hotel Victoria.
Elaska, No. 55, Quincy; No. 49 Worcester street.
Sterling, No. 57, Sterling; No. 543 Boylston street.

## SECOND LANDING OF PILGRIMS.

**St. Bernard and Chicago Commanderies Reach Massachusetts Shores.**

The steamer New Bay State arrived here at 6 o'clock tonight from Portland, Me., loaded with Knights Templar from the West. The majority came from Chicago and vicinity.

St. Bernard Commandery No. 35 and Chicago Commandery No. 19 with their guests made up the larger number of the pilgrims, but many other commanderies were represented. Among them were: Crusader Commandery No. 17 of Rockford, Ill.; Columbia No. 63, Chicago; Niles Commandery No. 1 of Niles, Mich.; Apollo No. 1 of Chicago; and Philadelphia No. 2 of Philadelphia.

In all there were 360 Knights Templar excursionists on board. As the boat entered the harbor it was met by a number of pleasure craft and two excursion steamers and escorted to the dock.

St. Bernard and Chicago Commanderies came by the Grand Trunk road from Chicago to Toronto, where they took the boats down the St. Lawrence to Montreal and thence to Portland, Me., by special train. There the ocean steamer was taken and finally reached here according to schedule.

At the dock they were met by a large delegation of local Knights with a fine band and carriages for the women and other guests.

St. Bernard Commandery, with sixty-two swords in line, marched to the Copley Square Hotel in full Templar uniform, led by their own band and escorted by the Reception committee of local Knights.

Chicago Commandery No. 19 has 88 swords in line and makes a fine appearance. They went direct to the Huntington Hotel. The representatives from other commanderies were escorted to their respective headquarters.

From present appearances the St. Bernard drill corps, commanded by Capt. Purinton, will be one of the finest on parade Wednesday. It has fifty-three swords in line, and has been drilled with great care.

It carries a complete hospital staff, composed of physicians and surgeons, with medical headquarters, and a systematic way of looking after the slightest illness.

The members of the present staff are: Surgeon, Sir Knight R. R. Leonard, M. D.; assistant surgeons, Sir Knight William Blanchard, M. D., and Sir Knight S. S. Bishop, M. D.; hospital steward, C. W. Shoemaker; matron, Mrs. Jessie B. Bishop; commissary, C. C. Offerman.

## KNIGHTS FROM THE NORTHWEST.

**Iowa, Indiana, and Wisconsin Abundantly Represented.**

The attendance from all the commanderies in the Northwest in some cases was more than was anticipated, and all are safe and well. Commanderies from Iowa, Wisconsin, and Indiana are quartered as follows:

**Iowa.**

Grand Commandery; Nos. 527 and 529 Massachusetts avenue.
Temple No. 4, Des Moines; No. 559 Massachusetts avenue.
Depayens No. 6, Oskaloosa; Nos. 572 and 574 Massachusetts avenue.
St. Simon Cyrene No. 9, Davenport; Nos. 547 and 551 Massachusetts avenue.
St. Omer No. 15, Burlington; No. 486 Massachusetts avenue.
Patmos No. 27, Marion; No. 609 Massachusetts avenue.
Kenneth No. 32, Independence; No. 413 Massachusetts avenue.
Bruce No. 34, Red Oak; Upton street.
Crusade No. 39, Cherokee; Nos. 527 and 529 Massachusetts avenue.

**Indiana.**

Grand Commandery, Cotillion Hall.
Raper No 1, Indianapolis; Copley Square Hotel.
Lafayette No. 3 Lafayette; Nos. 142, 144, 146, 148, and 150 Chandler street.
Fort Wayne No. 4, Fort Wayne; Nos. 9 and 11 Union Park.
South Bend No. 13, South Bend; Nos. 33 and 35 St. Botolph street and No. 204 Dartmouth street.
Terre Haute No. 16, Terre Haute; Hotel Santa Monica.
Vincennes No. 20, Vincennes; No. 430 Columbus avenue.
St. John 24, Logansport; Nos. 212 and 224 West Canton street.
Crawfordsville No. 25, Crawfordsville; No. 502 Columbus avenue.
Frankfort No. 29, Frankfort; No. 29 Claremont Park.
Michigan City No. 30, Michigan City; No. 506 Columbus avenue.
Anderson No. 32, Anderson; No. 50 Rutland square.
Washington No. 33, Washington; No. 13 Concord square.

**Wisconsin.**

Grand Commandery No. 1, Milwaukee.
Janesville No. 2, Janesville.
Ashland No. 22, Ashland.
Ivanhoe No. 24, Milwaukee; New England Conservatory of Music.

## DETAILS OF THE GREAT PARADE.

**Arrangement in Divisions of the Great Army of Knights.**

Tomorrow will see the greatest parade of its kind ever held. Twenty-five thousand men in uniform of dazzling brilliancy will be in line, and one million will look on in admiration.

Rt.-Eminent Sir Samuel C. Lawrence will ride at the head of the procession. Close by will be a large number of mounted aides and representatives of Grand Commanderies, Sir Charles C. Fry being Chief of Staff.

Following will come 200 Knights mounted, the aides and the representatives of the Grand Commanderies on the staff.

The first division will be headed by Boston Commandery of Boston, acting as escort to the Grand Encampment.

The famous Detroit Commandery will march as special escort to Most Eminent Grand Master Hugh McCurdy, who, with other officers of the Grand Encampment, will follow in carriages. Then will come the Columbia Commandery of Washington and seventy-five mounted Knights from the De Molay Commandery of Washington.

The second, third, and fourth divisions will be composed entirely of subordinate commanderies from Massachusetts and Rhode Island.

In the fifth division, which is composed of New York, Virginia, and Vermont Sir Knights, Apollo Commandery of Troy, one of the six bodies to take part in the exhibition drill Wednesday, will be in line. Palestine of New York City will be headed by the famed Seventh Regiment Band of the same city.

Knights from New Hampshire and Connecticut make up the Sixth Division.

In the Seventh Division Ohio Knights Templar will have the right of line. Hanselmann Commandery of Cincinnati will have more than a hundred Knights in line.

In the Seventh Division a dozen commanderies from Maine escort the Grand Commandery of that State.

Pennsylvania will have the right of the eighth division. The first in line will be Pittsburg Commandery of Pittsburg. The Corinthian Chasseurs of Philadelphia, another mounted commandery which will parade under the banner of the Grand Commandery of the Keystone State, is fifty strong. Indiana Templars will be next in line, with Raper Commandery of Indianapolis at the head.

The Grand Commandery of Texas will follow, escorted by one commandery from the Lone Star State, Colorado, No. 4, of Austin. Michigan Templars will make up the whole of the ninth division.

In the tenth division will march all the Knights from Illinois.

## BOSTON COMMANDERY ACTS AS HOST.

**Engages the Horticultural Hall for Visiting Brethren.**

Horticultural Hall is the scene of the greatest activity in Boston today. Two floors of the structure have been engaged by Boston Commandery for headquarters during the conclave.

On the second floor meals are served free to all who desire to partake of them. This will be kept up all the week. On the third floor there is a large reception room where sojourners are entertained. The rooms were visited by thousands yesterday and the dining hall freely patronized.

## TAYLOR CASE BEFORE THE COURT.

**Arguments Submitted in Habeas Corpus Proceedings at Pierre, S. D.**

Pierre, S. D., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The arguments in the Taylor case came up this morning on a demurrer to the petition for a writ of habeas corpus, which covered all the merits of the case.

State's-Attorney Holmes opened for the State and confined himself to a discussion of the statutes bearing on the case. He was followed by Attorney-General Crawford, who briefly reviewed the case. Taylor's attorney spoke an hour and the case then went to the court, which adjourned till tomorrow morning.

It is the general prevailing opinion that the court will refuse to release the prisoner and affirm the sentence of the lower court.

A GREAT BIG PIECE OF




BATTLE AX PLUG FOR 10 CENTS

## MOLONEY ASSAILED BY THOMAS CRATTY.

**Northwestern Loan and Building Association Case Grows Much Warmer.**

The hearing of the Northwestern Loan and Building Association matter before Judges Donnelly and Gibbons yesterday assumed the aspect of a three-sided contest. For the time being the question of the County Court's jurisdiction, upon which the two Judges are sitting en banc, was lost sight of, and the arguments lay between the Attorney-General and the attorneys for the creditors who filed the original bill.

Attorney Thomas Cratty held the floor throughout the morning and much of his time was devoted to assailing Mr. Moloney for attempting to gain precedence in the Circuit Court over the creditors of the association. In conclusion he touched upon the jurisdiction of the County Court and argued that the affairs of the association could better be subserved in the hands of a receiver than in those of an assignee, appealing to the counsel of the latter to join with the creditors in their petition for a receiver and asking the Attorney-General to withdraw. He said the real estate of the association alone was worth $202,000, and that mortgages were held of other property.

Dr. Henry H. Boulton, a shareholder, went before Judge Donnelly and asked that an order be entered requiring Mr. Vose to open his books to him. He was refused on the ground that the County Court had not so ordered, but Judge Donnelly gave him what he desired.

In the afternoon Attorney E. M. Ashcraft, counsel for a portion of the stockholding creditors, spoke in behalf of the petitioners, arguing that under the circumstances a receiver appointed on the petition of the Attorney-General or an assignee would virtually represent the directors of the company, and drawing the conclusion that the receiver should be appointed in the bill of the shareholders.

## CHICAGO LUTHER LEAGUE CONVENTION.

**Delegates Are Appointed to the National Convention to Be Held in October.**

The sixth quarterly convention of the Luther League of Chicago, the young people's organization of the English Lutheran Church, was held last night at St. Paul's English Lutheran Church, Fairfield avenue and Hirsch street.

The young people's societies of a dozen or more churches were represented. The President, J. J. Clemens, presided, and business matters were disposed of before the literary program. It was agreed to have a picnic in Humboldt Park next Saturday, and Monroe Munson, C. O. Solberg, and C. Dunnom were appointed a Committee of Arrangements. Henry Halstead, Martin Olsen, and Miss Mattie Quales were appointed delegates to the national convention to be held in Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 30.

J. J. S. Rumbarger then read a paper on "The Salzburgers," and the Rev. Dr. L. M. Heilman made an address in favor of the National League. No reference was made to the flag law.

**Wants $25,000 Damages for a Libel.**

The Chicago Underwriters' Association, R. N. Trimmingham, Charles R. Case, and Edward S. Case are made defendants in a $25,000 libel suit commenced yesterday in the Circuit Court by David W. Blair, an insurance man. He bases his suit upon a notice sent out by the association which he charges was the result of information furnished by Case & Co. The circular in question notifies the members of the association that the plaintiff has been suspended from membership because, as it was alleged in it, the defendant had become delinquent in the payment of premiums due another member of the association.

EDUCATIONAL.

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**The Great Military School of the West.**
Strong faculty, ideal location for health and beauty, pure spring water, private electric light plant, water works, steam heat and steam laundry. Arms and equipment furnished by the War Department. Special attention given to physical culture. Extensive athletic fields. About 14 hours ride from Chicago.
Also NIEDRINGHAUS HALL for small boys who are kept separate from the older cadets. Investigate before selecting a school. For catalogue address
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**HAHNEMANN Medical College and Hospital** OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
The thirty-sixth annual course of lectures in this institution will commence September 17, 1895. New college building. Well equipped laboratories. Experienced teachers. Equality in sex. NEW HOSPITAL OF 225 BEDS NOW OPEN.
Send for announcement.
JAS. R. COBB, M. D., 2156 Indiana-av., Chicago.

**MR. H. N. HILLS,** Regent of Harcourt Place Seminary and Kenyon Military Academy, Gambier, O.,
will be at the Leland Hotel, Chicago, Sept. 3 and 4, from 11 a. m. to 1 p. m. and from 4 to 6 p. m., where he will be glad to meet all who desire a personal interview about the schools. Catalogues sent.

**TODD SEMINARY FOR BOYS.**
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This well-known School for Girls reopens on Sept. 18. High standard of instruction. Modern buildings, best sanitary conditions, home atmosphere. Moderate charges on account of endowments. Patronage largely from Chicago, and distance two hours. Address REV. DR. FLEETWOOD, Rector.

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Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children. Fifth year opens Sept. 25.

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(Nineteenth Year.) Prepares for leading universities. Graduates are now at Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Cornell, and University of Michigan. Address COL. J. S. ROGERS, Supt., Orchard Lake, Mich.

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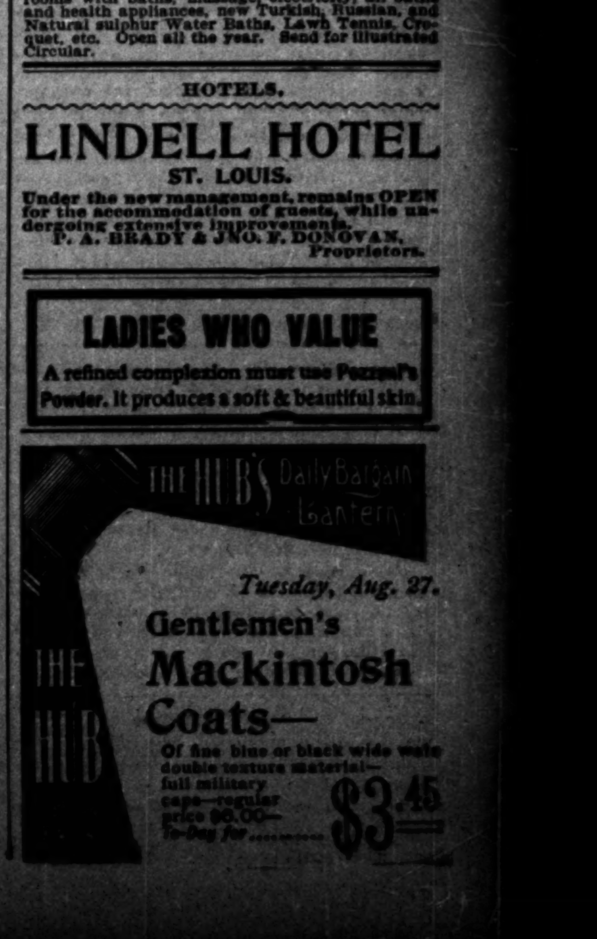
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# MADE A TIE BY NIGHT

## COLTS IN THE LEAD, BUT THE WINNING RUN DOES NOT COUNT.

**Darkness Prevents Washington Playing Its Half of the Ninth Inning and the Game Is Called, the Score Reverting to the Last Inning Finished, Where It Was 9 to 9—Terrific Batting by Both Teams, Without an Error by the Colts—Three Leaders of the League Lose.**

| Club. | Won. | Lost. | Per cent. | Club. | Won. | Lost. | Per cent. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Baltimore | 63 | 36 | .633 | Cincinnat'i | 54 | 45 | .545 |
| Cleveland | 67 | 39 | .632 | Chicago | 56 | 47 | .544 |
| Pittsburg | 59 | 44 | .573 | New York | 52 | 49 | .515 |
| Boston | 55 | 43 | .561 | W'shingt'n | 31 | 62 | .333 |
| Phil'del'a | 56 | 44 | .560 | St. Louis | 31 | 72 | .300 |
| Brooklyn | 56 | 45 | .554 | Louisville | 23 | 76 | .232 |

**Results of Yesterday's Games.**

Chicagos, 9; Washingtons, 9 (8 innings, called on account of darkness).
Cincinnatis, 12; Baltimores, 9.
Philadelphias, 6; Clevelands, 1.
Bostons, 3; Pittsburgs, 2.
Brooklyns, 7; Louisvilles, 2.
New Yorks, 9; St. Louis, 5.

**Games Today.**

Chicagos at Washington.
Cincinnatis at Baltimore.
Pittsburgs at Boston.
Clevelands at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
Louisvilles at New York.

### NIGHT CHEATS COLTS OF A VICTORY.

**Have the Washington Game Won When Darkness Makes It a Tie.**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—It was nip and tuck from start to finish in this afternoon's contest between the Colts and Senators, and but for the fact that the home team had the last innings it would have been a beaten aggregation. As it was Umpire Keefe, owing to darkness called the game back to the eighth inning, when the score was a tie, and this let the Washingtons down mighty easy. For in the Chicagos' half of the ninth inning Capt. Anson had set his men a good example after two were out by swatting a liner between Joyce and Scheibeck. Then Dahlen drew a base on balls and Ryan singled for the third time in the game. With the bases full Mercer hit Truby with the ball and Anson came home with what would have been the winning run. Kittridge struck out and at this juncture Keefe called the game, Washington having last inning. So the score reverted to the last even inning played, which left the figures nine each.

Chicago opened the contest in a dashing manner, Everitt and Wilmot hitting safely, and then came sacrifice hits by Lange and Anson. Dahlen found one that suited him and he made the ball hum through Scheibeck's fingers far out into left center. Two runs came in and Ryan drove in a third with a lick into left. Truby broke the spell, however, by forcing Ryan at second.

Although the Senators had the bases filled through the courtesy of Griffith, who presented first to Scheibeck and Joyce and hit McGuire with a pitched ball, sharp fielding on the part of the visitors prevented run-getting. But in the last half of the second Maul proceeded to gauge Griffith for a triple between Ryan and Lange, and Boyd brought him across the plate on a hit in the same territory. Mercer sacrificed and Scheibeck flied out to short. Abbey hit to center, scoring Boyd, and stole second on the throw-in. Joyce gave Anson a chance and that ended the business.

Chicago drew blanks up to the fifth inning, a double play by Abbey off Everitt's high fly, by which he caught Griffith half way between first and second, being the fielding feature. In their half of the third the Senators proceeded to forge ahead, a base on balls to McGuire and Selbach's homer into the right field bleachers doing the damage. After two were out in Chicago's fifth essay Walter Wilmot lobbed a fly over into the bleachers and was credited with a home run. Willie Lange had a triple against his name when he connected with one of Mercer's curves, and Anson proceeded to break the existing tie by sending Willie across the rubber.

After making it one, two, three for Chicago in the sixth nine of the Senators went to the bat, and before the last one was retired they had scored five runs. Boyd began it and Mercer sacrificed again. Schiebeck put a grounder to Dahlen, and a fielder's choice at third resulted in not out. Abbey hit for a double and "Scrappy Joyce" struck out. McGuire and Cartwright put in timely singles and Selbach proceeded to clear the bases with a triple to left. Maul ended the agony with a grounder to Truby.

But there was a good deal of friskiness in the Colts, and they proceeded to give the Senators a hair-raiser in the seventh. Griffith fouled to McGuire, but Joyce made a mess of Everitt's grounder. Wilmot hit safely, and a hard drive by Lange bounded over right field fence and three white legs scampered home. Anson struck out. Dahlen drew a base on balls, but Ryan gave Schiebeck a chance to throw him out at first.

Boyd started well for Washington, with a safe hit, but Mercer forced him at second. Schiebeck flew to Wilmot and Abbey hit for another single. Joyce drew a base on balls, but McGuire could not do better than give Wilmot a chance, and three men were left on bases again. In the eighth inning Chicago tied the score again, when Kittridge hit a homer over the bleachers, this being the fourth of the game. Truby had given Selbach a fly, and Griffith did the same for McGuire, when Everitt cracked out a double. He undertook to steal third, however, but was nabbed by Joyce on a quick throw by McGuire. Washington was easy money for the Colts in their last half of the eighth, and the ninth inning was inaugurated, but darkness compelled a cessation before the game could be played out. The score:

CHICAGOS.

| | AB | R | BH | PO | A | E | SB | SO | BB | BE | LB |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Everitt, 3b | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Wilmot, lf. | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lange, cf. | 4 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Anson, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dahlen, ss. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Ryan, rf. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Truby, 2b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Kit'dge, c | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Griffith, p. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Totals. | 35 | 9 | 14 | 24 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 4 |

WASHINGTON.

| | AB | R | BH | PO | A | E | SB | SO | BB | BE | LB |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Schei'k, ss. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Abbey, cf. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Joyce, 3b. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| McGui'e, c | 3 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Cartw't, 1b. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Selbach, lf. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Maul, rf. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Boyd, 2b. | 4 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mercer, p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Totals. | 35 | 9 | 13 | 24 | 11 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 9 |

Chicagos..........3 0 0 0 2 0 3 1—9
Washingtons.......0 2 2 0 0 5 0 0—9

Attendance—1,600. Earned runs—Chicagos, 8; Washingtons, 7. Home runs—Selbach, Wilmot, Lange, and Kittridge. Two-base hits—Dahlen, Abbey, Everitt, and Joyce. Three-base hits—Maul, Lange, and Selbach. Sacrifice hits—Lange, Anson, Abbey, Mercer [2]. Double play—Abbey-Cartwright. Hit by pitched ball—McGuire. Time of game—2:20. Umpire—Keefe.

**Notes of the Game.**

Right field territory seemed a favorite spot for the heavy swatters.

Washington made thirteen hits, but Chicago went them one better.

Two games will be played tomorrow in consequence of the tie today.

Four homers, three triples, and a quartet of doubles gave the spectators a batting feast.

Eight earned runs for the Colts and seven for the Senators tell what a slugging match it was.

Not an error marred the work of the Colts, the fielding honors belonging to Lange, Dahlen, and Ryan.

Griffith was the only Colt who failed to connect with the ball, but he knocked Scheibeck silly with a grounder in the second.

For cripples the Senators put up a gilt-edged article of baseball, there being substitutes at second and right respectively.

Assistant Secretary McAdoo made his appearance in the grand stand for the first time this season and proved a mascot for the Senators.

Three times the bases were filled with anxious players waiting for the hit that never came. Washington suffered in the first and seventh innings, while Chicago's hoodoo was in the last inning and consequently did not count.

### REDS STOP THE ORIOLES' SOARING.

**Cincinnati Bats Hemming All Over the Lot, While Rhines Is a Puzzle.**

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Had today's game been called in the eighth inning, as it should have been, the Orioles would not have been even in the hunt, but both O'Day and Burnham refused to call it, and with the help of darkness the home team rolled up four runs and had two men on bases when the third hand went out in the ninth. It was entirely too dark to play, and the fielders had no little difficulty seeing the ball. Even O'Day experienced the same difficulty, and could hardly see the pitched ball, and was away off on balls and strikes.

The Orioles went in the game up to the neck with confidence, and promised their admirers to duplicate the feat of Saturday, but made a dismal failure in the attempt. The Reds started in the first inning at Hemming, and it was only due to the good fielding they did not score more runs than they did. In the third inning they had a picnic, and banged the ball all over the lot. Hemming had but little speed, and the Cincinnati batters could place their hits just out of reach of the fielders. Two singles, a triple, and a base on balls, which netted five runs, were enough for the Oriole pitcher, and in the fourth Clarkson took his place. He did much better than his predecessor, but the visitors managed to bunch hits in the fifth and ninth innings. The champions could do little or nothing with Rhines' delivery, and only in the fifth and ninth did they hit to any advantage. The fielding of both clubs was good, the one error made on each side not affecting the result. The score:

| Baltimores. | R | B | P | A | E | Cincinnatis. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| McGraw, 3b. | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | Burke, lf. | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Keeler, rf. | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | Hoy, cf. | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jennings, ss | 1 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | McPhee, 2b. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| Kelley, lf. | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Ewing, 1b. | 1 | 2 | 8 | 1 | 0 |
| Gleason, 2b. | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 1 | Miller, rf. | 2 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Brodie, cf. | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Smith, ss. | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 0 |
| Clarke, c. | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | Gray, 3b. | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Carey, 1b. | 1 | 3 | 10 | 2 | 0 | Vaughn, c. | 2 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| Hemming, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Rhines, p. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Clarkson, p. | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | | | | | |
| *Reitz | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| †Robinson | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Totals | 9 | 15 | 27 | 5 | 1 | Totals | 12 | 16 | §26 | 14 | 2 |

*Batted for Clarkson.
†Batted for McGraw.
§Carey hit by batted ball.

Baltimore.........0 0 1 0 3 0 1 0 4—9
Cincinnati........1 0 5 1 2 0 0 0 3—12

Earned runs—Baltimores, 3; Cincinnatis, 9. Two-base hits—Vaughn [2], Hoy, Miller, Jennings, Clarke, Brodie, Carey. Three-base hits—Gray [2], Miller, Vaughn. Sacrifice hits—Carey, McPhee. Stolen bases—Burke, Hoy, Keeler, Brodie. Double play—Vaughn-Gray. First base on balls—By Hemming, 2; by Clarkson, 2; by Rhines, 5. Hit by pitched ball—By Rhines, 3. Struck out—By Hemming, 1; by Clarkson, 2; by Rhines, 2. Passed balls—Clarke, Vaughn. Wild pitch—Rhines. Time—2:45. Attendance, 3,000. Umpires—O'Day and Burnham.

**Philadelphias, 6; Clevelands, 1.**

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The Phillies took a brace over Sunday, and aided by Taylor's fine work in the box easily defeated the Cleveland men today by the score of 6 to 1. The Spiders put up a poor game in the field and up to the eighth inning were unable to score. Thompson was taken sick today, and Sullivan, who is also unfit for duty, had to get into the game. His work at short was the feature of the game, while at the bat he also excelled, making four pretty singles. His stops of Blake's hit in the second and O'Connor's in the seventh were as pretty as any seen here this season. Taylor was in fine form, and but for a passed ball by Clements in the eighth inning he would have shut out his opponents. In the fourth inning, while at bat, he was hit over the heart by one of Young's inshoots and it looked as though he would be disabled, but after a few minutes of rubbing he resumed play. Attendance, 6,842. The score:

| Philadelp'a. | R | B | P | A | E | Clevelands. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hamilton, cf | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Burkett, lf. | 1 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 2 |
| Del'h'nty, lf. | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | McKean, ss. | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Cross, 3b. | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 | Childs, 2b. | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 |
| Sullivan, ss. | 1 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 1 | McAleer, cf. | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Turner, rf. | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | O. Teb'u, 1b | 0 | 2 | 12 | 1 | 0 |
| Hallman, 2b. | 0 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 0 | McGarr, 3b. | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Clements, c. | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Blake, rf. | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Boyle, 1b. | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 1 | O'Connor, c. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Taylor, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | Young, p. | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0 |
| Totals | 6 | 12 | 27 | 14 | 2 | Totals | 1 | 8 | 27 | 13 | 7 |

Philadelphias.........4 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1—6
Clevelands............0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1

Earned runs—Philadelphias, 4. Two-base hit—Cross. Three-base hits—Delehanty, Burkett. Home run—Clements. Sacrifice hit—Boyle. Stolen base—Turner. Left on bases—Clevelands, 7; Philadelphias, 4. Struck out—Taylor. Double plays—Hallman, Sullivan, and Boyle; Hallman and Boyle; Childs and Tebeau. First on errors—Philadelphias, 2; Clevelands, 2. First on balls—Off Young, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Taylor, McKean. Passed balls—Clements, O'Connor. Time—2:05. Umpire—Emslie.

**Bostons, 3; Pittsburgs, 2.**

Boston, Mass., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Boston defeated Pittsburg again today in one of the most stubbornly contested games seen here this season. Hawley was the visitors' pitcher versus Nichols for the home team. Hawley's wonderful speed had its effect upon the Boston men, but six hits being made in the nine innings. The same can be said of Nichols, who pitched a masterly game, striking out four men and not giving a single base on balls. In fact the home team is playing the strongest game it has put up this season. Genins for the visitors made two costly errors, which probably cost them the game. A delegation of 200 Knights from Pennsylvania occupied seats in the grand-stand, and armed with fish horns and other unmusical instruments rooted from start to finish for Connie Mack's boys. Catcher Merritt was presented a diamond stud by his friends of Lowell, and immediately afterward he made the prettiest hit of the day and scored in the inning. The features were Duffy's, Stuart's, Hawley's, and Nichols' work. Attendance 6,000. The score:

| Bostons. | R | B | P | A | E | Pittsburgs. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lowe, 2b. | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | Donovan, rf. | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Tenney, lf. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Smith, lf. | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Long, ss. | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | Beckley, 1b. | 1 | 1 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Duffy, cf. | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | Stenzel, cf. | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| M'C'ty, lf 2b | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | Genins, 2b. | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Nash, 3b. | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | Stuart, ss. | 0 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 0 |
| Tucker, 1b. | 1 | 1 | 9 | 2 | 0 | Clingm'n, 3b | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| Bannon, rf. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Merritt, c. | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Ganzel, c. | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 | Hawley, p. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| Nichols, p. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 1 | | | | | | |
| Totals | 3 | 4 | 27 | 10 | 1 | Totals | 2 | 8* | 25 | 14 | 4 |

*One out when winning run made.

Bostons.........0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1—3
Pittsburgs......0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0—2

Earned run—Pittsburg. Two-base hit—McCarthy. Home run—Beckley. Stolen base—Stenzel. First on balls—McCarthy, Nash, Tucker, Bannon. Struck out—Nichols [2], Smith, Genins, Clingman, Hawley. Time—2:05. Umpire—McDonald.

**New Yorks, 9; St. Louis, 5.**

New York, Aug. 26.—Not more than 600 persons, the smallest crowd of the season, saw the New Yorks and the St. Louis Browns do battle for the last time this year. Breitenstein pitched his third straight game against the locals within a week and again lost because the field behind him did not play properly. The Browns hit the ball hard enough to win two ordinary games. Fuller's work at short was a feature. The score:

| New Yorks. | R | B | P | A | E | St. Louis. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Fuller, ss. | 1 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 0 | Dowd, cf. | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Davis, rf. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | Cooley, lf. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| V'nHit'n, cf. | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Quinn, 2b. | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| Doyle, 3b. | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 1 | Miller, 3b. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bannon, 1b. | 1 | 0 | 14 | 1 | 1 | Ely, ss. | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Burns, lf. | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Sheehan, rf. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Stafford, 2b. | 0 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 0 | Pietz, c. | 0 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| Farrell, c. | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | McFa'd'n, 1b | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 | 1 |
| Clark, p. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | Br'tnstein, p | 0 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| Totals | 9 | 10 | 27 | 19 | 2 | Totals | 5 | 14 | 24 | 12 | 4 |

New Yorks.........0 0 1 0 3 0 5 0 *—9
St. Louis.........1 0 0 1 1 0 0 2 0—5

Earned runs—New Yorks, 4; St. Louis, 3. First base by errors—New Yorks, 3; St. Louis, 2. Left on bases—New Yorks, 5; St. Louis, 11. First on balls—Off Clark, 2; off Breitenstein, 2. Struck out—By Clark, 1; by Breitenstein, 4. Three-base hit—Quinn. Two-base hits—Fuller, Ely. Sacrifice hit—Fuller. Stolen bases—Doyle, Miller, Peitz, Breitenstein. Double plays—Clark, Fuller, Bannon; Pietz, Ely; Quinn, McFadden. Umpire—Jevne. Time—2:08.

**Brooklyns, 7; Louisvilles, 2.**

Brooklyn, Aug. 26.—The Brooklyns found the Colonels rather easy at Eastern Park this afternoon and won almost as they pleased. Weyhing, who pitched for Louisville, was hit at opportune times. Kennedy pitched effectively throughout. Attendance 1,700. The score:

| Brooklyns. | R | B | P | A | E | Louisvilles. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Griffin, cf. | 2 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | O'Brien, 2b. | 0 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 0 |
| Shindle, 3b. | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | Holmes, cf. | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Corcoran, ss. | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | Clark, lf. | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Schoch, lf. | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | Collins, 3b. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Daly, 2b. | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | Spies, 1b. | 1 | 1 | 9 | 1 | 0 |
| LaCh'nce, 1b | 0 | 3 | 9 | 0 | 1 | Shugart, ss. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| Tredway, rf. | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Wright, rf. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Dailey, c. | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | Warner, c. | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Kennedy, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Weyhing, p. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Totals | 7 | 11 | 27 | 8 | 3 | Totals | 2 | 7 | 24 | 11 | 6 |

Brooklyns.........2 0 0 0 0 2 3 0 *—7
Louisvilles.......0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0—2

Earned runs—Brooklyns, 1; Louisvilles, 1. First by errors—Brooklyns, 2. Left on bases—Brooklyns, 7; Louisvilles, 4. Bases on balls—Off Weyhing, 2. Struck out—By Kennedy, 2; by Weyhing, 1. Three-base hits—Daly, Spies. Two-base hits—Griffin, Corcoran, Shoch, Dailey, Shugart. Stolen bases—Griffin, La Chance, 2. Double plays—Shindle-La Chance; Shugart-O'Brien-Spies. Passed ball—Dailey. Time—1:41. Umpire—Murray.

### RESULTS IN THE MICHIGAN LEAGUE.

**Port Huron Makes So Many Errors Scorers Almost Lose Count.**

| Clubs. | Won. | Lost. | Per cent. | Clubs. | Won. | Lost. | Per cent. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jacksons | 7 | 3 | .700 | Lansings | 5 | 5 | .500 |
| Adrians | 4 | 3 | .571 | P't Hurons | 2 | 5 | .285 |
| Owossos | 4 | 4 | .500 | Kala'azoos | 2 | 7 | .222 |

**Games Scheduled for Today.**

Lansings at Port Huron.
Kalamazoos at Adrian.
Owossos at Jackson.

Jackson, Mich., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The Jackson-Owosso game was called in the fourth inning today on account of rain, neither team having scored.

Port Huron, Mich., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Port Huron made so many errors today the scorers almost lost count. The score:

Port Huron.0 0 0 0 0 0 7 2 0— 9 17 16
Lansing....0 0 0 7 1 0 0 3 *—11 10 2

Batteries—McGarry and Flanigan; Gleason, Ferguson, and Eltom.

### CEDAR RAPIDS CLUB IS DISBANDED.

**Roughness of Local Fans One of the Causes—Dubuque Beats Ottumwa.**

| Clubs. | Won. | Lost. | Per cent. | Clubs. | Won. | Lost. | Per cent. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dubuques | 34 | 24 | .586 | Ottumwas | 33 | 30 | .523 |
| Burl'gton | 34 | 27 | .557 | Ced'r Rpds | 28 | 33 | .459 |

Cedar Rapids, Ia., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The members of the Cedar Rapids Baseball club were paid off and discharged this morning. The principal reasons for the disbandment were the action of the Burlington team in refusing to play a game here yesterday and the decreasing attendance at the games, caused by the rooters making it a practice to abuse the players. The finances of the club are in excellent condition.

Ottumwa, Ia., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Dubuques had to play only eight innings to win today. The score:

Ottumwas....2 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1—6 8 3
Dubuques....1 0 3 0 1 0 2 1 *—8 9 3

Batteries—McGinley and Graver; Welch, Burris, and Prauter.

### STANDING OF THE WESTERN LEAGUE.

**Indianapolis Shuts Out Minneapolis and Kansas City Wins Two Games.**

| Club. | Won. | Lost. | Per cent. | Club. | Won. | Lost. | Per cent. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Indi'nap'lis | 66 | 34 | .660 | Minnea'p'lis | 49 | 53 | .480 |
| Kansas City | 62 | 42 | .596 | Ter'e Ha'te | 44 | 59 | .427 |
| St. Pauls | 58 | 42 | .580 | Detroits | 45 | 65 | .409 |
| Milwaukees | 51 | 52 | .495 | Gr. Rapids | 34 | 71 | .323 |

**Games Scheduled for Today.**

Kansas Citys at Grand Rapids.
St. Pauls at Terre Haute.
Minneapolis at Indianapolis.
Milwaukees at Detroit.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 26.—The leaders shut out the Millers today. The score:

Indianapolis........2 0 1 0 9 3 1 0 0—7—15—3
Minneapolis.........0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0— 6—4

Batteries—Cross and McFarland; Healy and Wilson.

Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 26.—One of the hardest fought baseball battles ever seen here was won today by the St. Pauls. The score:

Terre Hautes.0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—2 4 0
St. Pauls......0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 *—3 11 3

Batteries—Nops and Roach, Mullane and Boyle.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 26.—Milwaukees played an errorless game, but Detroit did the better batting and base running. The score:

Detroits.....3 0 0 0 0 4 0 3 0—10 15 2
Milwaukees.0 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 0—4 10 0

Batteries—Gade and Boyd; Stephens and Bolan.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 26.—The Kaws won two games today. The second was called in the seventh inning to permit the visitors to catch a train. The scores:

Kansas Citys..1 0 0 1 2 3 0 0 0—7 9 3
Grand Rapids.0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0—3 7 3

Batteries—Kling and Zahner; Stafford and Campbell.

Second game:

Kansas Citys......2 3 1 0 2 1 2—11 12 3
Grand Rapids......0 0 0 0 4 0 0— 4 6 2

Batteries—Hastings and Bergen; Jones and Campbell.

### WESTERN ASSOCIATION PERCENTAGES

**Lincoln Wins from Rockford and Quincy Defeats St. Joseph.**

| Club. | Won. | Lost. | Per cent. | Club. | Won. | Lost. | Per cent. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lincolns | 57 | 37 | .606 | Quincys | 52 | 45 | .536 |
| Des Moines | 58 | 39 | .597 | Rockfords | 46 | 51 | .474 |
| Peorias | 55 | 43 | .561 | St. Josephs | 35 | 63 | .360 |

**Games Scheduled for Today.**

Lincolns at Peoria.
Des Moines at Quincy.
St. Joes at Rockford.

Rockfod, Ill., Aug. 26.—Lincoln ontbatted the home team today. The score:

Rockfords...0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 6 2
Lincolns.....2 1 0 0 0 3 0 0 0—6 15 2

Batteries—Underwood and Snyder; Kimmerer and speer.

Quincy, Ill., Aug. 26.—Quincy easily beat the tailenders today. The score:

Quincy.....1 2 3 0 1 0 1 3 0—11 15 3
St. Joe.....2 0 0 0 3 0 1 0 0— 6 11 3

Batteries—McGreevey and Boland; Johnson, Jones, and Michael.

**Eastern League Results.**

At Buffalo—Buffalo, 12; Syracuse, 4.
At Providence—Providence, 23; Wilkesbarre, 6.
At Springfield—Springfield, 12; Scranton, 9.

**Southern League Results.**

Atlantas, 10; Montgomerys, 2.
Nashvilles, 10; Mobiles, 1.

### AURORA BEATS CHICAGO AT WHIST.

**Win the Match Played Last Night by Fifteen Points.**

Eighteen of Aurora's crack whist players arrived last night at 7:30 and went to the rooms of the Chicago Whist club for an interclub whist tournament. The Aurora team was short two players, so Gilson and Shepherd of the Chicago club played for the Auroras. The playing was close and many whist problems were carefully pondered over between 8:30 and 10:30. The Aurora team won the contest by fifteen points. The Aurora players were Copley, Constantine, Engelbracht, Anderson, Hirsh, Sanders, Alshuler, Solfisberg, Smith, Simpson, Hirsh, Filsenheld, Plain, Kelly, Parker, Tyler, Northam, and Huntoon. The score:

| | N. & S. C. W. C. | N. & S. Aurora. | E. & W. C. W. C. | E. & W. Aurora. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. Bliss and Allen | 154 | | | |
| Copley and Constantine | | | | 158 |
| 2. Engelbracht and Henderson | | 158 | | |
| Rollo and James | | | 154 | |
| 3. Parry and Trainer | 167 | | | |
| A. Hirsh and Sanders | | | | 145 |
| 4. Alshuler and Solfisberg | | 163 | | |
| Kellogg and De Celle | | | 149 | |
| 5. Holden and Moore | 163 | | | |
| Smith and Simpson | | | | 149 |
| 6. D. Hirsh and Filsenheld | | 164 | | |
| Brounell and Judkins | | | 148 | |
| 7. Dooley and Dickinson | 163 | | | |
| Plain and Kelly | | | | 149 |
| 8. Parker and Tyler | | 166 | | |
| Eustis and Cutler | | | 146 | |
| 9. Stowe and H. Walker | 158 | | | |
| Northam and Huntoon | | | | 154 |
| 10. Gilson and Shepherd | | 169 | | |
| Himrod and Schwars | | | 143 | |
| Total | 805 | 820 | 740 | 755 |
| Averages | 162½ | | 149 | |

### LASKER AND TSCHIGORIN LEADERS.

**Score at the End of the Sixteenth Round of the Chess Tourney.**

Hastings, Eng., Aug. 26.—The sixteenth round of the international chess tournament played today resulted as follows:

Gunsberg beat Mason in a Scotch game after 35 moves.

Steinitz beat Albin in a P.—Q.4 opening after 24 moves.

Tinsley beat Bardeleben in a queen's gambit declined after 22 moves.

Pillsbury beat Burn in a queen's gambit declined after 25 moves.

Tschigorin beat Vergani in a Giuoco piano after 36 moves.

Marco and Schlechter drew a Petroff after 20 moves.

Tarrasch beat Blackburne in a French defense after 30 moves.

Lasker beat Schiffers in a four knights' game after 45 moves.

Teichmann beat Mieses in a Scotch game after 53 moves.

Walbrodt and Pollock (Vienna) and Bird and Janowski (P—KB4) drew their games after 41 and 114 moves respectively.

The score up to date is as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lasker | 13 | Schiffers | 7½ |
| Tschigorin | 13 | Blackburne | 7 |
| Pillsbury | 12½ | Teichmann | 7 |
| Steinitz | 10 | Albin | 6½ |
| Walbrodt | 9½ | Burn | 6½ |
| Tarrasch | 9 | Janowski | 6½ |
| Bardeleben | 8½ | Tinsley | 6½ |
| Mason | 8 | Gunsberg | 6 |
| Pollock | 8 | Marco | 6 |
| Schlechter | 8 | Mieses | 4½ |
| Bird | 7½ | Vergani | 3 |

### MISSOURI HORSE OWNER'S SUICIDE.

**Sol. Hughlett Shoots Himself at Wellsville, Mo.—No Known Cause.**

Wellsville, Mo., Aug. 26.—Sol. Hughlett, one of the best known men in Missouri, shot and instantly killed himself at 2:15 o'clock this afternoon in Peyton's drug store. He was alone when the revolver was discharged, and it is unknown whether the shooting was premeditated or accidental. His friends assert it was accidental. If he did commit suicide there is no known reason for the act, as Mr. Hughlett was financially well fixed and his family relations, so far as known, were pleasant. An inquest will be held tomorrow. Mr. Hughlett was prominent in both political and racing circles and had scores of friends. He was prosecuting attorney of Montgomery until last fall, when he was beaten by Robert Shakelford, a Republican. He owned a good string of racing horses, including Mamie S., Fonshway, Valdemar, Uncle John, and John Boone, and during the recent meeting in Kansas City had many of them entered there. Mr. Hughlett leaves a widow and two children.

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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM cleanses the scalp.

Get a bottle of Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters to flavor your soda and lemonade.

# LOUGHEAD IS A FLYER

## CANADIAN CLASS A CHAMPION'S FAST MILE AT BRANTFORD.

**Goes the Distance from Scratch in 2:09, the World's Class A Competition Handicap Record—Does It in Face of a Strong Wind—Tom Cooper Beats Gardiner and Coulter—Wolf Fails to Race Letter-Carrier Smith—Associated Cycling Clubs Discuss Matters.**

Brantford, Ont., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Gardiner and Coulter, the bicyclists, returned to the track today prepared for a steady campaign. Gardiner had ridden twice before, but only for practice. Tom Cooper took the mile open, defeating Gardiner, with Coulter a close third. Callahan, winner of the mile race at Toronto, paced the first heat of the race to qualify, but failed to go under 2:25, being cut out along with Bliss, who ran third in the same heat, being jumped by Gardiner. The race was run in 2:04 1-5, Van Herik and Lund pacing. F. Longhead, the Canadian Class A champion, rode from scratch in the mile handicap, Class A, winning in record time of 2:09, the world's Class A competition handicap record. The time is but three-fifths of a second slower than Sanger's world's record mile, made at Springfield in 1893, and in the strong wind and on the track of today is wonderful. The summaries:

Mile open, Class B—Cooper won, Gardiner second, Coulter third. Time, 2:04 2-5.

Two-mile open, Class B—Cooper won, Bliss second; Barnett third. Time, 5:16.

Mile tandem, Class B—Rigby and Bernhard won, Van Herik and Lund second. Time, 2:23.

Mile handicap, Class B—Marshall Wells, 20 yards, won; Kennedy, 70 yards, second; Gratz, Toronto, 110 yards, third. Time, 2:04 1-5.

Half-mile handicap, Class B—A. E. Young, 70 yards, won; Kennedy, 35 yards, second; Bernhard, 50 yards, third. Time, :58 2-5.

### OTTUMWA WHEELMEN'S CENTURY.

**J. F. Powell and J. H. Pallister Cover the Century Course—Other Notes.**

J. F. Powell and J. H. Pallister of the Ottumwa, Ia., Cycling club, who finished first on the tandem in the century road run Sunday, started out for a century run yesterday, leaving the Saratoga Hotel at 5:08 a. m. The route they took was the Waukegan run. They reached Waukegan at 3:45. They rode along the lake shore and back by way of Libertyville and Wheeling to Evanston and on the return made the circuit of Lincoln Park often enough to complete the century, as the course to Waukegan is a little short. They had no rain until they struck Half Day, when the roads became very heavy in a short time. They arrived at the hotel at 3:55, making good time considering the condition of the roads and the heavy rain. The run was not a trial for time but simply a pleasure trip of inspection of one of the popular runs of Chicago wheelmen.

The Woman's Cycling club will hold a reception at its club-house Friday night.

The Lake View Cycling club will hold its club championship race next Saturday. Nearly all the riders who are away will be back at that time and a good race is expected.

C. A. Westott will try for the unpaced record over the Elgin-Aurora course Sunday. The other members of the Lake View club will take their annual century run. Souvenir pins will be awarded to all finishing the run.

The picnic of the Chicago Cycling club and the Women's Auxiliary Sunday at Riverside was one of the most enjoyable outings of the year. Fifty-five of the two organizations left the club-house at 9:30 and went to Thirty-fifth street and then out Archer avenue to Summit. From there they went to Lyons and up the Desplaines River. The return was made by way of Riverside and Oak Park.

Otto Bohman of the Lake View Cycling club has been doing good work in the races during the last two weeks. At Waukesha last week he won the mile and half mile open and was second in the two-mile handicap.

### ASSOCIATED CYCLING CLUBS' MEETING

**America Club Is Admitted to Membership—Will Try for Social Features.**

The following clubs were represented at the meeting of the Associated Cycling clubs last night: Illinois, Lake View, Lincoln, South Side, Columbia Wheelmen, Æolus, Thistle, Ravenswood Y. M. C. A., Viking.

After the reading of the minutes the report of the Race committee on the national tournament was read and adopted. The application of the America Cycling club was read, and the Americas were admitted as members of the association. A series of resolutions from the Denver wheelmen who passed through Chicago on their way to Asbury Park were read thanking the wheelmen of Chicago and other points along their route for the courteous treatment extended to them. The report of the Racing Board was referred to an auditing committee, as also other reports concerning the race were ordered referred to the same committee.

The Auditing committee, as appointed by the Chair, consists of two members, H. M. Gardiner and O. F. Erickson. A motion was made by F. D. McGuire to appoint a committee of two to revise the clause of the constitution regarding the eligibility of clubs for membership in the association. This was carried and McGuire and Brekke were appointed as such committee, and reported the change of the clause by the insertion of a provision that the club should occupy quarters used exclusively for club purposes.

The suggestions made at the banquet of the association held some time ago were brought up in regard to the promotion of the social side of cycling life among the clubs, and various suggestions for the promotion of good fellowship were discussed. A union ball was suggested, and a union stag picnic also seemed to meet with favor. A motion to appoint a committee of six, two from each section of the city, to formulate plans to bring cyclists into closer social relations was passed. The men appointed on the committee were: West Side, Roth, Porter; North Side, Swarthout, Heywood; South Side, Erickson, Barrett. This committee was ordered to report at the next meeting of the association. The meeting was adjourned until Sept. 9.

### LETTER-CARRIER SMITH'S DISGUST.

**George Wolf Fails to Keep His Agreement to Race to Milwaukee.**

Chicago, Aug. 26.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I wish to inform your readers it was no fault of mine the race between George Wolf and myself from Chicago to Milwaukee and return did not take place. We both signed agreements to start today at 2:30 a. m. At that hour the weather was favorable and I went to the starting place with my pacemakers and waited until 3 a. m., but as neither Mr. Wolf nor anybody else showed up we went home disgusted. I wish you would inform your readers in the future I will pay no attention to Mr. Wolf unless he backs up his agreement with cash, so as to make him show up at starting time. ARTHUR E. SMITH.

(Letter-Carrier Smith.)

Smith is a much disgusted man on account of the failure of Wolf to appear. The agreement specified that in case either party did not wish to ride on the date set he should notify the other in order that no misunderstanding might come about. Wolf did not fulfill this part of the agreement and Smith was put to the trouble and expense of putting his pace makers along the route. It is time Wolf either did some riding to verify his claims to fame or else let challenges and agreements alone until he is ready to act in good faith with other riders. His own associates condemn his action in regard to his Milwaukee race.

**Kewanee to Give a Big Meet.**

Kewanee, Ill., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The Kewanee Wheeling club has decided to hold a big meet Sept. 27. Prizes to the amount of over $500 are announced, and riders from Chicago, Peoria, and St. Louis are entered.

### CHOYNSKI HOPES TO BEAT GODFREY.

**Leaves for Boston to Fight the Negro Pugilist Thursday Night.**

Joe Choynski, the light heavyweight champion, arrived in Chicago from Louisville, Ky., last evening and boarded a train, a few hours later for Boston. Choynski is to meet George Godfrey in a twenty-round glove contest before the Suffolk Athletic club of Boston, Mass., Thursday night. Joe says he is in fine condition, and having defeated George in fifteen rounds a few years ago naturally expects to repeat the trick. The Choynski-Godfrey contest will be the last of the three-night fistic carnival given by the Suffolk club, and, strange as it may seem, a white pugilist meets a colored one each night. The first contest will take place tomorrow night and will be between Dick O'Brien, white, and Joe Walcott, colored; weight limit 150 pounds. This will be a twenty-five round affair for 75 and 25 per cent of the gate receipts. Tonight George Dixon, colored, champion featherweight of the world, and Johnny Griffin, white, of Braintree, Mass., will come together at 128 pounds, twenty-five rounds, for the entire receipts.

### SKELLY AND HANDLER KNOCKED OUT

**Lavigne and Erne Win the Fights at Maspeth, L. I.**

New York, Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The 2,500 sports who attended the opening entertainment of the new Empire Athletic club at Maspeth, L. I., tonight witnessed two battles with the gloves which were exciting enough to please the most exacting. Jimmy Handler of Newark, the protégé of Bob Fitzsimmons, was stopped in five rounds by Kid Lavigne of Saginaw, Mich. Frank Erne, the challenger of Dixon, did not have a walkover with Jack Skelly, who surprised his friends by the excellent showing he made. Erne's punching ability, however, wore Skelly out, and he was put to sleep after two minutes and forty seconds of the eleventh round had been fought. Tim Hurst was referee. "Golf" White, chief adviser for the Buffalo lad, and Dan Gallagher acted in a similar capacity for Skelly.

From the start Erne was the aggressor. Erne had a marked advantage, so far as telling blows counted, in the opening round. The second round was a give and take affair, but Erne's punches began to tell on Skelly and at one time it looked as though the Brooklynite would be knocked out. He hung on, however, and before the round was over Erne's right eye was much swollen. The body punching he had received told on Skelly, and in the seventh round he tried to avoid punishment by hugging his opponent at every opportunity. Hurst had a hard job keeping them apart. Finally Erne landed a splendid left-hander on the body. This was the beginning of the end. A right-hander on the jaw sent Skelly to the ropes, and a left hand swing settled him for good.

Sammy Kelly and Solly Smith assisted Lavigne's manager in looking after him. Jack Kenny, Fred Smith, and Fred Voigt of Newark were Handler's seconds. Lavigne set the pace at the opening, but soon found Handler was not as easy to hit as a novice. Lavigne was up and at it when the bell rang for the second round. He did no great amount of damage until he forced Handler into a corner. For a few moments he kept him there, swinging right and left for the jaw a dozen times. The third round found Handler again on the defensive. Lavigne did not show himself to be a good judge of distance, and many of Handler's clever stops were applauded. Lavigne was fast again in the fourth round, and he did some splendid work with his left.

A few seconds after the fifth round, without the formality of a left-hand feint, Lavigne sent his right across, landing on Handler's ear. Before the Newark man had recovered the same glove was sent again. This time it reached Handler's jaw and he fell in a heap. After taking six seconds of the ten allowed Handler got on his feet again. He was very much dazed, however, and not a difficult mark. Lavigne, after making several attempts, got in another right-hander on the jaw and the fight was over.

### FITZSIMMONS BEGINS HIS TRAINING.

**Routine of the Antipodean's First Day of Preparation for Battle.**

New York, Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Robert Fitzsimmons began this morning his regular training for the coming championship fight with Corbett. Fitzsimmons did these things today as a gentle inauguration of his first day of training: He got up just after dawn. He had a salt bath and went for a walk. It was as much of a run as a walk, as he ran half of the time and walked the other half. He came on foot from Coney Island to New York. Then he went back. Next he had something to eat and something to drink. He drinks beer with his meals in training the same as at other times. He played with his lion, then punched his big leather bag. Tonight, when Fitzsimmons' visitors left him, he had mounted his bicycle and had started off to do a few miles to Brooklyn and back to settle his dinner. Except when eating he was at work every hour of the day.

**Fight Ten Sanguinary Rounds.**

Clinton, Ia., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Jack Daugherty, the "Evansville Kid," and Al Tington, the colored heavy-weight champion of Indiana, fought ten bloody rounds on a barge a few miles above this city at daylight this morning, the fight being declared a draw at the end of the tenth round by Referee Joe Tansey.

### JURIES WILL NOT CONVICT GAMBLERS

**Sheriff Hayes' Efforts to Stop the Roby Scandal Impeded.**

Crown Point, Ind., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The six pool-sellers and one telegraph operator arrested Saturday at Roby appeared in Justice Van Winkle's court this morning and asked for a continuance until tomorrow, which was granted. The men gave their names as Charles Peterson, Charley Herdy, William Fritch, Joseph Munson, Benjamin Snow, William Hudack, and John E. Wagoner. Their bonds were reduced to $100 each. The place raided Saturday is without doubt the most infamous resort that has ever been operated in the Commonwealth. Sheriff Hayes has been trying for some time to break up the Ryan joint, but was unable until last week. He said today: "The laws of the State are weak on this question and there must be some charges made. If the matter is taken before juries the State is hampered. However, if it comes to the point where the municipality of Hammond cannot stop this disgraceful thing alone I will send them a force that will stop it."

To this the keepers of the place pay no attention, for they have heard the same story before.

There is one phase to the case which will be tried next Tuesday and that is the question as to whether Lake County's officials had a right to make the arrests and take the prisoners from one State into another without the necessary permit from the Governor of Illinois. In taking the gamblers Chief of Police Malo did this. Ryan's place on the State line is peculiarly situated. The resort stands diagonally across the line, seven feet of the building being in Indiana. Opening both ways from the Illinois side are doors leading into the pool-room on the ground floor. In order to take the men selling pools in Indiana Chief Malo entered the building on the Illinois side, arrested the men in Indiana, took them back into Illinois, finally landing them in this State. There is no entrance on the Indiana side, and in having the building constructed this way the owner probably had an object.

O'Leary's pool-room near the Roby race track was closed tonight. Information was passed along the line Sheriff Hayes had been ordered by Judge Gillett to stop all kinds of gaming in Lake County. While the owners are taking the new turn of affairs philosophically there is some murmuring among those who were promised protection for a certain stipulated sum. That a Lexow committee would not be wasting its time investigating affairs in Northern Indiana's most remote corner is an open secret. Since the track closed down numerous gambling places have been running wide open. Outside the high board fence which surrounds the race course those places that did not contribute to the protection fund were soon closed up, but there were always enough games going to make things interesting. It is understood Ryan did not contribute.

**St. Peter Croquet Tourney.**

St. Peter, Minn., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The results in the first day's play at the Western Croquet Association's tournament were as follows: In the first division C. C. Staacke defeated C. W. Carpenter and Dr. G. I. Royce defeated A. E. Block. In the second division E. Knudsen defeated H. C. Amundsen. In the third division C. R. Davis defeated Prof. E. George.

**General Sporting Notes.**

Young Griffo is again under arrest, this time at Brooklyn, L. I., where he is in jail.

The athletic entertainment at Prof. Harry Gilmore's gymnasium last night consisted of bag punching, club swinging, and wrestling.

The Palatine, Ill., football team has been organized for the season and wants games until Christmas. A. G. Smith, Palatine, Ill., is the Secretary.

Owing to a misunderstanding the Chicago Amateur Baseball Association did not meet last night as scheduled. An excursion to Milwaukee Saturday next will be given by the association.

Owing to some misunderstanding the backers of Con Doyle and Al Shrosbree failed to meet yesterday afternoon. Arrangements have been made, however, to meet tomorrow and arrange a match for $500 a side.

**Long Distance Photograph.**

Denver, Colo., Aug. 8.—Communications were exchanged by heliograph today between the summit of Pike's Peak and army headquarters in this city, over sixty-six miles in an air line. A photograph was taken of the party of soldiers on the peak in the act of signaling.—Pittsburg Commercial-Gazette.

**$6.00—Chicago to Cincinnati and Return—$6.00**

On Aug. 31 the Monon Route will sell tickets from Chicago to Cincinnati and return at the rate of $6.00 for the round trip, tickets good returning until Sept. 2, inclusive. For further information inquire at City Ticket Office, No. 232 Clark street, or Dearborn Station, Chicago.

# FINAL GOES TO HOVEY

## EASTERN CRACK BEATS LARNED IN THE NEWPORT TOURNEY.

**Result Another Great Surprise to the Knowing Ones, Who Considered Hovey More or Less of a Back Number—Third Time He Has Won the Newport Tournament—Larned's Supporters Aghast at His Poor Playing—Hovey's Heady Work Tells—Will Play R. D. Wrenn.**

Newport, R. I., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—This was a perfect day for tennis and a great crowd was out to see the final match in the big Newport tournament between Fred H. Hovey and William A. Larned. This morning's result was one more addition to the list of surprises that have marked the tournament, for Hovey won rather handily. Far from its being supposed Hovey would have such a walkover, few thought he would win at all, and the odds were all on Larned.

Hovey, however, is playing better tennis than he has been given credit for. West Newton and Longwood are the only tournaments he has played in, and he did not do well in these, but he has been practicing faithfully all summer on the Longwood courts and today he showed the results. Instead of being a back number, as many thought him to be, he today put up the best tennis of his life, and for the third time won the Newport tournament.

On the other hand, however, it is only fair to say Larned did not play his game. His many supporters who were looking for a brilliant climax to Larned's thus far successful year were terribly disappointed at his miserable exhibition.

**Off Day for Larned.**

He had an off day, which is a far too frequent thing with him, and all through the match did nothing but put balls out or into the net. Hovey gave him few chances for his terrific drives, and generally when he did get a chance he drove the ball out. In the first set Larned started well and took the first game, but his jubilant supporters were soon cast down. Slowly but surely Hovey began to pile up game after game until he had won the first set, and had the score 1—love on the next. It was not brilliant tennis, but Larned was beating himself. Hovey made few mistakes and at times put up some brilliant tennis, but he did not need brilliancy to win. Hovey kept his lead in the second set up to 3—1, and then Larned for a short time put up some good tennis and took four straight games.

It looked surely like his set, and it was the general opinion if he won this he would win the match. But Hovey kept his nerve and put in a well-timed brace, tying the score at 5—all. Twice Larned took the advantage game and once he was within a point of the set, but he was too unsteady, and finally Hovey won out at 9—7. In the third set Larned got the lead at 4—3, but Hovey showed he was the better man at a critical point, for he took three straight games and the set and match.

**Hovey's Heady Work.**

Too much credit cannot be given Hovey for his heady work in this match. Larned's ground stroke is a long sweeping one, and needs the full length of the two courts to land inside. Hovey played a short, choppy stroke with a low bounce, which forced Larned to send his terrific drives extremely accurate to bring them in. Both men lack courage in running to the net. Either could have gained a great advantage by rushing the net more, and the too cautious play counted against Larned more than against his opponent.

By this victory Hovey has earned the right to challenge R. D. Wrenn, the present holder, for the championship of the United States. Wrenn has been playing such poor tennis in practice the general opinion is Hovey will beat him. However, Wrenn has many supporters, who have unlimited confidence in his ability to rise to the occasion and play the game of his life. Two years ago Hovey and Wrenn met in the finals at Newport, with Hovey a favorite at odds of 3 to 1. As Wrenn won this match on his generalship there are many who consider him able to repeat this feat. Today's summaries:

FINAL ROUND.

Hovey beat Larned, 6—1, 9—7, 6—4.

CONSOLATION ROUND.

Cushman beat G. Wrenn, 1—6, 6—4, 6—4.
C. E. Sands beat Jennings, 5—7, 6—4, 7—5.

### WAIDNER MEETS DEFEAT AT OMAHA.

**Chicago Man Goes Down Before Sam Caldwell's Backhand Work.**

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The second round of singles of the inter-State tourney was this morning brought to a close. Sam Caldwell defeated Waidner, 6—0, 6—4. The result of this match was a great surprise on account of the showing Waidner has made against several of the Omaha cracks, but his defeat was no doubt due to the excellent back hand work of Caldwell. Farquhar of Iowa beat Con Young, 6—1, 6—2. The Iowa player lobbed most of the time and in that way kept Young in the back court, by which means he avoided his strong net play. Percy Young defeated Fred Lake, 4—6, 6—0, 6—2, and immediately after Slocum vanquished the winner to the tune of 6—1, 6—0. Colpetzer defaulted to Roy Austin and Dr. Bannister scratched to Waidner.

In the Waidner-Caldwell contest the first set went to Waidner, 6—love, but this was principally due to the destructive smashing work of the Chicago man. In the second set Caldwell played a steady game and drove his opponent to the base line and by careful placing of balls made the score more even.

In the afternoon Austin beat Farquhar by three straight sets.

### PLANTS THAT ARE BROUGHT FROM JAPAN

**Vegetation from the Orient Being Introduced Into California.**

Japan is blossoming all over California, says the Boston Transcript. The floral invasion from the kingdom of flowers has been so gradual it has hardly been realized by Californians themselves until now. Mr. Charles Howard Shinn contributes to Garden and Forest a charming article on Japanese vegetation in California, and speaks of the influence upon it of the increasing number of Japanese gardeners in the Golden State: "The close of the war has already stimulated immigration," says Mr. Shinn. "Nor is it only the gardener class that counts in this respect. If California, as appears probable, is to have fifty or sixty thousand Japanese merchants, students, and laborers of every class, Oriental forms of gardening art will be fostered by all the newcomers, and the plants of Japan will be even more in demand. Some energetic importers have aroused public interest in Japanese vegetation. We have local nurseries also, which prove attractive to Americans, and I expect to see the little Japanese gardener an indispensable adjunct of a fashionable country house before many years pass."

Camellias, tree peonies, and bamboos are plentiful, and the camphor tree and lilac-flowered Paulownia are delicate plants which none the less survive the heats of San Joaquin summers.

The Golden Gate Park possesses a good illustration of Japanese garden art, developed from the best of several gardens begun there during the early part of 1894 for the Midwinter Fair. Adults as well as children derive constant pleasure from these miniature landscape gardens. What a terrible national genius such gardens exhibit! Century-old pines and oaks, crags, mountains, rivers, and the whole free wilderness one sees compressed into lilliputian dimensions with an exacting, relentless energy concealed under childlike smiles. The children, who love the garden, feel only its beauty, but older persons cannot forget its esoteric significance. A thousand years hence, when every inch of land in America is precious, may not such gardens become one of the leading types even here?"

Around the State Capitol Building in Sacramento are many large and fine camellia-bushes, and venders of the flowers crowd the legislative halls. It is hard to rank any one of the coast range cities as first in the matter of camellias. San Rafael, Santa Cruz, Santa Barbara, and others are brilliant in winter with this classic flower, which is sometimes in outward bloom from December to the end of May. Chrysanthemums, lilies, irises, and lotuses are every year more extensively planted in California and Japanese sources supply a large part of the stock. They are not likely to become in any sense characteristic of California gardens, except as they are grown with especial ease here, and so may usurp a large share of space. Mme. Chrysantheme seems to place her seal on the whole autumn and early winter here, so long is the season of blossoming. Like the willful little woman of Pierre Loti's Japanese novel, she is both a fascination and a disappointment.

**Third Largest Island.**

Madagascar is the third largest island in the world. The other two are Borneo and New Guinea. Its population is between 3,000,000 and 5,000,000.

# OUR BLOOD FILTERS

## BLOOD SHOULD BE PURE AS WATER.

**What Keeps It Pure and What Happens When It Is Impure.**

**Our Natural Blood Purifiers, Our Kidneys; How They Keep Us Well, and How We Ought to Keep Them Well.**

What makes a sallow complexion, gout, rheumatism, muscular weaknsss, depression, lack of ambition, anæmia, chlorosis or green sickness, nervous headache, dizziness, hysteria, Bright's disease, gravel, sleeplessness, pain in the back, diabetes, etc.?

It is the failure of our blood filters.

Our blood should be as free from impurities as drinking water.

If it becomes impure we fall sick.

Our kidneys are simply blood filters. They filter the impurities out of the blood. That is why it is so dangerous to have kidney disease, because when our kidneys are sick they cannot keep our blood pure.

Diseases are generally caused by blood poisoning. Especially those mentioned above. The poisoning is caused by impurities in the blood.

These impurities could be kept out if our kidneys were healthy, if they were not worn out, or did not have too much work to do.

Dr. Hobb's Sparagus Kidney Pills make healty kidneys out of sick ones. This means pure blood and the cure of all diseases caused by blood impurities.

Asparagus has a very strong tonic effect on the kidneys. Combined with other herbs it is used in Dr. Hobb's Sparagus Kidney Pills, and is the ingredient which does the kidneys the most good.

This filtering of the blood has probably never been explained to you in this way before.

Yet it is true.

Every physician knows it is true.

A medicine that will cure the kidneys will cure any disease caused by poisoned blood, because, as soon as the kidneys are well, they set about doing their work as it ought to be done.

When our drinking water is pure it will not poison us, and when our blood is pure it will not poison us.

Dr. Hobb's Sparagus Kidney Pills will bring you new life and ambition, cure your pains and aches, give you a bright, rosy complexion, and health, freedom, and comfort.

It is not a miracle.

It is simply pure, clean blood.

It is only a question of renewing and cleansing your filters.

It is Dr. Hobb's Sparagus Kidney Pills acting on your kidneys.

All the dangerous diseases of impure blood that doctors are often unable to cure can be cured with Dr. Hobb's Sparagus Kidney Pills.

Rheumatism, gout, Bright's disease, kidney troubles, etc., will all disappear after taking a course of Dr. Hobb's Sparagus Kidney Pills.

A few doses will relieve. A few boxes will cure.

Sold by all druggists at 50 cents per box, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.

Write for valuable pamphlet, explaining about the kidneys and their action on the blood. Free on application to Hobb's Medicine Co., Chicago, or San Francisco.

Dr. Hobb's Sparagus Kidney Pills

Give the Boys a Chance, Mothers.

$2.00 Buys them. It's less than ½ their worth. They are composed of French Calf, Cordovans, Russias, and Patent Leather. Men's small sizes—3, 3½, 4, 4½, 5, 5½, and 6, AA to E.



$2.98 Still Buys

Men's $5, $6, and $7 Russias, Enamels, Patents. All of our 9 retail stores were overloaded and we continue $2.98, less than ½ price, to get new wearers on our line, well knowing once worn always worn. One way to get even on present great losses. BE QUICK, as sale will soon end.

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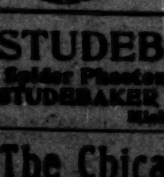
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# EL RAMI'S BAD SPILL.

## UNFORTUNATE ACCIDENT MARKS FLEETWOOD'S FIRST DAY.

**After Winning Two Heats, and as He Is Easily Taking the Third, the Chestnut Gelding Trips and Falls, Badly Injuring His Driver and Upsetting the Horses Behind Him—Moonstone Beats Paul in Three Straight—Several Mishaps at St. Asaph—Results on Running Tracks.**

New York, Aug. 26.—[Special.]—An unfortunate accident marked the first day of the Grand Circuit meeting at Fleetwood Park today. It occurred in the third heat of the 2:30 trot. El Rami, the winner of the first and second heats, started the third with a tremendous burst of speed, and at the turn was leading his field by fully two lengths. The turn was hardly made, however, when in some unaccountable way he tripped and fell, throwing his driver, Fred Howard, upon his head on the track. Nomad, who was immediately in the rear, fell upon the heap, and Charity, King Alfred, and Burlingame joined the wreck.

An ambulance from Harlem Hospital on duty at the park was quickly in attendance. A superficial examination of Howard's injuries seemed to indicate something serious if not fatal was the matter. It was a great relief to every one to learn subsequently the injuries were not serious. The other drivers escaped uninjured, and the horses came out of the mêlée scathless. The sulkies, however, were total wrecks. Of the other horses left in the race Prince Purdy proved himself the fastest, and from this point out made it a three straight affair.

Eleven starters responded to the call bell for the second event, the 2:10 pace. Paul, 2:07½, was made first choice, but it proved to be an off day for him, and Moonstone won it in one, two, three order. She was chased out by Vitello in all three heats, being compelled to clip her record by half a second in the second heat.

The third race brought out thirteen starters, with Benton Wilkes an even money favorite. In the first heat he acted badly, and Catherine Leyburn made it a run away affair. The favorite, however, in the most exciting finish of the day, turned the tables on Leyburn in the second heat, winning by a short nose. The third heat also fell to Wilkes by a narrow margin, Leyburn's sulky tire having burst. The race was then postponed till tomorrow.

During the afternoon the champion pacers, who are to meet Thursday afternoon, were shown to the spectators, who received them with great applause. The unbeaten 4-year-old, Buezetta, was also paraded. Tomorrow Alix, 2:03¾, the trotting queen, will be sent to beat the track record, 2:06¾, made by Nancy Hanks in 1893. The other events on the card are the 2:35 class trotting for 3-year-olds, the 2:30 class pacing, and the 2:15 class trotting. The summaries:

2:30 class, trotting, purse $3,000:

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Prince Purdy, b. g., by Havelock, dam by Sam Purdy [Clayton] | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Anna Mace, g. m. [McCarthy] | 6 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 6 |
| Nomad, b. g. [Fleming and Kinney] | 4 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 4 |
| Roetta Soap, b. m. [Geers] | 2 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 7 |
| King Albert, br. h. [Tyson] | 9 | 9 | 9 | 5 | 2 |
| Burlingame, br. c. [Dickerson] | 10 | 11 | 10 | 4 | 3 |
| Beyreuth, b. h. [Gibbs] | 5 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 5 |
| Mickey, r. h. [Proctor] | 11 | 8 | 5 | 10 | 10 |
| Oeretta, ch. m. [F. P. Dobie] | 7 | 7 | 6 | 9 | 9 |
| Van Latt, b. m. [Devereaux] | 8 | 10 | 7 | 7 | 8 |
| Charity, b. m. [C. Q. Weeks] | 12 | 12 | 11 | dr | |
| El Rami, ch. g. [Howard] | 1 | 1 | ds | | |

Time—2:14¼; 2:15¼; 2:15¼; 2:15¾; 2:15¼.

2:10 class, pacing, purse $2,000:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Moonstone, bl. m., by Mambrino King—Clarice, by Hamlin's Almont Jr. [Geers] | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Vitella, br. h. [Upton] | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Henry F., b. h. [Wilson] | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| Fred K., bl. g. [Cady] | 3 | 7 | 4 |
| Paul, ch. g. [McCarthy] | 8 | 3 | 9 |
| B. B., r. g. [Fox] | 10 | 8 | 4 |
| Sterling, ch. h. [Noble] | 5 | 11 | 10 |
| Alcyo, b. h. [O'Neal] | 7 | 6 | 8 |
| Weed Wilkes, bl. c. [Rea] | 11 | 10 | 6 |
| Kitty B., bl. m. [McDonald] | 9 | 9 | 7 |
| Whirligig, bl. f. [B. Walker] | 6 | 5 | dr |

Time—2:09¼; 2:09; 2:10¼.

2:17 class, trotting, purse $2,000 [unfinished]:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Benton Wilkes, b. h., by Alcyone [Golden] | 7 | 1 | 1 |
| Catherine Lyburn, ch. m. [Settle] | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Scranton Belle, br. m. [Kinney] | 2 | 4 | 3 |
| Minnie Wilkes, b. m. [Beadhy] | 3 | 7 | 4 |
| Ora, br. m. [Green] | 4 | 3 | 6 |
| Double Cross, blk. m. [Dickerson] | 10 | 5 | 7 |
| Jacksonian, b. g. [Tyson] | 5 | 11 | 8 |
| Kitty B., b. m. [McCarthy] | 11 | 9 | 5 |
| Orangelander, br. h. [Andrews] | 8 | 6 | 6 |
| Ernsie, b. m. [B. Walker] | 6 | 8 | 10 |
| Maumejan, b. g. [Grear] | 9 | 10 | 9 |
| E. L. Robinson, b. h. [Scattergood] | 13 | 12 | 11 |
| Delmar, b. h. [Baldwin] | 12 | 13 | 12 |

Time—2:14; 2:13; 2:14.

### SECOND DAY'S CARD AT CONEY ISLAND

**Ben Brush to Meet Waltzer in the Opening Event.**

New York, Aug. 26.—There are two stake events to be decided at Sheepshead Bay tomorrow, the Autumn Maiden Stakes for 2-year-olds at five furlongs and the Dolphin Stakes at one mile and an eighth for 3-year-olds. In the first race of the day, a dash of six furlongs for all ages, the sensational 2-year-old of the West, Ben Brush, will make his initial appearance. The card in full is as follows:

First race, 6 furlongs—Waltzer, 129 pounds; Adelbert, 115; Canterbury, 111; Ben Brush, 102; Floretta, 99; Right Royal, Volley, 81.

Second race, Autumn Maiden Stakes, 5 furlongs—Lavienta, 119 pounds; Hamilton, Silver, San Marco, Gold Crest, King of Bohemia, Senator Murphy, 118; Run Over, St. Agnes, Arlinge, Particle, 115.

Third race, selling, 1 mile—Kennet, 108 pounds; Hazleton, Tinge, 106; Irish Reel, Sun Up, 105; Balasco, 104; April Fool, 103; Andrews, St. Ilario, 102; Silk Gown, 100; The Coon, 99; Lady Diamond, 97.

Fourth race, Dolphin Stakes, 1⅛ miles—Nanki Pooh, Monaco, 114; Salvation, Rey del Carreres, 110; Dolabra, 107; Emma C., 105; Basso, Connoisseur, 104.

Fifth race, selling, 1¼ miles—Santiago, 113 pounds; Doggett, 108; Semper Lex, 105; Candelabra, 103; Marshall, 99; Little Matt, 97; Little Tom, 94; Lightfoot, 92; Sir Dixon Jr., 88.

Sixth race, handicap, 1 mile on turf—Henry Young, 115 pounds; Peacemaker, 113; Long Beach, 110; Helen Nichols, Sir Francis, 108; Brandywine, Captain T., 105.

**Louisville Pooling on Sheepshead.**

First race—Ben Brush, $20; field, $20.

Second race—Silver II., $25; La Vienta, $15; Article, $4; field, $8.

Third race—Tinge, $15; Sun Up, $10; Irish Reel, $8; Kennel, $6; St. Ilario, Silk Gown, $4 each; The Coon, $2; field, $5.

Fourth race—Monaco, $15; Nanki Pooh, $12; Dolabra, $6; Salvation, Rey del Carreres, Connoisseur, $5 each; field, $2.

Fifth race—Doggett, $15; Santiago, $10; Sir Dixon, $8; Candelabra, $6; Little Matt, $5; field, $5.

Sixth race—Henry Young, $15; Peacemaker, $10; Helen Nichols, Brandywine, $6 each; Capt. T., $5; field, $4.

### MAY PINKERTON'S EASTERN DEBUT.

**She Wins All the Way from a Good Field of Youngsters.**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The racing week at St. Asaph's began with mishaps. In the second race Higbie and Lady Watson fell on the stretch turn, and W. Bender, who rode the former, was unconscious for an hour. He is thought to have sustained a fracture of the skull. Zamacraw fell in the first race, breaking Jockey Leland's collarbone, and Leporello went down in the fifth. May Pinkerton made her Eastern début in the second race. She won all the way from such good 2-year-olds as Cadiz, Baccarat, and Rapids. May Pinkerton, Manola, and Herndon were the winning favorites, Galety, Louis Quatorze, and Irish Pat representing the long shot division. The summaries:

First race, 6¼ furlongs—Galety, 102 pounds [Rocks], 8 to 1, won easily by two lengths; Jack Dennison, 102 [Delehanty], 6 to 1, second by a head; Sir Rae, 105 [Fletcher], 13 to 5, third. Time, 1:21. Pie, Moderate, Duke of Gloucester, Kenneth, and Gov. Fifer also ran. Zamacraw fell down.

Second race, 2-year-olds, ½ mile—May Pinkerton, 105 pounds [Murphy], 7 to 10, won handily by a length; Cadiz, 105 [Carson], 3 to 1, second by four lengths; Baccarat, 105 [Washburn], 7 to 1, third. Time, :50. Rapids also ran. Higbie and Lady Watson fell on the stretch turn.

Third race, 3-year-olds, selling, 7 furlongs—Louis Quatorze, 95 pounds [Asburn], 8 to 1, won driving by a neck; Tralee, 106 [Delehanty], 7 to 10, second by three lengths; Dervish, 110 [Washburn], 16 to 5, third. Time, 1:31¾. Reform, Jilson, Jack Berry, and Monte Carlo also ran.

Fourth race, selling, 5 furlongs—Manola, 107 pounds [Murphy], 9 to 20, won easily by two lengths; Jack Lovel, 104 [Rocks], 5 to 1, second by ten lengths; Tammany Hall, 103 [Delehanty], 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:03. Marengo, Eva's Kid, Bobie Duke, and Little Alice also ran.

Fifth race, selling, 4½ furlongs—Herndon, 100 pounds [Murphy], 8 to 5, won by six lengths in a canter; Monitoress, 98 [Houlahan], 3 to 1, second by two lengths; Wyoming, 97 [Harrington], 5 to 1, third. Time, :57½. Inter Ocean, Melinda, and Putnam also ran. Leporello ran away.

Sixth race, selling, 6¼ furlongs—Irish Pat, 99 pounds [Neary], 15 to 1, won easily by a length; Dr. Reed, 107 [Washburn], 13 to 10, second by two lengths; Jimmie James, 102 [Delehanty], 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:24½. Annie T., Lady Lister, Tioga, Tanglefoot, and Gray Forest also ran.

The following are tomorrow's entries:

First race, 3-year-olds, selling, 5 furlongs—Finnwater, 112 pounds; Renaissance, 104; O'Hearn, 104; Chink, 104; Redowac, 104; Jarley, 102; Windgale, 102; Rufus, 99; Arada, 97; Joyesase, 97; Pattie, 97.

Second race, selling, 7 furlongs—Blizzard, 105 pounds; Samaritan, 105; Eddie M., 105; Air Plant, 105; C. O. D., 105; Contest, 105; Psyche, 105; By Jove, 105; Hazel, 105; Come Home, 105; Flushing, 105.

Third race, 2-year-olds, 5 furlongs—Al Humboldt, 110 pounds; Affinity, 110; Monolith, 107; Baccarat, 107; Murray, 107; Hallie Gay, 107; Tyro, 95; Ratt Goundy, 95.

Fourth race, selling, 1 1-16 miles—Odd Socks, 116 pounds; Brogan, 100; Foxglove, 100; Archbishop, 98; Prince Klamath, 98.

Fifth race, selling, 4½ furlongs—McMichael, 115 pounds; Misery, 115; Little Bravo, 115; Jersey, 115; Con Lucy, 115; Lumberman, 115; Woodchopper, 115; Jennie T., 115; Frank R. Hart, 115.

Sixth race, selling, 6¼ furlongs—Watch Charm,

110 pounds; Remorse, 115; Mirage, 110; Key West, 110; Miss Modred, 95.

### RACES ARE RUN IN RAIN AND MUD.

**Bonnie Louise at Long Odds Shocks the Louisville Talent.**

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Close finishes and big fields were the chief features of today's races. The third event was run in a thunder-storm and was won by a rank outsider, Bonnie Louise, at 20 and 30 to 1. It was a bad day for the favorites and incidentally the talent, for but one first choice, Mate, was a winner, the other events being taken by outsiders, even the second and third choices not showing to advantage. After the second race the track was ankle deep in mud and water. The summaries:

First race, 4½ furlongs—Princess Prim, 100 pounds [Newcom], 5 to 1, won; Sapphire, 100 [H. Williams], 1¼ to 1, second; Trilby, 103 [J. Hill], 8 to 1, third. Time, :56¾. Mariana, Hanoana, Nantucket, Evidence, Exhibit, Mattie Graham, Fallen Spirit, and Eastwood Belle also ran.

Second race, 6 furlongs, selling—Swifty, 95 pounds [Walker], 12 to 1, won; Roosevelt, 103 [J. Hill], 2½ to 1, second; Hulbert, 101 [Higgins], 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:16¼. Springvale, Jim Donlen, Pine Top, Elise, Uncle Henry, and The Preserver also ran. Poco Tempo was left at the post.

Third race, 4½ furlongs—Bonnie Louise, 105 pounds [Newcom], 20 to 1, won; Altadena, 105 [W. Johnson], even, second; Willie Shannon, 105 [W. Jones], 20 to 1, third. Time, :58½. Julie, Kittie B., Bramble Leaf, Derby Maid, and Reject also ran.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs—Mate, 105 pounds [H. Williams], even, won; Trilby, 100 [Hazel], 75 to 1, second; Morte Fouse, 100 [J. Hill], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:19¼. Kossinette, Bessie Vernatria, Lusby, and Judge Lyles also ran.

Fifth race, 5 furlongs, selling—Squire G., 101 pounds [Higgins], 4 to 1, won; Sir Dilke, 106 [Newcom], 7 to 5, second; Joe Clark, 108 [Walker], 2½ to 1, third. Time, 1:03½. James Munroe, Harry Jones, Elwyn, Equinox, and Elkwood Puzzle also ran.

The following are tomorrow's entries:

First race, selling, ¾ mile—Fabia, 94; Summer Coon, 96; Tancred, 96; Sligo, 99; Alethia Allen, 101; Miss Lilly, 101; Twinkle, 101; Start, 103; G. B. Cox, 103; Brownell, 103; Queen May, 106; Prince Imperial, 108; Blackhawk, 114.

Second race, ⅞ mile—Birmingham, 99; Helen W., 105; Lady Buchanan, 105; Conjecture, 110; Fayette Belle, 110; Malmaison, 112; Glad, 115; Verdi, 115; Rasper, 115.

Third race, maidens, 9-16 mile—Helga, 100; Cloverdale, 100; Nantucket, 100; Wild Olive, 100; Gladis Lee, 100; Palm Leaf, 100; Summer Hours, 105; Bramble Leaf, 105; Nancy T., 105.

Fourth race, selling, ⅝ mile—Cherub, 93; Feast, 93; Donna Sol, 93; A. B. C., 96; imp. Belle Brummel, 96; Essie, 96; Montella, 99; La Golondrina, 102; La Touraine, 102; Robinson, 104; La Wanda, 104.

Fifth race, selling, 1 mile and 70 yards—Master Fred, 101; Tupto, 101; Fraulein, 103; Mrs. Bradshaw, 103; Noah, 107; Peabody, 107; Greenwich, 107; Say On, 108; Sigurd, 115.

**Pooling on Louisville.**

First race—Queen May, $10; Prince Imperial, $8; Black Hawk, $6; Fabia, Twinkle, G. B. Cox, $4 each; Tancred, Sligo, Miss Lilly, Start, field, $2 each.

Second race—Helen W., $10; field, $6.

Third race—Bramble Leaf, $10; Nancy T., $8; Gladis Lee, $4; Cloverdale, $3; Helga, Palm Leaf, $2 each; field, $6.

Fourth race—Motilla, $10; La Golondrina, $8; imp. Belle Brummel, $6; La Toraine, $5; Cherub, Donna Sol, $3 each; field, $5.

Fifth race—Greenwich, $10; Fraulein, Say On, $4 each; Noah, Peabody, $3 each; field, $4.

### GAMBLERS DO WELL AT ST. LOUIS.

**Four Out of Six Choices Win Over a Muddy Track.**

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 26.—A muddy track militated somewhat against the sport today at Fair Association Park, but the talent succeeded in picking four out of the six favorites. The summaries:

First race, 6 furlongs—Wahatchie, 112 pounds [Foucon], even, won; May Fern, 110 [Shobe], 15 to 1, second; Satinet, 107 [C. Slaughter], 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:19. Raviola and Ballardine also ran.

Second race, 1 mile—The Kitten, 93 pounds [C. Slaughter], 16 to 5, won; Minnie Mackin, 96 [F. Russell], 2 to 1, second; Dave Zac, 100 [Pratt], 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:46¾. Hush, John Hickok, Georgie D., and Mirabeau also ran.

Third race, purse, 2-year-olds, 5 furlongs—Miss Maxim, 105 pounds [Tuberville], 1 to 2, won; Sylvia, 105 [C. Slaughter], 8 to 1, second; Carrie C., 105 [Welsh], 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:05. Nettie Hill, Fredonia, Miss Oliver, and Etta Wells also ran.

Fourth race, 1 mile—Pelleas, 104 pounds [Turner], 1 to 2, won; Chicot, 107 [McGlone], 13 to 5, second; Occula, 102 [Powell], 60 to 1, third. Time, 1:49¼. Sunset, Maid McMillian, Balmoral, and Nectar also ran.

Fifth race, 7 furlongs—Strathmeath, 112 pounds [Tuberville], 7 to 10, won; Rey del Mar, 115 [McGlone], 3 to 1, second; Crevasse, 115 [Freeman], 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:32. Simmons and Leader Ban also ran.

Sixth race, 1 mile—Sul Ross, 103 pounds [Welsh], 7 to 5, won; Marcel, 102 [C. Slaughter], 9 to 5, second; Overella, 105 [Tuberville], 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:47. Princess and Booze also ran.

The following are tomorrow's entries:

First race, 6 furlongs—Artist, Bobby Burns, Sound More, 112 pounds; Ludlow, Bay View, 109; Haroldine, Mollie F., Ottyanna, 107; Miniver, Wild Huntsman, 105; Mollie King, 100.

Second race, selling, 2-year-olds, 6 furlongs—La Salle, 109 pounds; King Dance, 107; Harmony, 103; Fannie Rowena, Loyal Princess, 100; Alberts, Battle d'Or, Whisper, 98; Sixty, 96; Bertha, Midland, 99.

Third race, selling, 7 furlongs—Invercauld, 105 pounds; Fra Diavolo, 104; Minnie Mackin, 102; Hush, 101; The Kitten, 99; Gold Coin, 98.

Fourth race, selling, 5 furlongs—Maxima, 109 pounds; Lazzarra, 108; Monica, 103; Ozark Jr., 101; Flute, Moreen, William Duke Jr., Senciene, Lady Doleful, 97; Cashier, Carver, 93; Fred Foster, 90.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs—Lizzetta, 117 pounds; George W. Bailey, 108; Judge Debouse, 86; Sir Vassar, 86.

### THREE FAVORITES WIN AT WINDSOR.

**Horses from Saratoga Arrive at the Canadian Race Track.**

Windsor, Ont., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Three favorites and two well-played second choices won today. Betting was brisk, attendance 1,500, with a poor card, threatening weather, and fast track. Three more stables from Saratoga arrived tonight. The summaries:

First race, 6 furlongs—Susie B., 107 pounds [Sweeney], 3 to 1, won; Somersault, 114 [E. Morris], 9 to 20, second; Weola, 105 [Cleary], 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:14½. Fiction also ran.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Minnie Clyde, 108 pounds [Irving], 7 to 10, won; Newhouse, 111 [I. Lewis], 2 to 1, second; Old Man, 108 [E. Morris], 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:03½. Cochina and Etna also ran.

Third race, 1 mile—Bird Catcher, 96 pounds [Everett], 3 to 5, won; Midstar, 101 [Irving], 6 to 5, second; Stark, 90 [Gatewood], 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:41¾. Thurman also ran.

Fourth race, 5 furlongs—Hester, 115 pounds [Irving], 9 to 20, won; Subito, 118 [E. Morris], 4½ to 1, second; Bandala, 112 [I. Lewis], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1.01¼. Earl of Montrose also ran.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles, selling—Uncle Jim, 106 pounds [E. Morris], 2 to 1, won; Zaldivar, 106 [Irving], 7 to 5, second; Mrs. Morgan, 102 [E. Cochran], 13 to 5, third. Time, 1:48½. Simrock and Tenny Jr. also ran.

The following are tomorrow's entries:

First race, 5 furlongs—Cinder Sal, Polly M., Buffet, Chicot, 105 pounds; Scamp, Apperson, Alamo, 107; Continental, Trurman, 110; Killarney, 114.

Second race, 5 furlongs, selling—Maid of Honor, Atalanta, 100 pounds; Nellie Smith, 103; Louise Pitcher, Inspector Hunt, 106.

Third race, 1 mile, selling—Montepenso, 94 pounds; Lady Rose, 97; Gratz Hanley, 99; Tasco, 101; Little Ed, Peytonia, 102; E. H. Shirley, 104; Mr. Sass, 107.

Fourth race, 7 furlongs, selling—Damask, 85 pounds; Revolver, Lay On, Renaud, 87; Uncle Dave, Plevmar, 90; Tuscarora, 92; Arab, 97; Blaze Duke, Spendoline, 100.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs, selling—Tit for Tat, Carnation, 95 pounds; Hanban, 97; Mother of Pearl, Readina, Helen Wren, Lucinda, 102; Weaverman, Somnambulist, Volley Fuse, Dutch Bluster, 104; Atelier, 107; Brother Gardner, 113.

### LATONIA'S DATES NOT YET ARRANGED

**Lexington People Have Objections, but May Yield to a "Persuader."**

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The Latonia dates have not yet been definitely arranged. Secretary Hopoen went to Louisville Saturday in the hope of coming to a definite understanding with the main stockholders, but failed. The meeting will begin on the Tuesday following the close of Oakley, but it is not known how many days it will be extended. The probability is that the meeting will not end until Nov. 16. a period of thirty-six racing days. The Lexington track objects to this. Their dates are Nov. 11 to 18, and they think the Latonia track should close down during that time. It is probable that Lexington will be persuaded to postpone its meeting until after Latonia. They were "persuaded" to do so last fall. The "persuader" was a $1,000 bill.

### WILL BEGIN EARLY IN THE MORNING

**Galesburg Racing to Last All Day Today Without a Let Up.**

Galesburg, Ill., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Two weeks of the fourteen weeks' harness meeting advertised by C. W. Williems was set aside for the Western-Southern circuit program. In the twelve days' meeting $85,000 is to be contested for by the trotters and pacers. The meeting was to have opened today but was postponed until tomorrow on acount of rain. Five races, for purses amounting to $7,000, are scheduled for each day's progarm, and so determined is Mr. Williams to carry out the advertised program he announced the horses would be called at 8:30 in the morning, with a view of disposing of the ten races for purses amounting to $14,000.

**Will Also Race at Milwaukee.**

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Secretary T. J. Fleming of the State Agricultural Society has closed negotiations by which Joe Patchen and John R. Gentry will race at the State Fair Sept. 18.

**Cheap Excursions to the West.**

Aug. 29, Sept. 10, and Sept. 24 the Northwestern line will sell excursion tickets at low rates to a large number of points in the West and Northwest. Tickets and full information at No. 208 Clark street and passenger stations, Wells and Kinzie streets.

# READY FOR THE FRAY

## VALKYRIE LEAVES THE DRY DOCKS THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED.

**Thousands Watch the Yacht as It Floats and Takes the Water Like a Racer Which Will Give the American Defender a Hard Tussle for the Supremacy—Towed to Sandy Hook, Where It Will Prepare for a Trial Spin—Defender and Vigilant Race Thursday.**

New York, Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Valkyrie came out of the Erie basin dry dock today, but did not take the anticipated trial spin. Instead the yacht was towed down to the lower bay by a tug and cast anchor inside the Horseshoe. The general interest in the floating of Valkyrie III. surpassed by far the excitement attendant upon the Bristol launching bee, and the especial features which made that an event. Valkyrie was floated at 9 o'clock. Ratsey's men were busy with the sails, and the sailmaker from Cowes was personally observing the necessary labor of final repairs upon the seams and the stiffening of luff, leech, and foot ropes which bind them, aboard the City of Bridgeport, from whence the spare sails were quickly transferred in tarpaulins.

As the yacht floated it tossed like a racer, suggestive of exceedingly close racing, and the chances of a Valkyrie win in the races for the cup were apparently significant to any one to whom the lines of a floating hull can suggest anything. Even tomorrow's trial spin will not give much information concerning the speed of the boat, and the last of the week will hardly see it completely rigged. No detail is to be overlooked, and the leisurely work of today carries conviction the British belief is that slowness is sureness in preparation at least, and that nothing will escape the most minute inspection.

The hull of the boat suggests Vigilant afloat more than Defender, although the ends are longer, but carried out so proportionately their length is almost overlooked under the impression of its symmetry. It balances deep aft, and the effect is hardly pleasant to the eye. The yacht indicates the predicted power, as well as the light weather ability which has been claimed for it.

The Regatta committee of the New York Yacht club issued tonight the following official order:

The second trial race will be sailed Thursday, Aug. 29, off Sandy Hook or Scotland Lightship. The start will be made at 11 a. m. The ocean tug Luckenbach has been chartered for this event and will leave Pier 4, East River, at a quarter past 9 a. m. The number of members who may obtain tickets will be limited to seventy. Tickets issued for Aug. 27 will be redeemed or will be good for Aug. 29. Sailing directions already issued for the trial races will govern.

Bristol, R. I., Aug. 26.—The riggers began work early today on Defender. The steel gaff was put in place and the topmast raised into position. At 2:45 o'clock the yacht started for New York in tow, though the work on the rigging was not completed. It will be continued during the trip.

### REGATTA ENTRIES CLOSE TONIGHT.

**Much Interest Being Taken in the Four-Oared Gig Race.**

Entries for the Lincoln Park navy regatta, to be held on the Lincoln Park lagoon Sept. 2, close tonight. The Regatta committee, composed of J. V. Keefe, Robert Corbet, James Henderson, I. Rubovits, and Daniel Griffith, will appoint the judges, timers, and referee. Of the probable fifteen events that will be on the program interest will be centered in the four-oared gig race, for which Fred Busse has offered a handsome silver cup. The Delaware, Catlin, Iroquois, and Ontario clubs are selecting their best material for this event. The first named club will be represented by Weinand, William, and Max Law, and J. T. Reedy, winners at the Mississippi Valley regatta.

John Crotty, the famous Southern oarsman and promoter of the coming Austin, Tex., professional and amateur championship regatta, writes C. T. Essig from New York that the regatta will follow the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight and that he is meeting with great success in the East. Crotty will canvass Philadelphia, Chicago, St. Louis, and Iowa for entries before he returns to Texas.

**Niagara Wins at Torbay.**

Torbay, Aug. 26.—Howard Gould's yacht Niagara won in today's race of the Royal Torbay Yacht club for twenty-raters. Isolde was second and Luna third.

### FINE HORSES BURNED IN NORTH DAKOTA

**Main Barn on Berriedale Farm, Near Lakota, Destroyed—Other Fires.**

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The main barn on the Berriedale farm, five miles northeast of Lakota, N. D., was set on fire by a vicious horse kicking a lantern from the hand of one of the men.

In five minutes the entire structure, the largest in the county, was on fire.

The loss is $10,000, partially insured. Thirty-five head of horses were cremated.

The farm is owned by J. S. Sinclair, "the Earl of Caithness," and is one of the best equipped farms in the State.

The loss falls particularly hard at this season, as they were in the midst of harvest. Sinclair was severely burned in his effort to save a valuable stallion.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 26.—The famous Midway row at Fort Thomas, Ky., caused a sensation among the troops at the fort by burning at 2:30 this morning.

The row comprises six or eight buildings just outside the limits of the government property, occupied as saloons, restaurants and concert halls and patronized by the soldiers and the thousands of visitors who go to the fort for the ride and its fine views.

The fire brigade of the fort turned out, but nothing could save the combustible buildings. Loss, $20,000, with little insurance.

### JAMES B. LECKIE AGAIN ARRESTED.

**Another Man Who Wanted a Watchman's Job Now Wants His Money Back.**

James B. Leckie was again arraigned before Justice Underwood yesterday on a charge of obtaining money by false pretenses. Charles Schwelka, living at No. 34 Newton street, was the complaining witness. He told the court he had seen an advertisement in one of the papers in which a position as nightwatchman was offered to a man who had $200 he could deposit as security. Schwelka said he answered the advertisement and met Leckie, who offered him the position at $55 a month if he would deposit the required amount. Schwelka says he did so, but never got the position. When he applied for the return of his money he alleges it was refused. The case was continued until Sept. 4.

### LOTTERY HAUL PLEASES BADENOCH.

**He Thinks Brady's Place Was Headquarters for a Noted Company.**

Chief Badenoch and Inspector Fitzpatrick are much elated over the developments in the capture of the lottery outfit that was made by detectives of the Central Station a week ago, when J. F. Brady, No. 79 Monroe street, was arrested and a safe broken and a large quantity of tickets obtained. From recent investigations it has been shown conclusively, the police say, that Brady's resort was the headquarters for the distribution of the tickets of a lottery company for the entire United States and Canada.

**Shot Himself When Arrested.**

Hoopeston, Ill., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Lewis Clifton, a hitherto respected citizen, shot and killed himself this afternoon upon the reading of a warrant for his arrest by an officer. Clifton had recently shown signs of insanity. Last night he became enraged and threatened his family with death. Mrs. Clifton and daughters feared for their lives and were taking the necessary legal steps to have him confined. Clifton appeared perfectly rational when an officer called on him, saying he would accompany the officer as soon as he got a coat. He stepped into an adjoining room, and, lying down on the bed, shot himself.

**Bids for Government Office Room.**

The bids for the housing of the government departments outside of the postal service and the Custom-House are to be opened in Washington Sept. 10. The specifications of the amount of floor space and accommodations required are to be seen at the office of Custodian Bailey in the Postoffice. The owners and agents of the following buildings have examined specifications, presumably for the purpose of bidding: Rand & McNally, Adams Express company, Old Colony, Western Union, Paxton, Monon, and Manhattan.

### FUNERAL OF DR. GEORGE HEATING DYAS.

**Masonic Ritual Is Used at the Services—Others Who Have Died.**

The funeral of Dr. George Heating Dyas was solemnized at No. 4113 Grand boulevard yesterday morning. The funeral was largely attended. Many Masons were in attendance, the ceremonies being under their direction. Chaplain Edwards delivered a eulogy upon the life of the brother and friend, touching upon the sad circumstances which befell the father of Dr. Dyas, who was killed in a railway accident at Park Manor crossing last winter. The shock of his father's death is given as being one of the causes of the son's fatal illness. Evidence of Dr. Dyas' generosity were apparent in the presence of a number of poor persons whom the doctor had assisted. Floral emblems were around the black casket, the more noticeable being a pillow of carnations and roses, intermingled with immortelles, arranged to form the words "Our Brother." The funeral procession started at 1 o'clock for Graceland Cemetery, where the interment was made.

**Capt. John Moore.**

Capt. John Moore, a veteran lake Captain, died at his home in Main street yesterday afternoon, aged 74 years. Capt. Moore commenced sailing for the Peshtigo Lumber company when the lake business was in its infancy. He commanded the schooners Two Fannies and Hans Crocker, and later was appointed General Superintendent of the Peshtigo company. Stewart Moore, United States Steamboat Inspector, is a son of Capt. Moore.

**Memorial Services for Dr. Root.**

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Camp No. 1, Sons of Veterans, assisted by all local allied orders, this evening conducted memorial services in honor of the late Dr. George F. Root of Chicago. Lieut. Lois Delestry, Division Inspector, made a memorial address. Postmaster Castle spoke on "The Soldier and the War Song," and Dr. Root's best-known songs were sung.

**Funeral of Gen. Stout.**

Funeral services were conducted yesterday afternoon for Gen. Alexander M. Stout, who died Sunday evening at the Presbyterian Hospital. The ceremonies were held at the undertaking establishment of S. C. Postlowait, No. 310 Ogden avenue, and were under the auspices of the George H. Thomas Post, Grand Army of the Republic.

**Mrs. J. M. Williams.**

The funeral of Mrs. J. M. Williams will be held Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the family residence, No. 1746 Hinman avenue, Evanston. Mrs. Williams died Aug. 20 at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. D. Blaney, at San José, Cal. Mrs. Williams was for many years a resident of Chicago and Evanston.

**Funeral of S. H. Hale.**

Funeral services were held over the remains of Stedman H. Hale from No. 3521 Ellis avenue yesterday afternoon, the Rev. H. F. Milligan, assistant pastor of Christ Church, officiating.

**Obituary Notes.**

Harrison P. Bridge, a wealthy young Bostonian, is dead in San Francisco after three weeks' illness.

J. Morris Rea, State Senator, is dead at his home in Grundy Center, Ia.

Bee Sturgis, daughter of the late Col. R. H. Sturgis, passed away at Vandalia, Ill., aged 22 years.

Peter Oller, for forty years a resident of Christian County, Ill., has passed away at the age of 75.

B. C. Rushmore, a leading Mason and railroad man in Bloomington, Ill., 78 years old, departed this life at his home.

Darius A. Martin, for years a prominent wheat buyer in Milwaukee and Chicago, died at his residence, No. 95 Eighteenth street, Milwaukee.

The Rev. Samuel Bissell, 98 years old, the oldest graduate of Yale, lies dead at Twinsburg, O., where he conducted an academy for many years.

### ASK A DELAY FOR HARLEM RACE TRACK.

**Attorneys Petition Judge Shepard for a Supersedeas.**

The attorneys for the Harlem race track people made another move yesterday afternoon. They went before Judge Shepard of the Appellate Court with a petition for a supersedeas in the appeal from Judge Gibbons' decision.

The petition was based on the assumption that the judgment of the lower court was erroneous and the State had not sufficient interest to warrant the interference of a court of equity.

As Attorney Prendergast was not present the court did not pass upon the application. Judge Shepard, however, announced he would look thoroughly into the question of the right of the higher court to issue a supersedeas in such a case and pass upon the question this morning.

A large number of authorities were presented to the court, which supported the theory of the petitioners. If the supersedeas is issued it will have the effect of staying the injunction until the Appellate Court reaches the hearing of the appeal at the October term.

### CONTRACTS FOR BIG STEEL STEAMER.

**It Will Be of the 5,000-Ton Class—Launch of the Aurania.**

The Chicago Shipbuilding company yesterday announced the closing of a contract for a large steel steamer to be built during the winter at the yards on the Calumet. The new boat will be a duplicate of the I. W. Nicholas and Chili, and is for Capt. C. W. Elphicke, Arthur Orr, and M. M. Drake, manager of the Lackawanna Transportation company.

The new boat will be 326 feet keel, 345 feet over all, 42 feet beam, and 26½ feet deep. When the twenty-foot channel is completed the new boat will be of the 5,000-ton class. The new boat will have two masts and one smokestack, and have gangways for carrying flour and package freight as well as grain, ore, and coal. The speed will be about fourteen miles an hour.

This contract fills the capacity of the South Chicago yards until next spring. The launch of the steel schooner Aurania, which was set for Wednesday, was postponed until Thursday. The new boat will be practically ready for service and will go into commission Saturday.

### STRING WIRES WITHOUT A PERMIT

**Trolley on East Lake Street Causes a Belated Order.**

The imperative order issued to the police late Sunday night by Commissioner Kent to stop the West Chicago Street railway company from stringing trolley wires on Lake street east of the river was the result of a misunderstanding.

The right to string wires all along Lake street was granted the company by the Council last spring, but they had not applied for the necessary permit east of the river. The work was finished before the order was issued.

"I think," said Commissioner Kent yesterday, "it was simply an oversight on the part of the company and not an intention on their part to do something they should not have done. I have sent an inspector to examine the work and if it is satisfactory the wires will be allowed to remain."

### IMMENSE BRITISH CARGO FOR MEXICO.

**Shipload Requiring Two Hundred and Fifty Cars to Move.**

New Orleans, La., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The British steamship Mexican, from Liverpool, this morning began discharging the largest general cargo that has ever been brought to the port of New Orleans.

There were 5,223 tons of crockery, cotton ties, tinplate, etc., the greater part of which is destined for transhipment to Mexico.

Ten trains of twenty-five cars each would be required to carry the Mexican's cargo.

**Dominican Order in America.**

Zanesville, O., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The Rev. Father Kearney, pastor of St. Thomas' Catholic Church here, has returned from Avilla, Spain, where he was the sole representative of the Dominican Order in America. He says the most important action of the council was that providing for a longer and more thorough course of study than the present, which requires seven years to complete it. The largest growth of the order was in the United States, which Father Kearney accounts for by the fact that all the officers of the order are elective and therefore the order flourishes under a republican form of government.

**Cannot Find the Bond.**

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—There is trouble in store for the directors of the Old Commercial Bank, who, when the bank was reorganized, promised to put up a bond of $100,000 to make good any shrinkage in the assets of the institution and then failed to put up the bond.

Some of the stockholders talk of suing the directors, in which case some sensational disclosures are promised. The stockholders do not seem to have any definite knowledge whether the bond was filed or not.

# ENTRIES TO THE MEET

## CRACK AMATEURS WHO WILL COMPETE FOR CHAMPIONSHIPS.

**List of the Amateurs Who Will Battle for the Honors of the Meet in the Games to Be Held Under the Auspices of the Chicago Amateur Athletic Association Next Saturday—Friends of the Iowa Wonder Have Great Expectations Concerning Him.**

One of the most important athletic events that has taken place in this vicinity for years will take place next Saturday afternoon at the grounds of the Chicago Amateur Athletic Association, corner of Thirty-fifth street and Wentworth avenue, and many of the best known amateurs in the West will be on hand to compete in the Western amateur championships, which are to be decided at that time. The greatest interest of the meet will as a matter of course center around the performances of the Iowa wonder, John V. Crum, who, it is confidently asserted by his friends, will beat all existing records for both the 100 and 220 yards run. The list of entries includes fifty of the most prominent amateurs in all branches of the sport to be found in the Western country and representatives of every athletic club of note, with the exception of the one at Detroit. Every effort will be made on the part of the management to have the track in the best possible condition, and should the conditions be favorable as regards weather some at least of the present Western records are likely to receive a severe shock.

In the list of entries to these games given below the following abbreviations are used: A. T. V., Aurora Turn Verein; B. H. Benton Harbor, Mich.; C., City of Chicago; C. A. A., Chicago Athletic Association; C. U., University of Chicago; C. T. G., Chicago Turn Gemeinde; E. H. S., Englewood High School; I., University of Illinois; L. F., Lake Forest University; M., Milwaukee, Wis.; Mon., Monroe, Wis.; M. P., Mount Pleasant, Ia.; O. A. C., Olympic Athletic club of St. Louis, Mo.; St. A., St. Albans' Military Academy; W., University of Wisconsin; W. E. A. C., West End Athletic club, formerly Pastime Athletic club of St. Louis, Mo.;

100 yards run, trial heats—John V. Crum, C. A. A.; D. H. Jackson, C. A. A.; A. O. Jackson, C. A. A.; E. R. Perry, C. A. A.; L. Niemeyer, B. H.; A. S. Macreadie, C.; L. Holland, W. E. A. C.; J. R. Stubbs, M. P.; A. S. Reid, L. F.; G. D. Stuart, St. A.; J. D. Bowen, C.; W. S. Randolph, C.

220 yards run, trial heats—In this event an attempt will be made to lower the present record for this distance "around a turn," which is 22¼ seconds. A special prize has been offered by Mr. R. E. Fishburn, C. A. A.; John V. Crum, C. A. A.; D. H. Jackson, C. A. A.; E. R. Perry, C. A. A.; L. Holland, W. E. A. C.; J. Maybury, W.; F. J. Elszner, A. T. V.

440 yards run—John V. Crum, C. A. A.; D. H. Jackson, C. A. A.; T. B. Turner, C. A. A.; T. B. Egbert, E. H. S.; J. S. Murphy, M.; George E. Mesley, C.; C. D. Corbin, C. A. A.; A. W. Lyddy, C.; G. J. Byrnes, C.; J. D. Bowen, C.

880 yards run—L. N. Rossitter, C. A. A.; A. O. Jackson, C. A. A.; T. B. Turner, C. A. A.; T. B. Egbert, E. H. S.; H. B. Cragin Jr., C. A. A.; A. H. Miller, C.; E. B. Copeland, Mon.; J. S. Murphy, M.; J. J. Jackson, L. F.; R. R. Fauntleroy, L. F.; George E. Mesley, C.; J. Kempter, C.

One-mile run—L. N. Rossitter, C. A. A.; A. O. Jackson, C. A. A.; H. B. Cragin Jr., C. A. A.; E. B. Copeland, Mon.; B. Kempter, C.

120 yards hurdle race, 10 hurdles, each 3 feet 6 inches high—A. C. Clark, C. A. A.; W. B. Everingham, C.; J. J. Jackson, L. F.; Henry Hess, C. T. G.; J. B. Hutchison, E. H. S.; F. J. Elszner, A. T. V.

Running high jump—A. H. Culver, C. A. A.; A. C. Clark, C. A. A.; W. B. Everingham, C.; G. F. Riddell, C. A. A.; J. Van Nwagen Jr., C. A. A.; A. J. Hess, C. A. A.; A. S. Reid, L. F.

Running broad jump—A. H. Culver, C. A. A.; W. S. Farrant, C. A. A.; E. R. Perry, C. A. A.; A. J. Hess, C. A. A.; F. J. Weedman, C. A. A.; Henry Hess, C. T. G.; F. J. Elszner, A. T. V.

Putting 16-pound shot—G. F. Riddell, C. A. A.; E. R. Perry, C. A. A.; H. F. Cochems, W.; C. H. Hennemann, O. A. C.

Throwing 16-pound hammer—G. F. Riddell, C. A. A.; E. R. Perry, C. A. A.; H. F. Cochems, W.; T. Sullivan, C.; C. H. Hennemann, O. A. C.; F. Hess, C. T. G.

Pole vault—A. H. Culver, C. A. A.; W. B. Everingham, C.; G. F. Riddell, C. A. A.; A. J. Hess, C. A. A.; J. A. Jackson, W.; C. Herschberger, C. U.

220 yards hurdle race, 10 hurdles, each 2 feet 6 inches high—A. C. Clark, C. A. A.; W. S. Farrant, C. A. A.; J. J. Jackson, L. F.; F. J. Weedman, C. A. A.; Henry Hess, C. T. G.; F. J. Elszner, A. T. V.; A. Fulton, C.

### THREE HUNDRED PERSONS POISONED.

**Water and Food at a Church Picnic Tampered With—No Deaths.**

La Porte, Ind., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Three hundred out of 1,000 people were poisoned at a German Lutheran mission festival or picnic in a grove at Tracy, this county, yesterday.

A picnic dinner was served the throng and it is thought some dastard poisoned potatoes or drinking water.

The victims were attacked with frightful pains, nausea, purging, and vomiting and rolled and tumbled on the ground in agony for hours.

As yet none have died, but many are still very ill. Two hundred and fifty were present from this city and among those most seriously affected are the families of Herman Raddatz, Chris Ebert, Ernest Frickweller, and John Ball.

### PUTS THE CASH-BOX IN HIS BASKET.

**Thief Secures $423 from the Cashier's Desk at the Saratoga Restaurant.**

An ingenious and audacious thief stole $423 yesterday afternoon from the cashier's desk at the Saratoga restaurant, No. 161 Dearborn street. The proprietor, J. K. Sebree, suspects some employé of complicity. Ada Chadwick, the cashier, was eating luncheon when a respectably-dressed man entered carrying a basket, which he placed behind the cashier's desk. Then the visitor ordered something to eat, and tilting up his chair to keep his place at the table he approached the cashier, who was still at a table.

"Here is 50 cents," he said, "as a deposit. I'll get my basket from behind your desk and deliver the flowers in it while my lunch is being cooked."

He got the basket and also took the cashbox, which contained $423, and went out.

### HOLMES WAS ONCE AT ELWOOD, IND.

**Believed That He Endeavored to Embark in the Real Estate Business There.**

Elwood, Ind., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The search for evidence of the murder of Howard Pitzel in this city last October has not revealed anything definite. The evidence appears pretty strong that Holmes was here from Oct. 10 to 12, and attempted to embark in the real estate business under the assumed name of C. E. Davis.

Beyond this nothing is known concerning his movements here, and the detectives will make a careful search at all way stations along the Pan Handle line north of this city in the hopes of striking a trail.

**Fair Grounds Case in Court.**

The attorneys for the Chicago Fair Ground Association and Attorney George Hunt were in Judge Gibbons' court yesterday to agree to the formal order of appeal from the court's order sustaining the injunction. An appeal was allowed and a bond of $200 to cover costs perfected.

**Tablemakers in Session.**

Fifteen representatives of the leading table manufacturers of the States west of the Alleghenies were in session at the Palmer House yesterday. The conference dealt entirely with trade abuses. Credits, discounts, and freight rates were the topics discussed.

**Desperate Deed of an Insane Mother.**

Old Orchard, Me., Aug. 26.—In a fit of insanity this morning Mrs. F. D. Beard of Andover, N. H., who is a summer-cottager, assaulted her daughter Josephine with an ax and the young lady now lies in the Maine General Hospital, Portland, in a critical condition.

### NORTHWEST NOTES.

William A. Hill is in jail at Sedalia, Mo., for horse stealing.

Patrick Stapleton, a conductor, was killed by a train at Harvard, Ill.

Edward Gallagher, 75 years old, was killed by the cars at Clinton, Ia.

Charles Bauerschmitt, proprietor of the Boston shoe store at Topeka, is insane.

Twelve carloads of watermelons were wrecked at Terre Haute, Ind., on the Big Four railroad.

James Owen, a veteran at Leavenworth, Kas., was accidentally killed while handling a small rifle.

The City of Hillsboro, Ill., will give a meal to any person who will earn it by breaking rock two hours.

George Tileson, President of a milling company, at St. Cloud, Minn., was drowned in his millpond.

The First Presbyterian Church of Peoria, Ill., has extended a call to the Rev. Henry Schmitt of Forreston.

Yesterday was Epworth League day at the Kankakee District Methodist Camp Meeting at Watseka, Ill.

The residence of A. J. Tyng Jr. of Peoria, Ill., was robbed of $1,000 worth of goods during a circus parade.

### FOUR MEN LYNCHED IN CALIFORNIA.

**Jail at Yreka Is Rid of Its Murderers by a Summary Process.**

Yreka, Cal., Aug. 26.—Four murderers were taken from the county jail by a mob of 250 men at 1 o'clock this morning and lynched. A band of citizens, fearing that the law would not be carried out and angered over the atrocity of recent crimes, determined to take matters into their own hands. The lynching was the ghastly climax to the reign of lawlessness which has prevailed in Siskiyou County for some months past. One of the victims was Lawrence Johnson, who the evening of July 28 stabbed his wife to death in the Town of Etna. Another was William Null, who shot Henry Hayter in the back with a rifle near Callahan's April 24. Louis Moreno and Harland Seemler, who are supposed to have killed George Sears and Casper Meierhans at Bailey Hill Aug. 5, were also hanged.

Springfield, Ky., Aug. 26.—Soon after 2 o'clock this morning a party of twelve men took Harrison Lewis, the negro who murdered Joe Brooks, also colored, last Friday night, from the jail here and hanged him to a tree in the court-house yard.

The leader called for Jailer Smith, but his wife said he was not at home and he had the keys to the jail with him.

Going to a blacksmith shop near by the party procured sledge hammers and after three hours' work battered down the jail door. Lewis was found crouching in his cell and begged piteously for his life. He was dragged to the nearest tree and strung up.

In the opinion of many the party was composed of negroes. They have been greatly worked up since the murder. Friday night Lewis went to Brooks' house, called him to the door, and shot him down on his own threshold without warning.

The man lynched was a brother of Matthew Lewis, who narrowly escaped lynching here two weeks ago for an assault upon Mrs. Murray Shields. He was taken to Louisville for safe-keeping.

### MRS. PERKINS' RECORD IS BAD

**No Direct Evidence That She Killed Mrs. Hawkins.**

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 26.—County-Attorney Peterson admitted this morning that the evidence against Mrs. Perkins in the Hawkins murder case was thus far entirely circumstantial, and that she would not have been arrested yet if it had not been for positive knowledge of her previous criminal career in Minneapolis.

The police had before the first "accidental" fire investigated two shady transactions in which Mrs. Perkins was involved.

The inquest was continued today. Frank, the young son of Mrs. Perkins, was again made to tell the story of how, on each of the two nights when the fires occurred, he slept down-stairs wsth his clothing on.

The State believes that Mrs. Hawkins was slowly being poisoned and that the fire was thought of to conceal evidence of it.

### OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—Forecast for Tuesday:

Illinois, generally fair, slightly warmer, southerly winds.

Ohio and Indiana, showers, southeasterly winds.

Lower Michigan, fair, followed by light showers in the afternoon, southeasterly winds.

Upper Michigan, showers, cooler, winds becoming northwesterly.

Wisconsin, light showers, probably slightly cooler in the evening or night, winds becoming northwesterly.

Minnesota, showers in the morning, clearing in the afternoon, cooler, north to northwest winds.

Iowa, showers, cooler, northwesterly winds.

Missouri, fair, except showers in northeast portion, probably slightly cooler in the northern portion, southerly winds.

| Place of observation. | Height of barometer. | Therm'meter | Maximum temperat'e. | Direction of wind. | State of weather. | Precipitation 12 hours. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Abilene | 29.82 | 88 | 94 | S. | Clear | |
| Bismarck, N. D. | 29.92 | 68 | 78 | N. | Fair | |
| Buffalo, N. Y. | 29.98 | 76 | 78 | S. W. | Cl'udy | |
| Boston, Mass. | 30.04 | 72 | 82 | S. W. | Clear | |
| Cairo, Ill. | 29.90 | 78 | 88 | S. | Fair | .02 |
| Charleston, S. C. | 30.10 | 80 | 88 | E. | Cl'udy | .04 |
| Cheyenne, Wyo. | 29.74 | 70 | 86 | N. | Cl'udy | |
| Chicago | 29.86 | 72 | 74 | S. W. | Rain | .74 |
| Cincinnati, O. | 29.98 | 74 | 84 | S. | Rain | .80 |
| Cleveland, O. | 30.00 | 68 | 82 | S. E. | Rain | .02 |
| Davenport, Ia. | 29.82 | 76 | 78 | S. | Clear | .04 |
| Denver, Colo. | 29.66 | 84 | 90 | N. W. | Fair | |
| Des Moines, Ia. | 29.78 | 80 | 86 | S. | Clear | |
| Detroit, Mich. | 29.96 | 70 | 82 | S. W. | Cl'udy | Trace |
| Dodge City, Kas | 29.74 | 86 | 96 | S. E. | Clear | |
| Duluth, Minn | 29.70 | 74 | 78 | S. W. | Cl'udy | Trace |
| El Paso, Tex. | 29.82 | 84 | 88 | S. W. | Clear | |
| Erie, Pa. | 30.00 | 72 | 84 | W. | Cl'udy | Trace |
| Galveston, Tex. | 30.00 | 82 | 86 | S. E. | Clear | |
| Grand Haven | 29.88 | 68 | 80 | S. E. | Cl'udy | |
| Green Bay, Wis. | 29.84 | 74 | 84 | S. | Clear | |
| Helena, Mont. | 30.20 | 48 | 48 | N. | Rain | .02 |
| Huron, S. D. | 29.74 | 80 | 94 | N. | Clear | |
| Indianapolis | 29.92 | 74 | 74 | S. E. | Fair | .40 |
| Jacksonville | 30.08 | 80 | 92 | S. E. | Fair | |
| Kansas City, Mo | 29.80 | 84 | 90 | S. | Clear | |
| Knoxville | 30.02 | 80 | 90 | S. W. | Clear | |
| La Crosse, Wis. | 29.80 | 78 | 82 | S. | Fair | Trace |
| Little Rock, Ark | 29.94 | 84 | 90 | S. W. | Clear | |
| Louisville | 29.96 | 70 | 84 | S. E. | Cl'udy | .24 |
| Marquette, Mch | 29.74 | 78 | 86 | S. | Fair | |
| Memphis, Tenn. | 29.94 | 84 | 92 | S. | Clear | |
| Miles City | 30.04 | 58 | 60 | N. W. | Cl'udy | .12 |
| Milwaukee | 29.84 | 68 | 86 | S. E. | Cl'udy | |
| Minnedosa | 29.88 | 62 | 70 | N. W. | Fair | .02 |
| Montreal | 29.96 | 72 | 76 | N. E. | Fair | |
| Moorhead | 29.82 | 68 | 76 | N. | Clear | |
| New Orleans, La | 30.00 | 84 | 92 | S. E. | Clear | |
| New York City | 30.06 | 74 | 80 | S. | Clear | |
| Omaha | 29.72 | 84 | 88 | S. E. | Clear | |
| Oswego, N. Y. | 29.98 | 72 | 84 | S. | Cl'udy | |
| Palestine | 29.92 | 88 | 94 | S. | Clear | |
| Pierre, S. D. | 29.76 | 84 | 88 | N. | Fair | |
| Pittsburg | 30.00 | 80 | 84 | N. E. | Cl'udy | |
| Port Huron | 29.96 | 74 | 84 | S. | Fair | |
| Pueblo | 29.70 | 84 | 94 | S. E. | Clear | |
| Rapid City | 29.86 | 72 | 76 | N. | Rain | Trace |
| St. Louis | 29.86 | 84 | 88 | S. | Clear | .02 |
| St. Paul | 29.76 | 78 | 82 | S. E. | Cl'udy | |
| Salt Lake City | 29.52 | 84 | 86 | S. W. | Fair | Trace |
| Santa Fe | 29.82 | 72 | 80 | S. W. | Fair | |
| Sioux City | 29.66 | 84 | 92 | S. | Clear | |
| Springfield, Ill. | 29.86 | 78 | 82 | S. | Fair | .38 |
| Springfield, Mo. | 29.86 | 80 | 86 | S. W. | Clear | |
| Toledo | 29.96 | 66 | 78 | S. E. | Rain | .02 |
| Washington | 30.06 | 78 | 90 | S. | Fair | |

**WEATHER IN CHICAGO.**

The temperature yesterday as observed by Manasse, optician, No. 88 Madison street, Tribune Building, was as follows: 8 a. m., 72 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 72; 10 a. m., 72; 11 a. m., 70; 12 m., 69; 1 p. m., 69; 3 p. m., 71; 5 p. m., 74. Barometer, 8 a. m., 29.45; 6 p. m., 29.35.

**MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.**

NEW YORK—Arrived, steamer Saale, Bremen; Massachusetts, London; State of California, Glasgow.

MOVILLE—Arrived, 4:15 a. m., Furnessia, New York.

LIVERPOOL—Arrived, Galleia, Boston; Narbadian, New Orleans.

HAMBURG—Arrived, Valencia, New Orleans.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrived, Pennland, Liverpool, via Queenstown; Gilmore, Port Antonio; Gladestry, Hamburg; Rotterfield, St. Michael's; Bayonne, Venice; Leon, Port Antonio.

BALTIMORE—Arrived, Bowden, Port Antonio.

### MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

| | Age. |
|---|---|
| James Barker, Ellen Hogan | 27—32 |
| Thomas O'Connor, Caroline Boshell | 25—28 |
| Emil Draroz, Augusta Manga | 20—18 |
| John Peterson, Hulda Johanson | 29—21 |
| August Halling, Matilda Johnson | 27—24 |
| John Haviatka, Johanna Koukel | 21—32 |
| Wojciech Hopa, Apolonia Polaszak | 60—53 |
| James Goodall, Toledo, O., Josephine Costello | 26—22 |
| Wladislaus Dobosz, Maryanna Owca | 31—25 |
| Andrew Tigel, Mary Janik | 24—23 |
| Anton Suchan, Mary Petucek | 29—28 |
| Abraham Sackim, Iron Mountain, Mich., Lillian Barnett | 23—26 |
| Charles Carlson, Annie Ericson | 21—22 |
| Bertram Johnson, Emma Hannigan | 22—34 |
| Henry Jones, Olivia Sherard | 21—18 |
| Edward Pieper, Victoria Burnett | 24—34 |
| Edward O'Donnell, Celia Prendergast | 26—23 |
| Carl Colis, Hermine Serwus | 31—36 |
| John Chouske, Edith Cain | 25—17 |
| Jacob Selig, Hannah Mannoss | 37—35 |
| Johann Kruss, Emma Krell | 44—39 |
| Frank Strickland, Annie Levin | 20—20 |
| Charles Collins, Hannah O'Hair | 32—32 |
| Batista Minonni, Terese Martini | 29—22 |
| Addison Boyd, Ella Goodall | 40—25 |
| Jerome Lawrence, Louise Fontaine | 26—23 |
| Simon Grabenheimer, Kansas City, Mo., Jennie Pruelzer | 24—19 |
| John Feinen, Lena Hagen | 45—25 |
| Hugo Dahm, Bertha Kuegmann | 22—21 |
| Peter Kaufmann, Mamie McNulty | 23—19 |
| John Maskill, Mary Kerrigan | 28—21 |
| Peter Butcher, Annie Grohser | 25—22 |
| Fred Wilson, Maud Van Buren | 30—20 |
| Isaac Emmering, Rose Boermer | 30—22 |
| Edward Fladmark, Josefine Johnson | 40—29 |
| William Guerich, Elenora Michalsky | 24—20 |
| Theodore Asselyn, Lotta Grannis | 23—19 |
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| Andrew Thoen, Mathilde Rasmussen | 28—43 |
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| Charles Bishop, Superior, Wis., Marion Ratch, Sigourney, Ia | 30—25 |
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| Louis Dipple, Lena Rothman | 22—21 |
| Charles Long, Nodie Hoolehan | 21—18 |
| William Haase, Emilie Baethke | 27—27 |
| Ernst Brossett, Lizzie Retzke | 21—20 |
| Michael Witkowsky, Minnie Koscowska | 26—23 |
| DeWitt Inman, Isa Wilson | 24—23 |
| William Berger, Augusta Davison | 21—18 |
| John Buckley, Addie Schwaab | 37—23 |

### DEATHS.

DRAGER—Kittie, beloved wife of Frederick C. Drager, Aug. 26. Funeral Tuesday, Aug. 27, 2 p. m., from her late residence, 334 [illegible]-st., by carriages to Graceland Cemetery.

CARROLL—Elizabeth Cagney Carroll, wife of the late Patrick Carroll, at her residence, 601 W. 14th-st. Funeral Wednesday, Aug. 28, at 10 a. m., to St. Charles Church, thence to Calvary by carriages.

### DEATHS.

GEORGE—Willie, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. William George. Funeral Tuesday, Aug. 27, from parents' residence, 257 Sheffield-av., by carriages to Calvary.

HART—Saturday, Aug. 24, from drowning, Charles L. Hart Jr., aged 13 years 7 months and 14 days. Funeral today at 11 a. m. from residence 722 North Robey-st. to Forest Home.

HOWELL—Monday afternoon, Ezekiel P. Howell. Burial at St. Mary's, O., Wednesday.

MOORE—Capt. John P. Moore, born March 17, 1817, and died April 26, 1895, aged 78. Funeral to Graceland by carriages from St. Mark's Church, Cottage Grove-av. and 36th-st., Wednesday, Aug. 28, 10 a. m.

NEELY—Anne Frazier, wife of Robert Neely, Aug. 24, aged 78 years. Funeral Tuesday, Aug. 27, at 2 p. m., from family residence, 476 W. Adams-st. Interment at Rosehill. Davenport (Ia.) and Philadelphia papers please copy.

OLSON—Aug. 24, at 374 Homer-st., A. O. Olson, the beloved husband of Elizabeth Olson, aged 55 years. Funeral Tuesday, Aug. 27, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence by carriages to Mount Olive Cemetery.

### TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.


GIRLS—SPLENDID CHANCE TO LEARN LADY hair dressing or barber trade; only four weeks required. Chicago Barber School, 54 Wabash-av. Catalogue free.

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South Side—HOPKINS—West Side.
HOPKINS
SOUTH SIDE. "The Perfect Woman," Alcide Capitaine; 4 Goldsmith Sisters; De Bersell; Juno; Moore & Karcher; Dean & Jose, &c., &c.
Bartley Campbell's Masterpiece, FATE Hopkins Stock Company. Special Scenery.
WEST SIDE. HAZEL KIRKE
Steele Mackaye's American Classic.
3 Merrilees Sisters; the Kilpatricks; Lew Hawkins; Burt Jordon; Lillie Laurel; Spence & Sartelle, &c., &c.
Which one? at... 10, 20, 30 Cents

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The Case of Rebellious Susan.
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..SHENANDOAH..
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TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1895.


HOLMES is a pretty fair romancer, but his latest effort should convince him of the folly of competing with the reporters.

THOSE Harvey women are now more firmly convinced than ever of the danger of going into a saloon.

IF Chicago is responsible for Keir Hardie's visit to America, as he says, we apologize to the rest of the country.

LIFE is so slow in Philadelphia that the citizen of that town who is 113 years old must have been born about 1523.

THE report that Buck Hinrichsen died last night is untrue. It probably originated in the fact that he is a dead one.

IF Quay's confidence is based upon a belief that his delegates will stay bought in case of further bids it may be cruelly shattered yet.

WHAT is the use of being famous? Until Steve Brodie invited Mayor Swift to visit the Bowery the Mayor had never heard of him.

IT is understood that the course of Ben Cable's campaign of education will begin with a careful study of the English language on $2 bills.

CONDEMNATION of the brutality of the men who supervised the Colorado bull fight should be tempered by the reflection that they are that kind of men.

THERE need be no alarm over the possibility that Minister Ransom will refuse to serve out his term. He is not the man to permit pique to keep $17,500 out of his pockets.

THE trouble with President Healy seems to be that he did not realize that proficiency in the gentle art of head hammering in political campaigns is not necessarily a qualification for service as an attendant in care of the insane.

THOSE belligerent republics in South America are about to adopt new tactics. They have ordered several thousand tons of West Virginia black diamonds in order, doubtless, that they may heap coals of fire on one another's heads.

NOBODY hears Mr. Cleveland suggesting Whitney or Olney or saying that this is the last office he shall ever hold.—New York Sun.

The reason, dear Mr. Dana, is perhaps that Mr. Cleveland is accurate in his use of the English language. Somebody may hear him saying that this is the last office he will ever hold.

THE New York stock market was strong and active. The Chicago stock market opened stronger than for last week, though the sales were few in number. Sterling exchange was weak. New York exchange sold at 40 cents discount.—Leading speculative produce markets ruled easy. As compared with the latest prices Saturday September wheat closed ¾ cent lower, corn ¼ cent higher, oats ⅛ cent lower, cash rye weak, barley 1@2 cents lower, flaxseed 1 cent lower, September pork 2½ cents higher, lard 2½ cents lower, and ribs 5 cents lower.

THE stocks of grain in Chicago elevators last Saturday evening were 14,513,000 bushels of wheat, 1,621,000 bushels of corn, 637,000 bushels of oats, and 94,000 bushels of rye. Total, 16,865,000 bushels of all kinds of grain, against 26,607,000 bushels a year ago. For the same date the Secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade states the visible supply of grain in the United States and Canada as 35,058,000 bushels of wheat, 5,287,000 bushels of corn, 3,719,000 bushels of oats, 390,000 bushels of rye, and 45,000 bushels of barley. These figures are smaller than the corresponding ones a week ago by 1,804,000 bushels of wheat, and larger by 994,000 bushels of corn. The visible supply of wheat for the corresponding week a year ago increased 870,000 bushels.

THE new British battleship Prince George was launched at Portsmouth on the 22d inst. The Prince George is 390 feet long, extreme breadth 75 feet, and mean draft 27½ feet. Her displacement is 15,000 tons. She will be fitted with twin screws, each driven by an independent set of engines, and her total horsepower will be 12,000. The guns which she will carry will be much lighter but of greater penetrating power than any guns hitherto constructed. She will carry a complement of 750 officers and men. In this connection it is pleasant to remember that shortly three American battleships will be in commission, each of which will be a match in every way for the Prince George.

THE sudden death of H. O. Houghton Sr., the well-known head of the firm of Houghton, Mifflin & Co., removes from the world of American literature one of its best-known publishers. Mr. Houghton was admirably equipped for his position, not alone because he was an excellent business-man and a gentleman of fine literary taste, but because he was a practical printer. He entered a printing office when a mere lad, paid his way through college by working at the case, and as the outcome of his rare skill founded the well-known Riverside Press, whose imprint is an accepted testimonial as to the excellence of everything issued from that establishment. Mr. Houghton went into the publication business as the successor to J. R. Osgood & Co. of Boston, which firm was also the successor of Ticknor & Fields. The Atlantic Monthly was one of the assets. The list of publications by the house is not only long but of the highest excellence. The death of its venerable and respected head is a distinct loss to literature.

ATLANTA is beginning to learn that the roads to an exposition are not strewn with roses. The managers already have had a bull fight row, a Woman's Board squabble, and a musical rumpus, and now they are grappling with the Consolidated Street Car company, which proposes to double fares during the Exposition period, making a ten instead of a five cent rate. Curiously enough, unlike the managers of the Chicago Exposition, they have had no trouble with the steam roads, which have conceded the lowest passenger tariffs ever granted upon such an occasion. Unlike the Chicago cable and elevated roads, however, the Atlanta company has decided to double its fares as soon as the show opens. The managers are making a good fight with the car company and may induce it to rescind its action. In any event, whatever else may happen at Atlanta, the Exposition people should be consoled with the reflection that they have no John Boyd Thacher to deal with.

## THE CIVIL SERVICE LAW.

While it is true that those persons in the employ of the city who were appointed prior to Monday can be removed by Mayor Swift if he sees fit to do so, or can be removed by his successor for any reason, good or bad, yet, as Commissioner Clark has pointed out, they are given a greater measure of protection than they enjoyed under the old system. They cannot, like the more fortunate employés who have been appointed after having passed an examination, retain their places until charges which may be made against them have been sustained before the Civil Service Commission, but their liability to dismissal for political reasons is lessened greatly by the fact that their positions cannot be filled by the officer who removes them but through competitive examination, as provided by law.

Usually when Tom is dismissed it is in order to make a place for Dick. But since neither a Republican nor a Democratic officer can appoint Dick unless he happens to have passed an examination and to be at the head of the list of eligibles, the chances are that Tom will be left alone, provided he does his work fairly well and is not an "offensive partisan." Even a Democratic Mayor might not feel called on to proscribe Republican employés on account of their politics when at least half of their successors would be members of the same party. Nor would there be much pressure on such a Mayor to make removals. Aldermen and ward committeemen would not besiege his office and urge him to remove Republicans when they knew they could not be replaced by the kind of Democrats whom they would like to see appointed.

Since this will be the case, the city employés will, if they are wise, attend strictly to their business and not try to be politicians. The more they meddle in politics the more likely are they to become personally objectionable to the powers that be. The latter can then discover with great ease some valid reason for dismissing them. It is safe to assume that henceforth there will be very little partisanship in the municipal service, although as yet not a single man has been appointed after having passed a non-partisan examination.

While the provision of the law that there shall be no removal without a trial does not apply to the men appointed prior to yesterday, yet there are other protective provisions within the scope of which they come. For instance, the law says:

> No person shall solicit orally or by letter, or be in any manner concerned in soliciting, any assessment, contribution, or payment for any party, or any political purpose whatever, from any officer or employé in any department of the city government of any city which may adopt this act.
>
> No officer or employé of such city shall discharge or degrade or promote or in any manner change the official rank or compensation of any other officer or employé, or promise or threaten to do so, for giving or withholding or neglecting to make any contribution of money or other valuable thing for any party or political purpose, or for refusal or neglect to render any party or political service.

These provisions apply to all employés, no matter whether they have or have not passed an examination. If an attempt should be made next year or at any time to extort money for political purposes from a city employé appointed under the old system, for political reasons he would be protected by the law if his superior attempted to remove him. If an employé refuses to do political work for the party which is in power he cannot be molested because of his refusal. A person violating either of the above quoted sections can be fined in the event of conviction not over a thousand dollars and imprisoned not over six months, and in addition to that he is disqualified from holding any office for five years.

Thus, although Mayor Swift could dismiss tomorrow if he pleased all the men he has appointed, and although his successor can dismiss all of them who may be still in the city's employ when he is sworn in, the tenure of office of the present incumbents is much more permanent than it would have been had the civil service act not been passed. As long as they behave themselves and give good work for the good wages they receive no one is likely to molest them.

## THOSE "STUFFED PAY-ROLLS."

The local organ of the Democrats is making a ridiculous hullaballoo over what it is pleased to call "the stuffed pay-rolls." In the face of the fact that the Mayor has kept his ante-election promise to publish the pay-rolls, which argues a great deal in view of his predecessor's notorious reluctance to keep a similar promise; in the face of the further fact that the present pay-rolls, when compared with the Hopkins pay-rolls at their best, show a reduction all around, the Chronicle's cry of fraud and corruption is perfectly preposterous.

But that is by no means all. The organ's comparison of the last month's pay-rolls with the Hopkins pay-rolls is disingenuous. It brings forth a pay-roll made up before Hopkins got his hand in and became utterly reckless. If the Chronicle wanted to be fair it would publish the pay-roll for last October, when the Hopkins gang had stuffed it so full of deadwood like the O'Malleys and the O'Neills and the O'Sullivans that it could scarcely support the weight.

But the Chronicle's chicanery is useless. Everybody in Chicago who knows anything about the public service knows that the pay-rolls under Mayor Swift have been cut down almost to the danger line. There are no more men in the city's service than are absolutely necessary to the transaction of its business.

There is no man drawing a dozen salaries from as many pay-rolls for unperformed labor. There are no sinecure holders, for there are no sinecures. No man is shirking his work while he harangues the drunken loafers in the saloons. Of course, among the employés there are many men who have performed political service. But in no discovered case, and probably in no case, has political service without the qualifications for the performance of duty obtained an office. The politicians in official place are also capable of doing the work assigned them, and they are all doing their work expeditiously, correctly, and satisfactorily.

Between an army of employés so composed and so managed and an army of thugs and loafers and criminals like that which was made up and directed by John P. Hopkins there is all the difference in the world. The Republican Mayor and the Republican Civil Service Commission, operating under the civil service reform law passed by a Republican Legislature, may be depended upon to prevent any return to the Hopkins methods, which in one year robbed the City of Chicago of $728,000, paid to political heelers for work they never even made a pretense of performing.

## A SHORT PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.

A large percentage of the members of the Democratic National committee think a Presidential campaign of two months is long enough. A still larger percentage of the members of the Republican National committee are of the same opinion. These men are all active, keen-sighted politicians, who try to reflect public sentiment as accurately as possible. Therefore, when they say they prefer a short fight it means that they realize that is what their constituents want. These committeemen admit that they have perceived the growing aversion of the business classes of the community to a protracted political conflict. It is bad enough, in the opinion of merchants and manufacturers, to have their fall trade interfered with once every four years. They cannot see any necessity for beginning the contest in the summer and interfering with the trade of that season also.

Nobody who has anything to do favors a long campaign. Workingmen do not want one, nor do the farmers. Such a campaign is not needed, from an educational point of view. The people of this country are quite well informed as to the principles of the different political organizations. They are great readers of newspapers and they are fond of listening to speeches. It is a reflection on their itelligence to say that they cannot familiarize themselves in two months with the platforms of the parties and the merits of the candidates. If the election were to be held the day after the convention adjourned at least 90 per cent of the voters would mark their ballots just as they would the following November.

August is the month for holding national conventions, and it will be better to hold them in the last than in the first half of the month; or, the political party which is in power may hold its during the first two weeks and the other during the last two. The days are pleasant throughout August in Chicago, which has become the convention city, and the nights are always cool. The weather is generally more agreeable here in August than in June, which has been the convention month of late years.

That will leave two full months for campaign work—for "getting out the voters." That is time enough for either of the old and well-organized parties, each of which has the machinery at its command for beginning operations at once. A new third party, with whose principles the people are not thoroughly acquainted, may feel it necessary to get to work earlier in the year. Populists and 16 to 1 free silver cranks, who are talking all the time anyway, may favor early conventions, in the hope that they may be enabled to make more perverts, but established parties need no long campaigns, which necessitate the expenditure of vast and increasing sums of money without accomplishing any apparent results.

But some of the committeemen, while admitting the desirability of a short Presidential contest, raise this objection to the holding of a late convention in 1896: They say that the campaign will have to be managed by the National committee selected by the delegates to that convention, and that those committeemen will not have sufficient time in which to study the situation and make their plans for the impending contest. These objectors say that the policy of the new committee may differ from that of the old one, and that therefore the latter cannot be relied on to do any useful preliminary work.

This is a reflection on the energy and ability of American party managers. If they do not have a very fair idea of the situation after all the county, State, and national conventions have been held, and after they have had abundant opportunity for consultation with men familiar with the political condition of affairs in all sections of the country, then they are unfit for their places. The truth is that the work done during the summer by the National committees never has been of any special value. They may have printed and distributed documents, but the newspapers were doing more effective literary work before and after the committee began its labors. A committee always renders the most valuable service during the last month of the campaign. It does not find out generally till then where its weak spots or those of its opponent are.

It is most desirable that the Republican and Democratic National committees should agree on a short campaign. The constituents of each will indorse that policy. If both parties hold late conventions, then those inconveniences which committeemen speak of will affect both parties alike, and neither will be a special loser by the change. But if the experiment is tried it will be found there will be no trouble whatever. And if the committees, when they meet this winter, announce that the convention will not be held till August they will receive the thanks of every business-man, who, after two years of hard times, is looking forward despondently to six months of political perturbation next year.

## DRAINAGE TRUSTEE NOMINATIONS.

Within a month the party conventions will be held to nominate a full Board of Drainage Trustees to serve for five years from next December. The law provides that a voter may cast one vote for each of nine candidates or he may distribute his vote among not less than five-ninths of the candidates. Should he decide to support only five men he gives each of them a vote and four-fifths. This amounts to a limited minority representation, giving the majority party five members and the party which casts the next highest number of votes the other four. As there is no cumulating of votes on a smaller number of candidates than five a third party cannot hope to elect a member of the board. If a party had a heavy and certain majority it could concentrate its votes on six men and elect them, but if it were to nominate six and then were not to poll quite as large a vote as was expected the opposing party, though in the minority, might elect five Trustees.

The Republicans will nominate five men therefore. The Democrats will do the same, and whichever side polls the most votes will get the odd man. The Republicans will secure him without difficulty if they pick out strong candidates. Then the board will be more evenly divided politically than it has been for some years. There are at present six regular Democratic and two Republican Trustees.

Of the latter one should be nominated for reëlection by acclamation. The Republicans should deem themselves fortunate in being able to put the name of Bernard A. Eckhart on the official ballot. He deserves the hearty indorsement of the convention, for he has earned it by his valuable services. He has been the wheel horse of the board. His vote and voice have been always on the side of economy. He has labored to secure practical results and to avoid emptying the pockets of the taxpayers. It was owing largely to his quiet, intelligent work that the Legislature passed that amendatory law which has made the early completion of the drainage channel possible. He has a full knowledge of all that has been done and of all that remains to do and his services cannot be dispensed with.

The other Republican Trustee is ex-Mayor Boldenweck of Lake View. He, too, has made a good record, and if the delegates in the convention representing the German element in the party favor him and if he is willing to remain on the board there should be no opposition to his renomination. Other things being equal, it is not wise to drop a Republican who has experience and a satisfactory record to recommend him.

If Messrs. Eckhart and Boldenweck are renominated the convention will have to select the three best colleagues for them that it can. There is time enough during the next four weeks to consider and discuss the qualifications of numerous persons whose names may be suggested and to come to a conclusion as to their respective merits. There will be no difficulty about finding first-class men. Of their old members the Democrats doubtless will nominate Wenter and Kelly, and they may stop there and fill out their ticket with new men. But they cannot make up any list of names that will inspire the taxpayers with such a feeling of certainty that they will not be plundered or their contributions frittered away as will a list made up by a Republican convention headed by the name of B. A. Eckhart.

## JOHN BULL'S BLUFFS.

England is again playing its old trick with the United States. She has rarely had dealings with this country when she has not succeeded in carrying her point by a bluff. She bluffed a weak Democratic administration under Tyler out of a large strip of the State of Maine by the Ashburton treaty of 1842. She bluffed a Southern Democratic administration out of a huge strip of territory in the Northwest. In the campaign of 1844 the Democrats inscribed upon their banners the legend, "54.40 or Fight." They did not fight nor did they get 54.40. They backed down to a compromise on 49 as soon as they were in possession of the government, and with their tails between their legs allowed England to take the 5 4-10 degrees it claimed, thus surrendering to the British a large part of Vancouver Sound, all of the valuable island, 350 miles of Pacific Ocean front, and a territory east to the Rocky Mountains containing 175,000 square miles, or an area three times as great as that of Illinois.

In settling the fishery dispute with Canada the United States was bluffed again. It submitted to arbitration and allowed Belgium, selected by England as her factotum, to mulct this country in a $5,500,000 bill of damages, whereas from the standpoint of fair play it did not owe the Canucks a dollar. Learning nothing from this arbitration, the government was foolish enough to consent to an arbitration of the seal-shooting question, and an award was made of half a million dollars for stopping Canadian poachers from shooting our seals. What has been the result? Since that time the poachers have killed off most of the remaining herds, and in two or three years at farthest there will not be a seal left on the Pribylof Islands breeding grounds. When all that was lacking to save the seals was "sand" we were taken in and neatly done for. If there had been less Anglomania and more American self-respect, if we had stood by our rights, Great Britain would not have fired upon our seal cruisers. The first shot would have unsealed her hold upon Canada.

The latest bluff of England is an attempt to survey the United States out of the southern half of Alaska, and, if precedents are of any value as indications, she will succeed in this also, as the Anglomaniacs will probably insist upon the surrender of our claim, and this, too, although the boundary between Alaska and Canada has been a settled fact since 1841, that it was not disputed while Alaska belonged to Russia, and that the line is still on all the English maps as it is upon the American. The inducements for England to grab this slice of America are tempting. They include the most of the salmon fisheries, large mining properties, untouched forests, and cutting off the United States from any nearer coaling station than Puget Sound, while England has large coal fields in British Columbia. It is no wonder that she is again attempting her favorite game of bluff.

It is high time that this country should draw a line on these attempts of Great Britain to filch its territory. So far as Alaska is concerned, it must stand on the line drawn by Russia without Great Britain's objection. Let her be told in plain language that her bluffing, bullying, and land-grabbing will no longer be permitted, and then ask her what she is going to do about it. That is the kind of policy the people would like to see Secretary Olney inaugurate and the President indorse.

## INJUDICIOUS PROHIBITIONISTS AT HARVEY.

The well-meaning women of Harvey are evidently in need of wise counsel. In their enthusiasm for prohibition they are putting themselves in serious danger of alienating public sympathy.

Sunday, it is reported, seventy of them marched upon a saloon on the border of Harvey and took possession of it. They used no violence, but they crowded it so the proprietor was unable to transact business and then held an impromptu prayer meeting there. Naturally the saloonkeeper was greatly exasperated by these proceedings and before long he began hostilities. The result was not that which the visitors expected, for they were speedily put to flight and the saloonkeeper was master of the situation.

THE TRIBUNE sympathizes with the prohibitionists of Harvey in their desire to drive the saloons away from their town and heartily approves of their energetic efforts to satisfy it. But they should be warned against excess of zeal in even a good cause like this. They should be told that discretion is the better part of valor. They should understand that this is a community in which no body of persons, however praiseworthy their object, can be permitted to do the work that has been delegated to the officers of the law or to excite a riot.

If the prohibitionists are a majority of voters in Harvey they can secure and enforce a prohibition law by proper legal means. If such proper legal means fail them it is proof that they are not a majority. In that case there is nothing left for them but cheerful submission or removal. Under no circumstances is it wise to behave as the seventy women behaved Sunday. Aside from the injury to their own dignity and self-respect the women who engage in work of this kind are perfectly certain to imperil their own cause before the public.

Let the Harvey prohibitionists have patience. The courts will straighten the matter out. Yesterday Judge Gibbons ordered that the books of the Harvey Council be brought before him. The prohibitionists say the books will prove the Council's action in tolerance of saloons to have been illegal. If so the saloons will have to go. If not the prohibitionists will have to elect a new Council, if they can. But, whatever the books may show, there should be no repetition of the unpleasant scenes of Sunday.

LAST week the officeseekers besieged the Commissioner of Public Works, who had so large a share of the city patronage at his disposal, and did not leave him a minute he could call his own. Yesterday his office was deserted while that of the Civil Service Commissioners was thronged. Over a thousand persons who want to work for the city visited the new "powers that be" and asked for examination blanks. They were a better looking set of people on the whole than those who have been hanging around the City Hall for some time, and as they understand that they will have to depend on their merits alone they came unaccompanied by Aldermen, committeemen, or "influential citizens." They did not say that they belonged to clubs in wards which had not had their share of the offices. This is a gratifying change. Of course many of these eager candidates will fail to pass the examination. Those who do pass may have to wait some time before there are vacancies for them. But while city employés are not much given to resigning voluntarily, for most of them have easy work and good pay, yet the number of men on the pay-rolls is so great now that there will be places soon to be filled by men who have passed an examination. The persons who presented themselves at the office of the commission yesterday must not be discouraged if there is nothing for them to do at once. It is a good sign that there is such a rush of applicants. No matter how many vacancies there may be the commission soon will have on hand a list of competent men from which they can all be filled.

AT last Commissioner Ritter has come to the front with a broadside specific charge against President Healy. Commissioner Ritter says in his letter to the Flower committee:

> I specifically charge Daniel D. Healy, President of the County Board of Cook County, with willfully misusing his prerogatives as President of the board to obstruct investigation of gross irregularities at the insane asylum when his attention was formally called to them by myself and other members of the board. I charge him with deferring and postponing such investigation at least until such time as the evidences of such irregularities could be partially or completely obliterated.

Commissioner Ritter apparently has got down to the very bedrock where President Healy wished the investigation to go. Meanwhile, if President Healy has any further specific charges to make he should lose no time in doing so. As Mrs. Flower is to have an attorney to help her she will soon be able to attend to all the Commissioners who may be dragged up before her. Mrs. Flower is a smart, active, industrious woman, but she is only human. No able-bodied man even could keep up with this investigation of the County Board. The investigation of Dunning is a small matter compared with it. At the rate charges and counter-charges are flying about the board, from "the Mayor of the county" down, may yet be involved. Mrs. Flower has done well, but she cannot accomplish the impossible. The investigation has reached that point where she must have legal help. It bids fair to reach a point where some of the Commissioners themselves may need lawyers or possibly occupy the attention of a whole court.

PERSONS who have seen Candidate Hardin of Kentucky in his celebrated performance of having his attention called to one of Col. Watterson's editorials consider it one of his greatest acts.

THE New Orleans Times-Democrat prints a portrait of Postmaster Hesing in which his left whisker is nearly twice as large as the other and has a wavy appearance wholly unauthorized and misleading.

THE Harlem race-track gamblers also are saying some very bitter things about government by injunction.

IT was noticed that the supporters of Statesman Buck McCarthy of the Twenty-ninth Ward exhibited great bodily agility and endurance in their efforts to get on the city pay-roll before the civil service law went into effect.

OUT in Kansas the farmers are feeding tomatoes to the hogs and the merchants are buying canned tomatoes from the East. This is easier than building canneries of their own and the arrangement is believed to please the hogs better.

AFTER the returns are all in from the Ohio election next November Mr. Campbell will fall off several points as a Presidential candidate.

THE misery of it, Quay, is that they won't always stay bought.—Addicks.

INVESTIGATION by experts has shown that a further coming down will be necessary in the case of the Coliseum.

IT has been found that molasses mixed with sand makes a better pavement than asphalt. The popularity of this new paving material, however, will depend on the amount of sugar there is in it for the contractors.

IF Socialist Hardie comes to Chicago it will not be actually necessary for him to visit the slums. Socialist John Burns saw all that was to be seen of them. But it may be that Hardie will be moved by a chivalrous desire to confirm the stories of his fellow-Socialist.

THE Chinese side of the massacre story is that the killing was done by native bandits, who were hunting in the basements of the mission houses for concealed wealth. Not finding any, they took revenge on the missionaries. As shown by recent events in Chicago, there is nothing more exasperating and demoralizing than this searching for hidden bones.

I'D leave the State oftener, perhaps, and stay away longer, if it wasn't that I'm afraid the people haven't absolute confidence in Joe Gill.—Altgeld.

THE Illinois Central may depress its tracks, not necessarily as an act of submission, but to establish the principle that all the ground it occupies it owns clear down to the other side.

## IN A MINOR KEY.

### Always Catching.

Rivers (in the newspaper line)—"I don't know why it is, but I always yawn when I'm writing."

Banks (in the same line)—"That's caused by involuntary sympathy with your readers."

### Infantile Thirst for Knowledge.

"Mamma, what day is this?"
"This is Friday, dear."
"Where's Sunday?"
"Sunday is still in the future."
"How did it get there?"
"I mean it hasn't come yet."
"It hasn't? What's keeping it?"
"Why, dear, it can't come till it's time for it."
"How does it know when it's time for it?"
"Don't bother me, Katie."
"Mamma, what's Sunday doing, anyhow?"

### From the Wrath to Come.

"John," called out Mrs. Billus, "are you coming out to dinner?"

"In a moment," answered Mr. Billus, from the next room. "But I'm going to pull this porous plaster off my back first."

"Children," said Mrs. Billus, hurriedly, "run out and play a little while!"

### Sometimes Affects Typewriter Girls.

Miss Stenogg—"Ever have writer's cramp?"

Miss Flickpiack—"Often. It always takes me in the jaw."

"In the jaw? I never heard of such a thing."

"I always chew gum when I'm at work."

## PERSONALS.

Yachting costs William K. Vanderbilt $160,000 a year.

The Marquis Feri Beyros, the artist, is to marry Miss Alice Strauss, daughter of the famous musician.

John D. Rockefeller Jr., although only 21 years of age, relieves his father of most of the cares of his great business.

A movement has been started in the South to erect a monument to the memory of Anne Lee Carter, the mother of Gen. Robert E. Lee.

M. Janssen recently informed the French Academy of Sciences that he had determined the existence of water vapor in the planet Mars by means of the spectroscope.

A full-blooded Cherokee Indian, named Wahoochee, is holding Christian revival services at Thomasville, Ga., and drawing immense crowds. He is said to be a very successful evangelist.

Controller and Mrs. Eckels of Washington will sail for Europe this week, to remain until October. They will spend a week in London, a week in Paris, and two weeks in Switzerland.

Minister Kurino, representing his Majesty the Emperor of Japan, has arrived at the City of Mexico, accompanied by his Secretary of the Legation. The Minister is a graduate of Yale. It is believed that very close relations will be established between Mexico and Japan, which has projects on foot for colonizing a large number of Japanese in Mexico.

# OLDER WOMEN REIGN.

## POPULARITY OF THE YOUNG MATRONS AND GIRLS WANING.

**All Homages Seem to Turn Toward the Woman Who Has Left the Fateful Age of Thirty Far Behind Her—Stage, Fiction, and Society Heroines Recruited from the Ranks of Veteran Mondaines—Modernized Young Woman of France Not a Success.**

The reign of the young girl, and even that of the young matron, is, to all intents and purposes, at an end, for today all homages seem to turn toward the woman who has left the fateful age of 30 behind her! Heroines, both on the stage and in novels, are recruited from the ranks of veteran mondaines, and in society we can daily witness the amazing successes of the "ripe" coquette. Mme. la Comtesse de Martel, the witty novelist, better known under the pen name of Gyp, is responsible for this rather unexpected turn of affairs in a great measure. The vogue of her delightful novelettes is undeniable, and so is the influence created by them on all classes of society; and, considering that the exquisite type of Parisienne which she so cleverly describes in every one of her books is invariably that of a woman between 30 and 40, one can hardly be surprised that we who have, unfortunately, lost the first bloom of youth should have found in her works an incentive to maintain our supremacy on the social battlefield. I may add—and this without an atom of sarcastic intention—that Gyp is herself one of these charming instances of a "grande dame" who, although the mother of grown-up sons, is still, both in appearance, in manner, and also in thought and deed, thoroughly young and "séduisante." Moreover, she is by no means the only writer who adopts as the principal "character" of her books that of a woman past 30. Henry Greville, in "Un Vieux Ménage," depicts admirably the extreme fascination which can be exercised by a woman of 36, even after twenty years of the wear and tear of married life. All this is very consoling to a number of us, and I, for one, do not see—perhaps for the very same motive as Gyp does—why it is absolutely necessary to be an ingenue in order to be a pleasure to the eye and mind of the world in general.

Here in Paris the example of the emancipated English maiden and that of the pretty independent American "Miss" has for some time past been feebly followed by some of our young girls, much to the indignation of staid old matrons, and greatly to the delight of the masculine element; hence the importation into our midst of the bicycling young lady, the tennis-playing young lady, the amateur-actress young lady, and even the cricketing young lady, but either our "demoiselles" do not know yet how to make the best of this relaxation of the cast-iron rules which have held them bound for so many centuries past, or then it is because it takes more than a few years to so completely change the views and habits of a whole population, for the fact remains that the "too modernized young lady" did not take in France, and that even the men soon became tired of this fin-de-siècle innovation. The healthful sports remain for both young and old, but the preference accorded to very youthful unmarried women is, as I remarked before, decidedly on the wane.—Paris Letter in Vogue.

### Fall Fashion for the Fair.

We are already beginning to talk of the future. The forthcoming fashions in millinery show us that a great deal of chenille will be worn, treated as a sort of embroidery, the long stitches laid side by side so that they form a solid, velvet-like surface. I have seen a Paris bonnet, or rather a foundation for a bonnet, which is a good illustration of what the modes are to be. The foundation was a pointed coif covered with a leaf pattern in two tones of shot chenille with wired leaves at either side like Mercury's wings, standing out as they do to the left and right of the god's helmet.

Pressed maidenhair fern is much used on hats and bonnets. Of course, it is natural looking, for it is the actual leaf, and it is so admirably pressed that it is likely to last for some time. There is a new way of arranging wings at either side of the sailor hats. They stand up, surrounded by kilt-plaited chiffon, growing out of them as it were. Honeysuckle is a favorite flower for the present, and a good deal of the durable crinoline lace is used in black and spangled with jet.

Crêpons have only begun their career, it would seem, but the latest novelty in make we shall be using during the winter, and which is now only finding its way into the leading wholesale houses in Paris and London, is very silky, the groundwork recalling the Gismonda silk, while the surface is like corrugated iron; but it is solid as far as the indentations are concerned; the back of the material is plain. It gives richness and firmness, and it is not expensive, but superior in its character to the thin fabric we have been wearing all the summer through. The stripes are often irregular, some wide and some narrow, while crimped effects are introduced also with the stripes, and some of the new crêpons with satin stripings recall the Algerian stuffs which have found so much favor. Winter gowns made in these will be handsome, and doubtless worn with brocaded and velvet bodices, for this fashion for distinct bodices seems likely to remain with us.

Another new crêpon, the Bamboo, has the design in color growing out, as it were, from the black foundation. It is a continuous pattern, not floral, but representing rather the effect of patches of water spilt on a highly polished surface, having, in fact, no definite form. This looks well in green on black, in red on black, and in white on black, for black and white will continue to be a favorite mixture.—The London Queen.

### Comforts for Summer Wanderers.

When one leaves one's city home and goes to mountain or seashore for a long stay in hotel or boarding house, it is well to take a trunk with certain comforts which are sadly missed when left behind. A flask for brandy or whisky is a necessity, as many an hour of suffering may be saved by the timely use of one or the other of these stimulants. Then the hot-water bag, so useful and efficacious, and absolutely saving of doctors' visits, is another essential. A lap rug and a pillow or two, with covers of embroidered linen that wash, will be found most useful and comfortable. Hours of delight may be passed on the beach if one is provided with a rug, some cushions, and a big umbrella of blue or red cotton. Without these comforts rest and enjoyment on the sands are impossible. A poorly furnished hotel bedchamber takes on a homelike and cozy look by the addition of neat linen pillow shams and pretty linen bureau and washstand covers. These, with a few photographs in canvas frames and pretty dressing table necessaries, will transform such a room into a habitable and pleasant resting place. We cannot all have cottages in the country, but we can make our temporary quarters comfortable, and sometimes pretty, by a little attention to such details. The luxurious bathrooms in our city houses are not always found in country hotels or boarding houses, and the "sponge" bath in one's room must be substituted. For this purpose the economical woman advises the use of bath mittens, which are slipped on the hands, and when dipped in the water and rubbed with soap are far more comfortable to use than either sponge or wash cloth. These mittens are sold in the shops, but any one may make them at a much less cost by cutting them out of Turkish toweling, which comes by the yard, and binding them with white tape. Ecru toweling is the best to use. There are no thumbs in the mittens, and the shape is merely a long oval cut straight at one end, and of a size to suit the hand.—Vogue.

### Pretty Trimmings for Bodices.

Lace, ribbon, and bead decorations are all noted on the bodices, while empire capes, epaulettes, Vandyke arrangements and various other designs are shown for their adornment. As bead trimmings are quite expensive it is well to know that there may be gotten, in the large shops, strings of beads and spangles to be applied to ribbon or piece material, so that the economical woman may form a fashionable garniture without spending much money. Satin ribbon is more generally seen than either velvet or grosgrain, and the reasons for its popularity are not only that it ties easier, but that it contrasts more effectively with the fabric proper. Stripes and plaids in silk are fancied for plain bodices, while if a plain color is used it is given an elaborate air by its trimming. Cotton blouses frequently have a double ruffle down the front, for their only trimming, as it is conceded to be in the best taste to develop them simply, says Isabelle A. Mallon in the Ladies' Home Journal.

A very pretty bodice made of white silk has decorations of black satin and butter-colored lace. The bodice is fitted to the figure by being draped over a well-shaped lining. The deep cape collar is of rich black satin cut to achieve a decided point in the back, one on each shoulder and two in front. The lace is a pointed pattern and each point is cut out and fitted on the collar separately after being spangled with black jet. A fine beading of jet is the edge finish. The stock is a folded one of black satin with small flowers of the lace appliquéd upon it at regular distances, while a rosette of satin is at each side of the front. The full sleeves shape in at the elbows and have for a finish black satin cuffs, each being shaped in three points on the upper side, and having lace points, after the fashion of those on the cape collar, fitted on them. The belt is a folded one of black satin with two rosettes at each side of the front.

A bodice like this can be worn with almost any skirt, but it will be found to look best either with a black or white one. Speaking of spangling decorations suggests a very elaborate looking but very simple trimming noted on another bodice. It is of lettuce-green silk draped to fit and has for its decoration five strips of dark blue satin ribbon varying in length falling over the front. Iridescent spangles are sewed so thickly on these ribbon strips that one scarcely realizes at first whether they are blue or green.

### Animal Vision.

There is little positive evidence that the larger quadrupeds, oxen, deer, the felidæ, or dogs, have much sense of color; and their power of vision in its wider sense varies so greatly in different species as to suggest that the mental factor in sight is often so little exerted for the main purpose of discerning objects as to leave its more specialized use for distinguishing color very imperfectly developed. Domestic animals which see bright colors other than green in large masses more frequently than wild ones might be supposed to exhibit the consciousness of such differences in the most pronounced way. Yet it is next to impossible to cite an instance in which a dog exhibits curiosity as to color or identifies an object by its hue.

The writer has seen a setter refuse to retrieve a black rabbit because it apparently thought its master had shot a black cat. But a house-living dog shows no preference for a red carpet or rug over a blue or variegated one, and expresses no surprise or curiosity whether his master wears a red uniform or a black evening suit. Domestic cattle are so far affected by violent contrast of white and dark that the presence of a black, white, or very clearly spotted animal in the herd sometimes results in calves being thrown of the same color or markings. But, though red is said to irritate a bull and to excite hunters by association of ideas, the latter statement rests partly on surmise. They are equally excited by the sound or sight of hounds or of a number of riders, whatever the color of their coats. None of the cats, whether wild or tame, shows any partiality for bright hues; and among all the stratagems used from time immemorial by hunters the use of color as a lure for quadrupeds is notably absent.—The Spectator.

### Hints for Campers.

An experienced camper, says Household News, recommends a sleeping bag, made by folding a single colored blanket, doubling it lengthwise, and sewing across one end and two-thirds the way up the long edges. A similar bag of cotton sheeting may be used inside the outer. In warm weather the latter may sometimes be used alone. The advantage of such protection against ants and other insects is obvious. An air pillow and cushion that can be inflated at pleasure are comfortable and light. Plates should be of wood and plentifully provided, to be thrown away after each meal. Canned provisions come in such variety that, if there is strength in the party to carry them, there can be a sufficient change of food. Out-of-door life will provide such sauces and appetites as are beyond description.

This outfit is suitable for those longer excursions that are indulged in more seldom by women than by men. It will give vigor, strength, and new and rich experiences to those who dare to try camping out. With any sort of caution there will seldom be colds taken, even by weaklings. In fact, for those suffering with disorders of the respiratory organs there is nothing so efficacious. Without the advice of a competent physician, however, it should not be undertaken. Along the shores of our lakes and rivers the happy army of campers is yearly increasing in numbers. Sensible people are among them, those who can override petty discomforts, while they unconsciously grow to be hardy, jolly lovers of nature.

### Care of Brushes and Combs.

The best kind of comb to use is one made of ivory, fine vulcanite, or celluloid. Metal combs frequently spoil the hair, and it is a mistake to use very fine combs, for, unless carefully used, they strain and break the hair. The hair brush should be made of fine, white bristles of medium length and not too soft.

After using a hair brush it should be combed through in order to remove all the hair and fluff, then wiped with a soft towel, and put away in a covered case or drawer, where the dust cannot reach it.

Brushes and combs should be washed when necessary in warm water, to which a teaspoonful of washing ammonia is added. Brushes must be washed quickly, rinsed in clean, warm water, and dried in the open air. Care should be taken to put the handle and back of the brush in the water as little as possible, for in the case of wooden brushes this often warps the wood. Combs should be washed quickly and dried on a soft cloth. Before being washed they should be thoroughly brushed and cleaned with a small nail or tooth brush and all hairs removed from between the teeth.

Brushes with ivory and silver handles and backs that might be injured with washing may be cleaned by brushing the bristles carefully, then dipping them into alcohol, and wiping them several times.—Home Notes.

### No Antidote for Snake Bites.

The annual death roll in India due to snake-bite is of such serious dimensions that the government has for many years done what it could to arrest the scourge. The reward for snakes' heads may be said to have failed, for there is more than a suspicion that the wily natives have been breeding snakes for the sole purpose of decapitation. Antidotes have also failed, although the virtues of one or the other remedy have been from time to time believed in and extolled.

Among the more recent of these have been strychnine, permanganate of potash, and gold chloride. These remedies have recently formed the subject of experiments by chemists acting for the Government of India, with almost negative results. It is true that both the potash and the gold salts in attenuated solutions, when mingled with snake venom previous to injection into an animal, render the poison inert, but neither remedy has any effect when injected after the entrance of the venom. Neither of them can, therefore, be regarded as an antidote.—Chambers' Journal.

### Old English Coal Records.

There is a record, dated 852, of the receipt of twelve cartloads of fossil coal at the Abbey of Peterborough; and this was, assuredly, not the first case of production and delivery.

The deeds of the Bishopric of Durham contain records of grants of land to colliers as far back as 1180 in various parts of the county. In the year 1239 a charter was granted by Henry III. to the freemen of Newcastle-on-Tyne to dig coal in the fields belonging to the castle, and it was in or about this year that coal was first sent to London. Very early in the fourteenth century evidence abounds of a large consumption of coal by smiths, brewers, and others. Already the smoke nuisance appeared and a commission of Edward I. levied fines to prevent it.

Another charter or license was granted to the freemen of Newcastle in Edward III.'s time to work coal within the town walls; and in the year 1367 coal began to be worked at Winlaton, in the neighborhood where George Stephenson was to evolve the locomotive 400 years later while himself a worker at the coal pits.—All the Year Round.

### Chautauqua Woman's Club.

It has been reported that the Chautauqua Woman's club is an organization that has sprung into existence this summer. On the contrary, it is eight years old. It was founded that length of time ago by Mrs. Emily Huntington Miller. Mrs. Miller is still deeply interested in this and her other work in the Chautauqua Assembly, which has covered a space of over fifteen years. Of the Womans club she says: "It is more popular this season than ever. We have sixty members, and this number will doubtless be increased to 100 before the assembly is over. We consider three things in which women are interested: Home-making, civic questions, and religious work. A membership fee of 25 cents is charged, which is used to purchase reference books on topics such as are discussed in the meetings and in which women are especially interested. This library will soon be housed in Higgins Hall, the handsome building erected by Senator Higgins of Olean and Mrs. F. Smith of New York in memory of their father, the late O. T. Higgins.—New York Times.

# HEALY IN A NEW ROLE.

## WILL GIVE KECK BRIBERY EVIDENCE TO A GRAND JURY.

**President of the County Board Thinks the Investigating Committee Has Not Enough Power, Therefore He Goes to the Fountain Head—What He Has Handed Over to Assistant State's-Attorney—Keck Tells About His Alleged Offer to Pay to Get Out of His Contract.**

President Healy of the County Board has decided to withdraw his charges of bribery against Meat Contractor William S. Keck, now filed with the subcommittee on specific charges of abuse and mismanagement of county institutions, and to submit them to the September grand jury. Healy says the committee has no real power, and its proceedings so far as the punishment of guilty persons is concerned are without effect. He further asserts that the time for action in the prosecution of men charged with dishonesty has arrived and he is willing to start the game.

Early yesterday morning Mr. Healy had a long conference with Assistant Attorney Bottum, in which the request for a special grand jury was renewed. A mass of evidence, including the envelopes containing the bribe money alleged to have been paid by Contractor Keck to Miles W. Evans, the butcher at Dunning, was discussed with Mr. Bottum, who decided it was strong enough, if properly identified by competent witnesses, to secure an indictment. In the absence of Mr. Kern, who has been wired to return to Chicago at once, Mr. Bottum declined to call a special grand jury, but agreed to submit the matter to the regular September body, which will be convened a week from next Monday. Among the envelopes which Healy is ready to turn over to Mr. Bottum are three containing $5 each, which money, it is asserted, was paid to Evans on three different occasions by Keck, who supposed he had made a safe compact with him to receive bad meats on the Dunning contract. Evans, Healy explains, was working under his instructions delivered through Supt. Morgan, when he accepted this money from Keck. It was the intention to still further trap the contractor by having him make similar payments to the meat inspector at Dunning, but this part of the program fell through.

**Keck's Scheme to Draw Out.**

Some time ago Healy was visited by a man who said he represented Contractor Keck, who, it was explained, did not like the idea of a grand jury investigation and was not particularly anxious to have even the committee inquiry go on. He was willing, therefore, to withdraw his end of the charges and make the county a present of $2,000 if Healy would cancel the meat contract now held by Keck, dismiss Evans, the butcher, and notify the State's Attorney no further action would be taken. This proposition was rejected by Healy, and yesterday afternoon Keck went before the committee with his witnesses and told the story of how Evans had attempted to extort money from him.

According to Healy there are good reasons why Keck should want his contract annulled, and equally as good reasons why the County Board should insist upon its being carried out to the letter. This contract, it is alleged, was made at a price far below the market. It calls for the delivery of good meats at prices which insure loss to the man who lives up to the specifications, and was made, Healy asserts, in the expectation that county employés could be "induced" to accept bad meats, just as they did under the régime of Supt. Nash. To cancel this contract would entail a great loss upon the county, and Healy announces that he does not intend to permit this to be done. He says he will insist upon good meats being delivered at Dunning at the contract price, and the only way in which Keck can get out of it is to voluntarily stop delivery and make full payment of his bond of $5,000.

Keck admits that propositions for a dropping of the inquiry have been made, but insists they came to him from Commissioner Kunstman, who thinks that the inquiry has gone far enough. Keck further says it would be worth $2,000 to him to get out of the Dunning contract, and that some time ago he offered to pay this amount of money into the county treasury if the board would release him from his bargain. It was declined, and he has no new proposition to make. Keck intimates efforts are being made to smother the investigation in the interest of other persons who might be seriously affected if the full truth was brought out. Just what the plan of action is he does not know, but insists that Kunstman is engineering the deal.

**Civic Federation Interests.**

Mrs. Flower, Chairman of the subcommittee, must have heard something to arouse her suspicions, for just before the session began yesterday afternoon she sent to Secretary Easley of the Civic Federation a request that an attorney be secured to assist her in the questioning of witnesses, and W. D. Washburn, a member of the federation, responded and took charge of this part of the work.

The afternoon was productive of one surprise and that was the friendly manner in which Healy and Struckman conferred on the questioning of Keck's witnesses. In the beginning of the session Mrs. Flower had ruled that questions could be put only by members of the committee, the principals involved in the charges, or their legal representatives. Mr. Healy was interested in proving that the meats rejected by Evans were bad and he chose Commissioner Struckman as his mouthpiece in the cross-examination of Keck's witnesses. This attracted considerable attention at the time, as the men had been fighting one another, and when, after adjournment, they held a conference the question at once went around: "What kind of a deal has been patched up between Healy and Struckman?" All that either of them would say was that it was for their interest to work together on the one point of showing that Evans did right in rejecting the meat and that they did not intend to let personal differences on other matters keep them apart.

**Keck and His Testimony.**

The position taken by Keck and Attorney O'Donnell was a queer one. They had charged Evans with soliciting bribes, but in only one instance did they offer any evidence on this point, and that was when Keck testified that Evans had told him he would have no trouble with his meats "if he would do something for the boys." All their effort was centered on making the committee understand that the meats rejected by Evans were good and fully up to specifications. All of the evidence for the complainant was submitted yesterday afternoon, and the committee adjourned to meet today at 2 p. m., the session to continue until 5 o'clock.

It is President Healy's intention when he is called upon by the committee to produce his witnesses against Keck to formally withdraw his charges and make public announcement of the fact that he has placed the matter in the hands of the grand jury.

## FEMALE PATIENTS ALL INSPECTED.

**Dr. Hunt and Miss Jane Addams Complete Their Hard Task at Dunning.**

The inspection of the female patients at Dunning was completed yesterday. Out of over 500 patients not one has been allowed to escape the inspection not properly accounted for. Dr. Hunt's familiarity with the institution, having been resident physician there for four years, facilitated matters somewhat. But owing to the unwillingness of many of the women to submit to the examination the work has been arduous and slow.

"I deplore exceedingly," said Dr. Hunt, "the necessity of such a proceeding. It is injurious to patients in a nervous condition. All the short time in which we had to work it was necessary to go at a patient without explaining the situation. But the public will be better satisfied now it is over. Out of all the patients examined there was not a single case in which suspicion pointed to the attendant. We have found surprisingly few bruises, considering the class of people examined. The general condition of the patients I find remarkably good. They are well nourished and well cared for. They have plenty of good food. The wards are clean and the clothing of the patients and the bedding are clean. There is much lack of system in the hospital's management, due, we think, to the frequent changes of help and the spoils system. The institution has not progressed with the times and there is much need of more modern methods and appliances. Inmates are being crowded in from the other State institutions and there is not room enough for them. In almost every ward we find patients sleeping in the halls. Their sitting rooms have been utilized as dormitories; and when the winter days come on they will have to sit in the halls, which, being in the center of the wards, are dark. There have not been new attendants provided in proportion to the increase of inmates. The attendants are overworked. Their hours are too long—from 5:30 in the morning to 8:30 at night. There is need of an increased medical force. In fact the whole establishment needs rehabilitating."

Miss Addams, with Commissioner Beer, spent part of the day yesterday in looking into the condition of the children in the poorhouse.

"I find," said Miss Addams, "a number of children growing up there who ought to be in industrial schools. From insufficient room these are crowded in with men, a condition which ought not to exist under any circumstance. In the hospital ward I find many feeble-minded children who ought to be at the Home for Feeble-Minded Children at Lincoln. In the ward provided for imbeciles that of the boys is wholly unfit. It is a basement ward and is dreary and dark. There are about twelve boys there. They have no paid attendant, but are looked after by one of the paupers and by one another. The room is near the boilers and is hot and poorly ventilated."

## TELL OF THE ALLEGED BRIBERY CASE

**Witnesses Testify in Regard to Contractor Keck and His Charges.**

When the meeting of the Subcommittee on Specific Charges of Abuse and Mismanagement was called to order by Mrs. Flower yesterday afternoon the following communication from Commissioner John Ritter was read:

Chicago, Aug. 26, 1895.—To the Committee of Investigation of Specific Charges—Ladies and Gentlemen: In view of the fact that the investigation now in progress may be hampered by lack of a legal trained mind capable of forming and suggesting questions that may be of legal value in the outlines of this investigation, I beg to submit the following proposition: That an attorney of prominence at the bar of Cook County shall be engaged to assist your committee in this investigation; that such attorney be the spokesman of the chairman of this committee in the matter of discovering evidence by oral testimonev; that the ruling of such attorney of the admissibility or competency of testimony submitted be accepted as the rulings of this committee, and towards the expense of such legal assistance I beg to subscribe the sum of $50 and to suggest that the remainder of this attorney fee be subscribed either by the members of the Cook County Board individually or by the Civic Federation of Chicago.

JOHN RITTER.

Necessity for action was removed by the announcement by Mrs. Flower that she had received word from the Civic Federation that W. D. Washburn was to be sent to render any assistance that was required, and Mr. Ritter withdrew the suggestion.

The first witness examined was J. M. Johnson, bookkeeper for Meat Contractor Keck, who, having been sworn by Commissioner Struckman, testified as follows under the questioning of Attorney O'Donnell, who represents Mr. Keck:

Q.—Do you know a man named Miles W. Evans, the butcher at Dunning? A.—I do.

Q.—Did you see Mr. Evans at Mr. Keck's place of business in the last two or three months? A.—I did. Near the 29th of June or the 1st of July, at 6:30 p. m.

Q.—Will you state to the committee what this Mr. Evans said, what was said by you, and what was said by any other persons present on that time? A.—Mr. Evans came there about 6:30 in the evening; comes in and inquires for Mr. Keck. Mr. Worst, our manager, informed him that Mr. Keck had gone home. He then explained that he was Mr. Evans, the butcher at the Dunning institution, and said he would have liked to have seen Mr. Keck, as he wished to buy some things before he returned to Dunning and was shortof money, and then he asked us, Mr. Worst and myself, if we could lend him some money—$5. Mr. Worst told him that he would lend him $5 of his own money, got out a $5 bill and gave it to him.

Mrs. Flower—Had you ever known him at any other time? A.—I have met him once since that time.

Q.—Did he ask anything from you then? A.—He did.

Mr. O'Donnell—Now, when was the next time that you saw Evans? A.—Mr. Evans called July 18, about 6:30.

Q.—State what occurred then, what was said? A.—Mr. Worst and myself were sitting outside the market waiting for our wagon to come from Dunning. We had been telephoned during the day that some meats were to be returned, and we were waiting to place them in the locker before we locked the market. About the time our wagon backed up Mr. Evans appeared and says, "Gentlemen, don't blame me for them meats returned; I didn't do it; the inspector returned them, and I don't think he understands his business, because he returned a nice veal that weighed 130 pounds when the specifications only called for 125 pounds."

Q.—What else was said then? A.—He also went ahead and said from that time he intended to try and get that inspector out of there.

Q.—Was there anything said about money then? A.—After that conversation he wanted to know if we could give him some money that evening. Mr. Worst, our manager, stated to him that he had been instructed by Mr. Keck to not give or borrow or loan any money to any of the employés at the county institutions.

Q.—What was said then by Evans, if anything? A.—He said that if he could have a little money now and then that things would run much smoother with us at Dunning.

Q.—What was the condition of those meats returned, Mr. Johnson? A.—They looked to be good.

Q.—You had seen them before in the morning. Are you sure they were the same meats? A.—They were the same meats.

Mrs. Flower—Was this money that was loaned to Mr. Evans ever returned to you? A.—It never was returned to me or Mr. Worst that I know of.

Q.—Do I understand you correctly that only one loan was made? A.—That was all.

Q.—But a second one was asked for? A.—A second one was asked for and refused.

**Mr. Worst Testifies.**

Louis A. Worst, foreman for Mr. Keck, was next sworn and testified as follows:

Q.—Do you know Miles W. Evans? A.—Yes, sir, I do.

Q.—Did Mr. Evans call at the place of business of Mr. William Keck? A.—Yes, sir. It was the latter part of June or the beginning of July. [Here Mr. Worst corroborated the testimony given by Mr. Johnson about Evans asking them for money and getting $5, and also as to his second visit, when Evans laid blame for the rejection of certain meats on the inspector at Dunning.]

Q.—What kind of beef was it they returned from Dunning? A.—Fresh heifer beef in as good condition as it possibly could be after being hauled out there.

Q.—Were all those meats within the contract? A.—Yes, sir; all of them.

Mrs. Flower—Do you know of any meat that has been returned since January on account of not being up to the specifications? A.—I don't know of any that was not up to the specifications.

Q.—Have any been returned? A.—O, yes; quite a lot.

Q.—How much has been sent back that you know of? A.—Well, they sent back part of every load for about fifteen months. Either the ham was too small, or something of that kind.

Q.—Then this sending back on the 18th of July was not the only time meat had been rejected? A.—It was the first time a lot of meat had been rejected.

Q.—Do you supply any other large institutions in large quantities? A.—Hotels like the Lakota, Metropole, Sherman House, Clifton House, Leland Hotel, the Fair, and we supplied the Grand Pacific until the day it closed.

Q.—Did any of these hotels ever send meat back? A.—Occasionally a piece of meat comes back.

Lawyer O'Donnell—These pork sausages that were sent back, what did you do with them? A.—I sold some to our general trade, and ninety pounds I sent to the Cook County Hospital, and they were accepted by the inspector.

Mrs. Flower—Do they have an inspector at Dunning apart from the butcher? A.—Well, there is an inspector there, but I believe he wasn't out there last Thursday. The butcher, Evans, returned the meats. The inspector, I believe, wasn't out there at all.

**Wagon-Driver Bernhardt's Story.**

Jacob Bernhart, wagon driver for Mr. Keck, was the next witness. He told about driving a load of meat out to Dunning Thursday last and of its rejection by Evans.

**Mr. Keck on the Stand.**

Contractor William S. Keck next told of how he had been summoned to Dunning last Thursday to find that Butcher Evans had rejected most of the meats sent there that day.

Q.—What did you do? A.—I asked him what is the matter with that meat? "Why," he said, "it ain't up to the specifications." He said there was only one straight heifer there and the others are cows. I says: "It's no such thing. They are heifers." Then I says: "What is the matter with that veal?" "Why," he says, "that veal is rotten. It smells." "Well," I says, "I think you are wrong there, my friend." And I took a knife and cut a piece out and I gave it to the reporters to smell. Mr. Ritter was there, and I gave him the meat to smell, and they all thought the meat was nice.

Q.—Now state to the committee the trouble you have had with Evans about hauling your meat there. A.—O, I had lots of trouble.

Q.—Tell the committee about that fully. A.—They always said the meat wasn't good, and this was the cause of it, and that was the trouble, and they sent hams back. I had the hams inspected by first-class butchers. They always sent something back as soon as he was there and had something to say.

Q.—Did Evans say anything to you about money? State to the committee what he said, if anything. A.—He caught me in the office one time when the inspector was there himself. There was a new inspector come—Mr. Phillips was away then and there was a new inspector, and they called me out. Evans, he says: "The inspector ain't here and we dare not take that meat in." I says, "Why?" He says: "The meat is good, but my orders are that I darsent take any meat in unless the inspector is here." I says: "That is funny. Why ain't the inspector here?" "Why," he says, "he missed the train." We talked about it and Evans called me in the ice-house and says to me: "Keck, you have got lots of trouble; you can prevent that trouble. All you have got to do is to be a good man and come up with something, and I can fix that. Them inspectors don't know anything and the meat is all No. 1, but of course this time I darsent take it in, because I got strict orders not to take it in if the inspectors ain't there. "Well," I says, "I don't do that kind of business. I am too long in the business." I had to wait until the inspector came, and he took every pound of meat in and said it was good.

Mrs. Flower—Did you give this man Evans any money? A.—I never gave him anything but a quarter. Once he says: "You are a —— of a fellow." Says I: "What do you want?" "Well," says he, "treat once." "Well," says I, "take a piece," and I throwed it to him. Says I: "That is all the money I have got with me."

Q.—That is all the money you ever gave Evans? A.—That is all the money I gave him.

Q.—Did you give Mr. Evans, or any person connected with any of the county institutions, any money to take your meat? A.—No, sir; never, never; never was asked for money.

Q.—Did you ever make any remonstrance to Mr. Evans for sending back this meat without cause? A.—I did. When I was out there that time he says: "It ain't my fault often. Once in a while it is my fault; but then again it is the inspector's fault." But then he says: "I can fix that for you if you would only do what is right with us." He says: "The inspector don't know much; I can fix that all right."

Q.—Mr. Worst and Mr. Johnson testified in regard to a loan of $5 which one of them made to Mr. Evans. What, if anything, did either of them ever say to you about that loan? A.—Well, they told me a few days afterwards when I came home in the evening that Mr. Evans was here and wanted $5 from me. I said: "What did you do that for?" He said: "I thought it would be all right because he was in town and wanted to buy something, and I thought it would be all right." "Well," I said, "you have no business to monkey with those fellows. You know what trouble they can make. Never do it again. You know how it is. They will turn around if anything happens. Don't never have anything to do with them any more."

Mr. O'Donnell—Did you notify the County Board as to sending an inspector to your shops to inspect these meats before they were sent out? A.—I sent them a letter addressed to the County Board telling them that it was a very bad job to take the meat out to Dunning, such a great distance, during hot weather, and then have to take it back again, and that they should send an inspector to my place and have the meat inspected before going out there; that it would save us lots of trouble on both sides; and that they might be sure that I had sent the meat which had been inspected they should have a stamp made of their own and stamp every quarter of beef, and I would have it made at my expense.

Q.—Did you ever have any response to that letter? A.—No, sir.

**Reporters on the Stand.**

Two newspaper reporters who were present at Dnuning last Thursday when Evans rejected the meat in question told of the incident and described an inspection of the meat. One of them said it was good and the other said it looked good.

**What Commissioner Ritter Saw.**

County Commissioner John Ritter said he was present at Dunning Thursday when a lot of meats that had been sent by Mr. Keck were rejected. Mr. Ritter went over the same ground as the previous witnesses and said the meat was evidently good.

**Stewart Says the Meat Was Good.**

Charles Stewart, manager of the G. H. Hammond company, No. 285 South Water street, was next called.

Q.—Did you see the meats that were returned from Dunning? A.—I saw the meat that was said was returned from Dunning.

Q.—Will you tell the committee what kind of meat it was and whether it was healthy and fresh meat? A.—The meats were very fine. The beef especially was very fine and a great deal better than I supposed the county used. I did not have any idea that they had as good meat out there as I saw there in his box.

**Dealer Waller Testifies.**

William L. Wallen, dealer in meats and a restaurant-keeper, was the next witness.

Q.—Did you examine the meats in question here that were returned to Mr. Keck from the Dunning institution? A.—Yes, I did.

Q.—Now, state to this committee in what condition you found it, the kind of meat it was. A.—Well, I saw some beef there and it was very good stuff. I could not say anything for it but the best of it, that it was good young beef and in first-class order.

Q.—Was it fresh meat? A.—It was perfectly fresh, yes.

Adjourned until 2 p. m. Tuesday.

## HEALY AND KECK DO SOME TALKING.

**Former Explains His Change of Front and the Other Talks of Charges.**

When asked about his change of front President Healy said:

"It is true I saw Mr. Bottum this afternoon. I discussed with him the evidence now in my possession as to the offers and payments of bribes made to employés at Dunning by Keck. I made a statement in regard to the butcher and his contract, and I made arrangements to present the evidence to the regular grand jury in September. Keck told me in June it would be worth $2,000 to the county if he were released from his contract, as he was losing money each day. We have got a valuable contract and purpose to make Mr. Keck live up to it. I am satisfied he is losing money. Keck swore on the stand today that he supplied no old cow beef. To say that he prevaricated is a mild term. We have cut off part of the carcasses to prove this and pickled them for production at the proper time. No old Texas steers or antique bullocks will go at Dunning and naturally Mr. Keck is sore on the question.

"Keck was contracfor in Supt. Nash's time, and while I know the supplies were under standard, I want to say if there was any bribery I know Supt. Nash was not concerned in it."

"I was approached twice today," said Meat Contractor Keck at the close of the proceedings, "by Commissioner Kunstman and two other men whose names I do not know with a proposition to drop the bribery charges. They asked me to stop talking or pressing matters any further and my interests would be looked after. I told them that if Dan Healy would make the public announcement that my contract would be canceled and then discharge this man Evans I would quit right there. One of them went over and talked with Healy, and they then said Healy would not promise anything, and certainly would not put anything in writing.

"Early last March, when I found I was bound to lose money on my contract, I offered to pay $2,000 if they would let me out. I am already $2,300 worse than even on the contract. I am paying a great deal more than I get for the meats furnished, and would do anything reasonable to get out of furnishing the county any more meat."

## CHICAGO CARRIERS IN THE PARADE.

**Will Participate in the Philadelphia Postal Demonstration Labor Day.**

Chicago will have sixty of its finest looking and best dressed letter-carriers in the parade at Philadelphia Labor day, Monday next. Postmaster Hesing will be on the reviewing stand with the Postmaster-General and the Postmasters of New York, Boston, and Philadelphia.

Several train loads of carriers from Boston and New York will take part in the parade and all of the smaller cities within a radius of 100 miles of the Quaker City will participate. Five thousand gray uniformed letter-carriers are expected to be in the parade.

The Chicago delegation will be under command of W. H. Hogan, better known among the Chicago carriers as "Big" Hogan, the tallest and stoutest man of the Chicago force. The Postmaster-General has furnished transportation for the party. They will leave Friday afternoon, the Postmaster accompanying them.

The occasion for the demonstration is the annual convention of the Letter-Carriers' National Association. During the week a banquet will be given and Postmaster Hesing will respond to the toast "Civil Service in the Department."

**Dies on the Way to Lemont's Morgue.**

James Matazock, a laborer, was found last night in front of Ash's saloon at Hastings in an unconscious condition, supposed to have been robbed and beaten into insensibility. He was put into a wagon and started to the morgue here, but died about half way here. At the inquest it was decided he died of typhoid fever.

**Home-Seekers' Excursions.**

Aug. 29, Sept. 10 and 24, via Wisconsin Central, between Abbotsford and Duluth and in Minnesota and North Dakota. Further particulars at No. 204 South Clark street.

# SEEK THE LAW'S AID.

## TWO THOUSAND APPLICANTS FOR POSITIONS UNDER CIVIL SERVICE.

**Men and Women Gather Early at the Commissioners' Office Demanding Blanks—First Day of the Law in Force—Class of Those Who Seek Places—Board of Examiners to Be Selected—The Election Officers Considering Its Reference to Them.**

Civil service reform was installed at the City Hall, and with it almost every trace of the spoils system disappeared. More than 2,000 men and women applied at the office of the Civil Service Commissioner yesterday for blanks to make applications for examination. Instead of the offices of Mayor Swift, Commissioner of Public Works Kent, and General Superintendent of Police Badenoch being crowded with a restless and irritable throng of politicians seeking a chance to beg a crumb of patronage for a hungry constituent whose claim to office was the strength he had in his election precinct there was a quiet and orderly crowd. Chief Badenoch had a few calls from men looking for places, but they were told the jig was up, and they went away, realizing they had enjoyed their last rush on the public crib.

The merit system has come, and if any one doubts it all he has to do is to talk with the Civil Service Commissioners. These men fully realize the power the law confers upon them and, conscious that it is the will of the people that this law shall be executed in good faith, they propose to do it and will apply the penalty to all those who violate its provisions.

When the doors of office of the commission in the City Hall were opened yesterday morning a long line of men and women reaching down the stairs out into Randolph street was waiting an opportunity to get blanks upon which to make their application. By 10:30 o'clock 1,600 had been given out, and when Secretary Phelps turned the key in the doors last evening 2,000 of these blanks had been given to applicants.

Of this number 1,600 were official blanks and 400 were for laborers.

According to the application blanks given out there are more men anxious to get into the Fire Department than any other branch of the city service. The aspirants for places on the police force are next, and the majority of them belong to the ruling race. Most people who are familiar with municipal affairs would suppose the applications for the police force would lead, and nine out of ten politicians who have had to do with getting places at the City Hall would have taken this view of it.

**Clerkship Applicants.**

General clerkship applications were next in demand, then laborers, and last of all electricians. About 8 per cent of the blanks taken out under the class of general clerkships were women. The most of these were for stenographer positions and places in the Public Library.

The first man to apply for a blank was Charles Webster, No. 116 Eugenie street. He wanted a place in the Fire Department. The first man to fill out a blank and return it was William L. Patrick, No. 3558 Vernon avenue. He wants to be a policeman, and if the manner in which he filled out his application goes for anything he would be a credit to the force.

Each application was numbered and the exact time it was received was recorded on back of the document.

Out of the 2,000 blanks forty-three came back filled out before the office closed last evening. The Commissioners were pleased with the appearance of the applicants and the degree of intelligence displayed.

The commission will appoint an Examining Board, composed of seven members, to conduct the examinations. The examiners will be selected the last of this week, and one will be taken from the Public Library, one from the Board of Education, one from the Health Department, one from the Department of Public Works, one from the Police Department, and one from the Fire Department. The seventh man will be some prominent citizen.

**Several Men in View.**

Several names are being canvassed, but they are known only to the Commissioners. It is understood to be the desire of the board to get some such prominent citizen as W. E. Mason, the lawyer, Harry G. Selfridge, or Byron Smith, who is well known to the community and has the confidence of the public.

It is expected the Board of Education will be represented by one of the principals of the public schools. The head of each of the departments named has been asked to send in several names from which the Commissioners can select one, but it does not necessarily mean the board will take a man from those nominated. Chief Badenoch showed his public spirit and interest in the execution of the law by manifesting a desire to act as an examiner if he could spare the time.

The Election Commissioners had an informal meeting yesterday to take up the question as to whether the election office employés were under the jurisdiction of the civil service law. Judge Carter was present but said he was in doubt, as he had not had time to thoroughly look into the question. The matter was referred to Attorney Wheelock with instructions to prepare an opinion and report next week. The Commissioners seem inclined to the belief that their office does not come under the civil service law. It is maintained the board is a county institution, that the Commissioners are officers of the County Court. The Civil Service Commissioners believe the election office is within their jurisdiction. The law says:

Sec. 11. Officers who are elected by the people, or who are elected by the City Council pursuant to the city charter, or whose appointment, is subject to confirmation by the City Council, judges and clerks of any election, members of any Board of Education, the Superintendent and teachers of schools, heads of any principal department of the city, members of the Law Department, and one private secretary of the Mayor, shall not be included in such classified service.

Some might interpret this as not taking in the election office, but the Civil Service Commissioners have a string on the pay. This is what the law has to say on that point:

Sec. 31. No controller or other auditing officer of a city which has adopted this act shall approve the payment of or be in any manner concerned in paying any salary or wages to any person for services as an officer or employé of such city, unless such person is occupying an office or place of employment according to the provisions of law and is entitled to payment therefor.

Sec. 32. No paymaster, treasurer, or other officer or agent of a city which has adopted this act shall willfully pay or be in any manner concerned in paying any person any salary or wages as an officer, or employé of such city, unless such person is occupying an office or place of employment according to the provisions of law and is entitled to payment therefor.

The certified pay-rolls from the various city departments were certified to and handed in yesterday with a few exceptions.

**It Is Thought Witous Will Die.**

Frank Witous, No. 607 Throop street, who was thrown from a Sixty-first street trolley car Sunday afternoon and dragged half a block in his endeavor to save his child from death, is so seriously and internally injured that his recovery is not expected.


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A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

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## SEEKING TO SMUGGLE

### JACQUES J. NOTHENIUS OF KANSAS CITY UNDER ARREST.

**Attempts to Bring in a Collection of Jewels Valued at $1,500 in Order to Make Presents to His Friends—A Diamond-Studded Matchbox and Other Valuables Are Discovered in His Pocket-Handkerchief by a Customs Officer—Guilty Man the Secretary of a Trust Company.**

New York, Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The vigilance of the customs officers has been of the most searching character since their experience with the St. Louis millionaire and they landed another victim of high degree. Customs Inspectors T. J. Brown and T. J. Donohue saw nothing unusual in the scores of handkerchiefs that mopped the brows of passengers who landed on La Champagne of the French line Sunday morning until they came to the crowd around the letter "N." Inspector Brown thought that a very respectable-looking man, who was vigorously wiping his tanned face with a white silk handkerchief, was not using as much of it as most people do under the circumstances. He clutched it in his right hand, and Inspector Brown saw that only the corners touched the stranger's face. He noticed also that the very respectable-looking man was comparatively unaffected by the heat; his collar was stiff and his face showed no trace of perspiration. "May I borrow your handkerchief a moment?" asked Mr. Brown.

"You're —— impudent, sir," said the stranger.

"Well, I'm a customs officer," said Mr. Brown, "and we've a right to examine it. I'll look at it, if you please."

"There's my card, sir," said the stranger, thrusting a tiny piece of pasteboard into Inspector Brown's hand. It read: "Jacques J. Nothenius, Kansas City, Mo., Secretary Missouri, Kansas and Texas Trust company."

"Come, sir, now be sensible. I don't want to use force," said the inspector. "Let's have it."

Mr. Nothenius handed him the handkerchief. When Mr. Brown opened it he found within it a gold match box studded with diamonds, a pearl stud, two diamond studs, and several loose gems.

"Well, what are you going to do about it?" asked Mr. Nothenius. "I'm an American citizen and I've got a right to bring in as many presents for my friends as I choose free of duty, haven't I?"

"Certainly," said Inspector Brown, "if you declare them and pay duty on them."

"O, I didn't know that was necessary. I'll pay the duty now." It was too late, however. The customs officers searched his baggage and this is what they found:

Two diamond and pearl rings, one pearl stud, one combination ring, two diamond studs, one pair diamond cuff buttons, one silver tie holder, one diamond studded matchbox, one diamond studded cigaret case, two gold card cases, one pair silver sugar tongs, two silver salt cellars, one brooch, one silver sugar bowl, two silver belt buckles, one silver cigaret case, one pair silk garters.

The total value of all the jewelry was estimated at $1,500. Mr. Nothenius was placed under arrest, but was permitted to go to the Marlborough Hotel, where he spent the night under surveillance. He was arraigned before United States Commissioner Alexander today, and was held in bonds of $5,000, which he gave.

Nothenius' friends say he has been known to them as a man of honor and integrity and that he stands high in financial and social circles in Kansas City. The extreme penalty for the offense is $5,000 fine or two years imprisonment or both.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 26.—The news of Mr. Nolteus' arrest created a decided sensation in Kansas City, where he is well known. His business associates declare emphatically there must be some mistake.

Besides holding a lucrative position Mr. Nolteus is wealthy in his own right and has wealthy kinsfolk in Amsterdam, Holland. In addition to being Secretary of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Trust company, a position he has held for several years, Mr. Nolteus has for some time represented several large Dutch institutions.

He left Kansas City six weeks ago, supposedly on a vacation, and had not been heard of by his local friends before today.

### WHISKY TRUST PLANS COMPLETED.

**Combine Starts Out with Seventeen Distilleries and Ample Cash.**

New York, Aug. 26.—[Special.]—There was no meeting today of the whisky trust committee, which it was said would be held. It is said every detail of reorganization has now been settled. Nathan Bijur, counsel to the new American Spirits Manufacturing company, was seen at his office, No. 32 Nassau street, today, and he made this statement: "The reorganization was effected and completed in all respects Thursday last. Such a task often takes a week, but in this instance it was all accomplished in one day.

"The certificates of incorporation were filed simultaneously in Albany and in New York by personal representatives of counsel. There was consequently no need for another meeting day, and the report that there was to be one probably arose from a knowledge of certain appointments of a purely individual nature. The company starts out with the seventeen distilleries which it has purchased, and in addition a very ample cash capital in bank, and still larger resources in reserve in the hands of the committee."

Those who have taken part in the recent negotiations have an idea that the action of the company in incorporating in this State will mark the beginning of a new development in corporate interests. Heretofore financiers have generally regarded the legislation of this State as being hostile to corporation, which accounts for the fact that so many companies have of late years been incorporated in New Jersey and other States. The whisky people paid a State tax of $43,750 when the certificate of incorporation was filed last Thursday, and this is said to have been the largest tax of the kind ever paid in this State.

### HUT SITTING BULL WAS SHOT IN.

**Falls Into the Hands of an Excise Commissioner and Is for Sale Cheap.**

New York, Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Excise Commissioner George B. Forester has an Indian hut on his hands which the genial city official purchased last year from the manager of an Indian show which held out last season on Coney Island.

It is a common looking affair, 17x34 feet in size, and does not look unlike one of the many picturesque cabins that stud the lower part of the Tenth Ward. The roof is composed of strong rails, over which is spread straw, the latter being secured with hardened clay. The associations connected with the little dwelling were what aroused the interest of the Commissioner.

Sitting Bull is said to have dwelt in the hut during the last years of his life and to have been shot within its shadow by the Indian police.

Inspecting parties, headed by the Commissioner, made frequent trips to the island and the huts, but interest in the latter soon began to wane, and a few weeks ago the Commissioner announced the hut was for sale and could be had for the largest amount offered, $1,000 being the upset price.

### KEIR HARDIE AT THE COOPER UNION

**Crowds Throng to Hear the British Socialist Talk.**

New York, Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The Socialists turned out in full force tonight to give a reception to Keir Hardie at the Cooper Union. When the doors were opened a mass of humanity surged in that filled the building in less than five minutes. Conspicuous among the throng on the speaker's platform was George Francis Train in his white duck suit.

When Keir Hardie stepped to the front he was wildly cheered. He said: "We may be Germans, or Hebrews, or Poles, or Russians, Americans, it makes no difference to Socialists. They are here to weld the democracies of the world into a grand brotherhood to fight the enemies of the race—the landlord and the usurer."

Referring to a visit to the Stock Exchange the speaker said: "We went down into the Stock Exchange and saw men, apparently with the superficial appearance of gentlemen, shouting, howling, screaming, screeching like beasts gone mad. I have been to a Scotch horse fair, but it is like a deacons' meeting compared to the Stock Exchange."

Speaking of the Independent Labor party's election campaign, Hardie said that American workmen had immense advantages over the English. "Here you have all the facilities for capturing the government," he exclaimed. "All voices are represented in your Legislatures except the voice of labor. And whose fault is it, men?" he shouted in ringing tones. [Voices, "Our own."] "Yes, ladies," cried Hardie, "your own!"

"The competitive system is an outrage on humanity," he went on to say. "There is only one form of society which the people should tolerate and that is socialism."

The speaker concluded by saying that he was glad to see that the people of New York City had awakened to see that the laws they make should be enforced.

### NEW JERSEY SUFFERS FROM DROUGHT

**Crops a Failure and Farmers Feeding Grain to Their Cattle.**

New York, Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The worst and most damaging drought in many years is causing widespread disaster in South Jersey. Reports from Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, Salem, Cumberland, Cape May, and Atlantic Counties show that late crops are drying up in the fields. The devastation is appalling.

Practically no rain has fallen since July 4. There were two light showers between that date and July 28 and one early in August, but for almost four weeks not a drop of rain has fallen. The damage can scarcely be estimated. The air is full of dust.

Wood fires are burning in many directions, and the lines of all the railroads are bordered by great stretches of blackened land where grasses have burned like a blazing prairie. Pasture lands are vistas of brown and yellow, and the farmers are feeding hay and grain to their stock.

### MORE GOLD IS TO BE EXPORTED.

**New York Bank Deposits $500,000 Gold in the Subtreasury.**

New York, Aug. 26.—Hoskier, Wood & Co. ship $600,000 gold by tomorrow's steamers. This draft was almost balanced by the deposit in the Subtreasury here of $500,000 gold by the American Exchange National Bank. The Santiago from Havana brought $15,000 in United States gold coin today. Crossman & Bro. have deferred their prospective gold shipment until Wednesday.

**Chicagoans Off for Europe.**

Among the passengers who will sail for Europe Tuesday on the steamship Havel are Mrs. F. Baum, Peter Emel, Miss Wilhelmine Kress, Miss Lillie Kress, Mr. and Mrs. A. Renner, Chicago; R. C. Bourland, Ann Arbor, Mich.; and Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Pearce, St. Paul.

**Left His Family to Burn.**

John Lautier, a laborer, deserted his wife and child when their home caught fire. If the spectators could have found him after they learned the fact there would have been a good prospect of a lynching. Lautier escaped, however, and firemen rescued his wife and child.

**News Notes from Gotham.**

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus H. McCormick of Chicago were among the arrivals at Newport.

Joseph Arthur's hypnotic drama, "Linsey Woolsey," which made its début in Chicago last season, is to be given a trial in Paris.

Evidence in the Ireland building investigation brought forth the fact that the central pillar, the sinking of which caused the disaster, was composed in part of an air cushion.

Among the Chicago arrivals at Coney Island hotels were the following: Manhattan Beach—Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Ryan, Mrs. Burkes, Miss Burkes. Brighton—Judwig Marrins.

Violators of the excise law who appeared before Recorder Goff were unpleasantly surprised by being fined $75 each instead of $30 as expected. A restaurant keeper who served beer with a meal Sunday was sent to jail for thirty days.

The contractor for the new building of Siegel, Cooper & Co., at Nineteenth street and Sixth avenue, states that the water encountered is fully under control, and the only difference hereafter will be that iron casing will be used for the new shaft instead of wooden timbers.

James H. Eckels, Controller of the Currency, called on the Presidents of several leading banks in Wall street. He said his visit was merely social, that he was on a vacation and did not want to talk finance. He and Mrs. Eckels will sail for Europe on the Paris Tuesday.

### SAYS CONFEDERATES SHOT QUANTRELL.

**Light Shed on the Tragic Fate of the Barbarous Guerrilla.**

Little Rock, Ark., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Capt. Simon Horsely, a man who served with distinction under Gen. Forrest, died at the home of his brother near Roger, this State, yesterday. Intimate friends have known for some time that he knew of the killing of the noted Confederate, Quantrell, but the facts did not become generally known until his death.

Horsely was sent as a recruiting officer by Gen. Forrest into Kentucky and as Quantrell was returning from a raid he stopped in the vicinity of Bardstown and began depredations. Horsely, at the request of citizens there, waited on Quantrell and asked him to desist, but Quantrell would not listen to the demand. He was warned to make no more raids on the property of Kentucky Confederates and the two men separated.

It was in the spring of 1865 and Quantrell became desperate. He made another raid, and during an engagement with a detachment of Kentucky troops Quantrell was killed. Mr. Horsely was an honest and reliable citizen, and confided secrets to some of his Masonic friends that they would not divulge as long as he lived. Now that he is dead they are willing to supply this missing link in the history of the lost cause and throw all possible light on the tragic end of Quantrell's murderous career. It had been generally believed that Quantrell was killed by Federal troops.

### GO TO PRISON FOR PROPOSING BRIBERY.

**New Orleans Councilmen Get Eight Months—One Sentence Postponed.**

New Orleans, La., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Judge Moise in the Criminal District Court today sentenced Councilmen Peter Canfield and Thomas Healy to eight months in the penitentiary each.

They were convicted of proposing to accept bribe.

Henri Bier, the millionaire broker convicted of perjury in connection with the city hall frauds, was to have been sentenced today, but the formality was postponed.

Bier has turned State's evidence and under the Louisiana laws a sentenced convict cannot give legal testimony.

### STABBED TO DEATH FOR AN INSULT.

**Radford Harvey Killed by Two Brothers at Sparks, Ga.**

Sparks, Ga., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—While Radford Harvey, a prominent young man, was on his way home two young men named Shaw, who are his neighbors, set upon and stabbed him to death. The trouble was due to Harvey's insult to a young lady cousin of the Shaw boys. Harvey was a cousin of the silver apostle of Chicago.

### EUPHRATES COLLEGE NEW PRESIDENT.

**The Rev. C. F. Gates of Chicago Chosen to Fill the Position.**

Boston, Mass., Aug. 26.—The Rev. C. F. Gates has been elected President of Euphrates College at Harpoot, in Turkey. Mr. Gates belongs in Chicago, and has for fifteen years served as a missionary in Mardin, Mesopotamia, under the American board. This is the only college in Armenia, and is under American control.

**House Is Torn Down.**

Judge Chetlain yesterday dissolved the injunction obtained by John B. Remm restraining C. I. Peck from demolishing the house No. 435 Wabash avenue. The court held that as the tenant had violated the express conditions of his lease he had no right to an injunction. As soon as the decision was rendered an evicting party proceeded to the premises, where Remm still stood guard. Remm was arrested and taken before Justice Foster. During his absence the workmen from adjoining buildings were enlisted and the house in dispute was razed to the ground.

**Nominating Convention of People's Party.**

A call was issued last night by the County Central committee of the People's party for a convention to meet Saturday afternoon, Sept. 7, at Uhlich's Hall on North Clark street, to nominate a candidate for Judge of the Superior Court to succeed Judge Blanke.

**Award the Contract for Furnishing the City Lumber.**

After a long and bitter struggle the Edward Hines Lumber company was awarded the contract to furnish the City of Chicago with all the lumber for the school houses and workshops. The committee, after a full investigation of the charges that the lumber company was billing lumber out at higher prices and furnishing inferior grades, reported the charges groundless and voted unanimously to award them the contract.

## MAY SPLIT THE PARTY

### BOLT FEARED FROM FACTION FIGHTS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

**Two Conventions May Be the Result of the Quay-Gilkeson Struggle—Fierce Contest to Secure Votes—State Committee Meets, but Gilkeson Says He Has No Business to Lay Before It—Campbell Answers a Silver Question—Judge Caldwell for Free Coinage.**

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—For the second time in its history the Republican party of Pennsylvania is confronted by the menace of a bolt and two conventions. The first was in 1882 when the Independent Republicans put up a State ticket and broke the line of Republican Governors that had run uninterruptedly since 1860. This year there is no Governor to elect, only a State Treasurer and six Superior Court Judges, who under the old party rules would elect a State Chairman to control the party organization, and it is on this last point that the party will be wrecked unless wise counsel prevails.

The people who want Col. Gilkeson elected Chairman want the candidates to do the choosing, knowing full well that they will vote for Gilkeson because they were originally appointed to the bench by Gov. Hastings, who is conducting the Gilkeson fight. But Senator Quay, who is making a struggle for his political existence in his desire to be Chairman, wants the convention to elect the Chairman, feeling sure he can control enough delegates to make his election sure. Tonight this seems doubtful.

Last night at a conference of the Quay leaders it was determined to hold a meeting of the State committee today, despite the Chairman's refusal to call one, and fix up a roll of delegates to the State convention, at the same time settling the five contested seats in Philadelphia, three in Northumberland, and one in Wyoming. In the event of Gilkeson's refusal to act with the committee it was determined to mandamus him through the courts.

**Change in the Program.**

But that program was changed suddenly this morning, when it was asserted that Judge Dean of the Supreme Court was ready with a restraining injunction on the Dauphin County Court. The Judge is a Gilkeson man and has the last say, but this story did not affect the meeting of the State committee. It was held later on. This morning was the time announced for the opening of the headquarters at the Lochiel Hotel, but Chairman Gilkeson did not put in an appearance at the hour intended. Fearing a snap game, Congressman Jack Robinson, a Quay lieutenant, with the aid of Assistant Secretary of the State Committee Jere B. Rex, got the key to Gilkeson's room at the Lochiel and opened up what they called State committee headquarters. Gilkeson, hearing of this, at once opened State committee headquarters at the Commonwealth Hotel and got out huge cards announcing his was the only Simon-pure article and delegates should register with him and hand in their credentials. The Quay people capped this with a card requesting delegates to register at the Lochiel headquarters.

And so all day long men carrying these banners have been marching up and down the streets leading to the railway station, confusing the delegates and putting them on the anxious bench lest they should get into the wrong pew.

**Working Hard for Votes.**

To add to the confusion, both sides have barkers at the railroad stations who are familiar with the delegates, and who work with all the zeal of a gang of World's Fair hotel runners. The delegates who favor Quay register at the Lochiel, while the delegates who favor Gilkeson go on up to his rooms at the Commonwealth. As each delegate arrives he is promptly plastered with badges and decorated with his candidate's colors. The Quay men wear a picture of "The Old Man," a large red ribbon with the words, "Death to the Hog Combine—Hog-Killing Time Is Here"—referring to the Hastings-Gilkeson-Martin-Porter combine, and a yellow badge with the words, "What Did He Do with It?" referring to Gilkeson's disposal of the campaign fund last year. The Gilkeson people wear a badge of red and gold bearing Gov. Hastings' picture, but, strange to say, there is no badge in view with Gilkeson's picture.

The battle has waged furiously all day, and at this hour it is very doubtful how it will end. Of course both sides claim to have a majority. Quay says that he has a total vote of 158 in 289, thus giving Gilkeson 131, but the Gilkeson people look askance at his figures and say they will not have it that way. They say Quay has now but 116 delegates, but they only lay claim to 160 out of the remaining 173, thus leaving 13 votes unaccounted for—probably thirteen delegates who are on the fence and who are willing to go to the side with the most cold, hard cash. It was charged by Quay's opponents that Don Cameron has been paying out cash for the Beaver man ever since the fight began, but there is not a word of truth in it.

During the day an attempt was made to effect a compromise and stop the bitter fight. Ex-Collector Thomas V. Cooper and Judge Samuel H. Miller of Mercer County called on Gov. Hastings and it is said offered on behalf of Senator Quay to assist in the selection of a new man for Chairman, both Quay and Gilkeson to withdraw, but the negotiations fell through and tonight both sides say it is a fight to a finish. Cooper denies the peace offer. "Why," asked Cooper, "should the Quay people want to compromise when they have 158 delegates?"

**Meeting of the State Committee.**

The culmination of the exciting events of the day came this afternoon when the State committee, without Chairman Gilkeson, met at the Lochiel Hotel. Of the 121 members of the committee sixty-eight responded to their names or had proxies, and two came in later, making seventy in all. Assistant Secretary Rex called the meeting to order, and Mr. Fuller of Fayette offered a resolution, which was adopted, setting forth that Chairman Gilkeson had issued a call for the State convention for the purpose of nominating certain candidates, and the committee having been called together to arrange certain preliminaries it requested Chairman Gilkeson to preside. A committee notified him the committee was in session and desired him to preside. Chairman Gilkeson told them to go back and say as he had not called the committee together he had no business to lay before it. Then ex-Collector Cooper was elected Temporary Chairman, making a speech in which he said he hoped "to preside only during the incapacity of Chairman Gilkeson." A committee, with Lieut.-Gov. Lyon as Chairman, was appointed to examine all credentials, and the committee adjourned until tomorrow morning. The Credentials committee will work all night fixing up contests, and it is safe to say that Senator Quay's interests will be taken care of.

And it is this that has caused great apprehension among the more conservative leaders of the party, who want harmony, fearing there will be two conventions. The Cooper committee will give admission to the convention to the Quay delegates, and Gilkeson will give the "combine" people their seats in the convention. The clash will follow. It is Gilkeson's duty as Chairman to call the convention to order and direct the Secretary to call the roll. Of course, it will be the roll as prepared by him, with the Quay contestants left off. That will at once precipitate the fight. There are no party rules to follow, and the preliminary procedure must follow custom.

Said Congressman Jack Robinson tonight: "I would not be surprised to see the worst kind of a row on the floor of the convention. Both sets of delegates will insist upon going on the preliminary roll, and somebody is going to get hurt."

The Mayor of the city, expecting a riot, is to swear in a large number of special policemen tomorrow, and they will loiter in the shadow of the opera-house prepared to subdue any row, but they cannot prevent one or the other set of delegates from withdrawing to hold another convention. All interest is centered on who shall be State Chairman, to hold the party machinery next year and work it in the interest of some special favorite for President at the National Republican convention.

The situation tonight is intensely exciting, but it must be admitted that those who are opposing the aspirations of Quay are the most serene and confident. At the anti-Quay headquarters tonight David Martin, C. L. Magee, and the other leaders sat around and discussed the situation, all expressing in the most confident manner possible their belief that they had won their fight. Chairman Gilkeson declined to give out any figures, but Mr. Martin said he knows of 160 delegates who will vote against Quay for State Chairman. This is fifteen more than the number necessary to win. David Martin, C. L. Magee, State Chairman Gilkeson, and Gov. Hastings, the anti-Quay leaders, were in conference tonight at the executive mansion from 10 o'clock until nearly midnight. It is asserted they went carefully over the list of delegates and after eliminating from it every doubtful name they found they had a clear majority in the convention.

The subcommittee of the State committee to which was referred the contests in the First and Fifth Wards of Philadelphia, involving the seats of five delegates, held a protracted session tonight. Senator Penrose of Philadelphia represented the contestants and presented affidavits to show the Quay delegates were legally elected. The anti-Quay delegates, whose names have been placed on the regular roll by Chairman Gilkeson, were not represented, and the subcommittee decided to recommend that names of the five contestants, four from the First Ward and one from the Fifth, be placed on the Quay roll.

### CALDWELL IS FOR FREE COINAGE.

**Plain Statement by the Judge as to His Monetary Views.**

Topeka, Kas., Aug. 26.—Judge Henry F. Caldwell of the United States Circuit Court when questioned touching his chances for the Presidential nomination said:

"It is a matter about which I do not care to talk. The mention of my name in that connection is out of the question. I do not regard it seriously and I think that no one else does."

"Would you accept if you were nominated?"

"I would prefer not to talk about the matter," replied the Judge, but in a manner which indicated he would not be averse to become a candidate for his party.

"The people in the West understand you are for free silver?"

The face of the Judge lighted up with enthusiasm as he answered: "Yes, sir; that is correct. I am for free silver without reservation or any reference to an international agreement. What is the use of paying any attention to the foreign countries, anyway? Are we not capable of managing our own affairs? I think we are, and if not, I am in favor of annexing the United States to Canada or some other convenient country."

### CAMPBELL ON THE SILVER QUESTION

**Says He Does Not Favor Free Coinage by the United States Alone.**

Massillon, O., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The following question was sent to ex-Gov. Campbell from Massillon this afternoon:

Four years ago you expressed yourself as willing to chance it on a free silver platform, and this declaration is now being contrasted with your candidacy on a gold standard platform. Have you any objection to reconciling the two positions? Were you favorable to free coinage four years ago?

In response Mr. Campbell wired as follows tonight:

Hamilton, O., Aug. 26.—I did not favor free coinage by the United States alone four years ago, nor do I now, although I am an international bimetallist. What I said four years ago was that I would take the chances of election upon the platform as I found it. JAMES E. CAMPBELL.

**Exciting Primaries at Rochester.**

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—There was a hot fight in the Republican primaries in Rochester tonight. There were four candidates for Mayor, on which the fight hinged. Hiram H. Edgerton, the candidate of George W. Aldrich, received a considerable majority of the delegates, and his nomination is assured. In the Twentieth Ward the ballot-box was stolen by a crowd of Edgerton men, a free fight ensued, and several arrests were made. Several protests have been entered. Henry Harrison and Cornelius R. Parsons will be nominated for the State Senate.

**Political Notes.**

Samuel L. Mosier was nominated for State Senator by the Populists of the Third Ohio District.

Prohibitionists met at Lithia Springs, Ill., and selected delegates to the Eighteenth District Congressional convention to be held at Vandalia.

### SHE WINS HER CASE AND GETS HER FEES

**Miss Belle Douglas Is a Success as a Lawyer in a Strange Suit.**

"But, please, your Honor, do not forget the attorney's fees."

Miss Belle Douglas won her first case before Justice Foster yesterday afternoon. The case was as well tried and fought on the opposing side as though the plaintiff's attorney was a man.

The case in which Miss Douglas won her first success was decided upon the question whether a mother has the same right over a child as the father. July 13 the mother of Ralph Boor, who was employed by the Chicago Loop and Portiere company, made a demand upon the concern for the future wages of her son, explaining that he would not live at home and in this way she might be able to control him. Since that time the wages have been paid to the boy and Mrs. Boor sued Morris Becker, as President, for the $25 she thinks is due her. The boy since then has been discharged and the firm admitted owing $7.50 unpaid wages.

The defense set up was that the demand for wages should have come from the father of the boy, but Miss Douglas convinced the court that as the parents were divorced and the children had been given to the mother she was the lawful guardian.

After the young attorney had been given a judgment of $22.50 and costs she reminded Justice Foster that she also needed to be compensated. The Justice smiled and gave her $10, $5 for each day that she has appeared in court.

### BOGARDUS WILLING TO STAY AT HOME.

**Acting Governor of Illinois Has No Desire to Assume Any Duties.**

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Gov. Altgeld's private secretary, Col. Dose, received a letter today from Senator Charles Bogardus of Paxton, stating that he had been informed that Gov. Altgeld and Lieut.-Gov. Gill both were absent from the State and that in consequence he, as President pro tem. of the Senate, had become Acting Governor. Senator Bogardus said he had no desire to assume the duties of the Governorship unless it became necessary, but would remain at home and would be ready to come here should any emergency arise that demanded his presence. No information can be obtained at the executive office regarding the time of the Governor's return.

### RECEIVER FOR SCHMIDT & LABES.

**Adolph L. Kraus to Take Charge of Their Liquor Business.**

Judge Chetlain yesterday appointed Adolph L. Kraus receiver for the wholesale liquor firm of Schmidt & Labes, No. 198 East Kinzie street.

The appointment was made on the petition of one of the partners, Arthur Labes, who alleges an agreement to dissolve the partnership.

The bill sets forth that the concern is badly in debt. The assets of the company are given at $15,000.

### HAMMONDS DID NOT LIVE IN DES MOINES

**Little Known There of the People Who Committed Suicide at Boston.**

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Neither Mr. nor Mrs. Hammond ever lived here.

He has a sister living somewhere in Iowa, believed to be at Paul.

He held, however, a membership in the Iowa State Traveling Men's Association, which is not limited to the State.

**Many Young People Disappear.**

Jessie Anderson, 15 years of age, whose home is at No. 6614 May street, and who was employed as cashier by Race Bros., Morgan and Sixty-second streets, has disappeared. Her last week's wages were not drawn by her. The police have been requested to look out for Paul Wickleman, a 12-year-old boy, whose parents live at No. 6016 Peoria street, and who left his home Saturday. Vilsie Devies, a 15-year-old boy, is also missing from his home, No. 1511 Sixty-seventh street. Devies left home a week ago. L. P. Covey, Ottumwa, Ia., is in Chicago looking for his son, 13 years old, who left Butte, Mont., two years ago with Mike Murphy, "a theatrical man." The boy's name is Oscar, but he is called "Budd." Information should be sent to No. 99 Lake street.

**Prof. Hussey Talks of the New Comet.**

Palo Alto, Cal., Aug. 26.—Prof. W. S. Hussey of the Leland Stanford Jr. University says: "The comet discovered by Swift at Pasadena Aug. 20, is probably one of short period hitherto unknown. It is a delayed return of Barnard's comet of 1884, as was suspected a few days ago. My elements of the orbit of the new comet are: Time of perihelion passage, Oct. 5, 1862; perihelion distance, 1.4047; longitude of node, 172 degrees 42 minutes; longitude of perihelion, 18 degrees, 55 minutes; inclination, 5 degrees 57 minutes."

**Theatrical Baggage Seized.**

The baggage of John B. Willis and J. Q. Spencer of the "Two Old Cronies" company was attached yesterday by Constable Underwood. It was about to be shipped to Michigan when the seizure was made. The complainant was Frank Graham, a former member of the theatrical company, who said the management owed him $10.

## SPOFFORD NOT GUILTY

### LIBRARIAN OF CONGRESS ENTERS A GENERAL DENIAL.

**States That the Payment Into the Treasury Last Week Represented Only the Balance Due It on Copyright and Salary Accounts—The Settlement Was Merely to Balance Accounts Delayed Through Lack of Proper Assistance—Not to Make Good Any Wrongful Withholdings.**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—Librarian Spofford, in view of the various conflicting statements regarding the sum of $22,400 paid by him into the Treasury last week, was asked today what the amount really represented. He replied that it was approximately the amount due the Treasury on balance of copyright and salary accounts as he found it.

Unfavorable and wholly wrong construction, he said, had been placed upon it as representing a large deficit, whereas it was actually a balance between two accounts—a salary account due the Librarian for several months' disbursements and an account due the government for several months' copyright fees.

These accounts had remained unsettled, although constant payments had been made by him to the number of ten or twelve during 1894 and 1895 of copyright receipts, amounting to over $55,000, besides the $22,400 now deposited.

He emphatically denied any allegation that recent payment was made to make good any wrongful withholding of moneys due to the government. On the contrary the whole matter involved a balancing of delayed accounts which his accumulated labors, constantly growing, had too long postponed.

All copyright receipts had been entered daily, with dates, sources, and amounts, whether small or large, duly noted, and he (Spofford) held himself responsible for the same.

Mr. Spofford is preparing a written explanation.

Though he was told some weeks ago by the Auditor that there is no authority in law for his practice of charging fees of from 50 cents to $4 for furnishing information in respect of facts regarding copyrights that have been issued Mr. Spofford is still charging and collecting those fees.

"I have no official advice from the Treasury Department," said Mr. Spofford today, "that the charge and collection of these 'search fees' is illegal. My attention was called to it in a verbal manner by one of the Auditors some time ago, but until the Attorney-General decides that my construction of the law is wrong I shall continue in my present course. The fees have been turned into the Treasury. If anybody wants to recover his fees he will have to appeal to the government and not to me."

### HOLT'S MISSING WILL DISCOVERED.

**Document Mailed Anonymously to the Register of Wills.**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—When Register of Wills Wright opened his mail this morning he found the missing will of the late Judge Advocate-General Holt. A thorough search was made for this document at the time Judge Holt died, Aug. 1, 1894. But the venerable Judge who presided at the trial of the assassins of Lincoln for twenty-five years had lived like a hermit.

Subsequently upon petition of Washington D. Holt, William G. Sterrett, and John W. Holt a trust company of this city was made administrator of the estate, and the value was estimated at $250,000.

Those who subscribed to the will found today, which was dated Feb. 7, 1873, were President U. S. Grant, Gen. William Tecumseh Sherman, and Ellen B. E. Sherman, wife of the hero of the march to the sea. There was only a single sheet of letter paper, which bore evidence of having been burned on the edges, but those familiar with the handwriting of the distinguished quartet saw at once that the will was a genuine document. After devising all his property equally to his first wife's cousin and his godchild the deceased appointed his former confidential clerk at the War Department the executor.

Both beneficiaries under the will are living, one of them the daughter of Maj. Charles B. Throckmorton of the army, the other Lizzie Hynes.

Register Wright stated that the document would have to be fully proved before being admitted to probate. While it appears to be good, a contest over the estate is not improbable and particularly because of the fact that a portion of the estate has been distributed among those who were considered the heirs at law.

### CHICKAMAUGA AND CHATTANOOGA.

**Secretary Lamont Outlines the Program for the Dedication Sept. 19 and 20.**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—Secretary Lamont today issued an order outlining the official program for the dedicatory services of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Military Park. It is as follows:

War Department, Aug. 26, 1895.—Pursuant to the act of Congress approved Dec. 15, 1894, the national dedication of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Military Park will take place Sept. 19 and 20.

The veterans, invited guests, and the public will assemble at Snodgrass Hill, on the battlefield of Chickamauga, Sept. 19. Orations will be delivered by Gen. John M. Palmer of Illinois and Gen. John B. Gordon of Georgia.

The exercises Sept. 20 will begin at noon in the City of Chattanooga. Orations will be delivered by Gen. William B. Bate of Tennessee and Gen. Charles H. Grosvenor of Ohio.

The evenings of both days will be devoted to meetings of the veterans of the armies participating in the two battles.

The complete program will be announced hereafter.

A waterproof tent, covering seats for 10,000 persons, will be erected in Chattanooga.

The act does not make provision for transportation, quarters, or entertainment. In view of the large attendance, which now seems assured, it is suggested that all who expect to be present make immediate arrangements for quarters. These can be secured through the Chattanooga Citizens' Executive committee.

Gen. J. S. Fullerton, Chairman of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Military Park Commission, is designated as Grand Marshal of the ceremonies, and will appoint such marshals and assistants as may be required.

### INDIANS HAVE A RIGHT TO HUNT.

**Treaty with the United States Superior to the Laws of Wyoming.**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—The report of the killing of fifteen Bannock Indians by cattlemen in the neighborhood of Diamond Valley, Ore., is not believed at the Indian Bureau.

It has been definitely decided by the Indian Bureau that no attention will be paid to the game laws of Wyoming where they come into conflict with the treaty of the United States with the Bannock and Shoshone Indians.

United States District Attorneys have been ordered to secure the release of Indians now in custody on writs of habeas corpus.

The bureau will, however, discourage hunting by the Indians as far as possible, and at present no passes will be issued permitting braves to leave the reservation.

### MODEL CAMP AT CHICKAMAUGA.

**Troops Will Be Stationed There During the Coming Dedication.**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—The Secretary of War today ordered the establishment of a model modern military camp on the Chickamauga battlefield during the continuance of the services incident to the dedication of the new National Park at that place. The camp will be composed of six companies from Fort Thomas at Newport, Ky., two companies from Jackson Barracks at New Orleans, and the Twenty-third Artillery from Fort McPherson at Atlanta, Ga., and will be under the command of Lieut.-Col. Willetson. The camp will be established on the 1st of September. The bands from Columbus Barracks and Fort Thomas will be in attendance during the encampment.

**Lake Steamers as Good as Any.**

Chief Engineer J. H. Perry and Passed Assistant Engineer Norton, who were appointed to inspect the new commercial steamers plying between Buffalo, N. Y., and Duluth, Minn., say the Northwest and the Northland, the two vessels inspected, are equal to trans-Atlantic liners.

**Indiana Ready for Trial Oct. 1.**

Chief Constructor Hichborn of the navy has returned from the Cramps' yards at Philadelphia and says the battleship Indiana will be ready for trial by Oct. 1.

**News Notes from the Capital.**

O. S. Permelee has been appointed Postmaster at Tekamah, Neb.

The Treasury shows an available cash balance of $182,203,285 and a gold reserve of $100,939,970.

The Consul at San Juan del Norte, Nicaragua, informs the State Department that a railway 102 miles long will be built between Bluefields and Renna, the money having all been subscribed.

The Weather Bureau will hereafter place on its charts readings of sensible temperature—that actually felt—and make it a prominent feature. Fifty observers at weather stations will receive promotion in September.

The Agricultural Department states in a bulletin that milk in America is superior to that in European cities. If not more than 3,000,000 or 4,000,000 bacteria a cubic centimeter are found the milk is usually fit for food.

### DENOUNCE THE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

**Citizens of Evanston Adopt Resolutions and Ask for an Investigation.**

Resolutions denouncing the management of the Illinois Industrial Home for Girls at Evanston and charging immorality among its inmates were adopted at the meeting of South Evanston citizens last night.

Some of the information vouchsafed by several of those present concerning the school was of so gross a character that those present, after much warm discussion, finally decided that it was improper to specify in the resolutions.

Several authorities of the school were present at first, and when they wished to speak in behalf of the school and were not accorded the privilege they withdrew from the meeting amid some excitement.

The resolutions declare the school to be a nuisance, and that it is doubtful if the girls are benefited who are sent there, but that it is capable of doing good if properly managed. That the school is now in a thickly settled portion of the city, which is objectionable to residents near by, and the grounds of the school are inadequate, and that the school should be in a better location. The resolutions call on the Governor and County Commissioners to investigate the school.

### CHEAP TELEPHONES FOR CLEVELAND.

**New Company Selling Stock and Seeking Subscribers at Low Rates.**

Cleveland, O., Aug. 26.—Col. William P. Fogg of New York is in this city as the representative of a wealthy New York syndicate organizing a new telephone company to compete with the Bell company. The new organization will be known as the Subscribers' Automatic Telephone company of Cleveland and will be capitalized at $1,000,000, to be divided into shares of $50.

Many local capitalists will also be interested in the company. The New York capitalists are those interested in the Mutual Automatic company recently organized.

It is proposed to secure 10,000 subscribers for the new exchange, which, it is promised, will be in operation within six months. The rates, as compared with those now charged by the Bell company, will be low.

**State Officers Elected.**

Bloomington, Ill., Aug. 26.—At the convention of the Junior Order of American Mechanics today the following officers were elected: State Councilor, Charles G. Schwark, Bloomington; Junior Past Councilor, Thomas Powan, Alton; Vice-Councilor, F. W. Loehr, Bloomington; Treasurer, H. J. Goldstein, Chicago; Chaplain, D. L. Hamilton, Colfax; Conductor, B. F. Adkins, Towanda; Warden, J. C. Murphy, Nilwood; Sentinels, A. D. Brokaw, Bloomington; J. C. King, Colfax; National Representative, H. T. Moore, Chicago.

### BUST OF GEORGE B. ARMSTRONG AS THE BACKGROUND FOR A FRUIT STAND.

**Tribute to the Memory of the Founder of the Railway Mail Service at the Postoffice Obscured by the Encroachments of Commerce.**

Hidden behind a peddler's fruit stand and surrounded with old lemonade tanks and empty fruit boxes the bust of George B. Armstrong in the Postoffice grounds, at Clark and Adams streets, presents a sorry spectacle these days. For years the statue of the founder of the railway mail service has been neglected and uncared for, and during the last



ARMSTRONG BUST, NORTHWEST CORNER GOVERNMENT BUILDING.

ten days has been hidden by John Lambros' fruit stand on the Postoffice corner. Saturday Charles M. Armstrong's attention was called to the matter and he made an effort to find Custodian Bailey to demand an explanation. Mr. Bailey was not to be found. He was seen yesterday, and said: "If anybody objects the Greek will have to move. He came to me with a city license and asked permission to build his stand on that corner. As we are going to move soon I granted it. If people are complaining he will have to get out. If he goes all these phosphate and lemonade stands will have to go, too." Later in the day the custodian inspected the stand and ordered the proprietor to move out last night. Late last night Lambros packed his fruit, took down his blazing torch from in front of the bust, and departed.

## BACK TO A VILLAGE.

### HARVEY "DRYS" WANT TO MAKE PROHIBITION CERTAIN.

**Judge Gibbons Grants the Writ of Certiorari Petitioned For—Plan to Abandon Present City Government Meets Opposition, as Does a Proposition to Annex North Harvey—Meanwhile Prayer-Meetings and Experience Gatherings Flourish—Liquor Men Confident.**

Yesterday morning Judge Gibbons decided that a writ of certiorari should be issued to the Mayor of Harvey commanding him to bring up for the inspection of the court all the documents regarding the passage of the liquor ordinance in the City of Harvey July 30.

The passage of this ordinance created an immense amount of feeling, as the city since its incorporation has always been strictly prohibitory in regard to liquor. The ordinance is sought to be attacked on the ground it was illegally passed. It is asserted the Mayor in passing upon the vote decided a vote in the negative in the name of Ald. Dean, who refused to vote at all. This vote made a tie, and the Mayor then cast a vote in favor of the ordinance, securing its passage in this manner.

In his decision Judge Gibbons, after a long discussion on the powers of city Councils, says:

The question is whether the ordinance assailed was legally enacted. If the ordinance be illegal the sooner it be so held the better for all concerned. The speedy decision of the question will prevent expensive and protracted litigation. Instead of having one suit as now every person licensed under the ordinance may be proceeded against by quo warranto, so that every substantial reason may be urged in favor of the method of procedure herein proposed. The writ of certiorari may therefore issue and it is ordered.

The Harvey "drys" immediately upon receipt of the news of Judge Gibbons' decision took steps toward securing the necessary sentiment to bring about a change back from city to village government. With this end in view a committee was appointed at a so-called business-men's meeting yesterday morning to make a canvass of the community, while Pastor M. H. Lyon of the Harvey Congregational Church was deputed to look after the necessary legal advice.

In the event of failure to secure sufficient backing to make this change an attempt will follow to annex North Harvey, with the hope thereby of overcoming the whisky majority in the present Second and Fourth Wards. Neither of these moves is liable to be successful.

Mr. I. J. Mouser, a prominent attorney, and one of the strongest supporters of legitimate effort to secure temperance legislation in Harvey, is quoted as saying he will oppose any attempt to change city government for village, and there are many more who feel as he does.

As to the annexing of North Harvey a real estate man said:

"We never would get an end to rows and litigation. The Village of North Harvey adjoins Harvey, and, though almost to a man they are prohibitionists, they have never yet been able to agree on anything."

J. O. Bloodgood, a prime mover of the political chess board in that village, says there are so many different degrees of prohibitionists there no man has ever yet been able to classify them. North Harvey has secured a somewhat unenviable notoriety through its trying to do business with two separate and distinct prohibition Boards of Trustees at the same time.

Mrs. Edholm continues her ministrations in Harvey and last night addressed a large meeting, chiefly composed of women, on temperance and the social evil and its remedies. At this meeting she told how she with three other godly Harvey women had that day visited the road-house on Western avenue kept by Harry Shattuck. Mrs. Edholm said he had treated them with great courtesy, admitting his business was "the worst on earth," but claimed adverse circumstances had driven him into it. He invited them to come again and hold a prayer-meeting.

After F. M. Grout and A. H. Gaston had shown themselves to the gathering as having been providentially spared from McLatchey's wrath during the brief session of the prayer-meeting held in the latter's saloon Sunday, Mrs. Edholm appealed to her audience to aid in keeping out the saloon as the great Moloch upon whose altars might be sacrificed the innocence and purity of their sons and daughters.

An extra edition of Lucy Page Gaston's paper was issued and distributed for a small consideration to all who were anxious to know the latest advices from the seat of war. The whisky men are saying nothing, but counting the days till their new ordinance can go into effect, which they say will be inside of fifteen days.

### RECEPTION TO GRAND SIRE STEBBINS.

**He Gives Interesting Information Concerning the Order of Odd-Fellows.**

Odd-Fellows were out in force last evening to entertain Grand Sire J. W. Stebbins of Rochester, N. Y. Mr. Stebbins arrived yesterday morning and was escorted to the Palmer House. In the afternoon he held a reception, where many of the Odd-Fellows called on him.

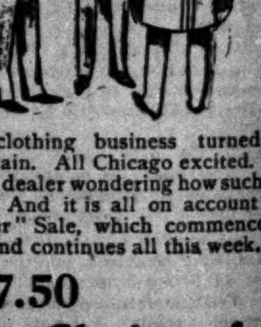
Later a reception was tendered him at the First Methodist Church.

The Grand Sire made a short address, in the course of which he gave some interesting information regarding the order. He said:

"The Odd-Fellows have a membership of over 1,000,000. They are represented in seventeen nations. Their ritual is printed in eight languages. There are 16,500 subordinate lodges. We own about $20,000,000 worth of real estate. You see it is a big order. We have lodges in the Sandwich Islands, Newfoundland, Chile, Peru, Cuban Islands, Sweden, Denmark, Germany, and France."

A literary and musical program followed. Grand Sire Stebbins leaves this morning for Lincoln, Ill., to dedicate the new orphans' home at that place.


OUR "WONDER" WEEK



The clothing business turned topsy turvy again. All Chicago excited. Every clothing dealer wondering how such things can be. And it is all on account of our "Wonder" Sale, which commenced yesterday and continues all this week.

**$7.50 for Choice of 1,000 Fine Suits.**

Not a suit in the lot worth less than $15.00. Many of them were $18.00. The patterns are splendid. The fabrics are the best that have ever been shown in a Chicago bargain sale. They are light weight, medium weight, and heavy weight suits, single and double breasted sacks and cutaways. Come today for first choice.

1,000 pairs men's all-wool pants, splendid patterns, worth $5.00 and $6.00, at.... $3.00
Fall styles Fedora and stiff hats, regular $3.00 values.... $2.00
Blue and black deep cape Mackintoshes, sold at $6.00 everywhere, our price.. $4.50

The Putnam
113-117 Madison-st. 131-133 Clark-st.


BULL NEW[S] ... REMARKABLE ... ONLY CHECK ...

**Wheat Opens Weak ... ments—World's ... Europe Were ... Are Again Free— ... Far Greater De... Weakness in Cor... May Delivery.**

...LLAGE.

...WANT TO MAKE ...N CERTAIN.

...the Writ of Certio-...—Plan to Abandon ...ment Meets Oppo-...roposition to Annex ...Meanwhile Prayer-...erience Gatherings ...len Confident.

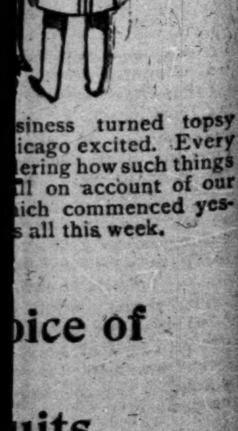
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...ND SIRE STEBBINS.

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...DER" WEEK



...siness turned topsy ...icago excited. Every ...ering how such things ...ll on account of our ...ich commenced yes-...s all this week.

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...lot worth less than ...em were $18.00. The ...lid. The fabrics are ...ever been shown in a ...ale. They are light ...ght and heavy weight ...ouble breasted sacks ...today for first choice.

...l pants, splendid ...and $6.00, at... $3.00
...tiff hats, regular $2.00
...e Mackintoshes, ...thers, our price.. $4.50

...nam

...t.. 131-133 Clark-st.

# BULL NEWS IGNORED.

## REMARKABLE VISIBLE SHOWING ONLY CHECKS THE DECLINE.

**Wheat Opens Weak on Foreign Announcements—World's Shipments of Wheat to Europe Were Heavy—Russian Offerings Are Again Free—American Visible Shows Far Greater Decrease than Expected—Weakness in Corn Is Concentrated in the May Delivery.**

Russian shipments of wheat supplanted Northwestern receipts in a monopoly of speculative interest yesterday. The course of the market throughout the day demonstrated that just now bear announcements tell on prices, while the most bullish news is disregarded. The market was weakened Saturday by the prediction that Minneapolis and Duluth would have receipts yesterday of 900 cars. The arrivals, to be sure, were large, 500 cars at Minneapolis and 172 at Duluth, against a total of 497 cars the same day last year, but were far below the estimate. Any little discrepancy like this was ignored, however, in the rush to sell on lower cables and the estimate of 8,000,000 bu as the week's shipments to Europe. Russian shipments alone were figured at 4,160,000 bu. Argentine and Indian shipments were light. The amount of wheat on passage increased 320,000 bu, and the English visible showed an increase of 2,100,000 bu. September wheat opened at 61⅛c bid, a decline of ⅛c from the last official quotation of Saturday. Prices had been marked down in the curb trade on the large shipments to Europe, the easy cables, and selling by foreigners. There was a little rally on covering by shorts, but the market was heavy and September settled down to 61c and then dropped to 60⅝c. Announcements of gold shipments had their effect, although offset by the satisfactory decline in sterling exchange rates. What checked the decline in wheat was the remarkable visible showing. A fair decrease in stocks was expected, but the announcement of a decrease of 1,804,000 bu was a surprise. This decrease brings down the visible supply to 35,088,000 bu, as against 64,771,000 bu at the same time last year. A decrease so late in the season is out of the ordinary, and is as compared with an increase of 870,000 a year ago. It is claimed that a large part of the decrease is represented by grain in rail transit, which will reappear. The position of the visible supply as compared with that of a year ago is attracting attention, and may help to swell the meager volume of outside speculative trade. The rally yesterday on the visible and on the announcement of some cash business was feeble. September sold up to 61¼c and closed steady, ⅛c lower. The cash business consisted of 205,000 bu in round lots and some small milling lots. Walker-Wrenn took 225,000 bu of vessel room to Buffalo. The wheat worked is No. 2 red, and the price was reported from ¼c to ½c premium over September. Winter wheat by sample was down ¾c. No grade sold at 49@53c, No. 4 red at 52@56¼c, No. 3 red at 58@60c, No. 2 red at 62@62¼c, No. 3 hard at 58@58¼c, and No. 2 hard at 59¾@60c. The demand for track offerings of new spring wheat is good. No. 2 spring sold free on board at 1c premium over September price, and No. 3 sold at ½@1c under. Local receipts were 104 cars, against 93,000 bu withdrawn from store. Four cars graded No. 2 red, 1 No. 2 hard, and 5 No. 2 spring. Primary markets had receipts of 727,000 bu, as against 456,000 bu shipped and 143,000 bu cleared. A year ago yesterday receipts at primary points were 927,000 bu. St. Louis and Detroit receipts are about the same as last season. Receipts at Chicago, Toledo, and Kansas City a year ago were three and a half times as great as they were yesterday.

### May Corn Weakened on Rains.

There was a good trade in May corn, which was weak, while the nearby futures, which ruled steadier, were compartively inactive. The weather, general rains, and the weakness in wheat were influences, but the incident of the day was the big selling of May by Schwartz-Dupee. The visible supply increased 994,000 bu. The receivers and shippers were not conspicuous in the pit trade. May corn opened easy at 31⅝c bid, a decline of ¼c. It advanced to the closing figure of Saturday, broke ½c, and closed at 31⅝c, only ⅛c above bottom price. Withdrawals of corn from store were heavy at 631,000 bu, as against local receipts of 530 cars and 21,000 bu by canal. The premium on cash corn was kept up to last week's standard. Exports were liberal at 161,000 bu, as compared to 481,000 bu received at and 762,000 bu shipped from primary markets. All this helped September corn, which started at 35½c bid and closed at 36c, a net advance of ¼c for the day. Charters for 829,000 bu corn were reported, but the new business in round lots was limited. Samples were in good demand. On track and free on board No. 4 sold at 35¼c, No. 3 at 36@36¼c, No. 3 yellow at 36¼@36½c, No. 2 at 37@37¼c, and No. 2 white at 36½@37c. Billed through No. 3 yellow sold at 35c, No. 2 at 35c, No. 2 yellow at 35@35½c, and No. 2 white at 35c.

Oats closed about ¼c lower for the futures, after at first declining about ¼c from Saturday's close. There was a moderate trade, made up largely of coverings by shorts and realizing by longs. Norton-Worthington were among the noticeable buyers of September. The visible increased 88,000 bu, but the comparisons to last week's and last year's figures was interpreted to mean that oats were moving out. The local stocks decreased 70,000 bu. The exports were 46,000 bu and receipts amounted to 239 cars, with 425 estimated for today. September ranged 19¼@19⅝c, opening at 19½c and closing at 19⅜@19½c. May opened at 22⅝c, sold 22⅜@22⅞c, and closed ¼c above the latter price. August was the same as September, and October closed 19⅝c. Cash lots were 1@1½c lower. No. 3 white sold at 20¼@21c, No. 2 at 19⅝c, and No. 3 to go to store 19c. The market for sample lots was also 1@1½c lower. The demand was limited and supply large. On track and free on board No. 3 sold 19@21c, No. 2 at 20@21c, No. 2 white 20¼@24½c. No. 3 billed through sold 18@20¼c, No. 3 white 20@21¼c, and No. 2 white at 21¼@23c.

Rye was dull under a light demand. Futures were lower, September offered at 42c, October 43c, and December 44c. Later December sold at 43c, with September nominally 41c and October 42c. No. 2 regular was 42@42½c.

Barley was 1@2c lower for medium to poor while better grades were steady. Offerings were larger, but the demand was insufficient. Free on board lots of No. 3 ranged 39@43c and September was 46c bid and 48c asked, with little doing.

Timothy was active and irregular, being lower for cash and firmer for futures. Cash lots were about 7½@10c lower. The offerings by sample were fair. Sales ranged $3.25@3.95 for poor to choice. Country prime seed closed $3.75, with contract grade $4.10. The August delivery closed $4.10, September at $3.80, and October about $3.70.

Flax was 1c lower. The futures were the weakest. Receipts of 247 cars and consequent liberal offerings caused the weakness. No. 1 cash Northwestern and Southwestern sold $1.01@1.02. August sold $1.01@1.01¼, September closed $1.00⅜, after selling $1.01½, and October sold $1.00¼@1.01.

Clover was dull, with scarcely any offering. Country sample of fair to good quality ranged $8.25@8.75, with contract grade about $9.50.

The principal business in provisions was transferring of September contracts to October. Differences were about the same as on Saturday, but widened slightly on pork. Ranges were narrow all around, and except on pork a small net decline was shown. Receipts of hogs were in excess of estimates by 2,000, and the market was fairly active and strong.

### Trade Gossip on 'Change.

The visible supply of wheat decreased 1,804,000 bu for this week. The decrease was mainly at Baltimore, 32,000 bu; Chicago, 209,000 bu; Duluth, 615,000 bu; Minneapolis, 836,000 bu; New York, 55,000 bu; and the lakes, 662,000 bu. There was an increase at Kansas City of 26,000 bu; Milwaukee, 26,000 bu; Oswego, 54,000 bu Philadelphia, 35,000 bu; St. Louis, 169,000 bu; and the canal, 112,000 bu. Local stocks are now 14,513,-000 bu, against 24,330,000 bu for the corresponding date last year.

Closing public advices quoted spot wheat 1d lower with futures 1¼@1½d lower. Antwerp and Paris were unchanged, but Berlin was down the equivalent of 1¼@1⅜c a bu.

New York wired that the detailed report of the Hungarian Minister of Agriculture shows the world's production of wheat this year 72,190,000 bu less than 1894 and rye153,198,000 bu less. The United States wheat crop is placed at 400,000,000 bu, against 408,000,000 bu last year, and the Russian crop at 52,000,000 bu larger. Commenting on the report a commission house pointed out that the figures of the American crop last year were given as 408,000,000 bu when the government figures were 460,000,000 bu. "Such blunders," the house in question said, "render the entire report worthless."

Estimated receipts for today: Wheat, 145 cars; corn, 520 cars; oats, 425 cars; hogs, 14,000.

Included in the stocks of grain in public warehouses in Liverpool are 4,517,000 bu wheat and 386,000 bu corn.

Calls on September wheat sold 61⅝@62c. Puts 60⅝@60⅞c to 60⅝c. On May corn calls sold 31⅞@32c and puts 31⅛@31⅜c.

The average weight of hogs received at Chicago last week was 241 lbs., the heaviest since January, as against 234 lbs. for the week previous.

Shipments of corn from Argentina last week were 1,048,000 bu, of which 960,000 bu went to the United Kingdom and 88,000 bu to the Continent. The shipments during the week previous were 1,-...

The visible supply figures in wheat, corn, and oats as compared with those of last year were as follows:

| | 1895. | 1894. |
|---|---|---|
| Wheat | 35,088,000 bu | 64,771,000 bu |
| Corn | 5,287,000 bu | 3,037,000 bu |
| Oats | 3,719,000 bu | 5,900,000 bu |

Vessel rates were firm at 2c for wheat and Flaxseed and 1⅝c for corn to Buffalo and 1¼c to Port Huron.

### PRICES ON 'CHANGE.

The following table shows the range of prices on grain and provisions:

| | Closed Saturday. | Price range yesterday. | Closed yesterday. | Closed Aug. 27, 1894. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **WHEAT.** | | | | |
| Aug. | 61⅛ | 60⅝@ 60⅞ | 60⅞ | 53⅞ |
| Sept. | 61⅛ | 60⅝@ 61⅛ | 61⅛ | 54⅞ |
| Dec. | 64⅛ | 63 @ 63⅞ | 63⅞ | 57⅞ |
| **CORN.** | | | | |
| Aug. | 36⅛ | 36 @ 36⅛ | 36⅛ | 55 |
| Sept. | 35⅞ | 35⅜@ 36 | 35 | 55⅞ |
| May. | 32 | 31⅛@ 31⅞ | 31⅞ | 52⅞ |
| **OATS.** | | | | |
| Aug. | 19⅞ | 19⅛@ 19⅞ | 19⅞ | 29⅞ |
| Sept. | 19⅞ | 19⅛@ 19⅞ | 19⅞ | 29⅞ |
| May. | 22⅞ | 21⅞@ 22⅞ | 22⅞ | 34⅞ |
| **MESS PORK.** | | | | |
| Sept. | $ 9.30 | $ 9.25 @ 9.32½ | $ 9.32½ | $13.57½ |
| Jan. | 9.77½ | 9.70 @ 9.82½ | 9.82½ | 13.65 |
| **LARD—PER 100 LBS.** | | | | |
| Sept. | $ 5.92½ | $ 5.87½@ 5.92½ | $ 5.90 | $ 7.90 |
| Jan. | 5.95 | 5.92½@ 5.97½ | 5.97½ | 7.65 |
| **RIBS—BOXED 25c MORE THAN LOOSE.** | | | | |
| Sept. | $ 5.72½ | $ 5.62½@ 5.72½ | $ 5.67½ | $ 7.47½ |
| Jan. | 5.07½ | 5.07½@ 5.12½ | 5.12½ | 7.02½ |

### GRAIN INSPECTION.

The following grain was inspected as received in this city Saturday by carloads:

| | Contract grades. | No. 3. | Low grades. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Winter wheat.. | 8 | 50 | 16 | 74 |
| Spring wheat.. | 5 | 25 | ........ | 30 |
| Corn ........ | 483 | 27 | 20 | 530 |
| Oats ........ | 90 | 149 | ........ | 239 |
| Rye ......... | 9 | 3 | ........ | 12 |
| Barley ...... | ........ | 19 | 1 | 20 |
| Totals ...... | 595 | 273 | 37 | 905 |

By canal—Corn, 21,011 bu.

Inspected out—Winter wheat, 4,100 bu; spring wheat, 10,000 bu; corn, 451,922 bu.

The following were the stocks of grain in store in this city at the close of the dates named [bu]:

| | Aug. 24, 1895. | Aug. 17, 1895. | Aug. 10, 1895. | Aug. 25, 1894. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat... | 14,513,000 | 14,722,000 | 15,373,000 | 24,330,000 |
| Corn.... | 1,621,000 | 1,667,000 | 1,335,000 | 1,219,000 |
| Oats..... | 637,000 | 707,000 | 701,000 | 899,000 |
| Rye...... | 94,000 | 78,000 | 68,000 | 148,000 |
| Barley.. | ........ | ........ | ........ | 11,000 |
| Total | 16,865,000 | 17,164,000 | 17,477,000 | 26,607,000 |

These figures show a decrease of 209,000 bu wheat, 46,000 bu corn, and 70,000 bu oats, and an increase of 16,000 bu rye.

The Secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade gives the following as the visible supply of grain [bu]:

| | Aug. 24, 1895 | Aug. 17, 1895. | Aug. 10, 1895. | Aug. 25, 1894. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat... | 35,088,000 | 36,892,000 | 37,839,000 | 64,771,000 |
| Corn.. | 5,287,000 | 4,293,000 | 4,613,000 | 3,037,000 |
| Oats.... | 3,719,000 | 3,631,000 | 3,925,000 | 6,098,000 |
| Rye...... | 390,000 | 304,000 | 254,000 | 290,000 |
| Barley.... | 45,000 | 31,000 | 44,000 | 263,000 |

These figures show a decrease of 1,804,000 bu wheat, an increase of 994,000 bu corn, 88,000 bu oats, 86,000 bu rye, and 14,000 bu barley. For the corresponding week of 1894 wheat increased 870,000 bu and corn 1,000 bu.

The following table shows the local receipts and shipments of the articles named for the 24 hours ending at 6 o'clock Saturday evening:

| ARTICLES. | RECEIPTS. 1895. | RECEIPTS. 1894. | SHIPMENTS. 1895. | SHIPMENTS. 1894. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Flour, brls.. | 12,998 | 14,370 | 10,421 | 33,760 |
| Wheat, bu... | 59,413 | 236,663 | 35,738 | 119,608 |
| Corn, bu ... | 372,560 | 144,040 | 705,436 | 221,389 |
| Oats, bu..... | 264,100 | 332,640 | 178,913 | 316,096 |
| Rye, bu...... | 6,600 | 2,000 | 1,071 | 1,950 |
| Barley, bu.. | 7,400 | 45,600 | 2,003 | 13,586 |
| T. Seed, lbs. | 842,065 | 368,650 | 499,409 | 150,067 |
| C. Seed, lbs. | 7,580 | 32,900 | 1,766 | 2,860 |
| Oth. S'd, lbs | ........ | ........ | 54,880 | 69,655 |
| F. Seed, bu. | 56,276 | 62,750 | 18,395 | 12,881 |
| B. Corn, lbs. | ........ | 36,000 | 32,920 | 3,890 |
| Cheese, lbs.. | 166,100 | 187,315 | 109,890 | 155,488 |
| Butter, lbs... | 577,395 | 351,110 | 382,756 | 345,424 |
| Eggs, cases. | 6,167 | 5,640 | 2,369 | 3,016 |
| Hides, lbs... | 386,130 | 288,255 | 594,265 | 896,030 |
| Wool, lbs.... | 70,605 | 373,588 | 220,524 | 473,622 |

## SOUTH WATER STREET MARKETS.

**Heavy Receipts of Peaches—Quality and Demand Good.**

An abundance of fruit was the feature of produce markets. While grapes and muskmelons were plentiful the supply of peaches was overshadowing. Receipts exceeded Saturday. The quality and demand were both good. No change was noted in vegetables. Arrivals continue very large, quality excellent, and prices are called very low. Dairy products were firm, with a good demand for the better grades of butter. Cheese is still in very small request. Hides were dull.

The following quotations are for round lots of merchantable quality, and usually from first hands:

Berries—Blackberries, $1.50@2.00 per 16-pt case; blueberries, $1.50 per case.

Butter—Creamery: Extra separator, 20c; firsts, 18@19c; seconds, 14½@16½c; thirds, 11½@13½c. Dairies: Fancy [Cooley's], 16½c; firsts, 13½@14½c.

California fruits—Oranges, navels, $3.00@3.50; peaches, 90c@$1.00 per 20-lb box; plums, 85c@$1.20 per 4-basket crate; grapes, 75c@$1.50 per 4-basket crate.

Cheese—Western: Young Americas, 7½@7¾c; twins, 7@7¼c; cheddars, 6¾@7c; New York fancy makes, 8@8¼c; Swiss, 12@12½c; limburger, 7½@8¼c; brick, 7¼@8c.

Eggs—Choice recandled, new cases included, 12½c; strictly fresh laid, loss off, cases returned, 12c; Southern, 11c.

Hay—Receipts, 1,165 tons; shipments, 103 tons. Market extremely dull; scarcely any demand and offering very large. Prices 50c@$1.00 per ton lower. Considerable thrashed timothy on the market, for which there is no sale. Choice timothy quotable at $11.50@12.00 on track; No. 1 at $11.00@11.50; No. 2 at $9.00@10.00; mixed nominal at $8.00@10.00; upland prairie at $8.00@9.50 for good to choice and $4.50@7.50 for poor to fair.

Hides—No. 1 green salted, 9c per lb; No. 2 do, 8c; No. 1 calfskin, 12c; No. 2 do, 10½c; No. 1 country tallow, 4½c per lb; No. 2 do, 3¾c.

Potatoes—New Wisconsin and Michigan Early Rose and Hebrons, 35@37c per bu on track; home grown, $1.00@1.25 per brl.

Green fruits—Apples, good to choice, $1.25@2.00 per brl; bananas, good to choice, 75c@$1.50; lemons, Messinas, $5.00@7.50 per box; Illinois peaches, 40@65c per crate; Michigan peaches, 15@23c per 1-5 bu basket; Michigan basket plums, 25@30c; watermelons, $100.00@110.00 per car; gem muskmelons, 10@20c per ⅛-bu basket; pears, $2.00@3.00 per brl; grapes, 18@23c per 8-lb basket.

Poultry—Live turkeys, 8@10c; hens, 8¼c; chickens, 10½@11c; roosters, 5c; spring ducks, 9c; geese, full-feathered, $3.00@7.00 per doz.

Vegetables—Cabbage, Illinois, 50@60c per crate; cauliflower, 40@75c per crate; cucumbers, home grown, 10@15c per doz; celery, home grown, 25c per doz; lettuce, home grown, per tub, 35@40c; beets, 75c@$1.00 per brl; carrots, $1.00 per brl; onions, $1.25@1.50 per brl; parsley, 10c per doz; egg-plant, home grown, 50@65c per crate; radishes, 15c per doz; spinach, 75c per brl; string beans, Illinois, 75c per sack; wax beans, 75c per sack; tomatoes, Illinois, cases, 25c; tomatoes, home grown, Illinois, 50c per bu basket; turnips, $1.00 per brl; sweet corn, 5@7c per doz.

Whisky—Firm on the basis of $1.22 for highwines; high-proof spirits, $1.25½.

## PRODUCE MARKETS EAST AND WEST.

**Grain, Cotton, and Provision Movements, with Closing Quotations.**

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Wheat—There was a material decline in all departments in the absence of good support and with a decided pressure to sell. Wheat for forward delivery opened ⅝@⅞c down from Saturday's official close and subsequently broke ⅝@1c more, but rallied ⅜@½c just at the close. The rapid decline was attributed largely to the absence of speculative demand and a decided pressure to sell for Western and foreign account, stimulated partly by a steady increase in the shipments from the Northwest and by weaker cables, Liverpool being 1¼@1½c lower and Berlin 2@2¼m off, but Paris was unchanged to 20 centimes higher on wheat and 5@40 centimes on flour. The depression in the United Kingdom was due largely to the increase of 320,000 bu in the quantity on passage, despite the heavy imports last week, the total of wheat and flour being 5,561,500 bu, and although the deliveries of native wheat were small the total receipts from all sources were 1,821,700 bu above regular weekly requirements. Then there was talk of large shipments from Russia, with abundant offerings for forward shipments. Soon after noon the decline was checked by the posting of the visible supply statement, showing a heavy reduction—namely: 1,864,000 bu, or more than double Saturday's estimates. In fact the decrease was so unexpectedly large as to create some doubt as to the accuracy of the figures. Local stocks diminished 47,700 bu, including 26,671 bu No. 1 hard, but No. 2 red gained 101,952 bu. Exports, 73,685 bu; receipts, 110,700 bu. Spot trading slow and values easier, exporters taking 2 loads, embracing No. 2 red afloat at ⅛c over September; do f. o. b. afloat 1⅜c over; No. 1 hard, 3¼@3½c over; and No. 1 Northern 2¼c over. The exports of wheat today from the four chief Atlantic ports were 794,000 bu, against 303,837 bu a year ago.

Corn—Exports, 113,123 bu; receipts, 220,900 bu. Spot was in fair demand at easier figures, offerings were ample, exporter taking 16 loads. Sales: 90,000 bu No. 2 quoted at 42½@43c in elevator, 43¼@44c afloat; do f. o. b. afloat 3¼c over September for early loading and 2⅜@2⅞c over September for Sept. 4 to 7; 25,000 bu yellow at 44½c afloat; 8,000 bu yellow at 44c; 3,000 bu No. 2 white at 42c; 24,000 bu f. o. b. afloat early September at 2¼c over. Futures quiet at irregular figures. Oats—Exports, 31,505 bu; receipts, 82,300 bu. Spot quiet and weak. Sales: 6,000 bu No. 2 white at 27¼c; September do at 25⅛c; October do at 25½c; 5,000 bu No. 3 white at 25¼c; 10,000 bu No. 2 mixed at 24⅞@24⅞c; 15,000 bu ungraded at 27@31c for white and 24@26¼c for mixed; 15,000 bu old No. 2 mixed at 25¼@25⅜c, store. Futures easier and very quiet. Cash No. 2 oats sold at a lower price today than ever before. A trade was made at 24¼c, against 24⅝c the previous low record. Oats have been going down steadily for the last few months under a weight of supplies and prospects for an enormous crop. Official sales:

| Months. | Opening. | Lowest. | Highest. | Closing. | Saturday night. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **WHEAT.** | | | | | |
| September.. | 66⅞ | 66 | 66⅞ | 66⅞ | 67⅞ |
| December.... | 69 | 67 15-16 | 69 | 68⅞ | 69⅞ |
| May........ | 72⅞ | 72 | 72⅞ | 72⅞ | 73⅞ |
| **CORN.** | | | | | |
| September.. | 41⅞ | 41⅞ | 41⅞ | 41⅞ | 41⅞ |
| October...... | 41⅞ | 40⅞ | 41⅞ | 41 | 41⅞ |
| May......... | 37⅞ | 36⅞ | 37⅞ | 37 | 37⅞ |
| **OATS.** | | | | | |
| September.. | 24⅞ | 24 | 24⅞ | 24 | 24⅞ |
| October...... | 23⅞ | 23⅞ | 23⅞ | 23⅞ | 23⅞ |
| May........ | 26 13-16 | 25⅞ | 26 13-16 | 25⅞ | 27 |

The visible supply of grain Saturday, Aug. 24, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, is as follows: Wheat, 35,039,000 bu, decrease 1,804,000 bu; corn, 5,287,000 bu, increase 994,000 bu; oats, 3,719,000 bu, increase 88,000 bu; rye, 390,000 bu, increase 86,000 bu; barley, 46,000 bu, increase 172,000 bu.

Cotton—The first prices were reduced 9 points on new and 6@7 points on late months, followed by a further decline of 2 points, then advanced 5@6 points, which was subsequently lost and recovered again, closing very steady at 2@3 points decline from Saturday's final figures. Trading was mostly local and the market showed considerable irregularity and nervousness. Liverpool reported spot cotton quotations fully maintained. Middling uplands, 4 3-32d. Futures opened steady, sellers at 3-64d advance; closed easy at ⅛@1½ points net decline. Manchester yarns quiet and firm; cloths quiet and firm. Receipts at the port today were estimated at 755 bales. [On the spot the market was quiet but steady. Middling uplands quoted at 7 13-16c and go gulf at 8 1-16c. Sales, 900 bales for consumption. Today's sales:

| Months. | Sales. | High. | Low. | Closing. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| August...... | 300 | 7.59 | 7.55 | 7.60@7.61 |
| September... | 4,300 | 7.59 | 7.53 | 7.60@7.61 |
| October...... | 53,200 | 7.66 | 7.60 | 7.67@7.68 |
| November...... | 10,600 | 7.74 | 7.67 | 7.73@7.74 |
| December.... | 2,300 | 7.79 | 7.73 | 7.79@.... |
| January....... | 72,400 | 7.86 | 7.78 | 7.85@7.86 |
| February....... | 2,500 | 7.90 | 7.87 | 7.90@7.92 |
| March......... | 7,700 | 7.96 | 7.90 | 7.96@7.97 |
| May......... | 400 | 8.03 | 8.03 | ....@.... |

Coffee—A stronger feeling prevailed in contracts today, but trading continued small. European advices were more favorable and our market opened 10 to 20 points higher, with sellers scarce and indifferent. Havre opened ⅝f higher, later declined ¼f, and still later recovered this again. Hamburg advanced ¼ pfg. Receipts at Brazilian ports were 28,000 bags. The Rio market was barely steady at 100 reis decline, and Santos steady. Rate of exchange at Rio was quoted at 10 15-16d. American warehouse deliveries Saturday were 6,963 bags; American visible supply, 512,387 bags. Today's sales:

| Months. | Sales. | High. | Low. | Closing. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| March.......... | 1,750 | 14.65 | 14.60 | 14.55@14.60 |
| August ......... | 250 | 14.80 | 14.80 | 14.65@14.75 |
| September..... | 100 | 14.85 | 14.80 | 14.75@14.80 |
| November..... | 500 | 14.80 | 14.80 | 14.75@14.85 |
| December .... | 2,250 | 14.80 | 14.80 | 14.75@14.80 |

Butter—Receipts are moderate and, with strong Western advices, holders remain firm at 20c for fancy fresh creamery.

Cheese—State full cream, large size, white choice, 7⅛@7⅜c; do large colored fancy, 7⅜c.

Eggs—Strictly fine Northerly eggs, entirely free from heat, are held at 15c, but trading light.

Sugars—Raws were dull and nominally weak. Centrifugals, 96 test, at 3⅛c; muscovado, 89 test, at 2 5-16c; and molasses sugar, 89 test, at 2⅝c. Refined dull and lower. Granulated at 4 3-16@4⅜c.

Petroleum—Dull; United closed at $1.26 bid.

At Oil City, Pa.—Market steady; sales, 3,000; shipments, 119,062; runs, 138,182.

News from Findlay, O., is that owing to the two reductions made in the price of Ohio oil last week the leading producers of that field have ordered the suspension of all drilling operations as soon as wells now in progress are completed. It is said the present price of oil does not afford profit for continued operations.

Cottonseed Oil—Inactive and nominal.

Dry Goods—Agents have advanced prices as follows: Amoskeag striped and napped cheviots, 5 per cent; Lonsdale cambric muslin, ¾, to 9½c; Otis No. 4 blue denims, ¼c; exposition A 36-inch brown sheetings, ⅛c; Woodbury, Paragon, Ballardvale, 36-inch bleached, each ⅛c. Very strong market for all classes of cotton goods. Printing cloths very firm at 3c, with sales of 10,000 pieces 2c at that price, and a large business doing in all odds.

Ocean Freights—Dull. Engagements: 32,000 bu to London at 2d, 20,000 bu oats to London at is 1½d; Hamburg quoted at 30 pfgs, Leith at 3¼d, Glasgow at 2½d, Newcastle at 2¼c, Rotterdam at 3¼c, Amsterdam at 2c, Liverpool at 1¾d, Antwerp at 1¼d, Copenhagen at 2s, Bristol at 3d, Hull at 3d.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 26.—Wheat was sensitive to heavy. Northwestern receipts today, 900 cars at Minneapolis and Duluth, and prices were under closing prices of Saturday for the whole session except for a brief turn, when a point ¼c higher was reached. There was favorable news to offset these receipts, but the trade in the absence of any speculative action in line with the bullish features what were presented. September opened at 58⅛c, advanced to 58⅝c, and closed on a slump at 57⅛c after reaching 57⅛c. December opened at 58⅛c and closed at 58⅝c, with the range 57⅞@58⅝c. There was a fair trade, but it was not prominent for briskness. The bulge awakened some interest, but the break following took the interest out of the way quickly. There was a good demand for No. 1 Northern wheat, but the receipts of 500 cars brought a large amount of off-grade wheat on the market, and it was overloaded, with the result that buyers would not purchase except at concessions, and this made the market weak and unsatisfactory. Cash wheat is selling at about ¼c over September. Flour steady; first patents, $3.30@3.50; second patents, $3.10@3.30; first clears, $2.95@3.05; second clears, $2.45; export bakers', $2.40@2.75.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 26.—Grain—Wheat weak; spot and month, 64⅛@64⅞c; September, 65@65⅛c; December, 67⅞@68c; steamer No. 2 red, 61⅞@62c; receipts, 22,099 bu; stock, 756,827 bu; sales, 151,000 bu; Southern wheat by sample, 65@66½c; do on grade, 62⅞@65⅞c. Corn weak; spot, 43@43½c; month, 43c asked; September, 42@42¼c; year, 35⅞@36c; January, 35½c asked; receipts, 17,522 bu; stock, 98,582 bu; sales, 10,000 bu; Southern white corn, 43½c; do yellow, 44c asked. Oats firm; No. 2 white Western, 26½@27c; receipts, 7,283 bu; stock, 134,985 bu. Rye dull and easy; No. 2, 47½c; receipts, 4,448 bu; stock, 39,536 bu. Grain freights dull; demand slow; rates easy; steam to Liverpool, per bu, 12d August; Cork for orders, per quarter, 2s 6d@2s 7½d August.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 26.—Grain—Corn steady; No. 2, 36c; No. 3, 35½c. Oats easy; No. 2 white, 21½@22c; No. 3 white, 21@21½c. Rye dull; new No. 2, 42c. Whisky firm; finished goods on the basis of $1.22 for highwines. Receipts—Wheat, 1,800 bu; corn, 17,300 bu; oats, 93,500 bu; rye, 600 bu; barley, 700 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 600 bu; corn, 34,400 bu; oats, 112,350 bu; rye and barley, none.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 26.—Grain—Spring wheat, hard white wheat has not been as slow in years as at present; offerings today light; No. 1 hard closed 66⅝c for spot; c. i. f., 65⅞c; winter wheat unsettled; No. 2 red, 67⅞@68c. Corn—Market dull, but steady; No. 2 yellow, 43c; No. 3 yellow, 42⅞c; No. 2 corn, 42⅞c. Oats—Market dull; No. 2 white, 27c; No. 3 white, 23@23½c. Rye easier; No. 2, offered, 49c.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 26.—Grain—Wheat lower, weak; No. 2 cash, August, 64⅞c; September, 65c; December, 66⅞c. Corn dull, steady; No. 2 mixed, 38c; September, 37⅞c. Oats dull; No. 2 mixed, September, 20⅞c. Rye quiet; No. 2 cash, August, 45c. Cloverseed active, steadier; prime cash, $5.22½; October, $5.15. Receipts—Wheat, 37,000 bu; corn, 10,000; oats, 2,000; rye, 500 bu; cloverseed, 75 bags. Shipments—Wheat, 75,500 bu; corn, 2,500 bu; oats, 44,500 bu; rye, 500 bu.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 26.—Grain—Wheat 1@2c lower; No. 2 hard, 58@59c; No. 2 red, 62@63c; rejected, 43@48c. Corn ⅛@1c lower; No. 2 mixed, 31½c; No. 2 white, 31⅞@32c. Oats slow; No. 2 mixed, 19⅞@20½c; No. 2 white, 22@22½c. Receipts—Wheat, 56,000 bu; corn, 45,000 bu; oats, 24,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 13,000 bu; corn and oats, none.

DULUTH, Minn., Aug. 26.—Grain—Wheat weaker; No. 1 hard, cash, 60c; August, 60c; No. 1 Northern, cash, 59⅛c; August, 59⅛c; September, 59⅝c; December, 60⅝c; No. 2 Northern, cash, 56⅛c; No. 3, 51⅛c; rejected, 49⅛c. To arrive: No. 1 hard, 60⅞c; No. 1 Northern, 59⅝c. Rye, 40c. Oats—No. 2, 21c; No. 3, 20⅛c. Receipts—Wheat, 115,-500 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 234,000.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 26.—Grain—Wheat lower; cash, 61⅞c; September, 62⅞c; December, 64c; May, 68⅞c. Corn lower; cash, 33⅞c; September, 34⅛c; December, 26⅛c; May, 28⅛@28⅜c. Oats—Cash lower; 18⅞c; options better; September, 19⅛c; December, 20⅛c; May, 22⅛c. Rye dull; 40c on track.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 26.—Resin firm; strained, $1.15; good, $1.20. Spirits steady 24½@25c. Tar steady, $1.35. Turpentine quiet; hard, $1.10; soft, $1.50; virgin, $1.80.

ELGIN, Ill., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Butter ruled firm on the Board of Trade today, 12,240 pounds selling at 20c a pound.

## IN THE FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKET.

**Wheat and Corn Quiet and Pork Firm on the Liverpool Market.**

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 26.—Breadstuffs—Wheat—Spot quiet; demand poor; No. 2 red winter, 5s 1d; No. 2 red spring, 5s 4½d; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s 5d; No. 1 California, 5s 1d. Futures opened easy, with near positions ¾d lower and distant positions 1d lower; closed dull, with near positions and distant positions 1¼@1½d lower; business heaviest on middle positions; August, 5s ¼d; September, 5s ¼d; October, 5s ½d; November, 5s 1d; December, 5s 1½d; January, 5s 1¾d.

Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed, new, 3s 7¾d. Futures opened dull, with near and distant positions ½d lower; closed steady, with near positions 1@1¼d lower and distant positions ¼@1¼d lower; business heaviest on nearest and most distant positions; August, 3s 7d; September, 3s 7d; October, 3s 7d; November, 3s 8¼d; December, 3s 7d; January, 3s 5¼d.

Flour—Firm; demand poor; best St. Louis fancy winter, 7s.

Provisions—Bacon dull; demand poor; Cumberland cut, 28 to 30 lbs, 42s 6d; short ribs, 28 lbs, 37s 6d; long clear, light, 38 to 45 lbs, 38s; long clear, heavy, 55 lbs, 35s 6d; short clear backs, light, 18 lbs, 36s 6d; short clear middles, heavy, 55 lbs, 35s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, 42s. Shoulders—Square, 12 to 18 lbs, 35s. Hams—short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, 41s. Tallow—Fine North American, nominal. Beef—Extra India mess, 72s 6d; prime mess, 57s 6d. Pork—Prime mess, fine Western, 50s 3d; do medium, 48s 9d. Lard—Easy; prime Western, 30s 9d; refined, in pails, 32s 6d. Cheese—Quiet; demand poor; fine American, white and colored, new, 38s. Butter—Finest United States, 70s; good, 60s. Turpentine—Spirits, 20s 6d. Resin—Common, 4s 3d. Cotton seed oil—Liverpool, refined, 17s 9d. Refrigerator beef—Forequarters, 3¾d; hindquarters, 6¾d. Bleaching powder—Hardwood, f. o. b., Liverpool, £7. Hops—At London [Pacific coast], £2. Linseed oil—21s. Petroleum—Refined, 8¼d.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Sugar—Cane quiet; centrifugal, Java, 11s 9d; muscovado, fair refining, 9s 6d. Beet firmer and decidedly dearer; August, 9s 4½d; September, 9s 4½d.

Spot petroleum, 5⅝@5⅞d. Spirits, 8¼d. Calcutta linseed, spot and July shipment via cape, 35s 9d.

ANTWERP, Aug. 26.—Petroleum, 18f 25c.

BREMEN, Aug. 26.—Petroleum, 6 marks 40 pfg.

## IN THE LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET

**Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep.**

Chicago receipts and shipments of live stock for the dates mentioned:

| | Cattle. | Calves. | Hogs. | Sheep. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Receipts— | | | | |
| Monday, Aug. 26....... | 17,000 | 400 | 23,000 | 16,000 |
| Total last week....... | 66,547 | 3,634 | 104,940 | 80,724 |
| Shipments— | | | | |
| Monday, Aug. 26........ | 3,500 | ...... | 6,000 | 1,000 |
| Total last week....... | 23,552 | 170 | 31,504 | 12,638 |

Today's receipts are estimated at 6,000 cattle, 14,000 hogs, and 15,000 sheep.

Cattle—Recipts, 7,500 natives, 8,500 Western rangers, and 1,000 Texas, against 14,000 natives, 5,000 Western, and 2,000 Texas a year ago. Desirable native beef cattle were scarce and strong at 10@15c advance. Fat Westerns also sold that much higher, while Texas ruled steady and native butcher stock weak to 10c lower. Trade was active and a good clearance was made. Fancy beeves nominally $5.80@6.00. Steers averaging 980@1,563 lbs sold at $3.60@5.70, bulk $4.75@5.55; Western rangers, $3.00@5.00, bulk $3.40@4.00; Texas steers, $2.75@3.30; native cows and heifers, $1.40@3.80; bulls, $1.75@3.50; veal calves, $3.25@6.00; and stockers and feeders, $2.40@3.85.

Hogs—The best grades of hogs ruled firm to a shade higher, while the commoner grades ruled weak to 5c lower. Trade was fairly active, with most of the packers indifferent. The quality was rather poor. Heavy sold at $4.05@4.75, bulk $4.35@4.65; mixed, $4.20@4.85, bulk $4.50@4.70; light, $4.45@4.95, bulk $4.75@4.90; pigs, $2.75@4.70.

Sheep—There was no change in sheep, but choice lambs sold 10c higher. Lambs sold at $2.50@5.10, bulk $4.50@4.85; native sheep, $1.25@2.40, bulk $2.75@3.00; Westerns, $1.60@2.90. A lot of 60 scalawag sheep sold at 45c per head.

### LIVE STOCK MARKETS ELSEWHERE.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,300; shipments, 2,200; best steady; others slow and weak; Texas steers, $2.25@3.00; Texas cows, $2.00@2.60; beef steers, $4.00@5.45; native cows, $1.50@3.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.40; bulls, $2.00@3.00. Hogs—Receipts, 4,200; shipments, 1,200; market steady to 5c lower; bulk of sales, $4.40@4.50; heavies, $3.65@4.45; packers, $4.35@4.55; mixed, $4.40@4.55; lights, $4.00@4.55; Yorkers, $4.45@4.55; pigs, $2.60@4.55. Sheep—Receipts, 2,900; shipments, 800; market steady; lambs, $3.00@4.00; muttons, $2.25@3.50.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Beeves—Receipts, two days, 4,174; on sale, 58 cars; dull; steers 10@15c lower; bulls and cows steady; yards not cleared; native steers, poor to prime, $4.00@5.40; Colorados and half-breds, $3.80@4.05; stags and oxen, $2.00@3.50; bulls, $1.70@3.40; dry cows, $1.20@...

[Continued on tenth page.]

# TO COME DOWN-TOWN

## OGDEN AVENUE CARS MAY RUN DOWN LAKE STREET LINE.

**Stringing of Trolley Wires Under the Lake Street Elevated Said to Mean the Bringing of Southwestern Traffic to Business Center by Electricity—West Chicago Is Firmer and More Actively Traded In—Metropolitan Preparing Suits for Its Southwestern Branch Right of Way.**

The stringing of trolley wires under the Lake Street Elevated from Market street east to State street, which was done Sunday, is said to mean a change in the present plan of bringing the cars of the Ogden avenue line down-town. The Ogden avenue cars now run from the intersection of Madison and Ogden to the down-town district as trailers on the Madison street cable line. It is said the West Chicago Street railroad intends running the Ogden avenue line across Madison to Lake street, transferring there to the Lake street line and running down-town the entire distance as an electric road. Further than this, it is said to be the intention of the company to run other of its western lines through to Lake street, connecting there with the Lake street electric. The advantage of this plan is apparent. It would enable the company to run its cars down-town in much shorter time than under the present system, and it would also relieve the Madison street cable of a considerable portion of its traffic, which would enable that line to run trains oftener and thus add to its service. The running of the Ogden avenue cars down Lake street would have the effect of cutting into the traffic of the Metropolitan Elevated. An electric surface line is almost as rapid as an electric elevated. It would have the added advantage which goes with the surface road, and it is thought by officials of the West Chicago Street railroad it would add considerably to the traffic of that line. The work on the Ogden Street railroad in Cicero, connecting with the Ogden avenue line at the city limits, is now progressing, contracts for several miles of the road having been let. This will to a considerable extent parallel the main line and the southwestern branch of the Metropolitan.

West Chicago was firmer yesterday, and trading in it was more active than it has been for some days. At the opening of the market it sold at 129⅝, advancing to 130¼, and closing at 130⅛ regular. This was practically the only stock traded in. On first call 300 shares were sold second account for 130¼, and later 50 shares were sold second account for 130½. Lake Street was in poor demand, selling at 20⅝ to 20⅜ regular and 20⅝ account. New York Biscuit sold at 70¼, and 150 shares of American Strawboard were sold account at 48⅜. There was no sale made of either North Chicago or City Railway. Alley "L" opened at 12 regular and closed at 11. One hundred shares were sold account at 11⅝ and 50 shares at 11½.

The work on the Lake Street Elevated extension from Market street to Wabash avenue is now nearing completion. The tracks are laid and a freight train carrying material for the stations was run over the line during the latter part of last week. It is said the company will be running trains to Wabash avenue by Sept. 15. What effect this will have upon the earnings of the road is yet to be determined, but in the opinion of some of the brokers it will add considerably to the number of passengers carried.

Attorney Gurley of the Metropolitan Elevated has just returned from a vacation, and he said yesterday the work of securing right of way for the southwestern branch of that road was being vigorously prosecuted. Wherever a settlement can be made with owners for the securing of property needed it is being done, and suits are now nearly ready to be filed for the condemnation of the remaining property required.

Reports from Omaha are to the effect that the Union Stock-Yards has increased its earnings considerably of late. The stock of this company was put on the unlisted list of the Stock Exchange a few weeks ago. At the time the stock was put on this list it was earning 4 per cent, as compared with 8½ per cent for the fiscal year ending in November, 1894. During the present month the earnings have been at the rate of 7 per cent, and the indications are the earnings during the remainder of the fiscal year will exceed those of last year. The falling off in the earnings of the first half of the year was due to the drought in the section tributary to Omaha, which cut off the supply of live stock.

William L. Elkins and P. B. Widener of Philadelphia were in Chicago yesterday, leaving at 3 o'clock for home. During the forenoon they had a conference with Charles T. Yerkes at the North Side offices, but no one interested would admit that the visit had any significance. They were interested in West Chicago, and some of the brokers attributed yesterday's activity to their presence here.

Chicago Gas was not in active demand on the Stock Exchange yesterday. It is reported from New York, however, that it is being quietly bought on Wall street and that considerable quantities of the stock have been absorbed recently. The six months' statement of the company, which is now in the hands of the directors and stockholders, shows an increase in output of 17 per cent. Ten thousand new meters have been added to the number in use during the six months, which, the report says, means an increase of 60,000 in the gas burning population of Chicago.

The Kansas City water works tangle has finally been straightened out by a compromise between the parties at interest, the city, and the National Water Works company. The compromise involves the transfer of $3,000,000 of Kansas City bonds issued to provide for the purchase of the water works plant from the National company. In 1873 the water works company secured a twenty years' franchise, but contested, the right of the city to purchase the plant in the courts. After long drawn out litigation the right of the city was sustained and the value of the plant fixed at $3,000,000. The city voted to issue that amount of bonds drawing 4½ per cent interest. This bond issue was disposed of to an Eastern syndicate represented by Kidder, Peabody & Co., they agreeing to pay a premium of $48,000. The water works company attacked the validity of the bond issue, and for some reason the Eastern people could not get a satisfactory legal opinion on them. By the terms of the compromise just arranged the water works company transfers the plant to the city and takes the bonds, paying a bonus, however, of $58,-000. It is claimed the amount received by the city for the bonds by this arrangement is considerably larger than that agreed upon by the Eastern syndicate after allowances are made for accrued interest and commissions. The bonds were delivered yesterday and the deal closed. It is supposed arrangements have been made to sell the entire issue in the East.

Sterling rates were as follows:

| | Sixties. | Demand. |
|---|---|---|
| Posted ..................... | 489 | 490 |
| Actual..................... | 488⅜ | 489¼ |
| Documentary ............. | 487⅞ | 488⅞ |

SALES FIRST CALL—10:30 A. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| 200 W C S R R 2d act.130⅛ | 5 W C S R R..........129⅞ |
| 30 do................129⅞ | 10 C & S S R T Co... 12 |
| 20 do cash............129⅞ | 50 A S B Co act ...... 48⅜ |
| 50 do ................129⅞ | 10 N Y B Co .......... 70⅛ |
| 50 do act.............130 | |

BONDS.

$250 L St El income 5s.............. 40

SALES BETWEEN CALLS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 50 Lake S E R R act 20⅝ | 25 C & S S R T Co... 12 |
| 50 do 2d act...... 20⅝ | 16 C & S S R T Co... 11⅞ |
| 50 do.............. 20⅝ | 50 C B & M Co pfd.. 30⅛ |
| 25 do............... 20⅝ | 300 N Y B Co act..... 70 |
| 75 do............... 20⅝ | 50 W C S R R 2d act.130⅛ |

BONDS.

| | |
|---|---|
| $4000 C G L & C C 5s. 91⅜ | $1100 L S E debt 5s.... 78 |
| 4000 do............ 91⅜ | |

SALES SECOND CALL—2:30 P. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| 8 W C S R R........ 129⅞ | 14 C & S S R T Co ... 11⅞ |
| 10 do.............. 129⅞ | 50 L St El R R........ 20⅝ |
| 50 do act........... 129⅞ | 50 do act............ 20⅝ |
| 19 do................ 129⅞ | 100 A S B Co........... 58⅝ |
| 100 do act........... 130 | 10 Chicago E Co.... 124 |
| 21 do................. 130 | 50 M W S E R R Co. 19⅝ |
| 50 do 2d act......... 130⅛ | |

BONDS.

| | |
|---|---|
| $3000 W C S R R debt 6s 101⅞ | $1000 C C 5s.............. 81⅞ |
| 1000 do.................. 101⅞ | |

SALES AFTER CALLS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 60 W C S R R......... 130⅛ | 50 C & S S R T C act 11⅞ |
| 100 do 2d act.......... 130⅛ | 5 do.................... 12⅛ |
| 150 do act.............. 130⅛ | 50 do act............... 20⅝ |
| 100 C & S S R T Co..... 11⅞ | |

BONDS.

$6000 C G L & C Co 5s ............. 91⅞

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

| | Aug. 26. | Aug. 19. |
|---|---|---|
| New York.............. | $ 58,656,642 | $ 66,488,519 |
| Chicago................ | 13,754,000 | 13,620,000 |
| Boston.................. | 10,329,657 | 12,398,187 |
| Philadelphia........... | 6,942,210 | 8,478,921 |
| St. Louis................ | 4,328,303 | 4,210,511 |
| Baltimore.............. | 1,768,611 | ........ |
| New Orleans........... | 745,250 | ........ |

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 40c discount; St. Louis, 25c discount bid.

## NEW YORK STOCK MARKET ACTIVE.

**Tone Generally Strong with the Exception of Certain Industrial Shares.**

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The stock market today, particularly in the early hours, developed considerable activity and a somewhat stronger tone, outside of a few of the industrials. Sugar was made the chief target and fell considerably over 2 points, with very little recovery during the day. Tobacco, too, broke nearly 3 points and recovered only a small portion of the loss.

Of really greater interest than the movements of the industrials named was the activity and strength exhibited by the shares of grain-carrying roads. All of these were materially higher than at the close of business last week, while most of them attained the best figures of the year. Rock Island rose to 83, Northwest to 105⅜, Omaha to 43⅞, and St. Paul to 74⅞, all the top figures of the current improvement. Burlington also advanced, but the stock did not reach the top notch of the year. An order to cover a large short line of St. Paul appeared in the market at the opening, and the execution of this not only served to strengthen that stock but also started similar movements in pretty much all other railroad stocks.

Atchison was another conspicuously strong stock, and on largely increased trading rose a point from Saturday's closing.

The publication of the Erie reorganization plan failed to arouse any pronounced degree of enthusiasm, although it was generally well received and caused a slight advance in the prices of both classes of shares.

What did more, perhaps, to strengthen the general market than anything else was a further decline in the rates for foreign exchange, which not only led to a reduction in the amount of gold taken for export to Europe tomorrow but also served to strengthen the impression that the outward movement of the precious metal is now on the wane.

Bonds were active and strong. Erie 2d consols stamped sold up 5¼ per cent; Chicago and Erie incomes, 3; Chicago and Erie 1sts, 1¾; Lincoln and Colorado 1sts, 2⅝; Oregon Navigation 5s, trust receipts, 2½; do collateral trust 5s, trust receipts, 1; Susquehanna and Western Terminal 1sts, 2; Atchison, Colorado and Pacific 1sts and Northern Pacific consols, 1⅜; do trust receipts, 1⅜; Atchison adjustment 4s when issued, 1⅜; Colorado Midland 1sts, trust receipts, 1½; Cordage 1sts, trust receipts, 1⅝; St. Joseph and Grand Island 1sts, trust receipts, 1¼; Oregon Short Line 6s, trust receipts, 1¼; and Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern 5s, Chicago and Indiana coal 5s, Minneapolis street railway 1sts, Louisville and Nashville 5s, Morris and Essex 1sts, and Rock Island debenture 5s, 1 per cent. Declines: Ohio and Mississippi consols sinking fund 7s, 2⅜ per cent; Lake Erie and Western 2ds, 2½; and Louisville and Nashville unified 4s, 1 per cent. The sales were $2,427,000.

Money on call easy at 1 per cent; last loan, 1 per cent; close at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent.

Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 489½@489⅝ for demand and 488¼@488⅜ for sixty days; posted rates, 489@490 and 490@491; commercial bills, 487½@488. Silver certificates, 66⅞@67⅛.

Government bonds strong. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds strong.

Total sales of stocks today, 263,242 shares.

SALES AND QUOTATIONS ON N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.

| Description. | Sales. | High. | Low. | Closing—Ag.26 | Closing—Ag.24 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amn. Sugar....... | 63,800 | 109 | 106⅛ | 107⅛ | 109⅛ |
| Do pfd........ | 100 | 102 | 102 | 102 | ...... |
| Amn. Tobacco.... | 19,400 | 98 | 95⅞ | 96⅞ | 98⅞ |
| Amn. Cot. Oil..... | 100 | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | ...... |
| Atlantic & Pac .. | 200 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | ...... |
| Atchison. ......... | 19,900 | 19 | 18⅞ | 19 | 18 |
| Do pfd ....... | 1,500 | 33⅞ | 33⅞ | 33⅞ | 33⅞ |
| C. B. & Q ........ | 10,000 | 91⅞ | 90⅞ | 91⅞ | 90⅞ |
| C. & N. W. ....... | 9,300 | 105⅞ | 104⅞ | 105⅞ | 104⅞ |
| C., M. & St. P ...... | 45,000 | 75⅞ | 73⅞ | 75 | 73⅞ |
| Do pfd........ | 200 | 129 | 128⅞ | 129 | 129 |
| C., R. I. & P........ | 10,300 | 83 | 82 | 82⅞ | 81⅞ |
| C., St. P., M. & O... | 4,500 | 44 | 42⅞ | 44 | 42⅞ |
| Can. So........... | 700 | 56⅞ | 56 | 56⅞ | 55⅞ |
| Ches. & Ohio....... | 1,000 | 21⅞ | 21 | 21 | 20⅞ |
| C., C., C. & St. L.... | 900 | 49⅞ | 49 | 49⅞ | 49⅞ |
| Do pfd........ | 400 | 96 | 95 | 96 | ...... |
| Cen. R. R. of N. J. | 300 | 107⅞ | 106⅞ | 107⅞ | 106 |
| Chicago Gas....... | 8,200 | 63⅞ | 63⅞ | 63⅞ | 62⅞ |
| C., H. V. & Tol..... | 200 | 25⅞ | 25 | 25⅞ | ...... |
| Colo. Fuel & I...... | 800 | 37⅞ | 37 | 37⅞ | 37⅞ |
| Col. C. & I. dev.... | 900 | 7 | 5 | 6 | ...... |
| D., L. & W......... | 100 | 163⅞ | 163⅞ | 163⅞ | ...... |
| Del. & Hud ......... | 900 | 132⅞ | 131⅞ | 132⅞ | 132 |
| Den. & Rio G. pfd. | 500 | 48⅞ | 48⅞ | 48⅞ | ...... |
| Dist. & C. F. Co.... | 2,100 | 21⅞ | 21 | 21⅞ | 21 |
| D., M. & Ft. D........ | 100 | 11 | 11 | 11 | ...... |
| E. T. & T. Co......... | 200 | 54 | 53⅞ | 53⅞ | ...... |
| F. & P. M.......... | 200 | 15⅞ | 15⅞ | 15⅞ | ...... |
| Genl. Electric...... | 2,000 | 37⅞ | 36⅞ | 37⅞ | 36⅞ |
| Great North'n pfd | 100 | 128⅞ | 128⅞ | 128⅞ | ...... |
| Ill. Steel........... | 500 | 73⅞ | 73⅞ | 73⅞ | ...... |
| Ill. Cent............ | 100 | 102 | 102 | 102 | 102 |
| Iowa Cent ......... | 450 | 11⅞ | 11 | 11 | ...... |
| Do pfd....... | 25 | 36 | 36 | 36 | ...... |
| H. & T. C............ | 100 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | ...... |
| Lake Shore......... | 200 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 |
| Louis. & Nash...... | 3,300 | 61⅞ | 61⅞ | 61⅞ | 61⅞ |
| L. E. & W ........... | 400 | 27⅞ | 27⅞ | 27⅞ | 27⅞ |
| Do pfd ........ | 100 | 81⅞ | 81⅞ | 81⅞ | 82⅞ |
| L., N. A. & C. pfd.. | 100 | 26⅞ | 26⅞ | 26⅞ | 26⅞ |
| Long Isl. Trac'n.. | 100 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Mich. Cent.......... | 100 | 101⅞ | 101⅞ | 101⅞ | ...... |
| M., K. & T........... | 200 | 17⅞ | 17⅞ | 17⅞ | 17⅞ |
| Do pfd........ | 3,300 | 37⅞ | 37⅞ | 37⅞ | 37⅞ |
| Manhattan ......... | 900 | 115⅞ | 114⅞ | 115⅞ | 114⅞ |
| Mobile & O.......... | 10 | 25 | 25 | 25 | ...... |
| Mex. Nat............ | 1,000 | 2⅞ | 2 | 2⅞ | 2 |
| Mo. Pac ............. | 4,300 | 38⅞ | 38⅞ | 38⅞ | 38⅞ |
| Minn. Iron......... | 200 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| Minn. & St. L....... | 100 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| Do 2d pfd........ | 200 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57⅞ |
| Do 1st pfd...... | 175 | 85⅞ | 85⅞ | 85⅞ | ...... |
| N. Y. & N. Eng...... | 300 | 64 | 63⅞ | 64 | 63⅞ |
| Nor. Pac pfd ....... | 1,800 | 17 | 16⅞ | 17 | 16⅞ |
| N. Y., L. E. & W..... | 1,300 | 9⅞ | 8⅞ | 9 | 8⅞ |
| Do pfd.......... | 200 | 22⅞ | 22 | 22⅞ | ...... |
| N. Y. Cent.......... | 500 | 102⅞ | 102⅞ | 102⅞ | 102⅞ |
| Norfalk & W. pfd.. | 100 | 11 | 11 | 11 | ...... |
| N. Y. Sus. & W...... | 1,600 | 14 | 13⅞ | 13⅞ | 13⅞ |
| Do pfd........ | 1,647 | 32⅞ | 32⅞ | 32⅞ | 32⅞ |
| North Amn. Co..... | 455 | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | 5⅞ |
| N. Y. Ont & W...... | 100 | 17⅞ | 17⅞ | 17⅞ | ...... |
| Nat. Linseed........ | 100 | 29⅞ | 29⅞ | 29⅞ | ...... |
| N. Y. C. & St. L .... | 500 | 17 | 17 | 17 | ...... |
| Do 2d pfd...... | 100 | 32⅞ | 32⅞ | 32⅞ | ...... |
| Do 1st pfd...... | 100 | 73 | 73 | 73 | ...... |
| Phil. & Read......... | 1,100 | 19 | 18⅞ | 18⅞ | 18⅞ |
| Pac. Mail........... | 1,000 | 29 | 28⅞ | 29 | 28⅞ |
| Pullman............. | 50 | 172 | 172 | 172 | 173 |
| P. D. & E............ | 100 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | ...... |
| P. C. C. & St. L. ..... | 700 | 19 | 19 | 19 | ...... |
| Do pfd........ | 100 | 53 | 53 | 53 | ...... |
| P. & E................. | 200 | 10 | 9⅞ | 9⅞ | ...... |
| Southern Ry........ | 1,300 | 13⅞ | 13⅞ | 13⅞ | 13⅞ |
| Do pfd......... | 1,200 | 41⅞ | 41⅞ | 41⅞ | 41⅞ |
| So. Pac.............. | 700 | 26⅞ | 25⅞ | 26⅞ | 25⅞ |
| St. L. & S. W........ | 50 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Do pfd........ | 612 | 17⅞ | 17⅞ | 17⅞ | ...... |
| Tex. Pac............. | 200 | 12 | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | 12⅞ |
| Tenn. Coal.......... | 5,400 | 37⅞ | 36 | 37⅞ | 35⅞ |
| Union Pac .......... | 400 | 13⅞ | 13⅞ | 13⅞ | ...... |
| U. S. Rubber......... | 200 | 41⅞ | 41⅞ | 41⅞ | 41⅞ |
| Do pfd.......... | 350 | 94⅞ | 94⅞ | 94⅞ | ...... |
| U. S. Cordage ....... | 300 | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | 5⅞ |
| Do pfd........ | 100 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 9⅞ |
| Do gtd.......... | 1,300 | 20 | 19⅞ | 20 | 19⅞ |
| U. S. Leather....... | 1,100 | 16⅞ | 16 | 16⅞ | 16⅞ |
| Do pfd........ | 2,300 | 85⅞ | 83⅞ | 84⅞ | 85⅞ |
| U. S. Express....... | 60 | 46 | 46 | 46 | ...... |
| W. U. Beef Co....... | 200 | 9 | 9 | 9 | ...... |
| W. & L. E............ | 800 | 16⅞ | 16⅞ | 16⅞ | 16⅞ |
| Do pfd ........ | 200 | 51⅞ | 50⅞ | 51⅞ | 51⅞ |
| Wabash pfd......... | 200 | 9⅞ | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Do pfd........ | 2,800 | 22 | 21⅞ | 21⅞ | 21⅞ |
| West. Union......... | 4,000 | 94⅞ | 94 | 94⅞ | 94 |
| Wis. Cent ........... | 200 | 6 | 6 | 6 | ...... |

EXPRESS STOCKS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Adams .......... 148 | United States........ 44 |
| American.......... 113 | Fargo .................. 108 |

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

| | |
|---|---|
| U. S. 4s reg........... 122⅞ | U. S. 4s reg. ........ 112⅞ |
| U. S. coup........... 122⅞ | U. S. 4s coup......... 112⅞ |
| U. S. 5s reg........... 115⅞ | U. S. 2s reg. ......... 96⅞ |
| U. S. 5s coup........... 115⅞ | |

NEW YORK BOND TRANSACTIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| 80000 Atch 4s new......82⅞@83⅛ | 42000 do con 5s......39⅞@40⅞ |
| 226000 do tr ctfs......81⅞@82⅞ | 7000 NYLE & W new 2d con tr......71⅞@75 |
| 145000 do 2d 1st ast pd......33⅞@34⅞ | 9000 do stmpd....... 72⅞ |
| 46000 do adjmt......57⅞@57⅞ | 10000 N Ry Col 5s......94⅞@94⅞ |
| 8000 AC&P 1st...... 43⅞ | 16000 NYS&W tml......104@104⅞ |
| 8000 BCR&N 1st. 108 | 6000 NY&MB 1st. 104⅞ |
| 1000 BW&W 1st.... 104⅞ | 5000 NYO&W 5s.. 110⅞ |
| 1000 CBQ con 7s......120⅞@120⅞ | 6000 ORyCal tr 5s......73@74⅞ |
| 2000 do Neb ex 4s......92⅞@92⅞ | |
| 5000 CRI&P ex 5s......106@106⅞ | 6000 OR&N con tr 5s...... 60⅞ |
| 3000 do deb 5s.... 100 | 7000 do 1st...... 112 |
| 12000 C&E 1st......100⅞@102⅞ | 9000 OImp con 5s......46⅞@46⅞ |
| 2000 do inc....... 29 | 109000 OSL&UN 6s tr......103⅞@104⅞ |
| 2000 C&NW cn 7s 140⅞ | 198000 do 5s......59⅞@60⅞ |
| 1000 do gld bds.... 122⅞ | 2000 O&M con s f.106 |
| 15000 ColMid 1st tr 77 | 2000 PaCo gtd 4⅞.116 |
| 11000 C&NP 5s tr.. 48⅞ | 2000 P&E 1st...... 84⅞ |
| 1000 CD&I......... 111 | 20000 P&R g m 4s. 82 |
| 15000 C&EI gen 5s......102⅞@103 | 11000 do tr....... 74⅞ |
| | 10000 do 1st inc..... 33 |
| 5000 CIStL&C 1st.100⅞ | 15000 do 2d inc 20⅞@20⅞ |
| 51000 C&O gn 4½s. 83 | 25000 do 3d inc.. 15@15⅞ |
| 10000 CP 6s '98.... 107 | 11000 RGW 1st 4s. 76⅞ |
| 2000 C&9thAv 1st.115 | 41000 SRy 1st 5s 96@96⅞ |
| 1000 Erie 1st ex.. 108 | 20000 StJ&GI 1st tr......64@64⅞ |
| 2000 Edison 5s.... 109⅞ | |
| 11000 GH&SA M&P deb........ 93⅞ | 1000 RW O con.. 119 |
| | 2000 StL&IM Ark Brch ex 5s.... 105⅞ |
| 10000 IllC 4s 1951.. 110⅞ | 25000 do 5s......84⅞@84⅞ |
| 1000 I&GN 2d...... 84⅞ | 28000 StL&SW 2d inc......38⅞@39 |
| 20000 KP 1st con tr......72⅞@73 | |
| 2000 Lac Gas 5s.. 96⅞ | 1000 SC&GA 1st.. 98 |
| 1000 LE&W 2d...... 104 | 7000 StPM&M 1st con 6s red to 4½s........ 105 |
| 16000 LS&MS 1stcp 116⅞ | |
| 2000 do reg...... 116⅞ | |
| do 2d reg......123⅞@123⅞ | 17000 SA&AP 4s......64@64⅞ |
| 5000 L&N unf gld 4s........ 84 | 1000 S&W 1st tr.. 62 |
| | 1000 TexP 1st 5s.. 92⅞ |
| 2000 do g m 6s.... 119⅞ | 31000 do 2d inc 28⅞@28⅞ |
| 2000 do 5s........ 103 | 5000 SPacAri 1st. 98 |
| 11000 LNA&C con......101⅞@101⅞ | 10000 do NMex 1st.106 |
| | 10000 TC&I 1st BD 91⅞ |
| 10000 do g m...... 75⅞ | 4000 do tr...... 91⅞ |
| 3000 ManRR 5s.... 99⅞ | 5000 TP&W 4s.... 81 |
| 25000 MK&T 1st 4s 90 | 5000 USCord 1st... 47 |
| 124000 do 2d.. 65⅞@65⅞ | 6000 do tr......46⅞@47⅞ |
| 10000 do 5s Tex.... 88⅞ | 1000 UP 1st '96... 106⅞ |
| 6000 MK&E 1st......94⅞@94⅞ | 11000 do '98.107⅞@107⅞ |
| | 1000 do '99........ 107⅞ |
| 10000 MNat tr inc.. 2⅞ | 11000 do ex s f 8s... 100 |
| 5000 M&StL 1st 5s 99 | 30000 UPD&G 1st. 39⅞ |
| 10000 MC con 7s.... 121⅞ | 10000 UPL&C 1st. 43 |
| 5000 M&SP 1st tm 5s........ 111⅞ | 1000 Wab 1st 5s.. 108⅞ |
| | 15000 do deb Ser B......29⅞@29⅞ |
| 5000 M&E 1st...... 144 | 5000 WisC 1st tr.. 57 |
| 1000 NC 4s........ 103 | 10000 WS gtd 4s... 107⅞ |
| 2000 NP 1st tr cp. 118 | |

## STERLING NOW LOWER AT BOSTON.

**Gold Exports Considered Practically Over and Money Market Firm.**

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Sterling is ¼c lower and Boston net rates are: Cables, 490¼; demand, 489⅜; sixty days sight, 488⅜; commercial sixty days sight, 486⅞. It looks as if the gold exports were practically over now. In the money market the feeling is a trifle firmer and the clearing-house rate was 2 per cent all around today. The usual quotations follow: Call loans, 2@3 per cent; time loans, 2@4 per cent; clearing-house rate, 2 per cent. Stock sales and quotations:

| Description. | Sales. | Op'g. | High. | Low. | Cl'se. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Atchison............ | 7,500 | 18⅞ | 19⅞ | 18⅞ | 19⅞ |
| American Sugar... | 5,200 | 108⅞ | 108⅞ | 107 | 107⅞ |
| C., B. & Q........... | 550 | 90⅞ | 91⅞ | 90⅞ | 91 |
| Chi. Junct. Ry...... | 185 | 102⅞ | 102⅞ | 100 | 100⅞ |
| Erie Tel............. | 75 | 54⅞ | 54⅞ | 54⅞ | 54⅞ |
| Gen. Elec ........... | 200 | 36⅞ | 37⅞ | 36⅞ | 37 |
| Mex. Cent........... | 400 | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | 12⅞ |
| Oregon S. Line..... | 25 | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | 10⅞ |
| West. Elec. pfd..... | 50 | 54 | 54⅞ | 54 | 54⅞ |

BONDS.

| | |
|---|---|
| $ 40000 Atch 4s 81⅞@82 | $70000 Mex C 1st inc 17⅞ |
| 155000 Atch 2d 34⅞@34⅞ | 4000 N E 1st 6s..... 114 |
| 5000 C B Q 7s...... 119⅞ | 6000 O S L 6s...... 104 |
| 19000 Ill Steel 5s........91⅞@91⅞ | 7000 K C F S & W 6s............ 98⅞ |

## CLOSING PRICES FOR MINING STOCKS.

**Official Quotations on the New York, Boston, and San Francisco Exchanges.**

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Bulwer, 4c; Chollar, 50c; Crown Point, 50c; Consolidated California and Virginia, $2.45; Deadwood, 40c; Gould and Curry, 45c; Hale and Norcross, $1.50; Homestake, $20.00; Iron Silver, 25c; Mexican, 60c; Ontario, $9.00; Ophir, $1.50; Plymouth, 20c; Quicksilver, $3.00; Quicksilver preferred, $19.00; Sierra Nevada, 40c; Standard, $2.00; Union Consolidated, 45c; Yellow Jacket, 30c.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 26.—Allouez Mining com-...

[Continued on tenth page.]

# ERIE PLAN SENT OUT.

## SCHEME FOR REORGANIZATION ISSUED BY J. P. MORGAN & CO.

**All Interests in the System Heretofore Regarded as Antagonistic Are Sought to Be Harmonized—Will Be Solidified Into One Compact Line Between Chicago and New York—Elaborate List of New Securities Created Upon the Entire Property.**

New York, Aug. 26.—The Erie reorganization plan has been issued by Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., New York, and Messrs. J. S. Morgan & Co., London. The plan contemplates the harmonizing of interests hitherto more or less antagonistic.

An arrangement has been made with the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio railroad voting trustees whereby, subject to ratification by their beneficiaries, they undertake to foreclose and deliver the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio property, subject only to the prior lien equipment and leased line securities, for which reservation is made. The reorganizers have also practically secured the Chicago and Erie, so that the Erie system will be solidified into one compact organization from New York to Chicago. New securities are to be created on the entire line from New York to Chicago with all branches, coal roads, etc., as follows:

1. $175,000,000 first consolidated mortgage 100-year gold bonds, secured by mortgage and pledge of all property acquired under the reorganization by the new company. Of these bonds $35,000,000 will be 4 per cent prior lien bonds and $140,000,000 will be 3 to 4 per cent general lien bonds.

2. $30,000,000 first preferred 4 per cent noncumulative stock.

3. $16,000,000 second preferred 4 per cent noncumulative stock.

4. $100,000,000 common stock.

Of the prior lien bonds $5,000,000 is reserved for enlargement and improvement of terminal facilities, including elevation of tracks, additional wharf facilities at New York, reducing grades, constructing double track, and purchasing additional equipment, to be used only with the consent of the voting trustees.

Of the general lien bonds, $92,668,000 are reserved for the ultimate acquisition of all bonds and guaranteed stocks now left undisturbed on various parts of the system, and $17,000,000 for new construction, betterments, additions, etc., after 1897, not over $1,000,000 to be used in any one year.

The reorganization converts into new securities everything on the Erie subsequent to first consols, everything on the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio except $8,000,000 4½ per cent bonds, and everything on the Chicago and Erie subsequent to first mortgage.

The present Erie second consols get 75 per cent in general lien bonds and 55 per cent in new first preferred stock; the funded coupon bonds of 1885 get 100 per cent in new general lien bonds, 10 per cent in new first preferred stock, and 10 per cent in new second preferred stock. Erie incomes get 40 per cent in new general lien bonds and 60 per cent in new first preferred stock, the present preferred stock on paying assessment gets 100 per cent in new second preferred and the present common stock on paying assessment gets 100 per cent in new common stock. Nothing additional is given for the assessment in either case. Chicago and Erie incomes get 100 per cent in new second preferred stock. The new general lien bonds are to bear interest from July 1, 1896, at 3 per cent per annum for two years and 4 per cent thereafter.

In addition to its lien on all the railroad now belonging to the Erie the new mortgage will further be secured by lien on the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio and the Chicago and Erie, together with various other properties, which latter, with the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio, are, we understand, worth some $35,-000,000 more. This will make the new prior lien bonds an exceptionally strong security, and will also entitle the new general lien bonds to a high rank in the market.

All stock will be put in a voting trust. The Erie reorganization first lien and collateral trust bonds will be paid off.

The assessment on stock deposited by Sept. 20 is $12 per share on common and $8 per share on preferred, payable in four installments when called for, at least thirty days apart.

A syndicate of $25,000,000 in money has been formed to subscribe for $15,000,000 of the prior lien bonds of the new company, and to take the place and succeed to all the rights of holders of preferred and common stock of the New York, Lake Erie and Western railway company who shall not deposit their stock and pay the assessments thereon.

J. P. Morgan & Co. and J. S. Morgan & Co. charge $500,000 for their services and take common stock in payment.

The fixed charges of the Erie system for 1894 amounted to about $9,400,000. Under this plan they will amount to about $7,850,000, making a reduction of about $1,550,000.

For the first two years after reorganization they will be further reduced by $300,000 per annum, as the new general lien bonds will, during that period, bear only 3 per cent interest.

The plan also provides for such moderate expenditures on capital account in the early future and for a long series of years as shall be necessary for the regular and steady development of the property.

## SHIPMENTS SHOW NO IMPROVEMENT.

**East-Bound Roads Accused of Cutting Rates—There Is No Evidence.**

There was no improvement in east-bound shipments from Chicago last week. Instead of an expected increase there was a decrease of about 700 tons. Rumors about rate cutting continue to be circulated, but there is no proof to substantiate their correctness. The large amount of business done by three or four of the roads is responsible for the reports. If these roads are cutting the rates they are certainly covering up their doings adroitly, as strong efforts have been made to secure tangible evidence. The detection of any of the roads in cutting or manipulating the rates would no doubt be the signal for another rate war.

Total shipments of flour, grain, and provisions from Chicago through to seaboard points and for export by the various Central Traffic Association lines for the week ending last Thursday amounted to 28,037 tons, against 29,733 tons for the week previous and 26,377 tons for the corresponding week last year. Flour shipments last week were 2,276 tons, against 2,603 tons last year; grain, 14,575 tons, against 12,960 tons; provisions 11,186 tons, against 10,814 tons. The percentages carried by the various roads were as follows: Baltimore and Ohio, 6.2; Big Four, 2.8; Chicago and Erie, 8.1; Chicago and Grand Trunk, 21.8; Lake Shore, 7.5; Michigan Central, 14.5; Nickel-Plate, 2.7; Pan Handle, 8.2; Fort Wayne, 10.2; Wabash, 18.

Total shipments of all kinds of freight except live stock, coal, and iron from Chicago to through and local points in the East for the week ending last Thursday by the various east-bound roads were 48,653 tons, against 48,338 tons for the previous week and 47,-161 tons for the corresponding week last year. The tonnage carried by the various roads was as follows: Michigan Central, 5,416; Wabash, 5,816; Lake Shore, 6,138; Fort Wayne, 5,945; Pan-Handle, 5,903; Baltimore and Ohio, 3,225; Chicago and Grand Trunk, 5,421; Nickel Plate, 4,509; Chicago and Erie, 4,839; Big Four, 1,441.

Total shipments by lake lines from Chicago to the East last week amounted to 82,192 tons, against 78,316 tons for the week previous.

## LONG-STANDING FIGHT SETTLED.

**East St. Louis-Kansas City Rate Matter Adjusted at Last.**

The long-standing contention between the Alton and Wabash as regards passenger rates between East St. Louis and Kansas City has at last been amicably adjusted. Under the new arrangement the Alton will have a rate of $7.25 locally from East St. Louis to Kansas City, but its through rates will be based on the $7.50 St. Louis rate. The Wabash withdraws from the local business at East St. Louis and leaves it to the Alton.

## PRAISE FROM JUDGE CALDWELL.

**Explains at Length the Reasons for George R. Peck's Resignation.**

Topeka, Kas., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Judge H. C. Caldwell in an interview this afternoon regarding the resignation of George R. Peck as general solicitor of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé said: "The reason Mr. Peck resigned was because he, being thoroughly familiar with every detail of the system which he has been with so long, every one connected with the company or receivers went to Peck when he wanted anything and he was overworked. It was only a question of time when he would break down.

"Mr. Peck was made the pack horse of every one connected in any way with the operation of the system and he could not stand it, that was all. He would have been broken down if he continued in the position.

"There has never been any disagreement. On the other hand, there is not a single man now connected with the system or who expects to be that does not regret the loss of Mr. Peck. The relations have always been the most cordial and I would not agree to accept Mr. Peck's resignation until he promised that he would look after the affairs of the company until its business is wound up and taken out of the hands of the receivers. I received Mr. Peck's resignation ten days ago and there was nothing to do but accept it, much as I regretted it. It is to go into effect Sept. 15, except that he is to look after the business connected with the sale of the road."

### Jobbers Convene at Austin, Tex.

Austin, Tex., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The meeting of traffic managers, jobbers, and railroad commissioners here today was largely attended; though New Orleans was the only outside city represented, other representatives are expected tomorrow.

The jobbers adopted resolutions setting forth their approval of the commission's general merchandise traffic promulgated Aug. 6. Resolutions were adopted condemning the efforts of outside jobbers who, by false statements, are attempting to get inter-State railroads to virtually break up State competition by abolishing the difference between carload and less than carload rates.

The jobbers decided upon their speakers and plan this afternoon and will push their case vigorously before the commission tomorrow, at which time all traffic managers will also be in attendance.

### Brice Has the Ohio Southern.

Springfield, O., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The contest between Senator Brice and ex-President Saul for possession of the Ohio Southern railroad seems to have resulted in victory for Brice. A circular today issued by the receivers of the road discharges Homer Dick, ex-President Saul's nephew, as superintendent of the road and places C. H. Roser of Lima, Brice's friend, in that position. The office of general superintendent is abolished. L. H. Brockenbrough, traffic manager, has resigned and J. F. Younse assumes his duties. S. Y. McNair has resigned as auditor and N. E. Matthews, one of the receivers, assumes his duties.

### Receivers for a Western Road.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 26.—Before Judge Sanborn in the United States Circuit Court today there was an application on the part of the Central Trust company of New York for the appointment of receivers for the St. Joseph and Grand Island railroad, one of the feeders of the Union Pacific system. After hearing arguments Judge Sanborn made an order appointing the present receivers of the Union Pacific. The Central Trust company is trustee under the first mortgage bonds of $7,000,000, and proceedings in foreclosure are advanced close to the final decree.

### Receivers for the Grand Island.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 26.—Judge Sanborn today in the United States Circuit Court on the application of the Central Trust company of New York for receivers for the St. Joseph and Grand Island railroad appointed the Union Pacific as such receivers, the St. Joseph and Grand Island being a feeder of the Union Pacific. The petitioner may come into court later and ask for other receivers.

### E. D. Kenna Succeeds Peck.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 26.—E. D. Kenna, who for years has been general attorney for the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad company, with headquarters in St. Louis, has been appointed general solicitor of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé system. He will succeed George R. Peck.

### Railway News Notes.

The State Board of Railroad Commissioners of Arkansas have increased the assessments on railroads over 1894 $1,375,679.

Judge Buffington has decided in favor of plaintiffs in the suit of Woodbury & Moulton against the Kinzua railroad company and others. The road will now be foreclosed.

John H. Sample has been appointed General Superintendent, A. S. Miller Acting General Freight and Passenger Agent, and W. P. Fulton Auditor of the Northern Ohio railroad, with offices at Akron, O.

The Northern Ohio railroad company has succeeded to the ownership of the railroad property heretofore known as the Pittsburg, Akron and Western railroad by a deed from the purchaser. George L. Bradbury of Indianapolis, Ind., has been appointed General Manager.

A meeting of Savannah and Western bondholders was held here today at which 70 per cent of the bonds was represented. It was decided by unanimous vote to accept the plans of reorganization proposed by the Reorganization committee of the Georgia Central railroad.

The East St. Louis and Eastern railroad has just been organized. Thomas Scott has been elected President; James Bethune, Vice-President; E. C. Rice, Chief Engineer and General Manager. Preliminary surveys will be commenced as soon as the right of way has been secured.

Nothing in a Building which people generally, know so little about as The Heating Apparatus

Consequently they are at the mercy of the heater-man.

Therefore, spend your time looking for a reliable concern rather than trying to learn the business. Let us suggest that you try a firm which most all the best people in Chicago and elsewhere have employed during the past 20 years.

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Probably the largest firm of this kind in the world, viz; exclusively Heating Apparatus, Steam and Hot Water that HEATS.

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REAL ESTATE LOANS AND INVESTMENTS EXCLUSIVELY.

Favorable Terms to Borrowers. Choice Mortgages for Investors.

Chicago Board of Trade.

As many complaints are coming to the Chicago Board of Trade showing that persons intending to deal in grain and provisions through members of the Board, and subject to its rules and regulations, are misled into dealing with persons or firms who have no connection with this Board, the public is cautioned against them. Any person or firm is notified that GEORGE F. STONE, Secretary, will answer any inquiries as to whether any particular person or firm is a member of such Board.

GEORGE F. STONE, Secretary.

GLOBE SAVINGS BANK

DEARBORN AND JACKSON STREETS. UNDER STATE CONTROL. Accounts of Firms & Individuals Solicited.

5%—Money—5%

TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.

STANLEY, BROPHY & CO, 95 and 97 Dearborn-st.

# SHOT MAY BE FATAL.

## CONDITION OF CARLOS H. BLACKMAN IS SAID TO BE CRITICAL.

**Accidental Wounding of the Prominent Board of Trade Man Alarms His Friends—His Brother Leaves to Be at His Bedside—News Received Is Meager Owing to Difficulty of Communicating from Block Island—Many Call at the Office Here to Inquire of the Result.**

The news received in the city yesterday that Carlos H. Blackman of the Board of trade was accidentally shot while at Block Island, R. I., caused deep sorrow among his old friends and acquaintances. Almost a constant stream of men poured into his office to learn of the condition of the injured man. The last telegram received from Narragansett Pier last night before the closing of the office was to the effect that no change in his condition had taken place, the patient was resting quietly, and altogether the message had a tone of assurance and gave hope for the wounded man's recovery.

Mr. Blackman was accidentally shot by Charles Bascom of St. Louis, Mo., aged 17 years, who was firing at a target, as was published yesterday morning. Drs. Bull and Brewer of New York were quickly summoned from the mainland to the island. No further particulars of the accident were given and none had been received yesterday by Willis L. Blackman, brother of the injured man. He said that for years his brother has been in the habit of going to Block Island in the summer for his health and the Bascom family, who were old friends, had always been there at the same time.

Mr. Blackman knew nothing about his brother's accident until he arrived at the office from his home in Hinsdale yesterday morning. There he found a telegram informing him of the occurrence. It read:

Mr. Blackman accidentally shot in abdomen; condition critical; everything being done for him; come immediately.

Telegraphic communication from Block Island is carried on under difficult conditions. The only wire belongs to the government and it is necessary to send to Narragansett Pier, twenty-five miles away, in order to send telegrams. Nevertheless all day long bulletins were received by Mr. Blackman here. Board of Trade firms placed three private wires at the disposal of the family and by that means some news was secured.

Willis L. Blackman and his wife left at 5:30 p. m. yesterday for the East. Mr. Blackman hoped for the best, but was greatly worried because the bulletins received had given no exact particulars in regard to the accident. His brother, he said, left here about three weeks ago to seek health, and, beyond being overworked, was well. He was to have returned in another week. Mr. Blackman's other brother, Chester S. Blackman, was in Portland, Me., when the accident occurred, but was sent for and he left immediately for Block Island.

Carlos H. Blackman is one of the oldest members of the Board of Trade. He was born in Jericho City, Vt., in 1843 and received his education at Burlington, Vt. In 1863 he came to Chicago and became a partner in the Board of Trade firm of Lindsey, Blackman & Co. After five years Mr. Blackman withdrew to form a partnership with his younger brother, Willis L. Blackman, under the firm name of Blackman Bros. This firm has continued twenty-seven years. Mr. Blackman was elected to the directory of the board last January for a two years' term. He is Chairman of the Room committee and a member of the Finance committee, and is active in handling the various questions brought before the directory. His business ventures have been successful and he has accumulated a considerable fortune. He is married and lives with his wife at No. 4349 Lake avenue.

Block Island, R. I., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Carlos H. Blackman, who was accidentally shot Saturday by 17-year-old Charles Bascom, who was engaged in target practice, may not recover. Dr. Bull and Dr. Brewer of New York, finding that the bullet had lodged in the liver, decided against an operation. The crisis will be reached tomorrow.

## WISH TO BE DRAINAGE TRUSTEES.

**There Are Many Who Would Accept Places on the Board.**

There are scores of men in Chicago who would like to make the race for a seat on the Board of Trustees of the Drainage Canal. But the situation is of such peculiar character politically that few seem to have the courage to come out openly and say they are candidates.

With one or two exceptions the present incumbents intend standing for reëlection, and their friends are busy laying plans to secure their nominations. John P. Altpeter, veteran member of the board, says most emphatically he intends to retire at the end of his present term, and, while he has given no expression publicly upon the subject, it is also said Arnold P. Gilmore does not wish another term. This, therefore, leaves only five out of the seven Democratic members and the two Republicans, who entertain a desire to be returned. All except Richard Prendergast, Democrat, have said as much, and, while Mr. Prendergast assumes an attitude of silent indifference, it appears to be generally understood he is a candidate. William Boldenweck and Bernard A. Eckhart, the Republican members, said yesterday they were candidates, but not in the sense of going out and making a scramble for the office.

"If four years of honest, earnest, hard work," observed Mr. Boldenweck, "counts for anything, then I believe I am entitled to another term. Furthermore, I am ambitious to go ahead now that we have overcome most of the difficulties and help complete the enterprise."

Bernard A. Eckhart talked in the same strain as Mr. Boldenweck. He said:

"I have worked here for four or five years as I never worked before. Consequently I would like to serve on the board until the enterprise is completed, and, as 65 per cent of the work has been done, the next board will complete it. While I have not said much about it, I nevertheless have thought that if my services were satisfactory to the taxpayers they ought to send me back. I will seek a nomination from the Republican convention, but do not intend to scramble for it."

The Democratic members of the board who want to be retained are Frank Wenter, President, Lyman E. Cooley, Thomas Kelly, Richard Prendergast, and William H. Russell. They base their claims for recognition upon the same grounds as do the two Republicans—that they would be more efficient than new members. But whether the party will acknowledge the force of their argument sufficiently to renominate them is the question which concerns them. As it is the the intention of the Republicans—so expressed at least by party leaders—to put up five candidates, Boldenweck and Eckhart feel they stand a fairly good show of being nominated. Two or three members of the Central committee said yesterday that so far as they knew there is no opposition to the candidacy of these men.

The Hopkins-Burke-Gahan Democratic machine is planning to control the Democratic convention despite any efforts that may be made in that direction by the Honest Money League crowd. Among Democratic aspirants the names of Election Commissioner J. W. Keenan, Representative Alexander Jones, James J. Townsend, Frank Kilcrane, and Robert F. Walsh of the Eleventh Ward; Joseph Duffy, Twentieth Ward; John Suddon, Fourth Ward; Andrew Graham, Twelfth Ward; John Doudle, Thirteenth Ward; A. W. Cook, Twenty-fourth Ward; and John Corbett, Seventeenth Ward, have been mentioned.

It has been said Thomas Gahan would be put at the head of the organization in place of F. S. Peabody, but the West Side contingent has begun to make war on Gahan and boom A. C. Durborow for Chairman. If the Honest Money League concludes to put up a ticket Jacob Richards will probably be one of the candidates.

Among the Republicans mentioned are ex-Ald. R. L. Martin, Twelfth Ward; James Mallette, Thirty-first Ward; J. W. Furnold, Thirty-second Ward; Arthur Dixon, Third Ward; D. E. Shanahan, Sixth Ward; Ald. Carter, Tenth Ward. The Republican Executive committee will hold a meeting next week to procure headquarters and get ready for the campaign. The Democratic Central committee will meet Sept. 3, and then the fun will commence.

**Conference of German Evangelical Church.**

Elgin, Ill., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The general conference of the German Evangelical Church will be entertained at Elgin for three weeks' session, commencing Oct. 3. Delegates will be here from Japan, Germany, Switzerland and from all parts of the United States. A hundred delegates will be in attendance.

# BULL NEWS IGNORED.

Continued from ninth page.

3.00; European cables quote American steers at 10½@11¼c per lb, dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 8½@9¼c per lb; no exports today. Calves—Receipts, two days, 2,333 head; on sale, 2,243 head; fairly active and steady; veals, poor to prime, $4.00@8.00; grassers and buttermilk calves, $2.50@3.50. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, two days, 18,944 head; on sale, 72 cars, or 17,000 head; sheep active, ¼c higher; lambs dull, closing ¼c lower; less than 500 sold; sheep, poor to prime, $1.25@3.75; lambs, common to choice, $3.25@5.50. Hogs—Receipts, two days, 6,796 head; higher at $5.35@5.87½.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,500; shipments, 500; market active and a shade better on best grades; export steers, $5.20@5.65; fair to medium shipping steers, $4.50@5.10; butchers and dressed beef steers, $3.75@4.80; bulk of sales, $3.50@4.50; steers under 1,000 lbs, $3.00@4.00; bulk of sales, $3.25@3.75; stockers and feeders, $2.00@4.00; cows and heifers, $2.00@3.50; Texas and Indian steers, $2.75@4.00, bulk of sales, $3.00@3.50; cows and heifers, $2.00@3.00. Hogs—Receipts, 2,300; shipments, 2,200; market 5c lower; heavy, $4.40@4.70; mixed, $4.00@4.65; light, $4.50@4.80. Sheep—Receipts, 4,000; shipments, 500; market slow, but steady; natives, $2.25@3.25; lambs, $3.00@4.50; Southwestern sheep, $2.00@3.00.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,800 head; market active and stronger on all; practically everything sold; feeders especially in good demand; native beef steers, $3.75@4.35; Western steers, $3.25@4.35; Texas steers, $2.50@4.00, cows and heifers, $2.50@3.40; canners, $1.25@2.35; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.00; calves, $2.50@4.50; bulls, stags, etc., $1.50@3.00. Hogs—Receipts, 500; quality poor; market steady; the demand is good and far in excess of receipts; heavy, $4.30@4.35; mixed, $4.30@4.35; light, $4.30@4.35; pigs, $3.00@4.25; bulk of sales, $4.30@4.35. Sheep—Receipts, none; market steady; fair to choice natives, $2.00@3.00; fair to choice Westerns, $2.00@2.75; common and stockers, $1.75@2.50; lambs, $3.00@4.50.

## ENGLAND AFTER RICHES IN ALASKA.

**Lays Claim to Gold and Coal Fields and Harbors and Timber.**

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 22.—In an interview Father Barnham, S. J., who has just returned from Alaska, said, regarding the boundary between British Columbia and Alaska, England has a surveying party up there now running a new line to suit herself. These engineers are not on a junketing tour to amuse themselves; they are working hard. They have a magnificent equipment and have already accomplished a great deal. Unless we have gumption we shall lose an immense slice of Southeastern Alaska.

They will steal Glacier Bay and some grand harbors. We have not paid enough attention to this question. Alaska, until a few years ago, used to be called "Seward's Ice Chest." Little or nothing was known about the country, and the people here did not take interest enough in it to think about it. We are cut off by the General Congress. We have no right to representation, and what is needed now is a man who will rise up and bring this question in the full magnitude of its importance before the people.

Arbitration? We shall always lose in arbitration. We lost in the San Juan question. The sixty-mile limit in the Bering Sea was nonsensical. We lost there, too. I suppose the English will decide on a boundary of their own between Alaska and Canada. Then we will howl. Canada will howl, too, and there must be arbitration, of course. Now, why do the English make this move at this late day? Since 1841, the boundary was a settled fact?

It was never disputed when the territory belonged to Russia and was known as Russian America. It is still on all the English maps, which shows that it was accepted by England through all these years, and to ask for arbitration now on a new line is nothing but impertinence. At Forty-Mile Creek, where there never has been trouble of any kind, a detachment of Canadian police was stationed recently, and Father Barnham said he expected serious trouble this coming winter between the American miners and the Canadian officers.

In 1867 the United States purchased Alaska from Russia, paying for it $7,200,000. England did not then raise a question as to the boundary, and up to 1889, a term of fifty-nine years—forty-two years under Russian ownership and seventeen years under United States control—the Alaskan boundary was never questioned, but in all maps, charts, and British official matters this boundary line was shown and represented as American maps still hold it.

In 1884 the Dominion of Canada on its maps changed the Alaskan boundary line to suit its own purpose, the British Government recognized Canada's claim, and at the instigation of her Majesty's Government the United States, on July 22, 1892, appointed a commission for the purpose as set forth in article 1 of the convention agreed upon—"Providing for the delimitation of the existing boundary between the United States and her Majesty's possessions in North America, in respect to such portions of said boundary line as may not in fact have been permanently marked in virtue of treaties heretofore concluded."

The time allowed to complete surveys and submit final reports ended Nov. 28, 1894, but final reports are to be submitted by each of the "high contracting parties" Dec. 31, 1895. The disputed lands are in the southeastern division of Alaska, in what is known as the Panhandle of that vast empire.

The claim set up by the British Government in brief is that instead of Portland Channel, Behm Channel, the first inlet west of Portland Channel, was meant; and, starting from this point, the line of demarkation includes an area about 600 miles in length, and of varying widths up to 150 miles, including about 100 miles of seacoast, with its harbors and the islands adjacent thereto.

The value of the strip is almost inestimable. Alaska last year in her fish canneries alone did a business of fully $3,000,000, the greater part of which business is in the disputed Alaskan territory. The untouched forests of this section are greater than any in the United States. Besides this, there are large deposits of copper, iron, coal, and marble.

The population is now 35,000, of which number about two-thirds are in this disputed division. The army of men who are working into the interior or main part of Alaska come by steamer to Chilkat, and thence follow a trail a distance of forty miles to Forty Mile Creek, where they build rafts and float down the Yukon River, a distance of 600 miles, to the inland gold fields. If the English claims to territory are made good, these headquarters will become their possessions, and the harbors now in American hands will fly the British flag and she will control the way to the interior of Alaska.

The acquisition of the coal fields of Alaska by England is of far more importance than may be appreciated by the apparently indifferent Americans.

To make this matter plainer it is well to call attention to the fact that the only coal supply station now open to the United States on the Pacific coast is on Puget Sound, while England, through the Dominion of Canada, has vast coal fields in British Columbia. The United States would also lose the famous Treadwell mining property, the Hayward-Lane property, which is undoubtedly the richest mining property in the world, and the Silver Bow property.]

## TO RENEW WHISKY TRUST WARFARE.

**Federal Court Will Be the Scene of Some More Motions Today.**

The Whisky Trust litigants will renew their warfare in the Federal Court before Judge Seaman today on the motion to approve the report of the receiver on the recent sale of the live plants of the trust. As preliminary to the legal battle Attorneys Walker and Eddy filed objections to the approval of the report in the clerk's office last evening. The objections are on behalf of Joseph Greenhut, Nelson Morris, John F. Olmstead, and Charles T. Lindsay, and outline the character of the arguments to be presented as including the allegations:

The court is without jurisdiction; properties were sold in other States and on ancillary orders; properties were sold in Missouri and Nebraska, in which no ancillary orders were made, and the court had no jurisdiction over them; the order of sale did not distinguish between properties in fee and in lease; the properties were sold in bulk; the court has no jurisdiction and the receiver has no power to convey the properties to the American Spirits Manufacturers' Association, of New York as the assignee of the Reorganization committee. The decree of July 5 does not provide for an assignment; the Reorganization committee did not own or control 347,408 shares of stock Aug. 14, 1895; that proof of ownership of stock was to be filed with Master-in-Chancery Booth until Sept. 1; that the ownership of the stock is in dispute before the master; it is wrongfully and falsely stated that the receiver has in all respects fulfilled his duties and complied with the law; the advertisement of the sale was illegal, null, and void; the receiver made and executed a certain deed of sale before he filed his report with the clerk of the court; the American Spirits Manufacturers' company of New York was not in existence at the time of the sale.

Olmstead's objections add that the approval of the sale will continue the old, unlawful combination under another, name contrary to the laws of the State of Illinois.

**Do Not Domesticate Animals.**

No Indian tribe north of Mexico had domesticated any animal but the dog.

# SUSPECT THREE MEN.

## AFTER THE SUPPOSED POISONERS OF LINCOLN PARK ANIMALS.

**Supt. Alexander Says the Motive for the Act Is a Desire to Injure the Keeper of the Pits—Guards About the Cages to Prevent a Repetition of the Dastardly Act—One of the Sick Lions Is Rapidly Recovering—Partridge Has a Big Flock of Chicks—Goes After Sandhill Cranes.**

Three men are being constantly watched on suspicion that they were connected with the poisoning of the lions in Lincoln Park or that they have guilty knowledge of the persons who drugged the animals. A guard day and night is kept about the animal cages.

"There is no denying the fact we have well founded suspicions as to the identity of the persons who poisoned the lions," said Supt. Alexander yesterday. "If we catch them in an attempt to repeat it they will be arrested and prosecuted on all the charges that can legally be brought against them. I have no doubt the man who actually did the poisoning is one who has a feeling of enmity towards Head Animal Keeper Cy De Vry, and he is aided and abetted by two or three other men who share his feelings. These fellows have an idea that if they kill some of the animals they will injure De Vry's standing."

There have been other attempts made within the last year to prejudice the Lincoln Park Commissioners against the animal-keeper. Complaints of cruelty which investigation showed to be groundless and anonymous letters, most of which were in the same handwriting, were frequently found in the Commissioners' mail. The commission paid but little attention to the anonymous letters, but did investigate the other complaints. It was rumored last May De Vry was to be removed. Some people said his removal was certain. At this time the investigation was going on and some of the noted animal-trainers and students of natural history of the country came to the keeper's defense. The investigation cleared him and he was retained. Supt. Alexander believes the poisoning of the lions is a final effort of De Vry's enemies to injure him.

The lions which have been sick are recovering. Nell, the year-old lioness, was able yesterday to poke her head above the canvas which has been shielding her from public view. The baby lion, mate of the one which died, presumably of poison, is better, though still grieving noticeably at the loss of its playmate.

One of the Gambel's partridges, erroneously called California quail, raised a brood of seventeen young in the big bird-house in the round cage which the Lincoln Park porcupine occupies with a half dozen species of the bird family. The partridge and its brood have been removed to one of the big cages in the animal house. It built one nest out of hay in a corner of the house and laid eighteen eggs. On these it sat for a week. Then the lumbering porcupine crawled up into the place and drove the bird out and held possession until the life in the eggs was dead. The fact of the nest building was not known to the park employés at the time. When the porcupine gave up his quarters the partridge went back, built another nest, and laid twenty eggs. In body it looks hardly big enough to cover that number of eggs, but it hatched seventeen chicks. The mother bird's carelessness in the somewhat limited quarters has led to the death of all but eight of the young, the others being stepped on and killed by the old bird. Those remaining are strong and have a hold on life. Two years ago a bird of the same specie hatched out twenty-seven young, the majority of them living.

Assistant Curator F. M. Woodruff of the Academy of Science went into Kane County Saturday on a hunt for two whooping cranes which were reported as being there. The birds were not found, but Mr. Woodruff brought back some other specimens, among them being some stilt sandpipers, which are rare in Illinois. Friday night Mr. Woodruff leaves for North Dakota on a collecting trip.

## COLISEUM WANTS THE CATTLE SHOW.

**Arrangements Are Being Pushed with a View to Adjusting Matters.**

Col. J. W. Judy of Tuliula, Ill., President of the State Board of Agriculture, is at the Sherman House. His business in the city relates to the fat-stock and horse shows, which were to have opened at the Coliseum Oct. 23. He drove down to the ruins yesterday afternoon with J. Irving Pearce. Col. Dickinson, who was to have informed him yesterday concerning the plans for rebuilding the Coliseum, asked an extension of time until today. Col. Judy said:

"I do not see how it is possible for the Coliseum to be ready for our shows; and even if it could be it would be impossible so to assure exhibitors of the fact that they would exert themselves to make the shows successful. As there is no other place in the State in which to hold them I think it altogether likely the fat-stock and horse shows of this year will be abandoned. In the meanwhile our fair buildings at Springfield are progressing finely, and will certainly be ready for the fair by Sept. 23."

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The Rev. William Douglas Mackenzie, late Chairman of the Congregational Union of Scotland, and pastor of the Morning Side Congregational Church in Edinburg, who was elected Acting Professor of Systematic Theology in Chicago Theological Seminary last spring, arrived in New York last Thursday. He has been spending a few days with relatives in Brooklyn, and is due in Chicago tonight. He will stop at the Hotel Worth on Washington boulevard.

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P. A. B. Widener and William L. Elkins, whose names have been on the register of the Auditorium Annex since Saturday, but who have passed all their time somewhere in the company of Charles T. Yerkes, paid their bills and returned to Philadelphia yesterday on the 5:30 p. m. Pennsylvania train.

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Gen. Joseph B. Doe, Assistant Secretary of War, is at the Sherman House. He has brought his family from Washington, and will leave them at his old home in Wisconsin, returning East in a few days.

## MINNIE WILLIAMS NEVER WAS THERE.

**Records of the Presbyterian Hospital Prove Holmes to Be Untruthful.**

Minnie Williams was never at the Presbyterian Hospital, as claimed by H. H. Holmes in his recent statement. The records of the institution prove Holmes to be a romancer. Dr. Stamer of the hospital medical staff said yesterday: "I have read Holmes' statement in THE TRIBUNE. It is absolutely untrue that Minnie Williams was a patient at this hospital in 1893 or at any time. She was not an employé. There were only two women named Williams here in 1893. One came from the Foundlings' Home May 6 and went to her home in Michigan four weeks later. The other was a woman of 35 or 40 years of age who was a nurse here for a few days.

"Holmes' story is false on the face of it. He says that the Williams woman was admitted to this institution when suffering from acute mania. Now, we never receive any patient mentally afflicted, so that disposes of Mr. Holmes' story so far as we are concerned. No such person was received here."

Mrs. Shipman of the Foundlings' Home, No. 114 South Wood street, was as positive that the Williams girl who went from the home May 6 had nothing to do with H. H. Holmes.

"The girl who was here," she said, "was a waitress in a restaurant and had done housework. Our record shows that she went to her home in Michigan when discharged from the Presbyterian Hospital. I feel sure she had nothing to do with Holmes or any such case."

**Holiness Camp-Meeting.**

Bloomington, Ill., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—A holiness camp-meeting of large proportions and great interest is being held at Midway Park, between this city and Normal. There are half a hundred tents and a large tabernacle. The attendance is daily increasing. Bishop Taylor of Africa is in constant attendance and speaks daily.

**Superior Sunday Violators Arrested.**

West Superior, Wis., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—Warrants were served today on those who violated the Sunday closing law. A test case will be made as to the right of the street company to operate its road Sunday and, if successful there will be no more street cars on the Sabbath.

# TO COME DOWN-TOWN.

[Continued from ninth page.]

pany, $1.50; Atlantic, $25.50; Boston and Montana, $91.75; Butte and Boston, $22.00; Calumet and Hecla, $310.00; Centennial, $1.37½; Franklin, $22.50; Kearsarge, $21.50; Osceola, $38.00; Quincy, $149.00; Wolverine, $8.75.

**THE PHILADELPHIA STOCK MARKET.**

**Closing Quotations for Shares of Various Railway Lines.**

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 26.—Stocks closed steady. Pennsylvania, 54⅛@54¼c; Reading, 9 5-16@9½c; Lehigh Valley, 38⅝@38¾c; Northern Pacific, 4⅜@5c; Northern Pacific pfd., 17@17¼c; Lehigh Navigation, 46¼@47c; North American, 5⅝@6c; Philadelphia Traction, 85¼@85⅝c; Metropolitan Traction, $1.01¼@1.01¾; Baltimore Traction, 20@20½c; Reading General Mortgage, 4 per cent, 74@74½c; money, 3½@4 per cent.

**STOCKS RULE STRONG AT LONDON.**

**Actively Increasing, with American Securities in Favor at High Prices.**

LONDON, Aug. 26.—All the stock markets were strong today and activity is increasing. Heavy rates were charged at the mining settlement today, but mines are booming harder than ever. Americans were very strong, closing at the best, but the buying was mainly from New York. The rise of 2⅛ in St. Paul was the feature. A pool in this stock is said to be formed in New York. The Erie reorganization scheme is well received here. The New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio directors also issue a circular showing that the junior securities and share capital of their company are allowed to come into the scheme and receive a certain proportion of the new Erie common stock on laying a proportionate assessment.

Consols for money, 107 11-16; do for the account, 107@107⅝.

Railway shares—Canadian Pacific, 55; Erie, 8⅛; Erie seconds, 71½; Illinois Central, 104½; Mexican ordinary, 20¼; St. Paul common, 76¼; New York Central, 104⅝; Pennsylvania, 55¼; Reading, 9⅝; Mexican Central new fours, 67⅛.

Bar silver, 30½d per ounce. Money, ¼@½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 11-16 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three-months' bills is 11-16 per cent.

Amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance today, £201,000.

Gold is quoted at Buenos Ayres today at 237.80; Madrid, 14.50; Lisbon, 24¾; St. Petersburg, 50; Athens, 77; Rome, 105.02½; Vienna, 103.

BERLIN, Aug. 26.—Exchange on London, eight days' sight, 20 marks, 45 pfgs. The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes, as compared with the previous account: Cash in hand increased 3,580,000 marks, treasury notes increased 140,000 marks, other securities decreased 2,200 marks, notes in circulation decreased 16,960,000 marks.

PARIS, Aug. 26, 4 p. m.—Three per cent rentes, 102f 20c for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 27½c for checks.

# INSURANCE AFFAIRS.

The annual meeting of the Western Union of Insurance managers will be held at Niagara Falls Sept. 4 and 5. This will be the most important meeting, according to present expectations, the union has ever held. There are many matters of importance coming up in the field, which extends from the Alleghenies to the Rocky Mountains and from the Canadian line south to the Ohio River and beyond. The union has jurisdiction of all matters in the territory so far as the companies are concerned which are included among its members. The majority of the large insurance companies are in the union, and it is said some of the companies which have been out of it for years will apply for membership at this meeting. The Connecticut, of which A. Williams is Chicago manager, is not in the union. It was reported he intended applying for membership, but this is now denied. So far as is known there will be only one company out of the union at this meeting that was in it at the last meeting at St. Louis. Charles Lyman Case, United States manager for the London Insurance, has sent his resignation as a member of the union, giving as his reason dissatisfaction regarding the management of insurance affairs in the large cities. There is some dissatisfaction on the part of other companies over various questions which have come up during the last six months and the session promises to be a lively one, though so far none of the dissatisfied managers has announced his intention of withdrawing.

The last annual meeting of the union was held at Crescent Springs, Pa., in September, 1894, and the semi-annual meeting was held in St. Louis in March. At that meeting a report of the Iowa Alliance was made and its formation was indorsed. Another report will be made at the meeting in Niagara Falls, and it will be a satisfactory one in nearly evry particular. There are some charges of failure to comply with its rules and regulations, but they are confined to two union companies and to other companies which are not under the union's jurisdiction. The Iowa Alliance is composed of union, non-union, and State companies, and at the meeting at Niagara Falls nothing will be done further than to make suggestions as to the future conduct of business in Iowa under the alliance. The Large Cities committee of the union, of which Gen. R. J. Smith is Chairman, will make a report on the condition of affairs in Chicago, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Louisville, and St. Louis. At the time of the semi-annual meeting Cincinnati was in a demoralized condition, owing to the row which had broken up the local board. The committee will report affairs in Cincinnati in fairly good shape, though there are still serious charges against some members of the board. Cleveland is in better shape from an underwriting standpoint than it has been for several months. The rate cutting reported from there, it is now said, has entirely ceased. The report on Chicago will also show a fairly favorable condition of affairs and a settlement of the differences which threatened to disrupt the Chicago Underwriters' Association.

A. J. Harding, Chicago manager of the Springfield, is President of the Union, and if he will accept reëlection he is certain to be in control during the next year. C. L. Whittemore, former manager of the Providence-Washington, is Secretary, but owing to his having left that company to go with the North British he will cease to act in that capacity. A successor will be elected at the coming meeting.

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A peculiar life-insurance story is reported from Twiggs County, Ga. H. T. Phillips, an old resident of that county, took out a policy on the life of his granddaughter for $5,000, on which he made a small payment down and gave his note for the remainder. The girl was 18 years of age and in robust health at the time the policy was issued. The risk was taken and the agent wrote the grandfather that the policy was all right. This notice had just been mailed when the announcement of her death was received by the agent. An investigation was started, and it disclosed the fact that the girl had threatened to take her own life. The insurance company writing the policy will contest the claim on the ground that the policy was never in force. Sensational features are hinted at by the representatives of the company.

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Dunkard farmers living near Logansport, Ind., have formed themselves into a mutual insurance company. Officers have been elected and a constitution adopted and the company will soon begin writing fire risks in the vicinity of Logansport. The affairs of the company will be under the supervision of the German Baptists. For the present it will confine its operations to the Counties of Cass, Howard, and Miami.

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The Norwalk Fire Insurance company of Norwalk, Conn., is owned and controlled by the London and Lancashire Insurance company of London. It is to soon begin the writing of business through regularly appointed agencies. Heretofore the company has done a reinsurance business for the London and Lancashire and has done no regular underwriting.

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New York, Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The New York Fire Patrol statement of premiums for all the companies and associations doing business in the city for the first six months of 1895 was given out here today, and it makes an interesting comparison with a like period in 1894. The total premiums received by the city stock companies amounted to $1,455,159, a decrease of $167,374 below the first half of 1894. The three mutual fire insurance companies of this city did $52,383 in premiums this year, which is $35,441 below last year's figures.

The Lloyds show the greatest gain, having done $459,922 in premiums for the first six months of 1895, while for a like period in 1894 the total premiums amounted to $389,418.

Foreign companies show an increase in business, and so do the companies of the different States. A recapitulation of the total amount of premiums for the first half of 1895 gives local companies and associations $1,967,465 in premiums, agency companies $1,542,631, and foreign companies $1,836,412, giving a total premiums of $5,346,509, an increase of $48,218 for a like period in 1894.

There are fifty-two different associations of Lloyds in the 1895 list, whereas a year ago there were but twenty-seven. The local stock companies number twenty-nine, a loss of one through the retirement of the New York Bowery. The stock company which shows the greatest decrease of business is probably the German-American, which did $226,333 in premiums for the first six months of 1894, while this year the company's premiums are $188,262.

Despite this decrease the company did the largest business of any of the New York companies. The Liverpool, London and Globe shows the greatest amount of premiums of all of the companies, its amount being $265,155. Of the Lloyds the Traders' stands at the head in amount of premiums, it doing $52,108, while a year ago the Lloyds had not been in business long enough to be on the fire patrol list. The number of associations of fire Lloyds as shown by the list was a surprise to underwriters, as it was thought there were more of them. The recent failures of some of the Lloyds has reduced the number somewhat.

The General Manager of the Scottish Union and National, Alexander Duncan, is expected here by steamer Wednesday of this week.

The report on the examination of the Fidelity and Casualty Insurance company will be given out this week.

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St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—An important suit was brought today in the District Court at St. Cloud, Minn. The title, an index to the suit, is as follows: "Lathrop E. Reed, George W. Sherwood, and Edward L. Sherwood, copartners as Reed & Sherwood, plaintiffs, vs. Thomas F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, and Henry C. Rause as receivers of the Northern Pacific railroad company, Fire Association of Philadelphia, Home Insurance Company of New York, Phœnix Insurance Company of Hartford, St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company, Hartford Insurance Company, Pennsylvania Insurance Company, London and Lancashire Insurance Company, North British and Mercantile Insurance Company, the Niagara Insurance Company, the Orient Insurance Company, the Queen Insurance Company, Springfield Insurance Company, and the Western Insurance Company, defendants." The action is for damages against the railroad company for the fire which July 22, 1894, destroyed the plaintiff's lumber yards at Anoka. The claim is made that the railroad company and its agents did not exercise due care in preventing the setting of fires from the engines, and that such sparks caused the destruction of the lumber yards, with a loss of $40,000. This amount, with interest from July 22, 1894, is sued for. The defendant insurance companies have paid Reed & Sherwood $27,356.

# LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

**Freights and Charters.**

CHICAGO—Shippers took the tonnage offered very quickly yesterday morning, and by night vesselmen reported that about all the room in port had been taken. Two large boats, the Alva and Kearsarge, were placed last week, but the charter was not given out until yesterday. Charters: To Buffalo—Fitzgerald, Neosho, Schlesinger, Alva, Kearsarge, F. L. Vance, A. G. Lindsay, corn; Progress, wheat; Selwyn Eddy, corn and oats. To Erie—Omaha, corn. To Port Huron—Spry, Johnson, E. B. Maxwell, corn.

CLEVELAND, O.—Although an effort was made to keep it quiet the ore rate from the head of Lake Superior was advanced to 95 cents today, about fifteen boats being placed for Ashland and Duluth, and shippers from the latter port want more tonnage. Duluth paid three cents for spot grain tonnage. Coal freights are firm and steady. Charters: Ore—Oregon, Crosthwaite, Ashland to Lake Erie, 95 cents; Keystone, Masten, Inter Ocean, Winslow, Escanaba to Ohio ports, 55 cents. Wheat—Reynolds, Duluth to Buffalo, 3 cents. Coal—Sandusky, Ashtabula to Detour, 35 cents; Doty, Jeanette, Onoko, Phillip Minch, Germanic, Hutchinson, Glidden, Sage, Halleran, Queen of West, Kate Winslow, Ohio ports to head of Lake Superior, 40 cents; Red White Blue, Ashtabula to St. Ignace, 35 cents.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Lumber shipments out of this port for the month of August will be larger than for any other month this season. The total at the present time is over 40,000,000 feet. Last week 9,630,000 were shipped and 229,000 feet from Washburn. Ore shipments last week were 106,166 tons and for the season 1,676,879 tons.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Coal charters: Caledonia, Italia, Madden, Duluth, 30; Toltec, Miztec, John Eddy, Marion, Chicago, 50; Flower, Armour, Penokee, Milwaukee, 45; Itasca, Toledo, 25.

**Around the Lakes.**

ERIE, Pa., Aug. 26.—Capt. Joseph A. Holmes arrived today and took command of the steamer Gladstone, vice Capt. J. H. Wysoon, who has been promoted to the Alva.

MARINETTE, Wis., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—The Lumber-Shovers' Union on this river has advanced wages to 50 cents an hour. The vessel Captains will probably grant it.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 26.—The steamer Douglas has been chartered to take the run of the steamer City of Toledo while the latter boat is laid up for repairs. The first trip will be made Saturday.

STURGEON BAY, Wis., Aug. 26.—The passenger steamer Eugene C. Hart stranded on Horseshoe Reef in Green Bay yesterday afternoon in a dense fog. Three tugs went from here and released the boat at 8 o'clock this morning. The boat does not seem to be damaged.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 26.—McKay Bros., the owners, and the underwriters having risks on the steamer St. Magnus made a settlement today, and the owners will take the wreck and rebuild it for a freight boat. It will be towed to Port Dalhousie tomorrow, where the work will be done.

MENOMINEE, Mich., Aug. 26.—A raft of about 1,500 prize logs in tow of the Eugene Gognan broke loose and went ashore on the east side of the bay near Fairport. They were en route to Sturgeon Bay. Since the accident the winds have been westerly, and it is thought they can all be recovered.

The steamer Eugene C. Hart, which went ashore near Ephriam, was leaking badly when she got here and will be docked at Manitowoc. The damage is estimated at $1,500, fully insured.

**Vessel Movements.**

RACINE, Wis.—Arrived—Brainard, Cahoon.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Cleared—Forest City, McGregor, Cleveland.

MENOMINEE, Mich.—Arrived—Curtis, Holland, Fassett, Reed.

WASHBURN, Wis.—Arrived—Madagascar, Neil, Parana, Stephenson.

ALPENA, Mich.—Arrived—Slauson. Sailed—Westford and consorts, Chicago.

GLADSTONE, Mich. — Arrived — Nebraska. Cleared—Light—Veronica, Amboy.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Pickands, Chisholm. Cleared—Burton, Downing, Buffalo.

MANISTEE, Mich.—Arrived—Naghtin, Hackley, Howland. Sailed—City of Grand Rapids, Chicago.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Arrived—Aurora, Adams, Christie, Sonsmith, Ionia. Departed — Vance, Chicago.

STURGEON BAY, Wis.—Down—Arcadia, 6 a. m.; Hickox, Wood, noon; Hinton, 3 p. m. Up—Sawyer, 4 p. m.

CHEBOYGAN, Mich.—Arrived—Drake, Mary Ayer, W. Carpenter, Stewart, Dashing Wave. Cleared—Atwater, Cleveland.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Gratwick, steel, Siberia, Murray, Ward, Parnell, Penobscot. Cleared—Codorus, coal, Superior.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Sandusky, Owen, Iosco, Trevor, Superior. Cleared—Gladstone, Superior. Coal—Superior, Duluth; Swan, Port Burwell.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—Quito, Queen City. Cleared—Coal—Paris, Milwaukee; Ed Smith, Portage. Light—Devereux, Australasia, Duluth.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Bulgaria, Alcona, Alta, Case, Ed Kelley. Cleared—Coal—Rappahannock, Dundee, Duluth. Light—Griffin, Tasmania, Duluth.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Up—Bannockburn, Selkirk, Winnipeg, Rosedale, Duluth; Haskell, coal, Chicago. Down—Melbourne, Nipigon and consorts. Cleared—Collier, Cleveland.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR—Arrived—Fryer, J. C. Lockwood, Tacoma, Conemaugh, Northwind. Departed—Ore—Colgate, Hoyt and consort, C. Lockwood, Lake Erie. Light—Barge 75, Two Harbors.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Cleared—Corsica, Maryland, Niko, Churchill, Vail, Baltic, Escanaba, O'Neill, Veronica, Amboy, Hall, Noyes, Cambria, Lake Erie ports; Massachusetts, Metacomet, Merrimac, South Chicago.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Williams, Hawgood. Cleared—Ore—McWilliams, Sam Mitchell, Chicago; Sitka, Yukon, Palmer, Pope, Curry, Fitzpatrick, Outhwaite, Barr, Folsom, Mitchell, Nelson, Spokane, Lake Erie ports.

SOUTH CHICAGO—Arrived—Waukesha, Victory, Selwyn Eddy, Commodore, John Mitchell, Hundred and Thirty, Page, Merrimac, Harvey Brown. Cleared—Wallula, Hundred and Thirty-one, Merida, Two Harbors; Coffinberry, Camden, Ashland; Minnesota, Escanaba; Sheldon, Joys, steel rails, Cleveland.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Down—Ayer, 11 last night; Egan, 12:30 a. m.; Sachem, 1:50; Berlin, 2; Prince, 3; Cook, Harlem, 5:20; Elphicke, A. Shores and consort, 6; Corsica, 6:30; Susquehanna, 8:30; Caledonia, 10; Ogemaw and consort, 11:40; Roanoke [arrived], 2:30 p. m. Up—E. Williams, 9 last night; Toltec and consort, 10:30; Syracuse, 11:30; Tioga, 2:50 a. m.; Wilbur, 5:40; Specular and consort, 7:40; Cambria, 12:40 p. m.; Livingstone, Oceanica, 2; Hudson, Raleigh and consort, 2:30; Desmond and consort, Pahlow and consort, 4:20.

Up—Cape Horn, 5:30; Denver, 6:10; Peck and consort, 7; Lackawanna, 7:30; Neshoto, 8:40. Calm, clear.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Cherokee, Chippewa, 2 p. m.; Thompson, Cleveland, Fitzhugh, Williams, De Wolf, 2:10; Marquette, 3:30; Averill, 4:40. Down—Hopkins, Kelly, 11:20 last night; Kaliyuga, 11:50; Cuba, 2 a. m.; Cadillac, 2:30; Scott and barges, 5:40; Gratwick [wood], 6:40; Pueblo, 8; Owego, Mahoning, 9; Baldwin and barges, Northern Queen, Manchester, 9:50; Santa Maria and consorts, 11; Harper, 11:30; Reynolds, 11:40; Toltec, Miztec, noon; Bielman, 12:30 p. m.; Uganda, Wissahickon, Arabia, 2:30; Iroquois, 3; H. Chisholm, Conestoga, 4; Loretta, 5:30.

Up—Hebard and consorts, 5:40. Down—Coronet, Buell and barges, 6; Sacramento, Grampian, George King and barges, 7; White Star, Robinson, 7:30.

PORT HURON, Mich.—Down—White Star and consorts, 4:15 p. m.; Jewett, 4:40; Doty, Jeannette, 5. Up—Hudson, 9 last night; Craig, 9:30; W. B. Morley, Ford, Wolf, 10; German, 10:15; N. Mills and barges, 11; Two Richards, 11:20; M. Boyce, Juniata, 12:40 a. m.; Preston and consort, 1:40; Rhoda Emily and consorts, 2; Republic, 3; Colgate and consorts, 3:15; Nicholas, 4:30; Columbia and consort, 7; Tecumseh, 9; Masaba, 10:20; John Oades and consort, 11:20; Stafford and consorts, noon; Tice and consorts, 12:30 p. m.; Badger State, 1; Hale and consort, 2:30; H. B. Tuttle and consorts, 4:20. Arrived—Mount Clemens, Atlantis, Weston and consorts. Departed—E. F. Gould.

Down—Philip Minch, 6; Samoa and consort, St. Paul, 7; Robert Mills, 7:40; Owen, Michigan, Nicholson, 8:40. Up—Gogebic, 6; Maruba and consort, 8:40; Owen and consort, 9. Arrived, Mary McGregor.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Northern Wave, 9:30 last night; Manola, G. W. Morley, Ewen, 11; Leland, Hale, Wawanosh, Week, 1 a. m.; Montana, Parks Foster, 2; H.A. Tuttle, Yuma, 4; City of Genoa, Brazil, 5:30; Iron Duke, Iron State, 7; City of Glasgow, Paisley, Normandie, 8:30; Schuck, Verona, China, 10; Wade, Peerless, 11; Northern Light, George Gould, 12:30 p. m.; Alberta, Wright, 2; Hayward, Col. Wells, Franklin, 3; Norwalk, Pease, Planet, 4; Sicken, Spademan, Melonia, McVea, Choctaw, 5:30. Down—Thomson and whaleback, 10:30 last night; Continental, Holland, midnight; Livingstone, Joliet, 1:30 a. m.; Shenandoah, Granada, 3:30; Grover and whaleback, 4:30; Portage, Wotan, Gardner, City of Duluth, 6; Northern King, Campbell, Linden, 7:30; Cumberland, Bruce, Seguin, 9:30; Tempest No. 1, Coyne, Knapp, Uranus, 10:30; Newaygo, Sumatra, Checotah, Osceola, noon; Athabasca, Prentice, Middlesex, Halsted, Monarch, 3:30; M. M. Drake, Glidden, Sage, 5; Oscoda, Corning, C. G. King, Vega, 6.

Up—Farwell, Dobbins, Maytham, 7; Presley, Redington, Georger, 9. Down—V. H. Ketcham, Becker, Wadena, 8.

**Chicago Port List.**

Arrived—Lumber—G. L. Wrenn, Ludington; Seaman, White Lake; York State, Emerald, Menominee; C. J. Magill, I. N. Foster, Marinette; Resumption, Cora A., Ford River; G. Dunbar, Charlevoix; S. Langell, Ashland. Sundries—Alaska, Commodore, Buffalo. Coal—New Orleans, Buffalo.

Cleared—Grain—City of London, P. D. Armour, Commodore, Buffalo. Sundries—Tuscarora, Buffalo. Light—E. Buckley, W. O. Goodman, Stafford, G. C. Markham, Manistee; C. J. Magill, Marinette; Starke, Traverse Bay; York State, R. A. Seymour, Menominee; John Mark, Ashland; Resumption, Ford River.

**Stabbed to Death.**

Cook, Neb., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—A serious cutting affray occurred last night at Mount Hope Church, four miles southeast of this place. Archibald Catharet and William Tate, both farmers of this locality, met after church and became involved in a quarrel, which culminated in a fight. When they came together Tate struck Catharet with something, probably a knife, inflicting wounds in the left side and breast, from which he died at 6 o'clock this morning. Both young men are under age. Tate has not yet been apprehended.

# NEWS OF THE COURTS.

**Superior and Circuit Courts—Judgments.**

Judge Chetlain—18570—The Mutual Fuel Gas Co. vs. Frank B. Bort; on deflt., $529.05.

Judge Gibbons—1820—Herbert W. Snow vs. The Castle Cure Co.; on deflt. heretofore, $4,536.45.—16247—John P. Coon, admr. estate of Mary M. Mullin, decd., vs. Ellen Griffin; on deflt., $368.—18774—Edward Hart vs. the Star Brewery; judgt. of Aug. 22, 1895, set aside and judgt. $333.93.

**Decrees.**

Judge Chetlain—6156—Edward Hanisch et al. vs. Albert Hanisch et al.; dec. apptg. trustee.

Judge Gibbons—6594—Strain, rec., vs. McInnes et al.; dec. sale.—56—Witherell vs. Collins et al.; same.—8780—Weber, trustee, et al. vs. Groh et al.; same.—1801—Stickney et al. vs. Stuart et al.; same.—8348—Ellel et al. vs. Cooney et al.; same.

**Court Calls for Today.**

Judge Seaman—United States Circuit Court—10 a. m., order in sale of whisky trust plants.

Judge Baker—Criminal Court, Branch No. 1—Peremptory call of all motions for new trials.

Judge Chetlain—Emergency business.

Judge Gibbons—N. W. E. Ry. Co. vs. McCarthy on trial.

Judge Dunne—Emergency business.

Judge Donnelly—County Court—Nos. 12816, 13851, 13858, and in re. N. W. L. and B. Assn.

## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECORD Monday, Aug. 26, 1895:

| | |
|---|---|
| Superior-st., 120 w of Sedgwick, n f, 47½x100, and o p, Aug. 19 [J. S. Young and wife to H. Durry] | $34,000 |
| 79th-st., s e cor Marshfield-av., n f, 124½x125, Aug. 21 [M. Beifeld to M. Hirsch] | 3,000 |
| 114th-st., 161 w of Michigan-av., n f, 20x108, Dec. 23, 1893 [F. Robbins to M. W. Haber] | 1,250 |
| 114th-st., 139 w of Michigan-av., n f, 21x108, May 24, 1893 [same to T. P. Bonfield] | 1,400 |
| Whipple-st., 190 n of Diversey-av., w f, 50x125, m or l, Aug. 24 [O. H. Bishop to J. F. Powell] | 1,500 |
| 54th-st., bet Halsted and Union-av., n f, 16 67-100x125, Aug. 24 [R. B. Thompson to O. L. Fluegel] | 5,500 |
| Harding-av., 96 n of Dunning-st., e f, 50x125, Aug. 23 [C. M. Geschke to J. Damner] | 1,200 |
| Artesian-av., s w cor Grand, e f, 69x100, m or l, Aug. 7 [O. Ohlerking to F. Paetzel] | 2,200 |
| Troy-st., 191 s of Chicago-av., w f, 25x128¾, Aug. 23 [P. J. Briarton to T. Carney] | 1,000 |
| Wilcox-st., 251 e of S. 43d-av., s f, 25x122, Aug. 13 [M. A. Coates to M. A. Lyons] | 1,400 |
| Wilcox-st., 276 e of S. 43d-av., s f, 25x122, Aug. 13 [C. A. Richards to same] | 1,400 |
| Ogden-av., 106½ n e of Springfield, n f, 50 thro to W. 22d-st., Aug. 24 [E. Brunner to A. E. Dennis] | 12,000 |
| Turner-av., 273 s of W. 15th-st., e f, 25x124 85-100, Nov. 15, 1894 [M. A. Prescott to E. Joyce] | 1,100 |
| Robey-st., 150 s of 33d, w f, 25x125, Aug. 22 [C. Devell to R. Murray] | 2,000 |
| Indiana-av., 294 s of 43d-st., w f, 25x160, Aug. 26 [J. M. Dwyer to M. V. L. Dwyer] | 16,000 |
| Wabash-av., 74 s of 61st-st., w f, 82x170¾, Aug. 9 [A. Berg to H. W. Davenport] | 6,560 |
| Emerald-av., 216 n of 59th-st., e f, 25x125, July 8 [J. M. Whitehead to J. Faulkner] | 2,000 |
| Union-av., 131 s of 58th-st., e f, 25x125, July 8 [same to M. J. Faulkner] | 3,000 |
| Wentworth-av., 106 n of 109th-st., e f, 26x125, May 20 [F. Hamilton to G. Middendorf] | 2,800 |
| Lake-av., 187 s e of 77th-st., n e f, 100x200, Aug. 15 [S. S. Borden to C. A. Stine] | 7,000 |
| Armour-av., 77 s of W. 57th-pl., w f, 25x99, Aug. 26 [J. P. Bowen to J. D. Carpenter] | 3,500 |
| Troy-st., 240 s of 25th, e f, 24x126½, Aug. 22 [K. Vicek to K. Dibelka] | 1,185 |
| W. 17th-st., 165 w of Fisk, n f, 24x124, Aug. 23 [M. Kovarik to J. Prodolski] | 3,000 |
| Polk-st., n e cor S. 46th-av., s f, 85½x145¾, and other property, July 13 [T. A. Towner to K. M. Hayes] | 3,900 |
| Artesian-av., 25 s of Hirsch-st., w f, 25x126, Aug. 24 [G. H. Lymann to H. Bergman] | 4,000 |
| Robey-st., 48 n of Wabansia-av., e f, 25x100, Aug. 24 [H. Bergman to G. H. Lymann] | 4,000 |
| Kedzie-av., 250 s of Bloomingdale, w f, 25x124¼, Aug. 24 [E. C. Pratt to K. Christiansen] | 1,850 |
| N. Clark-st., 150 n w of Eddy, n e f, 25x125, Aug. — [T. G. Milsted to D. Curran] | 2,250 |
| Earl-av., 100 n w of Wayne-st., n e f, 10x125, June 19 [W. H. Evans to C. C. Russell] | 7,500 |
| St. Lawrence-av., 146 s of 72d-st., w f, 79.68x122.85, Aug. 24 [M. E. Pomeroy to C. Garner] | 20,000 |
| N. Clark-st., 462 n w of Sheffield-av., s w f, 25x114, July 26 [W. M. Blue to J. Clancy] | 2,200 |
| Ohio-st., s e cor N. 48th-av., n f, 61x124, July 20 [C. A. Holm to V. Antowski] | 3,700 |
| Lake Park-av., 160 n of Oakwood, w f, 40x268, Aug. 24 [E. E. Wilcox to C. A. Goodyear] | 23,000 |
| 66th-st., 160½ e of Rassano, s f, 40x126½, und. ½ int., Aug. 24 [M. L. Wheeler to W. A. Coleman] | 2,500 |
| Oak-st., 55 e of Rush, n f, 20x106, Sept. 29, 1882 [E. M. Cobb to I. H. Pedrick] | 5,000 |
| Same property, Sept. 29, 1882 [I. H. Pedrick to O. Cobb] | 5,000 |
| Princeton-av., n e cor 52d-st., w f, 25x124, Aug. 26 [S. Tenton to F. Lamb et al] | 4,650 |
| N ½, Lot 13, Lake View High School sub, n w ¼, n w ¼, 20, 40, 14, Aug. 22 [B. F. Nichols to M. Griffin] | 2,800 |

## BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the Building Department yesterday:

| | |
|---|---|
| James J. Young, 2-storyand basement brick flats, 6414 S. Green-st | $3,000 |
| Ola Larsen, two 3-story and basement brick flats, 4840-48 Calumet-av | 16,000 |
| Thomas Brace, three 2-story and basement brick front additions, 159 to 163 W. Washington-st | 2,500 |
| John J. Walsh, 1-story and basement brick cottage, 1635 Fillmore-st | 2,000 |
| F. Rapata, 2-story and basement brick flats, 1313 W. 22d-st | 2,000 |
| F. Robertson, two 3-story and basement brick flats, 1212-14 Sheffield-av | 14,000 |
| Miss L. J. Nicholson, 2-story frame flats, 107 Carmen-av | 3,000 |
| Mrs. E. Burkhardt, 3-story and basement brick front addition, 940 N. Clark-st | 5,000 |
| C. W. Nordquist, 3-story and basement brick flats, 799 Kedzie-av | 3,500 |
| William Wright, 3-story and basement brick flats, 216 Washtenaw-av | 6,500 |
| Garner & Enclow, three 2-story and basement brick dwellings, 7239 to 7243 Perry-av | 10,500 |

## NEW INCORPORATIONS.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., AUG. 26—[SPECIAL.]—The Secretary of State today licensed the incorporation of the following new companies:

The Owensboro club, at Chicago; without capital stock; social; incorporators, J. K. Sebree, George Andrin, C. S. Boackman.

The Bowen Improvement company, at Bowen, Hancock County; capital stock, $10,000; for general construction; incorporators, Daniel Smith, J. T. McKown, C. M. Irwin.

The Solon Creamery Association, at Solon Mills, McHenry County; capital stock, $2,200; to manufacture butter and cheese; incorporators, E. S. Johonnett, C. Collison, R. W. Overton.

The Central Building Material company, at Chicago; capital stock, $50,000; to manufacture and build; incorporators, Peter Wohler, Henry A. Juers, Emil A. Kretschmer.

The Macomb Building and Loan Association of Macomb certified to an increase of capital stock from $500,000 to $1,000,000.

The Salt Rollers' Union of Cummings certified to a dissolution of the organization and surrendered its charter.

The Central Improvement club of the Twenty-eighth Ward, at Chicago; without capital stock; incorporators, T. W. Bradfield, C. H. Rector, Arthur Griffin.

## TRIBUNE BRANCH OFFICES.

BRANCH OFFICES OF "THE TRIBUNE" may be found at the drug stores named below. Advertisements will be accepted and charged for at office rates at any of these places or at any A. D. T. office. Ring them up, and your advertisement will be forwarded to THE TRIBUNE without extra charge.

SOUTH DIVISION.

COTTAGE GROVE AVENUE—
2300 ........ E. T. RICHARDS.
2614 ........ C. E. KREYSSLER.
Cor. 31st ........ J. H. HOGEY.
Cor. 33d ........ N. L. FRANK.
Cor. 35th ........ C. E. MARSHALL.
Cor. 37th ........ T. H. PATTERSON.
3915 ........ JUDSON A. ROOT.
4134 ........ I. W. BLOOD.
Cor. 43d ........ C. S. ALLEN.
Cor. 46th ........ A. K. LOWRY.
5040 ........ Sorrow & Kerntopf.
5503 ........ C. D. BALLARD.
Cor. 63d ........ CURTI & McRAE.

HALSTED STREET—
2603 ........ A. J. KETTERING.
Cor. 36th ........ F. NEUBERTS.

STATE STREET—
Cor. Harrison ........ HARRISON PHAR.
2200 ........ L. J. WEYER.
2727 ........ STANDARD PHAR.
Cor. 31st ........ W. K. FORSYTH.
3160 ........ H. F. FLANNERY.
Cor. 39th ........ HURST'S PHARMACY.
4259 ........ A. C. MUSSELWHITE.
4700 ........ JOHN I. BELL.
4704 ........ WM. STORCK.
Cor. 51st ........ B. F. TERHUNE.
Cor. 59th ........ F. P. KENNEDY.

INDIANA AVENUE—
Cor. 31st ........ E. VON HERMANN.
Cor. 35th ........ F. C. KELLOGG.
Cor. 39th ........ M. N. PORTER & CO.
Cor. 43d ........ SIDDALL DRUG CO.

LAKE AVENUE—
Cor. 50th ........ W. BODEMAN.

TWENTY-SECOND STREET—
123 ........ J. & R. SIMMS.

THIRTY-FIFTH STREET—
188 ........ G. A. GRAVES & CO.

WABASH AVENUE—
515 ........ AM. DIST. TEL. CO.
Cor. 14th ........ E. J. PAINTER.
Cor. 16th ........ O. F. FISCHER.
Cor. 18th ........ E. A. ZAHN.

THIRTY-NINTH STREET—
210 ........ C. G. MUEHLMAN.

FORTY-FIRST STREET—
460 ........ L. W. SCHWAB.

FORTY-THIRD STREET—
Cor. Lake ........ O. F. SCHMIDT.
Cor. Grand-blvd ........ C. N. GOODNOW.
405 ........ A. S. COOK.

FORTY-SEVENTH STREET—
Cor. Evans ........ C. S. TIRRELL.
Cor. Champlain ........ C. S. TIRRELL & CO.

FIFTY-THIRD STREET—
108 ........ F. G. SECORD.

FIFTY-FIFTH STREET—
Cor. Madison ........ J. & W. E. HOLLAND.
560 ........ R. R. BOWEN.

FIFTY-SIXTH STREET—
Cor. Jefferson ........ JACKSON PK. PHAR.

SIXTY-THIRD STREET—
Cor. Stony Island ........ F. J. AMPHLETT.

SIXTY-FOURTH STREET—
Cor. Grace-av ........ B. M. WHITE.

STONY ISLAND AVENUE—
7004 ........ M. A. CURTIS.

DEARBORN STREET—
Cor. 35th ........ McKENZIE BROS.

WALLACE STREET—
Cor. 32d ........ R. H. WHEELER.

WENTWORTH AVENUE—
Cor. 31st ........ E. P. BRAUN.
5310 ........ E. HOPKLITZ.

WEST DIVISION.

ARMITAGE AVENUE—
406 ........ A. MARTENS.

WESTERN AVENUE—
Cor. Adams ........ ADAMS-ST. PHAR.
Cor. Harrison ........ H. G. DRESSEL.

CHICAGO AVENUE—
466 ........ WM. H. BIERMAN.
567 ........ HENRY SCHMITT.
626 ........ CHAS. HIRTZLER.

DIVISION STREET—
643 ........ R. STANGOHR.
Cor. Roby ........ PAUL HEINEMANN.

INDIANA STREET—
Cor. Ashland ........ F. EITERMAN.

ERIE STREET—
Cor. Noble ........ A. H. SCOTT.

NORTH AVENUE—
... ........ L. A. GELLEDE.

TRIBUNE BRANCH OFFICES.

BLUE ISLAND AVENUE—
171 ........ J. R. SHEAN.

LAKE STREET—
Cor. Paulina ........ R. T. SILL.
771 ........ A. S. STODDARD.
1014 ........ W. W. THUMSER.
1299 ........ HENSEL BROS.
Cor. Homan ........ F. E. McKENZIE.

MADISON STREET—
190 ........ AM. DIST. TEL. CO.
278 ........ BELL & CO.
384 ........ PASSAIC PHAR.
572 ........ P. A. THAYER.
785 ........ J. W. CRAIN.
836 ........ K. McLENNON.
1001 ........ C. D. STONE.
1049 ........ L. A. JOHNSON.
1249 ........ H. B. BROWN.
Cor. Sacramento ........ E. E. FOSTER.
Cor. Homan ........ L. P. KOTZ.

MILWAUKEE AVENUE—
232 ........ FORD'S PHARMACY.
465 ........ HENRY SCHROEDER.
1086 ........ Quayles & Populorum.
1218 ........ MOYEN BROS.
Cor. Oakley ........ F. J. BERGER.

OGDEN AVENUE—
149 ........ FRANK GRAMMER.
293 ........ W. A. BRABROOK.
360 ........ C. F. BROWN.
475 ........ F. J. KNOWLES.
987 ........ FARRAR'S PHAR.

RANDOLPH STREET—
Cor. Ada ........ GEO. BEDDFORD.

TWELFTH STREET—
Cor. Loomis ........ BLETTNER'S PHAR.
422 ........ CHAS. C. THIEL.

VAN BUREN STREET—
Cor. Center ........ A. M. Bronson & Son.
Cor. Laflin ........ THOS. LONERGAN.
Marshfield-av ........ R. M. WILSON.
Cor. Robey ........ C. E. BUTTON.
Cor. California-av ........ JOHN RITTER.
Cor. Francisco ........ F. H. KELLETT.

HALSTED STREET—
Cor. Jackson ........ O. S. BETTING.
260 ........ JOHN P. LEE.

HARRISON STREET—
750 ........ F. E. FISKE.

NORTH DIVISION.

CHICAGO AVENUE—
80 ........ R. H. HANKE.

BERRY AVENUE—
Cor. Evanston ........ JOS. SCHOENKAES.

NORTH HALSTED STREET—
1748 ........ ROGERS PHARMACY.

NORTH AVENUE—
161 ........ C. E. KREZMENSKI.
Cor. Cleveland ........ A. M. REIS.

CLARK STREET—
Cor. Ohio ........ H. J. BATE.
Cor. Chestnut ........ WHITE BROS.
Cor. Maple ........ J. MAYER.
Cor. Division ........ E. WEBBER.
Cor. Goethe ........ R. E. RHODE.
Cor. North avenue ........ HENRY GOETZ.
Cor. Center ........ F. J. LINK.
Cor. Webster ........ FRANK SCHRAGE.
Cor. Halsted ........ BAKER & MASON.

RUSH STREET—
Cor. Ohio ........ C. A. STORER.

OAK STREET—
Cor. Townsend ........ A. J. WESSMAN.

WELLS STREET—
Cor. Ontario ........ J. A. THOMAS.
Cor. Oak ........ R. G. DORRANCE & CO.
Cor. Division ........ F. H. AHLBORN.
Cor. Eugenie ........ DINET & DELFOSSE.

ASHLAND AVENUE—
Cor. Addison ........ R. L. BROWN.
Cor. Graceland ........ HIGH SCHOOL PHAR. (Schroeder & Van Niel)

STATE STREET—
292 ........ C. W. SILVER.

LINCOLN AVENUE—
224 ........ HENRY SCHALLER.
Cor. Fullerton ........ W. C. BALLOWITZ.
Cor. Wrightwood ........ H. W. WEIHE.
Cor. Belden ........ F. R. LEONARD.
622 ........ MAX SCHULZ.
722 ........ G. M. BOALCH.

LARRABEE STREET—
Cor. Center ........ HERMAN FRY.

SHEFFIELD AVENUE—
845 ........ A. N. BOE.

SUBURBAN.

AVONDALE, ILL. ........ L. N. FENNE.
AUSTIN ........ W. O. CLINE.
EVANSTON, ILL. ........ J. S. OAKES.
1579 Maple-av ........ JOHN COOPER.
LA GRANGE, ILL. ........ E. R. McCLELLAN.
OAK PARK—
Oak Park-av. Sta. L. BROWN.
ENGLEWOOD—
62d and Wentworth DR. W. MINAKER.
63d and Stewart ........ OPERA-HOUSE PHAR.
66th & Wentworth H. J. HOUGHTON.
69th and Stewart ........ E. G. BINZ.
RAVENSWOOD ........ A. E. BIERSTEDT.
WINNETKA, ILL. ........ GARRISON BROS.

## LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—AT COLUMBIA PARK, SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 2 diamond rings left in ladies' toilet-room. Liberal reward if returned to MRS. SHARKEY, 38 Dayton-st.

LOST—PAIR OF GOLD-RIMMED BI-FOCAL glasses on Quincy-st. Liberal reward at 1515 Monadnock Block.

## PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—WILL PARTIES WHO SAW ACCIDENT to lady and child on Lincoln-av. car, between Larrabee-st. and Belden-av., Tuesday evening, Aug. 20, about 5:45, kindly send names to D. N. M., 25 Randolph-st.?

## BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—

You will never realize what our "ads" mean until you see the goods and prices attached. Come in now before we get rushed. Catalogue "How We Do It" free.

GEO. E. MARSHALL,
Importer Diamonds and Watches,
103 State-st., Columbus Memorial Building.

PERSONAL—A. L. WILLARD, M. D., PHYSICIAN and surgeon, 235 State-st., makes a specialty of diseases of the feet; instant and painless relief from corns, bunions and ingrowing nails; satisfaction guaranteed or no charge for services. Hours 9 to 6.

PERSONAL—SOL COLEMAN, THE RENOWNED manufacturer of the Ko-Ko Tulu chewing gum, is in the city and has made the largest chewing gum sale on record. His gum is meritorious and meets with ready sale.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

**Bookkeepers and Clerks.**

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, 25, AS assistant bookkeeper or general office clerk; 5 years' experience in national bank; quick and accurate; references. Address F 559, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN 26 years old, as bookkeeper or general office man; 8 years' experience; A1 city references. Address J Y 91, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG PRESCRIPTION clerk and reputable German physician as manager in first-class drug store. Address B. FRIEDMAN, 373 W. Taylor-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY TRUSTWORTHY young man as grocery clerk; 4 years' experience; reasonable terms and good references. B., 3708 State-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BOOKKEEPER; EXPERIENCED; references; moderate salary. Address F 534, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED shipping or receiving clerk. Address 186 E. Van Buren-st., Room 8, or J Y 96, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FOR OPENING, CLOSING, examining, and writing up books, periodically, day, or evening. Address P.-O. Box 594 city.

**Trades.**

SITUATION WANTED—BY A THOROUGHLY competent mechanic as superintendent of machine shop, foundry, etc.; first-class references. Address E 337, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS ENGINEER; does all repairs; sober and reliable; references. Address J Y 90, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A 1ST-CLASS MAN cook; meat and pastry; hotel or restaurant; in city or country. Address F 525, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED CUTTER and tailor or partner with little money. Address F 547, Tribune office.

**Stenographers.**

SITUATION WANTED—AS STENOGRAPHER BY an experienced young man. J Y 97, Tribune.

**Miscellaneous.**

SITUATION WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN OF 36, experienced as manager and chief accountant for mercantile business of $4,000,000 annually; will also act as detective in office work; highest references from former employer. Address F 520, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MARRIED MAN around house; care of garden, horses; handy with carpenter tools. JOHN SCHRAEDER, 265 39th-st., top floor, in rear.

SITUATION WANTED—WRITE-UP SOLICITOR, long experience in industrial, biographical, and county history work, wishes position with reliable publisher. Address F 538, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, 28, GERMAN, as bartender or waiter; seven years' experience. Address F 500, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—JANITOR; MAN AND wife; A1 references; speak English, German, and Scandinavian. NELSEN, 139 Edgar-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS JANITOR; GOOD carpenter, electrician; also an all-roundman on repairs; good references; single. F 508, Tribune.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

**Bookkeepers and Clerks.**

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG LADY IN office; educated and willing to work; best of references. Address F 516, Tribune office.

**Domestics.**

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL HOUSEWORK in small family, South Side preferred, by a reliable colored girl with references from present employer. Call at 4820 Evans-av., second flat, or address F 510, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—TEN GIRLS, PLAIN housework, $2, $2.50; also 25 girls, $3, $4, and $5; all nations; any locality; cooks, waitresses, laundresses. Telephone 869 North, 130 North Clark-st. MATHEWS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—SELECTED DOMESTICS, all nationalities, whose references guarantee satisfaction, promptly supplied; established 15 years. SMITH'S, 10 Throop-st. Tel. West 443.

SITUATIONS WANTED—COOKS, HOUSEMAIDS, nurses, recommend housework girls, any nationality. 2205 Michigan-av. Tel. So. 63. MRS. WILLIS.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A STRICTLY FIRST-class cook, with best of references. Call at 363 E. Chicago-av., up-stairs.

SITUATION WANTED—GERMAN WOMAN AS cook in boarding-house or small hotel. 3031 Michigan-av.

SITUATION WANTED — GERMAN, MIDDLE aged girl, wishes place for housework; steady work. 139 W. Adams-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT WOMAN as nurse; willing to take entire charge of young infant. 5433 Lake-av.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO LIGHT HOUSEwork by colored girl; best references. 3128 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—WORK BY DAY CLEANing, by Swedish woman. 4065 Wentworth-av.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY FROM the East as nurse. Address F 512, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSEKEEPER BY A widow; aged 20. 778 27th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT AMERican girl; housework; no washing. 240 ...

**Stenographers.**

SITUATIONS WANTED — BUSINESS HOUSES supplied with stenographers of any grade. J. S. HANNA, 412 First National Bank ...

SITUATION WANTED—LADY STENOGRAPHER; 3 years' experience; salary moderate. Address 563, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED young stenographer; salary $8. F 580, ...

WANTED—
House...
SITUATION WANTE...
charge of rooming-h...
Misc...
SITUATION WANTE...
stant lady desires ...
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SITUATION WANTE...
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WANTED...
Bookkee...
A YOUNG MAN NOT ...
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BILL CLERK—WHO...
also first-class accou...
BOOKKEEPERS, CR...
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Exchange, 185 Dearbo...
BOOKKEEPER—EXP...
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CLERK—IN WHOLE...
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CLERK—INVOICE; ...
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CLERK — EXPERIE...
Chicago Mercantile ...
CLERK—DRUG, RE...
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CLERK—ASSISTANT ...
references. 2970 W...
DRUGGIST—SUNDRI...
for salesman, a youn...
possessing a thorough...
in previous engageme...
Tribune office.
DRUG CLERK—REGI...
good references. A...
MAN—A YOUNG MA...
clerk preferred, and ...
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MAN—YOUNG MAN ...
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required; $7. 100 Wa...
YOUNG MAN—TO AS...
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motion; $250 cash req...
Co., Suite 1023 Masoni...
Salesmen.
RESPONSIBLE, AB...
line of specialties fo...
dry goods trade in Illi...
F 530, Tribune office.
SALESMAN—AN EN...
a novelty with the m...
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liberal commission. ...
ESTEY, 211 Jackson-s...
SALESMAN—ON CO...
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experience. Address ...
SALESMAN—A FIRS...
rubber clothing and ...
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Room 406.
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BOY—EXPERIENCE...
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BOY—EXPERIENCE...
Address F 529, Tribu...
BOY—AGE 19; EXPE...
$6. 269 Dearborn-st...
BOYS—TWO STEADY...
ican boys; wages $4...
ERRAND BOY—BRIG...
writes a good hand...
555 Tribune office.
CARPET WEAVERS—...
225 Dearborn-st.
FOREMAN—IN FACT...
instruments; must b...
make others work; no...
Address F 559, Tribu...
Coachmen...
COACHMAN—FIRST-...
first-class laundress...
Forest; all year place...
269, Tribune office.
Steno...
STENOGRAPHER AN...
—Young man with ...
Address, in own hand...
STENOGRAPHER —...
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Misc...
ADVERTISING MAN...
goods store; one who...
dry goods store prefe...
fications and salary ex...
MAN—TO REPRESEN...
Receiver; helps the ...
prevents vibration or ...
B. & ...
MANAGER FOR ATLA...
with $650 cash; salar...
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PHYSICIAN—YOUNG ...
in the sale and adver...
Address F 531, Tribune...
WANTED—...
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GIRLS—I HAVE NO...
places in six months...
wash, in fine private ...
gether; 10 cooks that ...
work girls at $5 week...
N. Clark-st. MATHE...
GIRLS—TWO NICE A...
dress envelopes and ...
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WELL CO., 222 Michi...
OFFICE LADY—GE...
light work. 509, 100...
TYPEWRITER—BRIG...
lady typewriter in co...
moderate salary. Add...
TYPEWRITING LES...
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COOK—A GOOD GE...
must assist with wa...
$5 per week. Apply 3...
HOUSEWORK—FOR ...
German or Americ...
dren; wages $4 to $5...
wood-blvd., near 39th-...
HOUSEWORK—GIRL...
work. 94 Woodland...
av. and 34th-st.
HOUSEWORK—A GI...
work; must be goo...
Apply 2622 Prairie-av.
HOUSEWORK—GIRL...
1360 Wilcox-av., 2d ...
HOUSEWORK—GIRL...
work. 266 Colorado...
LAUNDRESS—GOOD...
2229 Calumet-av.
NURSE — CHILDRE...
kind, for fine family...
ences. 500 Vermont...
Grove-av.
WET NURSE—BRING...
Seamstresse...
DRESSMAKERS—EX...
store and also hand...
Wabash-av.
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STENOGRAPHER — ...
clerk; unexceptional...
F 551, Tribune office.
STENOGRAPHER — ...
graph; $6 to $12. 28...
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STENOGRAPHERS—...
two hours' practical...
typewriter practice ...
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and evening. 1007, 17...
Misc...
GOVERNESS—FOR ...
as companion for in...
Mexico. Apply 10 a. ...
A. G. SCHL...
LADIES—40 LADIES...
burg's Hall, 22d-st., ...
at 10 a. m. T. F. RA...
MARKER—EXPERI...
dry. 424 E. 47th-st. ...
MILLINERS—20 M...
tices. 109 Wabash-...
RETOUCHER—COM...
preferred, with som...
studio. Call at E. HE...
AGENT...
AGENTS—BRAHAM ...
night; writes 20 tim...
pen, and prevents bl...
Send 10 cents for ...
terms free. The Bra...
WANTED—GENERA...
insurance or Inve...
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WANTED—A 10 HOR...
portable; good rep...
UND...
POSTLEWAIT—310 ...
undertaking; city ...
West 328.
WATCHES...
... CASH PAID F...

## WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

### Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED — CAN TAKE COMPLETE charge of rooming-house. 3613 Wentworth-av.

### Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED PROTestant lady desires home as companion with elderly couple living in country or town; willing to assist for room and board. Address E 538, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—PROFESSIONAL NURSE desires engagement for September; is competent to give masseur treatments to ladies; best doctors' references. Address F 375, Tribune office.

## WANTED—MALE HELP.

### Bookkeepers and Clerks.

A YOUNG MAN NOT OVER 17 IN CLAIM DEPARTment of a wholesale notion house; must write a good hand and be quick and accurate with figures; salary $7 week. Address F 556, Tribune office.

BILL CLERK—WHOLESALE HARDWARE; RAPID, also first-class accountant. 509, 100 Washington-st.

BOOKKEEPERS, CREDIT MEN, MANAGERS, stenographers, etc., wishing to change to better positions should leave application with the Mercantile Exchange, 185 Dearborn-st., Room 152.

BOOKKEEPER—EXPERIENCED; MUST BE ACcurate and a good penman; give references and state salary wanted. Address F 542, Tribune office.

CLERK—IN WHOLESALE STATIONERY; SEVeral years' experience. 185 Dearborn-st., R. 152.

CLERK—INVOICE; EXPERIENCED IN WAGON business. 185 Dearborn-st., Room 152.

CLERK — EXPERIENCED SHIPPING CLERK. Chicago Mercantile Co., 109 and 111 Wabash-av.

CLERK—DRUG, REGISTERED; GERMAN PREferred. Apply 39th-st. and Vincennes-av.

CLERK—ASSISTANT REGISTERED DRUG; CITY references. 2970 Wabash-av., 2d flat.

DRUGGIST—SUNDRIES DEPARTMENT, COUNter salesman, a young man of pleasing address, possessing a thorough knowledge and a good record in previous engagements preferred. Address F 552, Tribune office.

DRUG CLERK—REGISTERED ASSISTANT, WITH good references. Address B Z 314, Tribune.

MAN—A YOUNG MAN AS FOREMAN, GROCERY clerk preferred, and must talk Bohemian; state age and salary expected. Address F 558, Tribune office.

MAN—YOUNG MAN TO DO TYPEWRITING, keep books, and do some outside work; references required; $7. 100 Washington-st., Room 901.

YOUNG MAN—TO ASSIST IN OFFICE; EXPERIence not necessary; $15 salary weekly, with promotion; $250 cash required. Advertising Exchange Co., Suite 1023 Masonic Temple.

### Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

RESPONSIBLE, ABLE MAN TO MARKET A line of specialties from a factory to the drug and dry goods trade in Illinois. Address with reference F 530, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—AN ENERGETIC, TO INTRODUCE a novelty with the milliners and notion trade; can be handled as side line if party is making that trade; liberal commission. Call Tuesday morning. F. L. ESTEY, 211 Jackson-st.

SALESMAN—ON COFFEE WAGON, HAVING CONnection and trade with restaurants and families; salary and commission. Address E 791, Tribune.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED RETAIL HAT; SALary $15 per week; give full references and state experience. Address F 511, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—A FIRST-CLASS MAN TO SELL rubber clothing and mackintoshes in Indiana. Address J Y 93, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—WIDE-AWAKE CHICAGO MAN FOR a special work; no canvassing. 607 Masonic Temple.

SALESMEN—FOR NEW PATENTED ARTICLE; everybody needs it; quick selling; liberal commission. Call between 9 and 11 o'clock, 19 Wabash-av., Room 406.

SALESMEN—TO SELL PETIT LEDGERS, COUpon books, and many other specialties to merchants. Pershing Mfg. Co., South Bend, Ind.

SALESMEN—HIGH CLASS; $10 DAILY; BUSIness A1; monopoly. DE WITT, 306 Dearborn-st.

SOLICITOR — EXPERIENCED ADVERTISING, for trade journal; give references. F 532, Tribune.

### Boys.

BOY—EXPERIENCED OFFICE BOY; SALARY $3. Address F 514, Tribune office.

BOY—EXPERIENCED OFFICE BOY; SALARY $3. Address F 529, Tribune office.

BOY—AGE 19; EXPERIENCED IN DRUG STORE; $6. 269 Dearborn-st., Room 204.

BOYS—TWO STEADY, STOUT IRISH OR AMERican boys; wages $4. Room 3, 1 N. Clark-st.

ERRAND BOY—BRIGHT AND ACTIVE; ONE WHO writes a good hand; salary, $3 week. Address F 555 Tribune office.

### Trades.

CARPET WEAVERS—TWO. APPLY TO ROOM 210, 225 Dearborn-st.

FOREMAN—IN FACTORY MAKING SCIENTIFIC instruments; must be a good workman and able to make others work; none but a hustler need apply. Address F 550, Tribune office.

### Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

COACHMAN—FIRST-CLASS — WHOSE WIFE IS first-class laundress, without children, for Lake Forest; all year place. Address, with references, E 269, Tribune office.

### Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER AND GENERAL OFFICE WORK —Young man with own machine; good penman. Address, in own hand, F 509, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER — RAPID REMINGTON OPERator; $18; permanent. 185 Dearborn-st., R. 152.

### Miscellaneous.

ADVERTISING MANAGER—FOR RETAIL DRY goods store; one who has had experience in retail dry goods store preferred. Address, stating qualifications and salary expected, F 521, Tribune office.

MAN—TO REPRESENT THE COOK PNEUMATIC Receiver; helps the hearing on all telephones and prevents vibration or buzzing sound; a new thing. V. H. COOK, R. 6, 28 School-st., Boston, Mass.

MANAGER FOR ATLANTA, GA., BUSINESS-MAN, with $650 cash; salary and commission; for manufacturing company's product. F 554, Tribune.

PHYSICIAN—YOUNG GRADUATE, TO ASSIST in the sale and advertising of a surgical specialty. Address F 531, Tribune office.

## WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

### Bookkeepers and Clerks.

GIRLS—I HAVE NOT HAD AS MANY GOOD places in six months as I have today; 5 cooks, no wash, in fine private families, $5, $6, $7; second girls; 10 cooks that wash; 4 places for 2 girls together; 10 waitresses; 4 chambermaids; 20 housework girls at $5 week; 40 girls at $4; 25 others. 130 N. Clark-st. MATHEWS.

GIRLS—TWO NICE APPEARING GIRLS TO ADdress envelopes and mail circulars; experts required; don't apply unless experienced; call during forenoon, with sample of writing. A. LEFFINGWELL CO., 222 Michigan-av.

OFFICE LADY—GENERAL OFFICE DUTIES; light work. 509, 100 Washington-st.

TYPEWRITER—BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT YOUNG lady typewriter in contractor's office; references; moderate salary. Address F 540, Tribune office.

TYPEWRITING LESSONS GIVEN WITH PRACtice for keeping office tidy. F 564, Tribune office.

### Domestics.

COOK—A GOOD GERMAN OR SWEDISH COOK; must assist with washing; laundress kept; wages $5 per week. Apply 3322 Michigan-av.

HOUSEWORK—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK, German or American girl; small family, no children; wages $4 to $5, according to merit. 387 Oakwood-blvd., near 39th-st. and Grand-blvd.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 64 Woodland Park, near Cottage Grove-av. and 34th-st.

HOUSEWORK—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; must be good cook and bring references. Apply 2622 Prairie-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL WORK. 1260 Wilcox-av., 2d flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 266 Colorado-av., first flat.

LAUNDRESS—GOOD; REFERENCES REQUIRED. 3229 Calumet-av.

NURSE — CHILDREN'S; EXPERIENCED AND kind, for fine family; call at once and bring references. 500 Vermont Building, 51st-st. and Cottage Grove-av.

WET NURSE—BRING YOUR BABY. 1041 N. Clark-st.

### Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

DRESSMAKERS—EXPERIENCED; TO WORK IN store and also hands on underwear. Call at 1931 Wabash-av.

### Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER — AND GENERAL OFFICE clerk; unexceptional reference required. Address F 551, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER — REMINGTON AND CALIgraph; $6 to $12. 269 Dearborn-st., Room 204.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHer for Remington typewriter. F 565, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER — BRIGHT YOUNG LADY; first-class hotel position. 509, 100 Washington-st.

STENOGRAPHERS—INCREASE YOUR SPEED BY two hours' practical varied dictation and 5 hours' typewriter practice daily, each pupil having machine. Special beginners' class in shorthand day and evening. 1007, 171 La Salle-st.

### Miscellaneous.

GOVERNESS—FOR GIRL OF 6, ABLE TO ACT as companion for invalid lady, resident in City of Mexico. Apply 10 a. m. to 2 p. m. A. G. SCHLITZ, Room 107, Leland Hotel.

LADIES—40 LADIES FOR THE BALLET, FRIEburg's Hall, 22d-st., this Tuesday and Wednesday at 10 a. m. T. F. RAYMOND.

MARKER—EXPERIENCED, LAKESHORE LAUNdry, 434 E. 47th-st.

MILLINERS—20 MILLINERS; ALSO APPRENtices. 109 Wabash-av., third floor.

RETOUCHER—COMPETENT LADY RETOUCHER preferred, with some capital, as partner in photo studio. Call at E. HERGT'S studio, 265 31st-st.

## AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS—BRAHAM PATENT PENS SELL AT sight; writes 20 times longer than any ordinary pen, and prevents blotting. You can earn $8 daily. Send 10 cents for five samples, or circulars and terms free. The Braham Pen Co., 30, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—GENERAL AGENCY ILLINOIS LIFE Insurance or Investment Co. E 228, Tribune.

## MACHINERY.

WANTED—A 10 HORSE-POWER ENGINE, BOILER, portable; good repair. 165 West 47th-st.

## UNDERTAKING.

POSTLEWAIT—310 OGDEN-AV.—HIGH CLASS undertaking; city and all suburbs. Telephone [illegible]

## WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

CASH PAID FOR DIAMONDS, OLD GOLD, watches; bargains in diamonds at all times. [illegible] & CO., 903 Columbus Building.

## BOARDING AND LODGING.

### South Side.

1202 56TH-ST., NEAR WABASH-AV.—NEWLY FURnished rooms with board, for married couple or two gents; private entrances. MRS. EVANS, first flat.

1309 MICHIGAN-AV. — LARGE FURNISHED front room; excellent board; $5; walking distance.

1808, 1810, 1812 MICHIGAN-AV.—FIRST-CLASS private boarding at reasonable rates.

2452 MICHIGAN-AV. — NEWLY FURNISHED rooms, with first-class board; very reasonable.

3909 LAKE-AV.—PLEASANT ROOMS AND FAMily table, near Ill. Central or cable.

### North Side.

21 LANE PLACE, NEAR LINCOLN PARK—BOARD and large alcove and single room.

357 LA SALLE-AV.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, newly decorated; hot and cold water, steam heat in each room; excellent table.

361 DEARBORN-AV., OPPOSITE MARQUETTE club—Handsome rooms, with board; walking distance.

### West Side.

924 WARREN-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED LARGE front room; suitable for two; first-class board; references.

### Hotels.

HOTEL HAYES—LEXINGTON-AV. AND 64TH-ST., Woodlawn, one block from Lexington-av. station Alley L; nice, pleasant rooms, single or en suite; $2 a week; board $3.50. JOHN HAYES.

## BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—AND ROOM BY YOUNG MAN OF GOOD standing, with best references, with strictly private family. Address F 519, Tribune office.

BOARD — A COLLEGE MAN, TEACHER OF experience, for room and board on West Side, will give instruction. Address F 517, Tribune.

BOARD—LADY EMPLOYED DURING THE DAY desires room and board in quiet family. Address J. E. S., 101 Garfield-av., Ravenswood.

## TO RENT—ROOMS.

### South Side.

TO RENT—ROOMS—STAMFORD HOTEL, 1234 Michigan-blvd.; elegant front rooms, with or without private baths; electric light, hot and cold water, steam heat in all rooms; fine family hotel; first-class in all respects; fireproof; European or American; cuisine unexcelled; terms reasonable. Call and examine. BISHOP & PHILPOT, Proprietors.

TO RENT—ROOMS, HOTEL "RAINIER," 55 33D-st., cor. Cottage Grove-av.; strictly first-class rooms, single or en suite; American and European; every convenience; excellent cuisine; call and examine. TOBIN BROS., Mgrs.

TO RENT—TWO BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED rooms, ten minutes' ride from Van Buren-st. 86 Fifty-third st.

TO RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED FRONT room, suit lady or gent; reasonable. 81 E. 24th-st.

## WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—DRESSMAKER EMPLOYED by the day wishes small, comfortable, clean room; $1.25 per week or exchange for sewing; nice family; no flat; east of Wabash and south of 30th-st. Address F 544, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—3 FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping; modern; state rent; must be reasonable; we have no children. F 518, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—2 OR 3 UNFURNISHED rooms, by three gentlemen; Hyde Park preferred. Address F 533, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOM, BY 2 GENTLEMEN; North Side preferred; state price. F 515, Tribune.

## TO RENT—HOUSES.

### South Side.

TO RENT—5830 AND 5834 ROSALIE-CT., MODERN frame dwellings, detached; have attics, laundries, etc.; very low rent. CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—2414-16 SOUTH PARK-AV.—2 LARGE, fine stone front houses, 15 rooms each; suitable for school, boarding-house, hospital, etc. Apply 204, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—ATTRACTIVE, NEWLY-DECORATED modern house; five minutes' walk to Ill. C. Station. A. W. GREEN, 184 E. 50th-st.

TO RENT—$75—4752 KENWOOD-AV., NEW, NEVER occupied; electricity, steam heat, 2 baths, etc. JOHN IRVING PEARCE JR., Sherman House.

TO RENT—DETACHED 8-ROOM HOUSE, 16 MADIson Park; newly decorated, hardwood floors, new plumbing, etc. A. W. GREEN, 184 East 50th-st.

TO RENT—COZY MODERN HOUSE, 120 E. 49TH-st.; convenient to Kenwood and 50th-st. station.

TO RENT—FURNISHED, 3647 VINCENNES-AV.; price, $50. Inquire on premises.

TO RENT—6-ROOM COTTAGE; FURNITURE FOR sale. Inquire 229 54th-place.

### West Side.

TO RENT—115 HONORE-ST., 10-ROOM BRICK residence; modern conveniences; ½ blk. from Madison-st. cable. CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—75 S. MORGAN-ST., 14-ROOM STONE-front house, newly papered and painted, $50; keys at our office. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—MODERN 12-ROOM HOUSE, 227 LOOMis-st., corner Vernon Park-pl.; make price satisfactory. D. H. TOLMAN, R. 802, 134 Monroe-st.

TO RENT—1377 CENTRAL PARK-BLVD., EIGHT rooms, alcove, attic, and barn; price $25; key at 1373.

### North Side.

TO RENT—CHEAP— 3-story brick house, 8 large rooms, basement, laundry, garret, in quiet residence street, No. 1422 Montana-st.; one block from Lincoln-av. and Fullerton-av. cars. Call on premises, between 2 and 6 p. m. or inquire 1426 Montana-st.

### Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—HOUSES AND FLATS ALL OVER CHIcago. JOHN G. RODGERS & CO., 5th floor Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

## WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—SMALL HOUSE, NEATLY furnished, in Kenwood or Hyde Park; convenient to Ill. Central; will pay from $35 to $50 per month, according to location; responsible parties. Address F 513, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A MODERN HOUSE OF 10 rooms between limits and Division-st.; rent not to exceed $60. Address F 541, Tribune office.

## TO RENT—FLATS.

### South Side.

TO RENT—"THE FAIRFAX," 1323 AND 1325 Michigan-av., elegantly finished 8-room flats; walking distance; passenger elevator, steam heat, hot water, electric and gas fixtures, gas ranges, hardwood floors, mantels, etc.; prices reasonable; janitor on premises. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—5414 PRAIRIE-AV.—MOST BEAUTIfully located and handsomest 7-room flats in Chicago; steam heat, highly polished oak floors, hot water, janitor; every room light and airy; handsomely decorated; must be seen to be appreciated; facing Washington Park; one block from 55th-st. L station; $35; owner on premises.

TO RENT—STEAM HEAT APARTMENTS—
Lindon Block, corner 48th-st. and Evans-av., 4 rooms; very choice ........ $22.50
Kalarama Bldg., 50th-st., near Champlain-av., 7 rooms, very fine ........ 25.00
Many other choice flats and houses.
GEO. O. GORDON & CO., 4701 Cottage Grove-av., Tel. Oak. 5.

TO RENT—7 ROOMS AND BATH, $23, $26, $28; 5 rooms and bath, $25, $30; 4 rooms and bath, $20; 4 rooms, $15, $18, $23; first-class building; elevator, steam heat, hot water, gas ranges, refrigerators, steam laundry; janitor service. 3105 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE 7-ROOM FLAT IN THE Rosalie Building, corner 57th-st. and Lake-av.; steam heat and janitor service; only $25. CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—MOVING FREE—REFERENCE—TWO-room flats, $10; gas ranges, steam heat, hot water, storerooms, laundry, carpeted stairs and halls. 2829 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—6249 OGLESBY-AV., 1 BLOCK FROM I. C. and L stations, 8-room flat, heated with water, awnings. Owner, J. W. BOYD, on premises.

TO RENT—1010 GARFIELD-BLVD. (55TH-ST.) near "L" station elegant 8-room flats; steam heat; all improvements; $35 and $40. See janitor.

TO RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES ALL OVER the city. Send or call for printed list issued weekly. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—MARLBOROUGH FLATS, $17.50 UP; usual and unusual conveniences; select; would buy upright piano of tenant. 4901 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—FLATS; MODERN IMPROVEments; newly papered; $16 up. 3537 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—2D FLATS, 2340-42 CALUMET; SACRIfice to acceptable tenants; see them. F. NICHOLS, 741 Stock Exchange.

TO RENT—FLATS, NEWLY FINISHED, STEAM heat, hot water, gas ranges, janitor service; $16 up. 3537 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT — REFERENCE — 3-ROOM FLAT, $10; bath, range, boiler. 3616 State-st.

TO RENT—6-R. LIGHT STEAM FLATS, $23 UP. Cor. 59th-st. and Michigan-av., near "L".

### West Side.

TO RENT—279 OGDEN-AV., 4 ROOMS........ $16.50
370 Grand-av., 4 rooms, brick ........ 12.00
111 West Huron-st., 4 rooms, light ........ 9.00
128 Warren-av., 5 rooms and bath ........ 27.50
E. L. STEWART, 514 Chamber of Commerce.

TO RENT—5 AND 6 ROOM FLATS, STEAM HEAT, janitor service, etc., $15 to $25 per month, 1393 to 1403 W. 12th-st., fronting Douglas Park. S. R. MARTIN, Agent, on premises.

TO RENT—1019 JACKSON-BLVD., FIRST FLAT, 7 rooms and bath; entirely modern. HABERER & DELFOSSE, 95 Washington-st.

TO RENT—SUPERB 6-ROOM FLAT; ALL IMprovements; nr. Garfield Park; $20. 7 S. Kedzie-av.

### North Side.

TO RENT—"THE PELHAM," CORNER GARfield-av. and Clark-st., 3 to 6 room steam-heated flats. Agent on premises, 929 N. Clark-st., from 10 to 12 daily. BAIRD & WARNER, 90 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE FLATS AT 1000 N. HALsted-st.; low rent. OGDEN, SHELDEN & CO., 34 Clark-st.

TO RENT—MODERN 6-ROOM FLAT, HANDSOME building, $18; 4 rooms, $10. 64 Wendell-st.

## TO RENT—STORES.

### South Side.

TO RENT—CHEAP—STORE, 401 DEARBORN-ST., near Harrison, 25x30; excellent condition. HIBBARD PORTER & BRO., 175 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—1517 MICHIGAN-AV., DESIRABLE store for retail and carriage trade; moderate rent. CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

### West Side.

TO RENT—STORE—1397 W. 12TH-ST., FRONTING main entrance Douglas Park; reduced rental until May 1. S. R. MARTIN, agent, premises.

### Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—STORES AND BUILDINGS OF ALL kinds. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

## TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

### Offices.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED MODERN business office; cheap use of typewriter. All conveniences. 59 Dearborn-st., Room 614.

TO RENT—CHOICE LARGE OFFICES, SINGLE or en suite; elevator service, steam heat; low rent. Gardner Bldg., 171 Randolph-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES IN OVER 20 BUILDINGS. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—LARGE MAIN FLOOR AND OTHER fine offices at 127 La Salle and 169 Washington.

TO RENT—CHEAP—DESK ROOM, 1112 FORT Dearborn bldg., Clark and Monroe; tel., vault, etc.

### Lofts.

TO RENT—LOFTS FOR MANUFACTURING, storage, or sales rooms in the business districts. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

## TO RENT—HOTELS.

TO RENT—THE PROPERTY KNOWN AS THE Commercial Hotel; will improve to suit tenant; also stores 96 to 102 Lake-st. and 16 to 22 Dearborn-st. W. H. WOOD, Borden Blk. Room 61.

## TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT — A FIRST-CLASS MERCANTILE building, just completed, on Superior-st., the principal business thoroughfare of Cleveland, O., adapted to retail or wholesale business, or both; will be leased to one, two, or three tenants; building strong enough to carry any stock of goods; dimensions, 67 x150 to Long-st.; eight stories above a high and well-finished basement; two first-class passenger and freight elevators; all floors splendidly lighted; complete heating and plumbing equipment on every floor. For further particulars and terms apply to J. G. W. COWLES, 140 The Arcade, Cleveland, O.

## BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—IN A BEAUTIFUL THRIVING CITY of Southern Michigan, within city limits, a wine-growing establishment with grand, large property, residences, stables, etc. Capacity of cellars 50,000 gallons; in perfect condition and running order; product superior; steady demand; grapes abundant. All accommodations and conveniences; three railroads, boats, water, gas, electric light, etc. No better investment possible for an ambitious and hustling party. Further information cheerfully given. J. S., P.-O. Box 552, Monroe, Mich., or call on R. S. BLOME, R. 2, 163 Randolph-st.

WANTED—AN INTERVIEW WITH A LAW FIRM relative to incorporating "The Chicago Sanitary Gas Furnace Co."; entirely new system of heating houses, cooking, drying fruits, etc.; an interview with a physican who knows the importance of breathing pure fresh air; an interview with a capitalist or banker and broker of nerve and judgment. Address R. S. LAWRENCE, Sherman House.

A LARGE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY WANTS A manager for their Chicago office; must be capable of handling agents to advantage, have a clear record, and unexceptional references; a fine position is open for the right man. Address, with full particulars, F 539, Tribune office.

A PRINTING SOLICITOR OF EXPERIENCE who is well known among our leading businessmen and at present negotiating several large catalogue contracts desires to make a permanent arrangement with a firm able to handle such contracts. Address F 536, Tribune office.

BEST PLANS TO SPECULATE BY MAIL, CLEARly outlined in our new book explaining speculation; hundreds not in telegraphic touch with markets have profitably used these plans; sent free with our market letter and bank reference. VALENTINE & CO., 18 Traders' Building, Chicago.

$1,275 CASH WILL BUY ¼ INTEREST IN BUSIness paying $7,000 per year dividend; can give position to young man capable of keeping books and handling office correspondence; salary $800. Address F 523, Tribune office.

$500 AND UPWARD PER MONTH EASILY MADE with small capital by systematic speculation; safest method; book and particulars FREE. National Bank References. THOMAS & CO., 159 Rialto Bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—MAN OF ABILITY WITH $5,000 CASH to take half interest in bond and stock brokerage business, with offices in Chicago, New York, and London. Address F 537, Tribune office.

MAN TO WORK IN OFFICE THAT CAN INVEST from $500 to $1,000; will clear you $5,000 a year in cash and good real estate; investigate at once. KEYES & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—FINEST LITTLE SAMPLE ROOM down-town; cheap rent; will sacrifice today for $1,800; worth double; a bargain seldom offered. GRAVES & McGRATH, 1505 Masonic Temple.

BIG BARGAIN—GROCERY AND MARKET, WEST Lake-st.; $1,500; part trade; old stand; big trade. WALES, 1014 Unity Bldg.

CASH FOR BOOTS AND SHOES OR OTHER merchandise. Address Merchandise Purchasing Co., 132 Market-st.

FOR SALE—CIGAR STORE NEAR LINCOLN Park; good stand; good reasons for selling; no agents. Address E 215, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—WELL-EQUIPPED FEED AND COAL business on South Side; good payer; rare chance. Address F 526, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CANDY AND CIGAR STORE CHEAP, 1397 W. 12th-st.; fronting main entrance Douglas Park. S. R. MARTIN, Agent, on premises.

WANTED—GROCERY ON SOUTH SIDE; LOCALity, 35th to 50th-st., east of State; price not exceeding $1,500. Address D O 261, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN — TO LOAN EMPLOYER $350; $18 steady weekly salary; money secure. WALES, 1014 Unity Bldg.

WANTED—A GOOD MAN WITH $400 CASH IN good paying legitimate business; references. Particulars at GOLSEN & CO., Tacoma Building.

PARTY HAVING SMALL CAPITAL FOR GOOD paying office business. Address F 545, Tribune.

REMARKABLE CHANCE—NEWSPAPER FOR sale cheap; easy terms. 308 Dearborn, R. 805.

## LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: By order of the County Court this day entered I shall sell all the machinery, engine, tools, fixtures, work finished and unfinished, lumber, and all goods and merchandise of the Standard Pipe Organ Co., situate on its premises, Nos. 11 and 13 North Ann-st., Chicago. Said property includes band saws, scroll saws, Boult's carver and moulder, American Machine Co. trimmer, carvers, Berlin sander, boring machines, table double saws, rip saws, Blake pump, hot water apparatus, blower and connections, stickers, lathes, stoves, gas furnace, emery wheels, safe, and walnut office fixtures, stock cases, oak and cherry lumber, and divers tools, screw-drivers, chisels, etc., all in apparent first-class condition and open for inspection at said premises. Sealed bids will be received and opened on Friday, August 30th, 1895, at 10 a. m., before the Judge of the County Court of Cook County then presiding. Such bids may be for separate parts of said assets or for the entirety.
C. VAN ALEN SMITH, 914 Association Building, Chicago, Assignee.
August 24th, 1895.

INTEREST ON THE HYDE PARK GAS COMpany's bonds—The interest on the first mortgage bonds of the Hyde Park Gas company, maturing Sept. 1, 1895, will be paid to persons presenting coupons at the First National Bank of Chicago on and after Tuesday, Aug. 27, 1895. W. C. POND, Secretary and Treasurer.

## INSTRUCTION.

DE LA SALLE INSTITUTE, Wabash-av. and 35th-st., Chicago. Three courses—Classical, Scientific, and Commercial. Boarders are accommodated at the institute. Send for prospectus or apply to BROTHER ADJUTOR, President.

GENTLEMAN, WITH CONSIDERABLE EXPERIence, wishes to devote evenings to study with a competent, practical person actually engaged in or thoroughly up to date in electric street car, railway, and power electrical work; will pay reasonable price for such instruction. Address F 557, Tribune office.

WANTED—STUDENTS FOR HIGH SCHOOL AND college branches; excellent instruction by an Eastern college graduate. A. SEIDINAU, 136 Locust-st.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, Auditorium, Chicago. Students may begin at any time; open all summer.

## STORAGE.

CENTRAL STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 79 AND 81 S. Jefferson-st., just south of W. Madison—Large, new, modern building; furniture and mdse. stored; lowest rates; moving, packing, shipping. Tel. main 4123.

THE PALACE STORAGE WAREHOUSE, LAKE av. and 42d-st., has 400 iron rooms; walls and ceilings medicated; absolutely moth and bug proof; cement floors; lowest insurance; storage rates low; moving, packing, shipping. Tel. Oak. 830.

FIDELITY STORAGE WAREHOUSE—LIGHT, dry, well ventilated; storage taken very low; private compartments; packing, shipping, expressing. 80, 82, 84 E. 12th-st. Tel. 732 Harrison.

GEORGE PARRY, 350 AND 352 WABASH-AV., 156 W. Monroe-st., storage, removal, and packing of fine furniture, pianos, etc. Est'blish'd 20 yrs.

## STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

BANK SAFE, MODERN, ALMOST NEW, CHEAP; also second-hand fireproof safe. Call or write. 216 Wabash-av.

LARGE BANK SAFES; ALSO SECOND-HAND safes. MOSLER, BAHMANN & CO., 49 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND SAFES; LOWEST prices ever offered. W. S. DIX, 55 Dearborn-st.

## HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A PERFECT COMBINATION MARE, and as a saddle horse she has no equal; also a handsome light trap and harness. Barn 2725 Calumet-av. They must be sold.

PASTURE HORSES AT SPRING BROOK STOCK farm. CROSSMAN, 416 Randolph-st. Tel. 913 W.

## CLAIRVOYANTS.

MRS. BARBER, RECOMMENDED BEST IN CHIcago, will tell the past, present, future, recover stolen property, bring separated together, remove evil influences. 435 W. Madison.

## BARTER AND EXCHANGE.

MERCHANT TAILORING WANTED IN EXchange for a piano; standard make. Address J B 169, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—CORNET FOR SAFEto; cornet first-class, wheel must be. 537 Monadnock Building.

## ROOFING.

FORD'S A B C ROOFING WILL LAST 50 YEARS on any building. Old roofs repaired with it by The Ford Roofing Co., 172 Washington-st., Chicago.

GRAVEL ROOFING, ALL KINDS. ROOFS REPAIRed. Estimates free. F. M. PEASE, 355 Dearborn-st.

## CLOTHING.

A. S., 474 N. CLARK-ST., 2D FLOOR, PAYS THE highest price for gentlemen's cast off clothing; orders by mail promptly attended to.

## HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

CASH PAID FOR ENTIRE FURNITURE, CARpets, etc., etc., of hotels, flats, and private residences. T. P. W., 21 Park-av.

## ACCOUNTANTS.

C. W. HAWLEY, 637 MONADNOCK BLDG. TEL. Har., 326; ref., Corn Exchange Bank.

C. NIGG 415 CHAMBER OF COMMERCE. Telephone Main [illegible]

## CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—CHEAP FOR CASH— Lot in Englewood on the Hill, at 69th-st. and Ashland-av.; also lot in Richland, near Humboldt-blvd. J. CARTWRIGHT, 961 Madison-st.

## SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—2 VERY CHOICE 8-ROOM HOUSES, Nos. 6536 and 6538 Vincennes-av.; finished in oak; furnace heat; everything elegant and modern; 3 blocks to L station; at extreme low price of $4,500; it will pay to see them before buying; easy terms.

Two-story 8-room stone-front detached modern residence, Hyde Park, $6,400. KINNEY & STANDISH, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE—LOT FOR STRICTLY modern apartment building. See property, n. w. cor. Ellis Park and 37th-st. Can show suitable plan for same. J. C. CHRISTMAN, 916 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—SACRIFICE—CHOICE VACANT RESIdence corner; n. w. cor. Champlain-av. and 64th-st.; 49x122; $100; near university, parks, lake; convenient to elevated, cable, and electric. H. PORTER & BRO., 175 Dearborn.

FOR SALE—THREE NEW HYDE PARK RESIdences; just finished; $16,000, $17,000, $22,000; terms; Madison-av. and 52d-st.; open for inspection. CHAS. H. BINNEY, 204 Dearborn, bank floor.

FOR SALE—SCHOENHOFEN RESIDENCE, COR. Prairie and 25th-st.; 90x180; $70,000; clear; brick house, stable, large grounds, trees; trade accepted. H. PORTER & BRO., 175 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—40 FT. LOT, 616 HONORE-ST., AUburn Park. L. F. BURRELL, Freeport, Ill.

## WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE— If looking for building lots don't fail to see Givins & Gilbert's great city subdivision, corner of Diversey and California-avs.; electric cars, steam cars, Metropolitan L road, fare 5 cents; only 4 miles from Wells-st. depot; just across fire limits line; new bridge on Diversey; lots, $600, by far the cheapest in city, all things considered; lots shown daily; maps mailed free. R. C. GIVINS & CO., 96 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—7-ROOM BRICK RESIDENCE; MODern improvements; West Side; $2,700. Address J Y 89, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—803 MADISON-ST., 2-STORY FRAME store; 26 ft. front. L. F. BURRELL, Freeport, Ill.

## NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
EDGEWATER HOUSES, $4,500 AND UPWARD, EASY TERMS.
EDGEWATER ELECTRIC CARS CONNECT WITH NORTH SIDE CABLE "LIMITS" CARS.
RAPID TRANSIT BY C., M. AND ST. P. R. R. AND NORTHWESTERN ELEVATED SOON TO BE RUNNING.
LOTS $40 PER FOOT.
BUILDING LOANS MADE AND NO COMMISSION CHARGED.
INSPECTION INVITED.
J. L. COCHRAN, 722 CHICAGO OPERA-HOUSE.

FOR SALE— Chicago-av. corner, 2 stores and 12 flats; all rented; pays 8 per cent over all expenses; price $38,000; clear; will take part in clear income property and mortgage for balance. J. A. PIATT, R. 6, 99 Washington-st. With B. F. Jacobs & Co.

FOR SALE—ROGERS PARK—LOT 12, BLOCK 10 west front, on Clark-st., between Jackson and Touhy-avs., 50x174; block pavement sewer, water, all assessments paid; price $1,750; $10 down, $10 monthly. SAM BROWN JR., 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—RAVENSWOOD—TWO-STORY HOUSE with bath and modern conveniences, 2555 Claremont-av.; price $3,600, $200 down, $15 monthly; lot 37½x125. SAM BROWN JR., 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—A TWO-STORY FRAME FLAT BUILDing; two flats of six rooms each. 2169 N. Robey st.; $3,600; $200 down, $20 monthly. SAMUEL BROWN JR., 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—LAKE SHORE DRIVE, SOUTH OF Graceland-av. (assessments all paid), 42 ft., $65 ft.; must be taken at once. E. S. DREYER & CO., 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE RESIDENCE LOT, 33 FT., so. front, Melrose-st., between Evanston-av. and Lake Shore drive. L. F. BURRELL, Freeport, Ill.

## SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—SOLID INVESTMENTS.
CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS.
Buy now at last year's prices —in— WINNETKA PARK BLUFFS.
The most substantial property in Cook County.
All lots supplied with lake water, sewer, and concrete sidewalk.
CONTRACT LET FOR 4 MILES OF MACADAMIZED STREETS
To be finished before winter.
LOTS 50X150 FT., WITH NATURAL SHADE TREES.
Terms—One-tenth cash, bal. monthly and long time.
BUY WHERE CHICAGO'S SOLID CITIZENS BUY AND LIVE.
Photographs of improvements. Plats of lots and descriptive circulars at our office or by mail.
BRANCH OFFICE CLOSE TO WINNETKA DEPOT. Open daily.
WE WILL TAKE YOU FROM OUR DOWN-TOWN OFFICE AND BACK FREE OF COST TO YOU.
W. H. CAIRNDUFF & CO., OWNERS, 301 to 304 Inter-Ocean Building, N. w. corner Dearborn and Madison-sts.

FOR SALE—YOUNG MAN, BUY A LOT AT NORTH Chicago on payments so easy you can't miss them, and in a few months you'll be patting yourself on the back; the new works of the Chicago Hardware Co. will add 2,000 to North Chicago's population; present low prices and easy terms cannot last; particulars with pleasure. T. DE WITT GANSE, Sales Manager, 1302 Chamber Commerce.

FOR SALE—$18 TO $35 MONTHLY BUYS A house, 10 houses to choose from, prices from $1,700 to $3,000, assessments all paid, 6 to 8 rooms; water in every house; 800 A1 neighbors; stores, schools, churches; property clear of incumbrance; 45 trains daily, 7c fare; 7½ miles from Court House, at Clyde. CHARLES H. WORCESTER, Owner, Room 330, 187 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE — BERWYN—CHOICE LOTS; WILL build from your own plans and sell on easy payments. ANDREWS & PIPER, 108-110 La Salle, R. 1242.

FOR SALE— OAK PARK AND RIVER FOREST houses and lots. THOS. H. GALE, 84 La Salle-st.

## COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—STOCK RANCH; FINE SPRING, plenty of water, good range; half cash, half time, 6 per cent interest; owner must sell; can be bought cheap. Address WM. SUMMERSIDE, Harrold, S. D.

FOR SALE—CHOICE SOUTH DAKOTA FARM land; some big bargains to offer. Address WM. SUMMERSIDE, Harrold, S. D.

## OTHER REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—$10,000 CASH, ASSUME SMALL INcumbrance, will purchase the best selling subdivision in manufacturing town close to city. Address F 524, Tribune office.

## REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—$200,000 TO $300,000 INCOME PROPerty on North or South Side, reasonably incumbered. We can give for equity in such property choice clear vacant on best residence streets and boulevards, smaller clear income property, and cash. Our client wants to concentrate his holdings. Nothing but choice property from owners considered. W. H. CAIRNDUFF & CO., Inter-Ocean Building.

WANTED—25 OR 50 FEET OF CHOICE FRONTage in Lake View, between Grace and Wellington-sts. and Sheffield and Lake-Shore drive; will pay fair price; or will buy private residence in same locality worth from $10,000 to $15,000. WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

## REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—SOUTHERN FRUIT LAND; Gulf coast; climate unsurpassed; pleasant all the year; perfectly healthy; growing neighborhood; rich soil; crops pay for land; railroads with cities near; good fishing, gunning, and bathing; Chicago property taken; owner. J Y 73, Tribune office.

FOR EXCHANGE—GOOD PROPERTY, BALANCE pay in cash for a residence on the North Side. Address J Y 84, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—UNIMPROVED REAL ESTATE in Duluth for North Shore property. Will assume small incumbrance. Address F 543, Tribune office.

## REAL ESTATE LOANS.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE. R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

A LARGE FUND TO LOAN IN AMOUNTS TO suit on Chicago real estate at low rates. Prompt attention. Building loans made. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., Main Floor, 125 Dearborn-st.

A SPECIAL FUND OF $500,000 TO LOAN ON IMproved Chicago real estate in sums to suit borrowers; 5, 5½, and 6 per cent. J. GRAFTON PARKER & CO., 701, 100 Washington-st.

WANTED—TO BORROW—$25,000 ON HIGHLY IMproved suburban real-estate; security worth $100,000; will pay 7 per cent, with privilege of releasing as fast as buildings and lots are sold; principals only. Address F 527, Tribune office.

MONEY WITHOUT COMMISSION—A LARGE amount to loan at 6 per cent; also 5 and 5½ per cent money; building loans at current rates, Chicago property. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle.

ADDRESS LOBDELL, FARWELL & CO., DEARborn and Adams-sts., if you wish to make a loan at lowest market rates on improved Chicago property. C. C. WHITACRE, Mgr. Mtge. Loan Dept.

WESTERN STATE BANK, SUCCESSOR TO Peterson & Bay, bankers, s. w. cor. La Salle and Randolph-sts., loans money on Chicago real estate at lowest rates; no delay.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS, 83 and 85 Dearborn-st.

LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5, 5½, AND 6 PER CENT on improved Chicago real estate; building loans. LOEB & GATZERT, 125 La Salle-st.

$7,000 TO LOAN ON CITY PROPERTY AT 6 PER cent without commission. E. GRACE, Hotel Grace, corner Clark and Jackson.

J. C. AMENDT & BRO., 609 STOCK EXCHANGE, loan money at 5, 5½, and 6 per cent on Chicago improved or vacant real estate; building loans.

$25 TO $500 LOANED ON VACANT LOTS; money loaned on first and second mortgages. H. DELANEY & CO., R. 80-81-82, 115 Dearborn.

HART & FRANK, 92 AND 94 WASHINGTON-st., loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest rates; 1st mortgages for sale.

LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON CHICAGO IMproved real estate. The Equitable Trust Co., 185 Dearborn-st.

ARE PREPARED TO LOAN 60 PER CENT value of property on first and second mortgages. HAYS & WALKER, 903 New Stock Exchange.

D. S. PLACE & CO., 145 LA SALLE-ST., LOAN money on improved and choice vacant real estate from $500 up at 5, 5½, 6, and 7 per cent.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS ON CHICAGO real estate at lowest rates; also building loans. ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CHICAGO real estate at lowest current rates. KOZMINSKI & CO., 164 Randolph-st.

$1,000 AND UPWARDS TO LOAN ON IMproved real estate. STANLEY, BROPHY & CO., 85 and 87 Dearborn-st.

## REAL ESTATE LOANS.

COMMERCIAL PAPER BOUGHT AND LOANS made upon any available collaterals. D. H. TOLMAN, R. 802, 134 Monroe-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 88 LA SALLE-ST., LOAN money on improved Chicago real estate at lowest current rates. No delay. We pass upon security.

TO LOAN—SUMS TO SUIT (AND BUILDING loans) on Chicago real estate; lowest rates. KINNEY & STANDISH, 108 Dearborn-st.

A. HEILE & SON, 79 DEARBORN-ST., R. 1114—$500 to $5,000 to loan at 6 per cent.

$500, $1,000, $2,000, $5,000 TO LOAN. CUNNINGHAM, 407 Chamber of Commerce.

C. H. MARSHALL & CO., SECURITY BLDG., 188 Madison—Real estate loans; nominal com'sion.

LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 102 Washington-st.

OLIVER & SCOTT, 97 WASHINGTON-ST.—LOANS at current rates; building loans.

PURCHASE MONEY MORTGAGES FOR SALE. SAM BROWN JR., 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

WANTED—$5,000—6 PER CENT ON 100 FOOT corner; Woodlawn. Principals. F 548, Tribune.

WANTED—$15,000—7 PER CENT AND COMMISsion; down town leasehold security. F 546, Tribune.

$500,000 AT 5 PER CENT, CHICAGO IMPROVED real estate. CHAS. GARDNER, 77 Clark-st.

## FINANCIAL.

CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 175 Dearborn-st., Rooms 18 and 19. Makes loans of any size, large or small, on household goods, pianos, horses, wagons, and warehouse receipts at very lowest rates for any length of time desired. Any part of the loan can be paid at any time, thus reducing the interest as fast as the loan is paid. If you need a loan please call on us.
CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 175 DEARBORN-ST., ROOMS 18 AND 19. [Take elevator to second floor.] OR 185 WEST MADISON-ST., NORTHWEST CORNER HALSTED, ROOM 205.

ALL PEOPLE IN NEED OF MONEY WILL DO WELL TO CALL AT THE OFFICE OF FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 94 WASHINGTON-ST., FIRST FLOOR, ROOM 8, BETWEEN CLARK AND DEARBORN, 351 63D-ST., CORNER YALE, ENGLEWOOD, AND 9215 COMMERCIAL-AV., [R. 1 COLUMBIA BLOCK], SOUTH CHICAGO. LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC., WITHOUT REMOVAL.

AS TO MONEY—DO YOU WANT ANY? I loan on easy terms on furniture, pianos, without removal, on warehouse receipts, etc. I loan money for the interest and do not want your goods or property, so you need have no fear of losing them. Payments arranged on monthly installment plan or to suit your convenience. Business done quietly without publicity. ALPHEUS M. SMITH, Investment Banker, Room 901 Title and Trust Bldg., 100 Washington-st.

WANTED—CAPITALIST WITH FROM $15,000-$20,000 to erect a plant for the manufacture of a staple article largely in demand. Business now in operation and paying investors 20 per cent; will increase capital stock or furnish security for investment at 6 per cent for 10 years; principals only need apply. Address F 528, Tribune office.

MONEY TO LOAN IN AMOUNTS FROM $1 TO $10,000 on diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, bicycles, seal garments, and any available collaterals at S. HYMAN'S, 145 E. Madison-st. Private entrance through lobby Hotel Brevoort.

LOANS MADE ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, DIAmonds, furs, warehouse receipts, and other securities. Room 502, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY LOANED ON NOTES, MORTGAGES, and other good collateral. SHIELDS & BRO., 95 Clark-st., Room 9.

LOANS ON LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES; also purchased; highest prices. RICHARD HERZFELD, 171 La Salle, Suite 617, cor. Monroe.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, and jewelry. RICHTER & FOSTER, 167 Dearborn-st., Room 208, formerly 344 State-st.

A $1,000 STOCK CERTIFICATE—10 PER CENT perpetual interest secured; will take 80 cents on the $1 today. Address F 561, Tribune office.

NOTES OF DE WITT P. HUBBARD CO., GUARanteed by De Witt P. Hubbard and A. Roberts, for sale at 50c. on dollar. R. 802, 134 Monroe-st.

STRONG FIRM WILL EXCHANGE NOTES WITH rated firm. Address J Y 95, Tribune office.

COMMERCIAL PAPER LOANS ON APPROVED security. C. H. MARSHALL & CO. Security Bldg

LOANS MADE ON CHOICE SECURITY AT bankers' rates. A. W. KETCHAM, 140 Dearborn.

TO LOAN—$1,000 TO $100,000 ON REAL ESTATE F. H. DOLAND & CO., 126 Washington-st.

## TO LEASE AND WANTED TO LEASE.

WANTED—TO LEASE WAREHOUSE SUITABLE for grain storage with water and rail shipping facilities. Address F 535, Tribune office.

## MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

SAY, IF YOU WANT TO BUY OR RENT A GOOD piano at a very reasonable figure come around and see us at once.

OUR LEADERS: All grades.
DECKER BROS.' PIANOS.
ESTEY PIANOS AND ORGANS. All terms.
CAMP & CO. PIANOS AND ORGANS.
ARION PIANOS. All prices.
TUNING. REPAIRING. MOVING.
ESTEY & CAMP, 233 State-st. 49-53 Jackson-st.

LYON, POTTER & CO. Are now located in their new building, STEINWAY HALL. General representatives for STEINWAY, A. B. CHASE, VOSE & SONS, KURTZMANN, AND STERLING PIANOS. Slightly used and second-hand pianos in great variety and at very LOW PRICES. CASH OR INSTALLMENTS. LYON, POTTER & CO., STEINWAY HALL, 17, 19, and 21 Van Buren-st.

IN THIS SALE $85 IS THE CHEAPEST ONE. MOST EXPENSIVE IS $275.
Special Sale this week of a lot of standard, slightly used, upright pianos. Knabe, Haines Bros., Fischer, Bladel, Sohmer, Decker Bros., Kimball, Hallet & Davis, and Steinway's and Weber's. Some are in light wood, most all three pedals. A written guarantee given with each one. Also exchange papers for new pianos if they are not satisfactory. We rent pianos and apply the rent if you purchase. Now is your chance, the dull season is now upon us and our store overcrowded. We will favor you if you will favor us. J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

SACRIFICE SALE OF PIANOS— 20 upright pianos, standard makes, almost new, worth from $250 to $400, for $165 each. 10 upright pianos, worth from $400 to $500, for $215 each. Knabe upright, mahogany case, used only a short time, $275. 3 Weber uprights, beautiful pianos, for $285, $300, and $315. Easy payments. See display ad. MANUFACTURERS' PIANO CO., 258-260 Wabash-av.

YOU SHOULD SEE THE HALLET & DAVIS PIANOS. They are standard in quality, cost but a trifle more than ordinary pianos, and last a life-time. Terms to suit. Second-hand pianos $75 and upwards. Second-hand organs $20 and upwards. Renting, tuning, repairing, etc. HALLET & DAVIS CO., Wabash-av. and Jackson-st

17 CENTS A DAY, $1.20 A WEEK, $5 A MONTH will buy a piano at CHASE BROTHERS' "Big Piano Store," corner Wabash-av. and Congress-st. (opposite Auditorium).

BUY DIRECT OF THE MANUFACTURER— $6 monthly until paid buys a new upright piano, fully warranted for 7 years; price $165, $175, and $200 each; walnut, mahogany, rosewood, and oak cases. Established 1873. ADAM SCHAAF, 276 West Madison-st., corner Morgan.

$190 BUYS A MAHOGANY VOSE & SONS UPright piano; $245 buys a Steinway upright; $175 buys a Chickering upright; $125 buys a Fischer upright, and many others. Every one a bargain and fully guaranteed. STEGER & CO., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-st. Branch, 447 63d-st., Englewood.

$85, $100, $125, $140, AND $150 EACH—$10 CASH, $5 monthly, buys a good upright piano; various makes to select from; every piano fully warranted to be as represented. ADAM SCHAAF, 276 West Madison-st., corner Morgan.

A HENRY F. MILLER UPRIGHT IN GOOD CONdition, and choice of several other well-known makes at from $150 to $225 each. LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

A FINE FISCHER UPRIGHT, COTTAGE SIZE, price $170; has been but little used, and would readily pass for new. LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

SOHMER PIANOS | THE THOMPSON MUSIC CO.
SOHMER PIANOS | Western Agents,
SOHMER PIANOS | 261 Wabash-av.

SPECIAL BARGAINS—SLIGHTLY USED PIanos. Wissner Western Branch, 22 Van Buren-st., Athenaeum Building.

A BEAUTIFUL FINE-TONED KNABE UPRIGHT, in good condition; price $250. LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

FOR SALE—PRICE $100; A MODERN UPRIGHT piano in good condition; warranted sound. LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

PRACTICALLY NEW STEINWAY UPRIGHT AT about one-half original cost. LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

FOR SALE—ONE CHICKERING UPRIGHT PIANO cover, and stool; $85 cash. SCHULTZ, 259 W. Madison-st., 2d floor.

FOR SALE—ALMOST NEW BAUER UPRIGHT piano; $100. SCHULTZ, 259 W. Madison-st.

FOR SALE—ONE UPRIGHT PIANO, COVER, AND stool; $55 cash. SCHULTZ, 259 W. Madison-st.

## MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO., S. W. COR. DEARborn and Randolph-sts., regular graduates; registered; Chicago's leading and expert specialists in diseases peculiar to man and woman kind; skin, blood, and nervous diseases; consultation free; hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday 10 to 2.

MRS. DR. BROWN, ROOM 20, 201 TO 211 STATE-st., cor. Adams, successful specialist in diseases of womankind. Patients can have room and board at my residence. Hours from 9-8. Sundays 10-12.

DRS. BIGELOW, LAKESIDE BUILDING, S. W. corner Adams and Clark-sts. Chronic and nervous diseases, both sexes. Established 1869.

DR. EMMA HELLWIG, GRADUATE PHYSIcian Berlin and Paris, 351 Wells, treats tumors and irregularities by new process; no bad results.

MRS. DR. B. SCHWARZ, 1007 MASONIC TEMple, treats all female diseases successfully; consultation free; board and rooms, with nursing.

DR. HORTA FAUSTMANN, 485 WELLS-ST., treats successfully all diseases of women.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

TWO YOUNG MEN ON A TOUR THROUGH EUrope would like to correspond with parties having articles they wish introduced; highest city references. Address F 205, Tribune office.

WIDOW WITHOUT MEANS WISHES GOOD HOME for little girl 11 years old. Address F 549, Tribune office.

STUDENTS HELPED THROUGH COLLEGE; TWO hours' work daily required. Students' Federation, 4901 Calumet-av.

## STEAMSHIP LINES.

### Ocean Navigation.

HAMBURG AMERICAN LINE— Twin screw express line from New York to Cherbourg (Paris), Southampton (London), and Hamburg, holding the record for fastest time on this route.

| | |
|---|---|
| Columbia, Aug. 29, am | Columbia, Sep. 26, 11am |
| Au. Victoria, Sept. 5, 9 am | A. Victoria, Oct. 3, 9 am |
| Normannia, Sep. 12, 11am | Norma'ia, Oct. 10, 11 am |
| F. Bismarck, Sep. 19, 11am | F. Bism'k, Nov. 21, 11am |

I. CAB., $60 & UPWARDS. II. CAB., $45 & $50. Direct Route to PARIS without channel crossing. Passengers conveyed from Cherbourg to Paris by special train [6½ hours] FREE OF CHARGE.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 37 Broadway, N. Y.; 125 La Salle-st., Chicago.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD— NEW YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, BREMEN. FAST EXPRESS STEAMERS. I. Cabin $60 and upwards, according to location. II. Cabin $45 and $50. Round trip $95 and $100.

| | |
|---|---|
| Saale, Sat., Aug. 31, 8 am | Fulda, Sat. Sept. 14, 9 am |
| Saller, Tu., Sep. 3, 11 am | Spree, Tues. Sept. 17, [illegible] am |
| Trave, Sat., Sept. 7, 9 am | Ems, Sat., Sept. 21, 9am |
| Lahn, Tues., Sept. 10, 8am | Havel, Tues. Sept. 24, 9am |

Passengers booked through to all important points of GERMANY and AUSTRALIA.

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE. TO GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES.

| | |
|---|---|
| *Werra, Sat., Sep. 7, 10 am | Werra, Sat., Oc. 12, 10 am |
| Saale, Sat., Sept. 28, noon | |

*These steamers touch at NAPLES. Return tickets available from Mediterranean or from Bremen, London, or Havre. H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO., General Western Agents, 80 Fifth-av., Chicago.

AMERICAN LINE— NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON. Every Wednesday at 11 a. m. Shortest and most convenient route to London.

| | |
|---|---|
| St. Louis........Sept. 4 | New York........Oct. 2 |
| New York........Sept. 11 | Paris........Oct. 9 |
| Paris........Sept. 18 | St. Louis........Oct. 16 |
| St. Louis........Sept. 25 | New York........Oct. 23 |

Passengers land at Empress Dock, avoiding inconvenience and exposure of transfer by tender.
PHILADELPHIA TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL Every Saturday.

| | |
|---|---|
| Pennland........Aug. 31 | Waesland........Sept. 11 |
| Belgenland........Sept. 7 | Indiana........Sept. 21 |

RED STAR LINE— NEW YORK TO ANTWERP. Every Wednesday at 12:00, noon.

| | |
|---|---|
| Kensington........Sept. 4 | Westernland........Sept. 25 |
| Friesland........Sept. 11 | Noordland........Oct. 2 |
| Southwark........Sept. 18 | Kensington........Oct. 9 |

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY, 32 Clark-st., Chicago.

GERMAN MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE. *HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE. †NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S. S. CO. Express steamers from New York to Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, and Genoa.

| | |
|---|---|
| *F. Bismarck........Oct. 16 | †Fulda........Nov. 16 |
| †Kaiser W. II........Nov. 2 | *Columbia........Nov. 23 |
| *A. Victoria........Nov. 6 | †Ems........Nov. 30 |

All steamers sail at 11 a. m. Return tickets available for the steamers of either line from Naples, Genoa, Gibraltar, Hamburg, Bremen, London, and Southampton.
Hamburg-American Line, 37 Broadway, N. Y., 125 La Salle-st., Chicago. | N. German Lloyd S. S. Co., Oelrichs & Co., Gen. Agt., 2 Bowling Green, N. Y. H. Claussenius & Co., 80 Fifth-av.

THE OLD RELIABLE CUNARD MAIL LINE— Established 1840. "CAMPANIA" and "LUCANIA." The New Twin Screw Steamships, 620 feet long, 12,950 tons, 30,000 horse-power, positively the largest, fastest, and most magnificent in the world. "UMBRIA" and "ETRURIA." 520 feet long, 8,500 tons, 14,500 horse-power, and others, comprising an incomparable fleet of fast Express passenger steamers. Saturday sailings. ALL RECORDS BROKEN, 5 DS. 7 HRS. 23 MIN. The character, record, and general reputation of this line for SAFETY, COMFORT, and SPEED (having never lost a passenger during the 54 years of its existence) requires no comment. F. G. Whiting, Mgr., n. w. cor. Clark & Randolph.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE FRENCH LINE TO HAVRE—PARIS EVERY SATURDAY. Fleet composed entirely of large, fast express steamers, which make the voyage regularly in one week. No crossing of channel. Celebrated cuisine. Parlor seat and buffet special train from alongside dock at Havre to Paris in four hours. MAURICE W. KOZMINSKI, General Western Agent, 166 Randolph-st.

WHITE STAR LINE— U. S. AND ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS. Sailing from New York Wednesdays as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Teutonic, 4 Sept., 6 a.m. | Majestic, 18 Sept., 4 pm |
| Britannic, 11 Sept., 10 am | Germanic, 25 Sep. 11:30am |

For rates of passage, inspection of plans, and any further information apply to company's offices. H. MAITLAND KERSEY, G. Ag't., 29 B'way, N.Y. N. ANDERSON, G'l W'n Ag't., 244 SOUTH CLARK-ST., CHICAGO.

JAPAN-CHINA, PACIFIC MAIL S. S. CO. OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL S. S. CO. Steamers leave San Francisco:
PERU........September 3, 3 p. m.
COPTIC, via Honolulu........Sept. 12, 3 p. m.
CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO........Sept. 21, 3 p. m.
For freight, passenger, and general information apply at 191 or 230 S. Clark-st.

ROYAL NETHERLANDS AND UNITED STATES Mail Line for France and Germany, sailing every Saturday and Thursday between New York and Rotterdam or Amsterdam via Boulogne sur Mer, France. For full information about rates, sailing, etc., apply to General Western Passenger Agency, 86 La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

TO EUROPE—FALL TOURS—SEPT. 4 AND 18, 61 days, $450; Sept. 7, 53 days, $280; Sept. 28, 107 days, $850; or 128 days, $1,000; Nov. 23, 128 days, $1,000. Send for programs. Ocean S. S. tickets, all lines. Lowest winter rates. Apply to HENRY GAZE & SONS, Ltd., 220 S. Clark-st., Chicago, Agts. New Nile S. S. Co.

### Lake Navigation.

GOODRICH LINE—FOUR (4) TIMES DAILY to Milwaukee: 7 a. m.; 9 a. m.; 7 p. m.; and 8 p. m. For Racine daily 8 p. m. For Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Two Rivers, Kewaunee, Ahnapee, Sturgeon Bay, Menominee, and Marinette daily 7 p. m. Saturday boat does not stop at Menominee and Marinette. For Green Bay, Wednesday, via Menominee, 7 p. m. For Green Bay and Bay Ports and Manistique, Saturday, 7:30 p. m. For Escanaba and Bay Ports, Thursday 7 p. m.; Saturday 7:30 p. m. For Grand Rapids, Grand Haven, and Muskegon daily 7:30 p. m. Office and docks foot of Michigan-av.

LAKE MICHIGAN AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSPORTATION CO. LAKE SUPERIOR STEAMERS. The Great Lake Route. Own the new Steel Steamship Manitou. Sailings from Chicago—For Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Toronto, etc.: Mon. 12 m., Tues. 9 p. m., Wed. 5:30 p. m., Fri. 9 p. m., Sat. 9 a. m. For Harbor Springs, Petoskey, Charlevoix, etc.: Mon. 12 m., Wed. 5:30 p. m., Sat. 9 a. m. For Sault Ste. Marie, Marquette, Hancock, Houghton, Ashland, Duluth, etc.: Tues. and Fri 9 p. m. Illustrated pamphlets mailed free on application. Office and docks, Rush and N. Water-sts., Chicago.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN TRANSPORTATION CO.—The only direct water line for Ludington, Manistee, Frankfort, Traverse City, Old Mission, Charlevoix, Petoskey, Bay View, Harbor Springs, Mackinac Island, Duluth, Sault Ste. Marie, Toronto, Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Montreal, and all points. Steamers leave Tuesday, 12:15 p. m.; Wednesday, 1 p. m.; Friday, 7 p. m.; Saturday, 9 p. m. Send for Tourist Guide. Office and docks east end of Michigan-st., Chicago. Telephone Main 572. City offices, 220 and 234 S. Clark-st.

LAKE STEAMERS—CITY TICKET OFFICE, 234 S. Clark-st., where berths may be reserved and tickets purchased for S. S. Manitou, S. S. Virginia, Lake Superior Line, Goodrich Line, Northern Michigan Line, and ALL LAKE STEAMERS. Summer tourist tickets, single and excursion, sold to all parts of the United States and Canada. Send for Summer Tour book free. THOMAS COOK & SON, Agents.

"S. S. MANITOU," NEW UP-TOWN OFFICE, 220 Clark-st., Lakeside Bldg. Also tickets for the "whaleback," "Virginia," and Michigan City, South Haven, Holland, and Saugatuck steamers—Goodrich Line, Northern Michigan Line, Lake Superior Line, Northern S. S. Co., etc. Programs and "Summer Tour Book of Routes and Rates" free. HENRY GAZE & SONS, Ltd., Agents. 'Phone M. 3778.

ST. JOSEPH AND BENTON HARBOR AND Grand Rapids steamers leave Graham & Morton's dock, foot Wabash-av., daily, except Saturday, 9:30 a. m.; every day, 11:30 p. m.; special Saturday, 2 p. m.; Sunday, 10 a. m.; day excursion, $1 round trip; Sunday 9:30 boat, 50 cents round trip. Railroad connections to all points in Michigan and Indiana. Low rates.

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS TO MACKINAC ISLAND. $11 ROUND TRIP. Meals and berth included. Via Northern Michigan Transportation Co.'s steamers. For full particulars apply to general office, east end Michigan-st., or up-town offices, 220 and 234 S. Clark-st.

## RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

### WESTERN.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RY. Ticket office, 95 Adams-st. Tel. 2190 Main. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams, and Madison-sts.

| | Depart. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Milwaukee—St. Paul—Mpls. | † 8:30 am | † 9:45 pm |
| Milwaukee | * 8:30 am | †11:30 am |
| Milwaukee, Madison & West | †11:30 am | † 3:45 pm |
| Cedar Rapids—Dubuque | † 1:30 pm | † 2:00 pm |
| Green Bay | † 3:00 pm | † 9:45 pm |
| Milwaukee—Madison | † 3:00 pm | † 6:15 pm |
| Milwaukee—Portage | † 3:00 pm | † 1:00 pm |
| Omaha—C. Bluffs—Sioux City | * 6:20 pm | * 9:00 am |
| N. Iowa—S. Minn.—Dak. | ‡ 6:20 pm | o 9:00 am |
| Milwaukee—St. Paul—Mpls. | * 6:30 pm | * 9:30 am |
| Green Bay & Mich. Peninsula | * 8:00 pm | * 7:00 am |
| Milwaukee | * 8:00 pm | e 1:45 pm |
| Madison, P. du Chien & West | ‡ 8:00 pm | o 7:00 am |
| Milwaukee—St. Paul—Mpls. | *10:30 pm | * 7:00 am |
| Cedar Rapids—Kansas City | ‡10:35 pm | o 7:15 am |
| N. Iowa—S. Minn.—Dak. | ‡10:35 pm | o 7:15 am |
| Omaha—C. Bluffs—Sioux City | ‡10:35 pm | o 7:15 am |

*Daily. †Ex. Sun. ‡Ex. Sat. oEx. Mon. eSun. only.

BURLINGTON ROUTE, C., B. & Q. RAILROAD —Berths and tickets at No. 211 Clark-st. and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

| Trains. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Galesburg and Streator | † 8:30 am | † 6:10 pm |
| Rockford and Forreston | † 8:30 am | † 2:05 pm |
| Local points, Illinois & Iowa | *11:30 am | * 2:05 pm |
| Rockford, Sterling, Mendota | † 4:30 pm | †10:35 am |
| Streator and Ottawa | † 4:30 pm | †10:35 am |
| K. C., St. J., & Leavenworth | * 5:45 pm | * 9:15 am |
| All other points in Texas | * 5:45 pm | * 9:15 am |
| Omaha, C. Bluffs, Neb. points | * 6:25 pm | * 7:55 am |
| St. Paul & Minneapolis | * 6:30 pm | * 9:00 am |
| K. C., St. J. & Leavenworth | *10:30 pm | * 6:25 am |
| Omaha, Lincoln & Denver | *10:30 pm | * 7:55 am |
| B. Hills, Montana, Portland | *10:30 pm | * 7:55 am |
| St. Paul & Minneapolis | ‡11:20 pm | †10:30 pm |

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Saturday.

CHICAGO AND WEST MICHIGAN RY.— Through trains to Grand Rapids, Muskegon, Traverse City, Charlevoix, Petoskey. City ticket office, 119 Adams-st.

| Station 12th-st., Lake-Front. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Week days, parlor cars | 7:20 am | 12:05 pm |
| Week days, parlor car, sleeper | 5:00 pm | 6:50 pm |
| Daily sleeper | 11:45 pm | 6:35 am |

### RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

### WESTERN. (Continued)

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY— Ticket offices, 206 and 208 Clark-st., Oakley-av. Station, and depot corner Wells and Kinzie-sts.

| | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Council Bluffs, Omaha, Denver, Salt Lake, San Fran- | * 6:15 pm | * 8:15 am |
| cisco, Portland, Sioux | *10:30 pm | * 8:45 am |
| Cy., D. Moines, C. Rapids | *11:00 pm | * 7:00 am |
| Black Hills and Deadwood | *10:30 pm | * 8:15 am |
| Sterling Clinton, Cedar Rap | †12:25 pm | † 2:30 pm |
| St. Paul, Min'apolis, Duluth | * 6:30 pm | * 9:30 am |
| St. Paul, Minneapolis, Madi- | † 8:15 am | b 8:00 am |
| son, La Crosse, Winona | *10:30 pm | * 9:45 pm |
| Iowa and the Dakotas | ‡ 6:15 pm | c 8:15 am |
| Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Nee- | †11:30 am | * 6:15 pm |
| nah, Appleton, Green Bay | * 5:00 pm | † 1:15 pm |
| Green Bay and Menominee | † 3:00 pm | † 4:00 pm |
| Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, | † 3:00 am | c 7:30 am |
| Ironwood and Rhinelander | * 5:00 pm | * 9:30 am |
| Oshkosh, Grn. B., Menominee | a 3:00 am | † 9:30 pm |
| Marquette & Lake Superior | * 8:00 pm | * 7:30 am |

Milwaukee and Racine—Lv., †3 a. m., e4 a. m., †7 a. m., *8:30 a. m., †11:30 a. m., †2 p. m., *3 p. m., *5 p. m., *8 p. m., *11 p. m. Ar., *7:30 a. m., *9:30 a. m., †10:15 a. m., *11:30 a. m., *1:15 p. m., †4 p. m., *6:15 p. m., *9:30 p. m.

Waukesha—Lv., *3 a. m., †7 a. m., *8:30 a. m., †11:30 a. m., †3 p. m., *5 p. m. Ar., †10:15 a. m., e11:30 a. m., †1:15 p. m., ‡4 p. m., †6:15 p. m., *9:30 p. m.

Rockford and Freeport—Lv., †7:30 a. m., e8 a. m., †10:30 a. m., †4:15 p. m., e6:45 p. m., †11:30 p. m. Ar., *10 a. m., †1:30 p. m., †5:50 p. m., e9:15 p. m., †11:10 p. m.

Rockford—Lv., †3 a. m., †8:15 a. m., e9:10 a. m., †6:30 p. m. Ar., *8:00 a. m., †11:15 a. m. *Daily. †Ex Sun. eSunday. cEx Mon. ‡Ex Sat. aDaily to Menominee. bDaily from Winona.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PAC. RY.—PASsenger Station, Van Buren-st., one block south Board of Trade. City ticket office, corner Adams and Dearborn-sts., Marquette Building.

| Trains. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Fast Mail, D. Moines & Peoria | * 3:00 am | o 7:50 pm |
| Illinois, Ia. and Omaha Ex. | * 8:45 am | * 1:55 pm |
| Peoria Express | * 8:45 am | *12:05 pm |
| Min'apolis, St. P., & S. Falls | * 3:30 pm | *12:05 pm |
| Peoria, La Salle and Joliet | *3:30 pm | * 7:50 pm |
| Joliet Accommodation | * 4:05 pm | * 9:45 am |
| Peru Accommodation | † 4:50 pm | † 8:55 am |
| St. J., Leavenworth, K. City, Colorado and Texas Ex. | * 6:00 pm | * 9:25 am |
| Fast Flyer, C. Bluffs & Omaha | * 6:00 pm | * 1:55 pm |
| Big Five to Denver, Colorado Spgs., Pueblo, via C. Bluffs, Omaha, and Lincoln; Peoria Saturday | *10:00 am | * 8:10 am |
| Peoria, Oskaloosa, K. City, Omaha, St Paul & Denver | ‡10:10 pm | c 6:50 am |

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. cEx. Monday. oReturns daily as local from Des Moines. Fast Flyer daily for Omaha at 6:00 p. m., with through sleeper and chair car, arrive Omaha 9:25 a. m.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th-st. and Park row. Trains for the south can also be taken from 22d-st., 39th-st., and Hyde Park Stations. Tickets at city office, 99 Adams-st., and at Auditorium Hotel.

| | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| N. Orleans Lim. & Memphis | * 1:35 pm | * 1:55 pm |
| Atlanta, Ga., & Jacksonv., Fl. | * 1:35 pm | * 1:55 pm |
| St. Louis Diamond Special | * 9:00 pm | * 7:35 am |
| Cairo, St. Louis Day Train | † 8:30 am | † 7:00 pm |
| Springfield & Decatur | * 9:00 pm | * 7:35 am |
| New Orleans Fast Mail | * 3:00 am | *12:20 am |
| Bloomington Passenger | † 1:35 pm | † 1:55 pm |
| Chicago & New Orleans Ex. | * 8:00 pm | * 7:00 am |
| Gilman & Kankakee | * 4:35 pm | *10:00 am |
| Rockford, Dubuque, Sioux C., & Sioux Falls Fast Line | * 2:20 pm | * 1:10 pm |
| Rockford, Dubuque, Sioux C. | ‡11:35 pm | * 6:50 am |
| Rockford Passenger | * 3:00 pm | *10:15 am |
| Rockford & Freeport | * 5:15 pm | *10:20 am |
| Rockford & Freeport Ex. | † 8:31 am | ........ |
| Dubuque & Rockford Ex. | ........ | † 7:20 pm |

‡On Saturday night runs to Dubuque only. *Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE R. R.—SANTA FE ROUTE. Trains leave Dearborn Station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket office, 212 Clark-st., cor. Adams.

| †Daily. *Except Sunday. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Galesburg & Ft. Madison Ex. | * 8:30 am | * 6:02 pm |
| Streator, Pekin & Peoria Ex. | *12:55 pm | * 2:10 pm |
| Kansas City Vestibuled Ltd. | † 5:40 pm | †10:00 am |
| Texas, Colorado & Utah Ex. | † 5:40 pm | †10:00 am |
| Joliet and Streator Express | † 4:45 pm | † 9:55 am |
| Kas. City and California Ltd. | †10:00 pm | † 8:30 am |
| California & Mexico Fast Ex. | †10:00 pm | †10:30 pm |
| Joliet Express | *11:32 pm | * 8:42 am |
| Kansas City Express | † 3:00 am | †10:30 pm |

CHICAGO & ALTON.—UNION PASSENGER Station, Canal-st., between Madison and Adams-sts. Ticket office, 101 Adams-st.

| *Daily. †Daily except Sunday. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Pacific Vestibuled Express | † 2:00 pm | 1:15 pm |
| Kas. City, Denver & California | * 6:00 pm | 9:00 am |
| Kas. City, Colorado & Utah | *11:30 pm | 7:30 am |
| St. Louis and Texas Limited | *11:00 am | 4:55 pm |
| St. Louis Palace Express | * 9:00 pm | 7:30 am |
| St. Louis Midnight Special | ‡11:30 pm | 8:00 am |
| Spr'fd & St. Louis Day Lim. | * 9:00 am | 7:00 pm |
| Joliet & Dwight Accomm'n | * 5:00 pm | † 9:45 am |
| Bloomington Accommodat'n | † 6:00 am | 9:15 pm |

WISCONSIN CENTRAL—CITY OFFICE, 201 Clark-st. Depot, Harrison-st. and 5th-av.

| *Da. †Ex-Sun. oEx-Sat. ‡Ex-Mon. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| St. Paul, Minneapolis, and West | * 6:05 pm | * 9:20 am |
| | *11:00 pm | * 6:30 am |
| Ashland, Duluth Iron towns | * 6:05 pm | * 9:20 am |
| Ashland and Iron towns | o11:00 pm | ‡ 6:30 am |
| Chip. Falls & Eau Claire Ex. | † 8:00 am | † 5:30 pm |
| Stevens Pt. Local | † 1:25 pm | † 2:15 pm |
| Burlington Passenger | † 3:45 pm | † 9:55 am |
| Waukesha Limited | † 5:00 pm | † 8:55 am |
| Waukesha Spl., Sund'y only | 8:35 am | 9:00 pm |

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY. — GRAND Central Station, Fifth-av. and Harrison-st., City office, 115 Adams-st. Tel. 2380 Main.

| *Daily. †Except Sunday. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| St. Paul, Minneapolis, Kan. | † 7:10 am | †11:20 pm |
| City, St. Joe, Des Moines, | * 6:00 pm | * 9:10 am |
| Marshalltown, Dubuque | ‡11:45 pm | * 1:55 pm |
| Sycamore and Byron Local | † 3:10 pm | †10:20 am |
| St. Charles and Sycamore | † 5:35 pm | † 7:50 am |

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD —Ticket offices, 230 Clark-st., Auditorium Annex, and Passenger Station, Dearborn and Polk.

| *Daily. †Except Sunday. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Terre Haute and Evansville | † 8:00 am | † 5:40 pm |
| Danville & Ind. Min'l Spr'gs | †12:58 pm | * 3:30 pm |
| Chicago & Nashville Limited | * 5:02 pm | *10:15 am |
| Ter. Haute and Evansville | *11:34 pm | * 6:55 am |

### EASTERN.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINES, CHICAGO Union Passenger Station, Adams, Canal, and Madison-sts. Ticket offices at station, at 248 South Clark-st., corner Jackson, and at Auditorium Hotel. Through trains run as follows:

| From Chicago to | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Mansfield and Pittsburg | † 7:30 am | *8:00 am |
| Indianapolis and Louisville | * 8:30 am | *5:00 pm |
| Dayton and Cincinnati | *10:30 am | *5:00 pm |
| The Keystone Express | *10:30 am | *5:00 pm |
| Columbus and the East | *10:30 am | *5:00 pm |
| Baltimore and Washington | *10:30 am | *5:00 pm |
| Philadelphia and New York | *10:30 am | *5:00 pm |
| Mansfield and Pittsburg | † 3:00 pm | *8:00 am |
| Baltimore and Washington | * 3:00 pm | *9:00 am |
| Philadelphia and New York | * 3:00 pm | *9:00 am |
| The Pennsylvania Limited | * 5:30 pm | *9:00 am |
| Pittsburg and Washington | * 5:30 pm | *9:00 am |
| Philadelphia and New York | * 5:30 pm | *9:00 am |
| Indianapolis and Louisville | * 8:15 pm | *7:30 am |
| Dayton and Cincinnati | * 8:15 pm | *7:30 am |
| Columbus and the East | * 8:15 pm | *7:30 am |
| Youngstown and New Castle | *11:30 pm | *9:00 pm |
| Pittsburg and the East | *11:30 pm | *9:00 pm |

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, N. Y. C. & H. R. AND B. & A. R. R.'s—"The Niagara Falls Route." Ticket office, 119 Adams-st. and Station, 12th-st. and Park row, 22d-st., 39th-st., and Hyde Park.

| June 16, 1895. *Daily. †Ex. Sun. ‡Ex. Mon. | Leave Chicago. | Arrive Chicago. |
|---|---|---|
| Mail and Express | † 6:50 am | † 6:35 pm |
| New York & Boston Special | *10:30 am | * 2:40 pm |
| North Shore Limited | | * 4:30 pm |
| Fast Eastern Express | * 3:00 pm | * 9:05 pm |
| Kalamazoo Accommodation | † 4:15 pm | †11:10 pm |
| Detroit & Bay Cy. Night Ex. | * 9:30 pm | * 7:10 am |
| Atlantic Express | *11:30 pm | * 7:50 am |

Grand Rapids and Bay View trains via C. & W. M. Ry. leave †7:20 a. m., †5 p. m.; *11:45 p. m.; arrive, *6:50 a. m.; †12:05 p. m.; †6:25 p. m.

Grand Rapids and Mackinaw via G. R. & I. R. R., leave †6:50 a. m.; †3:00 p. m.; *11:30 p. m.; arrive *7:10 a. m.; †9:05 p. m.

THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHern Ry., N. Y. C. and H. R., and B. and A. Rys. Depot Van Buren-st., one block south of Board of Trade, and 22d-st. City Ticket Office 180 Clark-st.

| *Daily. †Ex. Sun. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Day express | † 7:00 am | † 8:00 pm |
| Limited Fast Mail | * 8:00 am | * 9:20 am |
| New York & Boston Special | *10:30 am | * 2:40 pm |
| Eastern Express | * 3:00 pm | * 9:00 pm |
| Elkhart Accommodation | | †10:30 am |
| New York & Chicago Limited | * 5:30 pm | |
| New York & Boston Express | * 8:45 pm | * 7:35 am |
| Special Mail | * 2:45 am | *11:50 pm |

BALTIMORE AND OHIO—DEPOT, GRAND Central Passenger Station. City office, 193 Clark-st. No extra fares are charged on the B. & O. limited trains.

| | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Local | † 6:05 am | † 6:40 pm |
| New York & Washington Vestibuled Express | *10:15 am | * 9:00 pm |
| New York, Washington & Pittsburg Vestibuled | * 3:00 pm | *11:00 am |
| Walkerton Accommodation | † 4:25 pm | † 9:30 am |
| Pittsburg, Cleveland, Wheeling & Columbus Express | * 7:20 pm | * 7:25 am |

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

WABASH R. R. — TRAINS LEAVE FROM Dearborn Station, corner Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket offices, 97 Adams-st. and 221 Michigan-av.

| *Daily. ‡Ex. Sunday. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| St. L., Peoria & Texas Lim. | *11:03 am | * 5:30 pm |
| Kansas City & Peoria Ex. | ‡ 2:20 pm | ‡12:35 pm |
| St. L. & Peoria Vestibule Ex | * 9:00 pm | * 7:30 am |
| Detroit, N. Y. & Mont. Ex. | * 3:00 pm | * 9:45 pm |
| Detroit, Boston & Can. Ex. | *10:30 pm | * 7:15 am |
| Chicago & Detroit Local | ‡ 8:32 am | ‡ 5:57 pm |
| Chicago & St. Louis Local | ‡ 8:10 am | ‡ 6:35 pm |

ERIE LINES (CHICAGO AND ERIE RAILroad)—Ticket offices, 242 Clark-st., Grand Pacific Hotel, and Dearborn Station, Polk-st., corner Fourth-av.

| *Daily. ‡Daily except Sun. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Marion Local | ‡ 7:30 am | 5:25 pm |
| New York & Boston | * 2:55 pm | 7:10 pm |
| Jamestown & Buffalo | * 2:55 pm | 7:10 pm |
| North Judson Accommoda. | ‡ 4:40 pm | 9:30 am |
| New York & Boston | * 8:00 pm | 7:25 am |
| Columbus & Norfolk, Va. | * 8:00 pm | 7:25 am |

MONON ROUTE — LOUISVILLE, NEW ALbany and Chicago railway—Depot, Dearborn Station. Ticket offices, 232 Clark-st., Auditorium Hotel.

| Trains. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Indianapolis & Cincinnati | 10:15 am | 5:30 pm |
| Indianapolis & Cincinnati | 8:32 pm | 7:40 am |
| Lafayette & Louisville | 8:32 pm | 7:40 am |
| Lafayette & Louisville | 8:15 am | 6:00 pm |
| Lafayette Accommodation | 3:30 pm | 10:45 am |

NICKEL-PLATE—THE NEW YORK, CHICAgo and St Louis R. R. Depot, 12th-st. viaduct, corner Clark-st.

| *Daily. ‡Daily except Sunday. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Chicago & Cleveland Mail | ‡ 8:05 am | 7:00 pm |
| New York & Boston Ex. | * 1:30 pm | 9:00 pm |
| New York & Boston Ex. | * 9:20 pm | 7:25 am |

For rates and sleeping car accommodations call on or address Henry Thorne, Ticket Agent, 111 Adams-st., Chicago, Ill. Tel. Main 389.

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS, CENTRAL STAtion, 12th-st. and Park row, and 22d and 39th-sts. Ticket offices at 234 Clark-st. and Auditorium.

| All trains daily. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati and Louisville | 8:30 am | 5:30 pm |
| Washington Express | 12:00 m | [illegible] |
| Lafayette and Indianapolis | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Cincinnati and Louisville | 8:30 pm | 7:20 am |

# IS A LEADER OF MEN.

## FRANK SMITH, WHO COMES WITH KEIR HARDIE, IS KNOWN HERE.

**Story of His Work in Saving the the Salvation Army Movement Is a Familiar One—Recalled to England for Rest, He Begins a Similar Movement in the Labor Field—Preparations to Welcome the Laborites—Sale of City Warrants Is Assured.**

Accompanying Keir Hardie, the English laborite, as his right hand man and traveling companion is a man whose name is well known in Chicago and throughout America, Frank Smith.

Mr. Smith was formerly the Commander-in-Chief of the Salvation Army in America, and in that capacity has addressed hundreds of mass-meetings of Salvationists and their sympathizers in Chicago. He was sent to this country by Gen. Booth at a time when the army was threatened with disintegration owing to the secession of the leader, Maj. Moore.

The story is a familiar one to newspaper readers. Mr. Smith was sent in a hurry to try to pick up the scattered threads of the work and try to get things going again. How well he succeeded the present condition of the Salvation Army in America can testify. He is a quick, nervous Englishman, brimful of life and energy, and threw himself into the Salvation Army work here with an ardor that soon caused the secessionists to recognize they would have to do their prettiest if they were to make any headway against the old force. The secessionists have long since been beaten out of the field and their leader, Maj. Moore, is at present in the West somewhere working as a minister.

The struggle was a long and severe one, and Mr. Smith came through it in triumph to find that his health was shattered and he was badly in need of a rest. The headquarters in London decided to recall him, and some years ago he was succeeded by the present Commander-in-Chief, Ballington, son of Gen. Booth. Mr. Booth stepped in to take command of the work that Mr. Smith had built up with so much labor and Mr. Smith stepped back, but he it was who deserves most of the credit for the remarkable manner in which this work has been built up in the United States. His name is a household word in Chicago and every other center where the Salvation Army flag has been planted. Upon returning to England Mr. Smith was appointed to various commands, but never entered into the work with the vim that he showed in America.

Soon after this he resigned to take up labor work, establishing a movement on somewhat similar lines to the Salvation Army, calling it the Labor Army, and running in connection with it a paper which he called the Worker's Cry, a name evidently suggested by the Salvation Army's gazette, the War Cry. The work prospered for a time, but was gradually merged into other movements, and Mr. Smith's ever restless spirit led him to take other means of seeking to improve the condition of working people. He became a member of the London County Council, and was very soon a front-rank man in the field of labor among men whose avowed mission it was to improve the condition of the workingmen of England.

Then, inspired by the example of men like Burns and J. Keir Hardie, Mr. Smith determined to run for Parliament. He became the labor candidate for the Glasgow constituency and would undoubtedly have been elected but for the fact that some of his more timid adherents fell off at the critical stage of the fight, fearing that by splitting the vote the candidate for one of the obnoxious regular parties would be elected. The result was such a close one, however, that Mr. Smith will run again at the next election and this time with a tolerable certainty of being returned, the electors having already seen the mistake they made by losing courage at the last moment.

As a speaker Mr. Smith is unusually eloquent, his quick, spirited manner of addressing meetings in the days when he was a Salvation leader in this country having carried many an audience to the top notch of enthusiasm. He is still a deeply religious man, and believes with the labor movement there should be an undercurrent of religious belief to make the work of a solid and lasting character. He is immensely popular with the workingmen on the other side, being a wonderfully energetic and whole-souled fellow, and willing to go to any lengths in the interests of the work that he has at heart.

Hardie is expected to arrive in Chicago next Thursday and Thomas J. Morgan's crowd is preparing to give him a hearty welcome. It is also the intention of those most directly interested in Mr. Hardie's coming to entertain him at a banquet Saturday night, and Mr. Morgan is now busy working it up. The socialistic leader's idea is that a feast would afford the best opportunity of introducing him to the people of Chicago, and he is planning a spread for 200 persons.

## MORE SAMPLES OF IMPURE MILK.

**Another List of Dealers Who Are to Be Prosecuted.**

Prof. Kennicott, the City Chemist, forwarded to Commissioner of Health Kerr yesterday reports of analysis of milk and cream submitted to him from various milkmen. Fifty-seven samples were examined, four of which were submitted by consumers who doubted the quality of the milk they were receiving, ten were from Cook County inspectors, and the balance from city inspectors. The analyses show the following results:

M. Halzmacher, No. 1039 Otto street, cream below grade; F. Keep, No. 375 Racine avenue, cream colored; L. Nevens, No. 286 Dayton street, milk skimmed; W. C. Hill, No. 5739 La Salle street, milk skimmed; J. Betteridge, No. 5639 South Halsted street, milk skimmed; Lloyd & Kelly, No. 717 Fifty-fourth street, milk skimmed; M. Halzmacher, milk watered; John Baurle, No. 54 Woodside avenue, milk skimmed; John Abrahamson, No. 774 Rockwell street, milk skimmed; S. Claussen, No. 794 North Robey street, skimmed milk; E. A. Welsberg, No. 876 Basil street, watered and skimmed milk; K. Syverson, No. 708 North Leavitt street, skimmed milk; J. Peterson & Son, No. 401 West Forty-sixth street, skimmed milk.

These dealers will be prosecuted.

## ELOPEMENT ENDS HAPPILY FOR ALL.

**Supposed Irate Parent Says He Would Have Given Her for the Asking.**

May Taylor, aged 17, and Emma Dow, aged 20, ran away from Dixon, Ill., a week ago in the company of Hugo Maher and Herman Bleck, young men employed in a piano factory there. May Taylor presumably came to Chicago to marry Otto Wellnitz, who had also been working in Dixon.

J. P. Taylor, father of the girl, came to Chicago and, after a week's search, Detectives O'Neil and Spain of the Central Station yesterday arrested the whole party at No. 44 May street. After many tears and explanations the Taylor girl decided she liked Wellnitz sufficiently to marry him, and the knot will be tied this morning by a Judge. Wellnitz gave Maher the money to buy the tickets, and he came to Chicago on a bicycle.

Wellnitz has a married sister living at No. 556 South Leavitt street, and in this way the detectives were enabled to locate him. The father of the Dow girl is a blacksmith at New Bedford, Ill. She will be sent back home.

## SAYS THE BOND SALE IS CERTAIN.

**Controller Has Received Assurances the Bidders Want the Warrants.**

Controller Wetherell has no doubt but Hayes & Co. of Cleveland will take the batch of $500,000 city warrants knocked off to them at a premium of $470 on each $100,000 and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. will take the $1,500,000 they agreed to purchase.

Mr. Wetherell said it was clearly understood their attorneys should have an opportunity to investigate the law under which the warrants were issued.

"There has been no misunderstanding," he said yesterday, "as to the conditions upon upon which the warrants were sold. It is always customary for purchasers of bonds to have an opportunity to look into the legality of the issue. I would take the whole issue and furnish the city gilt-edged security if I could be allowed 1 per cent of the interest. Of course this is out of the question, but it shows how much faith I have in the legality of the warrants. Beside from the opinion of the Law Department, I have the opinion of some of the most prominent attorneys in this town that the law is constitutional and the warrants legal."

Controller Wetherell has received a letter from Hayes & Co. saying they had referred the question of the legality of the issue to their attorney and were anxious to close the matter up as soon as possible. Mr. Wetherell received the following letter from the New York firm:

New York, Aug. 22.—O. D. Wetherell, City Controller, Chicago: We beg to acknowledge receipt of your telegram, and note that you have sold us $1,500,000 Chicago City warrants, as per our offer, for which we are much obliged. We shall at once place the matter of examination as to the legality of the issue in the hands of Messrs. Hornblower, Byrne & Taylor, and expect to telegraph you tomorrow what papers they require for the examination. We trust and have no doubt that they will find the legality of the issue in order.

Will you kindly advise us whether you desire payment of the entire amount in Chicago or whether you can arrange to receive payment of all or part in this city, so that we can make our arrangements accordingly? Yours very respectfully, KUHN, LOEB & CO.

## STREETER CASE GOES ON SLOWLY.

**Defense May Allege the Guilt of Jacob Nine as the Actual Forger.**

The hearing of the Streeter case before Commissioner Foote progressed quietly yesterday. Jacob Nine, from whom a confession was expected and in whom interest centered, was placed on the stand and kept there all the morning. The expected exposure of the manner in which the land warrant was forged did not materialize.

Nine's knowledge of the alleged forgery was limited, and was confined to the statement that he had secured for Streeter and Cox each a certified or exemplified copy of the Kinzie land patent of 1837. The assumption has been it was this exemplification which had been converted into a land warrant for Streeter's "lake land discovery," but no proof of that act has been introduced.

The defense apparently intends to throw the forgery entirely upon Nine. His connection with the Glover estate forgery in Cincinnati, whereby he is alleged to have turned State's evidence to keep from a conviction, his admitted knowledge of the photographer's art, and his rooming at the house of a photographer in Washington at the time the alleged land warrant bears date, all seem to foreshadow the line of defense that will be made by Streeter.

The rooms lately occupied by Capt. G. W. Streeter in the Boyce Building were given into the possession of the owner, W. D. Boyce, by Justice Glennon yesterday afternoon. Streeter was not present in court when the case was called.

### May Demoralize Immigrant Rates.

A meeting of the Advisory committee of the immigrant clearing-house of the Western roads will be held at Chairman Caldwell's office this morning to consider immigrant rate questions. It is understood the low rates made for the Knights Templar conclave will seriously interfere with the regular immigrant rates. The return coupons of the Knights Templar tickets will be on the market until about the middle of October, and as these can be sold cheaper to points in the West than the regular immigrant rates there will probably be few regular immigrant tickets sold during that period. This will keep the business out of the clearing-house and lead to complications. In order to find a way to counteract the Knights Templar ticket competition the meeting this morning has been called.

### Items.

The Yerkes electric fountain will play this evening in Lincoln Park from 8 to 9 o'clock. The fountain will also play Fridays until the close of the season.

Frank Miller, charged with breaking into suburban offices of the American Express company, was convicted yesterday and sentenced by Judge Baker to the penitentiary.

Emil Krueger died yesterday morning at his home, No. 10626 Avenue K, South Chicago, from injuries received while diving off the Seventy-eighth street pier Sunday.

Thomas McHale and his son John McHale are both in the Alexian Brothers' Hospital. The former has two bad scalp wounds and the latter is suffering from a crushed shoulder. Both men were injured Sunday morning by falls.

A conference was held yesterday afternoon at No. 507 Pullman Building between Solon S. Beman, architect of the Coliseum Building, and the Chicago Exposition company to reach some amicable settlement respecting Architect Beman's contract. No conclusion was reached. They will meet again this afternoon.

Judge Chetlain yesterday dissolved the injunction obtained two weeks ago restraining Clarence Peck and his agents from tearing down the building at No. 439 Wabash avenue, occupied by John B. Remm. The lawyers representing Remm asked for twenty-five days to file an appeal to the Appellate Court and this was granted.

The Rev. Dr. Miner Raymond, who has been a professor in Garrett Biblical Institute at Evanston for more than thirty years, and who will soon retire on account of growing infirmities due to advancing age, was 84 years old yesterday. He is the oldest professor in the Methodist denomination, both in age and length of service. He has been attached for sixty-two years.

# BANK WILL RESUME.

## DAN HEAD & CO. OF KENOSHA TO OPEN UP FOR BUSINESS.

**Meetings of Officers and Stockholders Are Held and It Is Announced That the Bank Will Resume Business Within the Next Forty-eight Hours—Depositors Will Be Paid in Full or Else They Will Be Fully Secured—Farmers Blame Cashier Lewis for the Trouble.**

Kenosha, Wis., Aug. 26.—[Special.]—After a number of meetings of the officers and stockholders of the Dan Head & Co. Bank today it was given out the bank would resume business within the next forty-eight hours and the depositors would be paid in full.

The latter part of the announcement was qualified by the statement the bank might not be able to make full payment to the stockholders at once, but sufficient security would be put up by the stockholders to make them absolutely secure for whatever balance the bank might owe them.

This determination on the part of the stockholders seems to have been reached after a careful consideration of the legal status of the bank and the conclusion reached that the bank was simply a partnership concern and not an incorporated institution. Taking this view of the bank's status each stockholder is liable for the entire indebtedness of the concern.

At the first meeting of the stockholders this morning it was decided to make an assignment and wind up the affairs of the bank as speedily as possible. George Hale, a groceryman and an old resident of the city, was agreed upon as the assignee, and an announcement to that effect made to such of the depositors as had collected around the bank. The selection of Mr. Hale seemed entirely satisfactory to the depositors, and negotiations were at once entered into to secure bondsmen for Mr. Hale.

At this time the legal advisers of the bank made a report to the officers that after a careful investigation they had come to the conclusion the bank was organized as a private partnership. This put an entirely new phase on the situation. The bank officers concluded as the stockholders would have to stand all the losses of the bank it behooved them to get all they possibly could out of the good-will of the institution, and this could only be accomplished by a reorganization of the bank and making immediate arrangements for the payment of the depositors.

In this determination the stockholders were encouraged by several of the merchants and manufacturers of the city who do business with the bank and who have considerable money tied up in it. There was a strong sentiment developed against being left with only one bank to accommodate the big business interest of the town, and this encouraged the stockholders to adopt the plan of reorganization instead of making an assignment.

Crowds of farmers came into the city this morning to see what chance there would be to get their money. There was considerable disappointment manifested on all sides when they saw the notice which was posted yesterday announcing that the bank would be closed until further notice. They blamed all the bank's troubles on Cashier Lewis' connection with the Chicago bedding concern, which has such a malodorous reputation here.

Dr. Hazelton came out from a conference of the stockholders and made the announcement that while the bank had not a dollar in its vaults today efforts would be made to raise the necessary money to pay off all the depositors just as soon as possible. He advised the people to go home, as nothing could be gained by their standing around the bank's doors.

In the annual statement made by the bank July 1 the loans and discounts were placed at $175,000, and President Head says most of this paper is given by farmers. The proprietors of the rival bank here say if this is true there should be no trouble to raise sufficient money to pay the depositors, estimated at $153,000.

ONLY $18 TO CONEY ISLAND

And Return via New York City.

Via Chicago and Grand Trunk railway. Sell Sept. 4 and 5, good returning fifteen days.
Through solid trains to New York City.
Great international yacht race at New York Sept. 7.
Ticket office, No. 103 South Clark street.

### Car Ferry No. 1 to Be Put to Its Trial.

Tracks were laid on the deck of the new car ferry at South Chicago yesterday and its first trip will probably be made next Thursday. Today car ferry No. 2 will be launched at Bay City at the yards of James Davidson. Both boats will be running regularly within two weeks. The dock at South Chicago is now ready. Car ferry No. 1 was brought up under the command of the builder, Capt. James Davidson, who expressed himself as fully satisfied with the boat.

### His Quick Change Does Not Save Him.

Yesterday morning Joe Mason attempted to rob a girl of her pocketbook at State and Adams streets. Detective Sergeant O'Niel saw him and gave chase. Mason distanced him and ran to Clark and Jackson streets. There he saw a street sweeper and, giving the man a piece of money, changed places with him. When O'Neil came up he detected the fraud and Mason was arrested. Justice Richardson fined him $10 and costs.

# TO BURN UP GARBAGE.

[Continued from first page.]

"Price of No. 1 crematory with suitable frame building, eighty-four feet long, eighty feet wide, covered with corrugated steel siding with roof, and with double plank platform on a level with top of furnaces and approaches to same for the sum of $16,000.

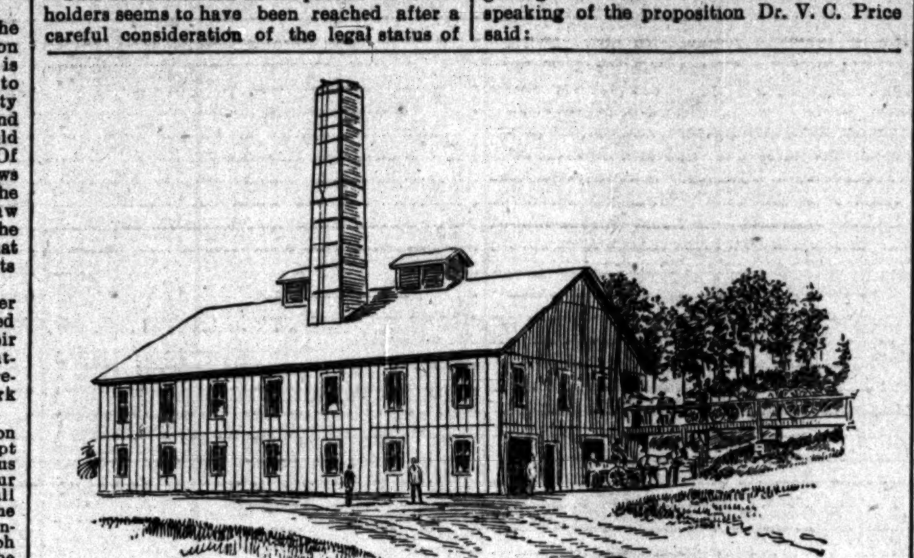
"When said crematory has fulfilled and performed all that we have proposed and guaranteed to do, then at the end of said thirty days' test, the city shall pay to us the price named in this proposition for each and every crematory so constructed.

"Upon acceptance of this proposition by the city a contract shall be made by and between the parties in accordance with the foregoing.

"V. C. PRICE,
President Lincoln National Bank.
"J. B. ROSE,
President Price Baking Powder company."

**Also Sent to Galvin.**

A copy of the proposition was also sent to E. I. Galvin, Chairman of Civic Federation's Committee on Garbage and Crematories, who has been prosecuting an extensive investigation of the various methods of disposing of garbage in behalf of the federation. In speaking of the proposition Dr. V. C. Price said:



EXTERIOR VIEW OF THE DIXON GARBAGE CREMATORY.

"During my residence in Chicago for many years I have, like THE TRIBUNE, taken the liveliest interest in the question of sanitary disposition of the city's garbage. Recently my attention has been called to the matter with especial force by a garbage box just outside the bank that has been so offensive that one had to hold his nose most of the time. With such a malodorous prompter I began to look up crematories. Soon I came to the belief that the Dixon was the best, and I wrote to the Mayor of every city where it is used. The replies were so unqualified in praise that I became thoroughly convinced it was the crematory for Chicago. As evidence of this confidence here is this proposition. Mr. Rose fully shares my confidence and joins with me in making the offer to the city, we having first secured the Illinois rights for erecting the crematories from the Dixon company."

### What Mr. Rose Says of It.

J. B. Rose says the City of Atlanta, Ga., took one of the crematories on trial, then bought it and used it a year, and last April the Atlanta Council set apart funds to purchase two more crematories.

"It was this experience of Atlanta," Mr. Rose said, "that convinced me of the efficiency of the Dixon furnace. Practically the same proposition was made to Atlanta that we have made to Chicago. As a result not only does that city now use the crematory with entire satisfaction, but the Exposition authorities have decided to put one in operation to cremate all the garbage during the Exposition. One of the strongest points in favor of the use of this crematory by Chicago is the fact that it consumes all of its own smoke, as well as the garbage and the odors. As we are seeking to abate not only the garbage nuisance, but the smoke nuisance, this is certainly important."

The nature of the exhaustive tests made by Atlanta is shown by this report to the Board of Health from Thomas E. Veal, Chief Inspector of that city:

The Dixon crematory was put in operation June 25 and has burned the following loads of garbage, night soil, dead animals, etc.:

| | |
|---|---|
| Number of cartloads of garbage | 5,248 |
| Number of wagonloads of garbage | 655 |
| Number of cartloads of fish | 48 |
| Number of wagonloads of fish | 1 |
| Number of horses cremated | 114 |
| Number of cows cremated | 60 |
| Number of sheep, goats, and hogs | 43 |
| Number of dogs cremated | 1,037 |
| Number of wagonloads of night soil, 10 bbls each, 1,660—total barrels | 16,600 |

This furnace has proven very satisfactory and emits no offensive odors. I think it could be operated in the city without being detrimental or deleterious to the neighborhood in which it is located.

### Testimony from Other Cities.

Besides Atlanta the Dixon Crematory is also used by Camden, N. J., Findlay, O., Elwood, Ind., and McKeesport, Pa. The Mayor of each of these cities has written to Dr. Price, in response to a letter of inquiry, praising the crematory's work. Mayor Finch of Elwood writes "the plant is a complete success and is proving satisfactory in every respect." Mayor Porter King of Atlanta says: "The plant here has done all that it was contracted it should do, and when we paid for it, after a year's service, a few weeks ago, we had it tested by an expert engineer and machinist and he reported some little repairs as needed, but nothing of any special consequence, and said it had stood the constant heat very well indeed." Mayor Andre of McKeesport, Pa., writes, "It gives entire satisfaction and is a complete success in every particular."

The Mayor of Camden, N. J., writes that the Dixon crematory, which has been recently adopted by that city, has thus far given perfect satisfaction. George Nemeyer, Mayor of Findlay, O., says: "The City of Findlay bought another make of crematory and it proved to be a total failure. Then it was remodeled into a Dixon, since which time it has given the best of satisfaction."

The crematory proposed for Chicago is sixty-five feet long from end to end, nine feet wide, and ten feet high, with a double stack seventy feet high. The inner stack is of fire clay, and inside it are the combustion furnaces, which entirely destroy all odor from the garbage. The odors and gases are swept into these combustion chambers from the two furnaces below in which the garbage is cremated. The garbage is dumped into the furnaces from garbage wagons through four pits, two on either side of the stack, and rests on iron grates, similar to those in a stove, while flames from the furnaces sweep both above and below it. The odors pass on into the combustion chambers to be destroyed while the ashes fall below, thus completing the work of cremation or incineration. The only residuum is the ashes, and these are said to have a commercial value as fertilizers.

### Only Seven Years Old and Drunk.

When the clerk in Justice Kehoe's court called the case of James Callaghan yesterday a little fellow was led into the prisoner's dock. The boy's head barely reached the top of the magistrate's desk and the policeman had to take him up in his arms to show his prisoner to the court. Policeman Talcott said he found the boy intoxicated at Jefferson and Washington streets Sunday afternoon. The boy said he was 7 years old and lived with his parents some place on the West Side, but did not know on what street. Justice Kehoe continued the case until this morning, when the boy's parents will be notified. In the meantime the Humane Society will take charge of the tiny prisoner.

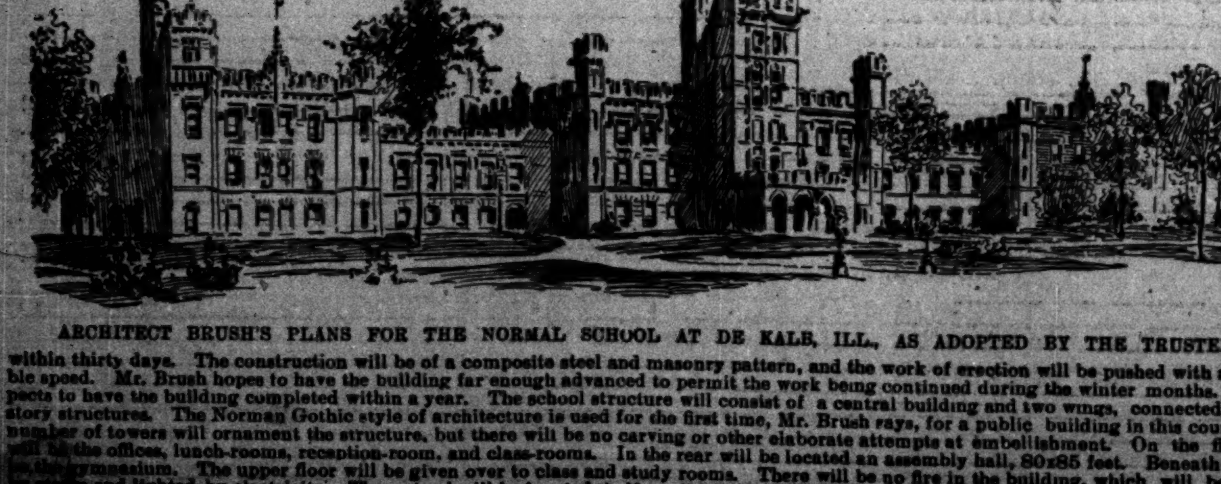
### Objects to a Saloon Under His Store.

Edwin Pardridge has obtained an injunction restraining Peter C. King from opening a beer and concert hall at Nos. 1 and 3 Emma street. The building belongs to Pardridge, who rented the ground floor to the defendant to use as a dry goods store. The rent was guaranteed by Lesser Franklin and Samuel Herzog. Pardridge now says King has closed the dry goods store and has announced he will open the premises as a concert hall. Pardridge says the proceeding will ruin the rest of his property unless it is stopped.

## DESIGN OF ARCHITECT CHARLES F. BRUSH FOR THE NORTHERN ILLINOIS STATE NORMAL SCHOOL IS ACCEPTED BY TRUSTEES.

**Building Will Be Located at De Kalb and Its Material Will Be Bedford Stone or Sandstone of a Grayish Color, Roughly Cut—The Estimated Cost Is $150,000, and Ground Will Be Broken at Once.**

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Northern Illinois State Normal School yesterday the design for the new normal school, submitted by Architect Charles E. Brush, was accepted. Mr. Brush's design calls for a two-story and basement building of the Norman Gothic style with a frontage of 350 feet, and an average depth of 60 feet, exclusive of the large assembly-room and gymnasium, 80x85 feet, in the rear. The material will be Bedford stone, or sandstone of a grayish color, roughly cut. The estimated cost is $150,000, and ground will be broken



ARCHITECT BRUSH'S PLANS FOR THE NORMAL SCHOOL AT DE KALB, ILL., AS ADOPTED BY THE TRUSTEES.

within thirty days. The construction will be of a composite steel and masonry pattern, and the work of erection will be pushed with all possible speed. Mr. Brush hopes to have the building far enough advanced to permit the work being continued during the winter months. He expects to have the building completed within a year. The school structure will consist of a central building and two wings, connected by one-story structures. The Norman Gothic style of architecture is used for the first time, Mr. Brush says, for a public building in this country. A number of towers will ornament the structure, but there will be no carving or other elaborate attempts at embellishment. On the first floor will be the offices, lunch-rooms, reception-room, and class-rooms. In the rear will be located an assembly hall, 80x85 feet. Beneath this will be the gymnasium. The upper floor will be given over to class and study rooms. There will be no fire in the building, which will be heated by steam and lighted by electricity. The school will be located half a mile west of De Kalb, Ill., on a considerable elevation. The building will have a southern exposure. The grounds contain several acres of woodland, and are watered by a fine stream.

# SOCIETY.

Miss Julia Ray, daughter of Mrs. Julia A. Ray, No. 48 Bellevue place, will be married to James Parkhill Andrews of Hartford, Conn., at 5 o'clock this afternoon at the Congregational church, Ashfield, Conn.

The marriage of Miss Maud Gibbs of Englewood to Elmer Parmelee of this city occurred yesterday at Delavan Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Berry and G. J. L. de Bruyn sail Wednesday for a three months' tour of England, Holland, France, and Germany.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Winslow and Miss Maud Winslow will sail Sept. 5 on the Augusta Victoria for a year abroad.

Among the passengers who sailed for Europe yesterday on the Circassia were the following Chicagoans: Mr. and Mrs. John Giumett, Mr. and Mrs. Adolphus McVain, Miss Lillian Tamblin, Robert Duncan, and James Collins.

Among Chicago people leaving for Mackinac Island, Harbor Springs, and other Northern Michigan resorts yesterday on the Manitou were the following: Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Eastman, Mrs. C. H. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Schaffer, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Archer, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Derby and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Brown, Miss Harriet L. Seymour, Miss Mary Cudahy, Miss Clara Cudahy, Mr. and Mrs. M. Morgenthau, Judge and Mrs. J. B. Payne, J. C. Peterson, Dr. Evans, Mr. and Mrs. Fred W. Flint, C. A. Ewing, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Ross.

**Notes of Society.**

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Sackley have gone to Mackinac Island.

Mrs. Chauncey Blair and family have gone to Bethlehem, N. H.

Mrs. Virginia K. Logan of Iowa is visiting her son, Frederick K. Logan.

Mrs. T. E. Cunningham and Miss Emma Phillips have returned from the East.

Miss Mamie Smith of No. 7336 Stewart avenue, is home from a several weeks' visit at Watertown, Wis.

Mrs. William Wallace Blair and children of Edgewater will return today from an extended visit at Toronto.

Misses Louise Dale, Jessie Plamondon, and Gertrude McClurg will leave today for a three-weeks' sojourn at Mackinaw.

The Misses Mineah of No. 249 Dearborn avenue have left their summer home at Dryden, N. Y., and are now at Chautauqua.

Mr. and Mrs. John Manasse, who have been to Narragansett Pier, will remain East until October, visiting at Newport and Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Phillips and Miss Marion Phillips of No. 137 East Fifty-fifth street have returned from a four months' trip through Colorado.

Mr. and Mrs. George Willits will go East this week. During the golf tournament they will be with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Macdonald at Niagara Falls.

# AMUSEMENTS.

Considered as a play "The Case of Rebellious Susan," which was produced at Hooley's by the Lyceum company in the presence of a large audience last night, deserves no great praise. It attempts to awaken sympathy for a high-strung, high-stepping wife, who, having fallen victim to the fashionable heresy that the sexes are to be judged by a single standard of morals, repays unfaith with unfaith. She has detected her husband in an intrigue and determines to take advantage of the discovery to indulge herself in like pleasures. In pursuance of this resolution she quits her husband's house and compromises herself with a—well, with a man. After that it is hardly necessary to say that she is first disappointed and then humiliated. Her shrewd and wide-awake uncle contrives to prevent her from eloping with the—the man; who is packed off to New Zealand by the uncle and within three weeks becomes engaged to and eventually marries another woman. This new proof of masculine perfidy brings her to her senses, and she resumes marital relations with her now thoroughly repentant husband.

That is the dramatist's design and it would have been well enough if it had been carried out consistently with the underlying idea. But Mr. Jones' perception of the so-called sex problem has apparently defeated his original plan, for instead of arousing his audience's sympathy for the rebellious Susan he has drawn down its amused contempt upon her. He wanted to paint the thoughts that are fermenting in the minds of all intelligent women and to show the conflict between them and the harsh and cruel but unavoidable and immutable laws of nature. But his hand was so clumsy that he has succeeded only in making them seem puerile and ridiculous. Instead of pitying Susan's very real unhappiness and sorrowing with her in her undeniably very hard case, the audience can regard her in no more dignified aspect than as a petulant child who buries her head in the pillows and tears the lace on the covers because she cannot have the moon. It is as if the author, instead of caressing her and entering into her grieved heart, realizing that it is really grieved, and gently explaining that the thing is impossible, had cuffed her into hysterics and then stretched back in his chair and guffawed loudly.

The philosophy is unimpeachable, but the method is barbarous, brutal, British, and truly masculine. Surely nature is cruel enough to women. It is not necessary to their instruction that Mr. Jones should stand beside her with a club.

But perhaps Mr. Jones will agree that it is better that she should see them suffer, that poor Lady Susan should be made scapegoat for her innocent sins of ignorance, that from the pictured case of rebellious Susan she should take warning against rebellion in her own household. But this is only adding insult to injury, for every woman who marries suffers all that Susan suffered, and when Susan is ridiculed, even though only by indirection, every woman is ridiculed. Every wife of ten years' standing has fought her little revolt and has been conquered. To her it is no light thing; she bears the wounds she received, and to open Susan's is to reopen hers.

It is true that, as Sir Richard says in the play, the matter was settled for good and all in the Garden of Eden and that all woman's attempts to alter the decision are but as the caged starling's ineffectual fluttering against the cage's bars, but it is needless cruelty to insist upon it. If there were anywhere but in the newspapers and the comic weeklies a body of new women ready to risk something in vindication of the female side of the question, if anywhere other than in those places there were an army preparing to move upon the opposing force of men, perhaps such treatment of the sex as Mr. Jones' might be necessary. But as the case stands it is cruel.

But, considered as a gallery of character sketches, "The Case of Rebellious Susan" is delightful. Two of the most amusing are mere caricatures, but they are not too unlike nature to be unworthy of admiration. One of them is another kind of new woman, the oratorical-argumentative kind, who thinks she has a message for the age and on her way to deliver it excites a lot of factory girls to riot, the possible consequences of which action subdue her instantly. The other is an athletic young man, much given to velvet coats and yellow cravats, who is aware of the fact that he has an artistic temperament and is convinced that he could stamp himself upon the age if only he could be surrounded with the proper atmosphere. The utter selfishness of both these people, who think they want to benefit mankind, is deftly shown when they have married. He married for a home, a cook, and relief from care, she for a lieutenant in her enterprise. Of course neither obtains what is desired, neither will be subordinated to the other, and down comes the matrimonial edifice with a crash.

Another diverting study in the eccentricities of character is an old sea-dog with a strong weakness, so to speak, for spirits, and who is invariably greatly depressed when he is "elevated." On those occasions he weeps over his sins and wants to get down on his knees before his wife and ask her to forgive him.

The play is excellently acted by W. J. Le Moyne in this part, by Fritz Williams as the æsthete, by Bessie Tyree as the woman with a message, by Isabel Irving as Lady Susan, by Mrs. Charles Walcot as the Admiral's wife, by Annie Irish as a young widow, by Walter S. Hale as Lucien Edensor, by Charles Walcot in a small part with only one appearance, and by Herbert Kelcey as the uncle. Miss Irving in rage was much too noisy and too energetic, but she showed considerable power in the scenes where pathos was to be suggested. The scenery was handsome and appropriate.

***

"A Yenuine Yentleman," which Sunday night began a week's engagement in the Grand Opera-House, is a variety "turn" elaborated into a melodrama. Gus Heege, who wrote the piece, is the chief figure in the performance, and all the other characters are merely, so to speak, ball bearings, as the story is merely the axle for his wheel.

He is a young Swedish mining engineer who starts in Swedish peasant costume to make his fortune in America. On the steamer he does a great enough number of heroic things to win the confidence of the returning American Minister to Sweden and the interest of the ex-Minister's daughter. In the second act, which is laid in Idaho, he becomes affianced to the girl, discovers his long-lost brother, saves him from suicide by giving him the proceeds of a mine he has just sold, assumes the parentage of his brother's son in order to acquit the father of bigamy, feigns drunkenness, engages in a fight with a troublesome miner, and conducts himself in general as though somebody had announced twenty minutes for heroism. The last two acts take place in the mining country, and give opportunity for a desirable death or two before matters are straightened out.

It is all very crude and some of it very absurd. But there are several striking features in Mr. Heege's impersonation of the young Swede, Sven Hanson. His dialect is not very accurate, but he has contrived perfectly to imitate the true Swedish stolidity and stupidity illuminated by occasional flashes of intelligence. His obtrusive unselfishness and aggresive readiness to bankrupt his pocket and his reputation on the slightest provocation at no notice whatever awake the sympathy and his numerous and unvarying triumphs the admiration of the audience, which was silently attentive when he was sacrificing himself and laughed uproariously when he turned the tables on his opponents. He was as full of wit as a minstrel monologist, as inperturbable as insolence, as ready as a wrestler. Once or twice when he attempted pathos his vibrant voice enabled him to be pathetic. On the whole it was a striking sketch of character, rough in outline, crude and glaring in color, bearing about the same resemblance to the reality as the stage Irishman bears to the Irish immigrant; but still striking if viewed at the proper distance. It is a portrait done by a scene painter and not intended to be inspected through a hand-glass. But seen from the gallery of the theater it must appear admirable, for the applause in that quarter was deafening and frequent.

The members of the company are adequate to their work, but it must be admitted that they were not convincing in their assumption of the heavy genteel. Sadie Connolly contributed a lively impersonation of an untamed Irish domestic and Merri Osborne an amusing cockney specialty. The engagement is for one week.

***

Those who had doubts about little Gladys Wallis being able to play a successful two weeks' starring engagement at McVicker's Theater are changing their opinions. She has started off with three splendid houses and her success with the audience is unquestioned. Her improvement in the part is noticeable every night. Medinah Temple Mystic Shriners attended last night's performance.

***

Charles Frohman's Empire Theater stock company last night began with Henry Arthur Jones' "The Masqueraders" an engagement in the Columbia Theater. A large audience was present and the performance was evidently successful. Further attention will be given to "The Masqueraders" tomorrow morning.

***

In the Alhambra Theater "The Defaulter," a melodrama which was seen in the Lincoln last June, was applauded by two great crowds Sunday. It was put together by Lincoln J. Carter and is fairly interesting. "Down on the Suwanee River" moved over to the Academy and made a hit there.

***

The variety theaters are all doing a profitable business this week. At Frank Hall's Casino Cora Beckwith has begun her interesting attempt to float in a tank of water ten hours a day for forty consecutive days. Other features are living pictures, the dog circus, Ferris, the hypnotist, and the "Trilby" dancers. The eidoloscope, which reproduces motion to the vision is the greatest attraction at the Olympic, which presents a long and uniformly excellent bill. Bartley Campbell's "Fate" is the play at Hopkins' South Side Theater and there is a vaudeville, in which Alcide Capitaine, "the female Sandow," is the chief figure. The Merriles sisters are at Hopkins' West Side Theater, where the play is "Hazel Kirke." At the Masonic Temple Roof Garden the Golden Trio make all kinds of fun, and there are songs by John E. McWade and Amelia Epstein. "Esmeralda" is the play at the Tennis Theater, and Papinta, mirror dancer, heads a well-balanced vaudeville. Inez Mecusker and her lively gamins have moved to Havlin's; the play here is Milton Nobles' "For Revenue Only." The Creoles, including Florence Hines, the Darktown Vesta Tilley, are at Sam T. Jack's. A very amusing cake-walk and dancing contest wind up the performance.

**Notes of the Theater.**

Johnson & Arthur have engaged Emil Sauret for fifty concerts in this country this season.

"Ali Baba" is in the last week at the Chicago Opera-House. The gorgeous and beautiful spectacle is still drawing large crowds to witness it. "Trilby" appeared last night at the Schiller to a large audience. It will stay there until Saturday night, when its marvelously successful run in Chicago will end.

James A. Bailey of the Barnum & Bailey Circus yesterday took out a license to exhibit for one week at Twenty-fifth street and South Park avenue and one week at West Harrison and Loomis streets. Twelve performances will be given in each place, with no exhibitions Sunday. Two parades will be given—one next Monday on the South and North Sides and one the following Monday on the West Side.

WESTERN SALVAGE WRECKING AGENCY
SAMUEL GANS, MANAGER.
On Thursday, Aug. 29, at 10 a. m.,
—at—
Salvage Salesrooms, 126 to 132 Market-st., Chicago,
For account Fire Underwriters, at PUBLIC AUCTION, the entire salvage of
LEONARD-ATKINSON CO., City,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES.
INVENTORIED VALUE - - - $60,000.00.
Consisting of
1,000 Cases Men's Satin Oil and Buff. Cong. and Bals.
600 Cases Men's and Boys' Hand-Welt Calf, Kangaroo and Dongola Bals., Butts. and Congress.
1,000 Cases Men's and Boys' Oil Grain and Split Congress, Lace Brogans, Plows, etc.
100 Cases Men's Dongola, Cloth-Top Congress.
200 Cases Women's Dongola, Hand Turned, Goodyear Welt and McKay Buttons.
100 Cases Women's Glove Cl. and Pebble Grain Bals. and Butts.
200 Cases Misses' and Children's Dongola, Spring Heel, Butts. and Bals.
200 Cases Infants' Spring Heel and Turned Butts. and Bals.
50 Cases Grain Slips; 50 Cases Felt Boots.
Goods now on exhibition.
SAMUEL GANS, Manager.
Western Salvage Wrecking Agency.
GEO. P. GORE & CO., Auctioneers.

By the West Side Auction House Co.,
381, 383, and 385 West Madison-st.
Auction Sale
At our rooms THIS MORNING at 10 o'clock of Chamber and Parlor Suits, Folding-Beds, Dressers, Carpets, Rugs, Oilcloths and Linoleums, and General Household Goods.

Consult Us. We test and fit
your Eyes. Spectacles and Eye Glasses. Optical Instruments of all kinds. Artificial Human Eyes, &c.
L. MANASSE, Optician, 88 S. Madison-st., Tribune Bldg.

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